UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

California Independent System Operator Corporation)))	Docket No.	ER04	000
GRID MANA	AGEMEN	T CHARGE		

VOLUME VI OF IX

• Exhibit Numbers ISO-96 through ISO-176

V

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Grid Management Charge Status Report:

November 12, 2002 Market Issues Forum Ben T. Arikawa
Senior Financial Analyst

barikawa@caiso.com
(916) 608-5958

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Topics

- Proceeding (ER02-250-000, et.al.), October Settlement Agreement in 2002 GMC 17, 2002
- GMC Information Filing, November 8 2002
- 2004 GMC Reevaluation

1

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Settlement Agreement in 2002 **GMC Proceeding**

- Settles all issues except for issue related to
 - Southwest Power Link
- Gross revenue requirement for 2002
- After application of reserve proceeds \$239.2 million - Before application of reserve proceeds - \$246 million

Settlement Agreement in 2002 GMC Proceeding (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent

System Operator

ISO withdraws assessment of ASREO on self-provided AS retroactive to January 1, 2002

\$0.957 per MWh - January 1 through August 31, 2002

\$1.048 per MWh – September 1 through October 31, 2002

- \$1.158 per MWh - November 1 through December 31, 2002

Settlement allows use of some fines and penalties to offset costs to meet limits

Refunds will be issued once Settlement is approved.

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Settlement Agreement in 2002 GMC Proceeding (cont.)

• For 2003

- Limits gross revenue requirement
- Before application of reserve proceeds to no more than \$246 million
- After application of reserve proceeds to no more than \$239.2 million
- Limits revenue requirement for each component
- \$138.6 million CAS
- \$27.8 million Congestion Management
- \$72.8 million ASREO

Settlement Agreement in 2002 GMC Proceeding (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent

System Operator

- Incorporates certain details of Initial Decision
- Stakeholder process for 2004 GMC reevaluation
- Review of alternative proposals
- Greater Stakeholder access to Budget information
- Settling Parties access to Budget documents and data
- Stakeholder access to ISO Board to discuss Budget
- Consideration of structural changes due to MD02

Settlement Agreement in 2002 GMC Proceeding (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent

System Operator

- Filed at FERC on October 17, 2002
- Market notice issued concurrently
- Posted at: http://www.caiso.com/pubinfo/FERC/filings/index.html
- CPUC and FERC Staff filed comments supporting Settlement
- Waiting for ALJ and FERC

GMC Information Filing CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

informational filing for 2003 GMC and Settlement Agreement allowed an revenue requirement

Filed at FERC November 8, 2002

Meets all limits imposed by Settlement Agreement

V

GMC Information Filing CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent

System Operator

(cont.)

- Gross Revenue Requirement
- Before reserve proceeds \$245.9 million
- After reserve proceeds \$237.6 million
- Components
- CAS \$137.9 million (\$0.569 per MWh)
- Cong \$27.4 million (\$0.320 per MWh)
- ASREO \$72.3 million (\$1.296 per MWh)

1

2004 GMC Reevaluation CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

- August 29 teleconference
- October 9 meeting at ISO
- Charter
- FERC proceedings
- Assignments
- FERC Staff testimony on formula rate in ER01-313-000 et.al.
- Ratemaking methods
- Other ISO rates

California Independent System Operator

November 8 meeting

- Presentations
- Ziad MD02
- FERC Staff on formula rates
- Ratemaking methods
- Dr. Kirsch MID rate design proposal
- December 9 meeting
- Other proposals
- CPUC/EOB

2004 GMC Reevaluation (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Meetings planned through May/June 2003

- Everyone is welcome to attend

- Debi Le Vine/Phil Leiber co-leads

Product - redesigned GMC rate structure for 2004

Rate structure to be used in Budget process for 2004 starting in June/July 2003 RE Data on deviations for MID proposal 12-04-02.txt

From: McGuffin, Mike

Sent: Wednesday, December 04, 2002 2:11 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan Cc: Arikawa, Ben

Subject: RE: Data on deviations for MID proposal

Hi Jan,

We have deviation data for Imports, Exports, Generation, and Load, by SC, by 10 minute interval, by resource/location.

Let me know if this is the specificity you were looking for?

Mike McGuffin Settlement Analyst 916-608-5753

----Original Message-----

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Wednesday, December 04, 2002 11:18 AM

To: McGuffin, Mike Cc: Pritchard, Jan

Subject: Data on deviations for MID proposal

Mike,

Can you e-mail Jan Pritchard (janp@mid.org) at MID to give him a description of the different sets of deviation data that we have so that MID can give us their preferences? He will send it off to Laurence Kirsch for his opinion.

Please cc me so that I have a record of the exchange. Thanks.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

RE Data on deviations for MID proposal 12-05-02.txt

From: JAN PRITCHARD [janp@mid.org]

Sent: Thursday, December 05, 2002 7:01 AM

To: MMcGuffin@caiso.com Cc: BArikawa@caiso.com

Subject: RE: Data on deviations for MID proposal

Hello Mike,

Thanks for the information. Ben is working to help assure that the data necessary to evaluate stakeholder rate-design proposals will be available when needed. I will forward your message to Dr. Kirsch and get back to both you and Ben as soon as possible.

Thanks again,

Jan

2BBYvx.37000000.9914

>>> "McGuffin, Mike" <MMcGuffin@caiso.com> 12/04/02 02:11PM >>> Hi Jan,

We have deviation data for Imports, Exports, Generation, and Load, by SC, by 10 minute interval, by resource/location.

Let me know if this is the specificity you were looking for?

Mike McGuffin Settlement Analyst 916-608-5753

----Original Message----

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Wednesday, December 04, 2002 11:18 AM

To: McGuffin, Mike Cc: Pritchard, Jan

Subject: Data on deviations for MID proposal

Mike,

Can you e-mail Jan Pritchard (janp@mid.org) at MID to give him a description

of the different sets of deviation data that we have so that MID can

RE Data on deviations for MID proposal 12-05-02.txt give us their preferences? He will send it off to Laurence Kirsch for his opinion.

Please cc me so that I have a record of the exchange. Thanks.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

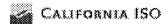
email: barikawa@caiso.com

2004 GMC Stakeholder Process
Meeting 3
December 9, 2002
9:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.
California ISO
Room 101A – 1a

Conference Call-in Line: (877) 661-1222 X178246

Materials will be distributed in advance of the meeting

- I. Introductions / Announcements (Leiber)
- II. Finalize Project Charter (timeline to be discussed at end of meeting) (Leiber)
- III. Statements on desirable rate design elements by parties developing proposals: MID, CPUC/EOB, CAC, etc
- IV. Briefing on ISO rate structure comparison (Arikawa)
- V. Discussion of ISO List of Services (Arikawa)
 - Additions/Divisions/Deletions to be submitted to ISO by 12/31/02.
 - ISO to provide indicative costs for each service by early February 2003
- VI. Discussion of Data Necessary (Arikawa)
 - Distribute listing of anticipated data needs
 - Additions to be submitted to ISO by 12/31/02.
- VII. Confidentiality issues (Morrison)
- VIII. MD02 Update (to be determined)
- IX. Discussion of upcoming (January) meeting agenda and overview of remaining steps (Leiber)



2004 GMC Stakeholder Process

Business Opportunity/Problem: [State the problem(s) the project will address in business terms. State the problem's impact to the business including the effects and costs (tangible, where possible]

The California ISO ("ISO") needs to recover its start-up, capital, and operation and maintenance costs through the Grid Management Charge ("GMC"). The ISO believes that a complete reassessment of the GMC Rate Structure¹ is warranted at this time given past experiences with GMC ratemaking, and anticipated future changes. The Initial Decision by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") Administrative Law Judge in the 2001 GMC proceeding directed the ISO "to undertake a comprehensive stakeholder review for the purpose of re-evaluation of the GMC structure in 2003" and "the ISO is directed to make a Section 205 filing upon completion of that re-evaluation process in 2003."

An added challenge is the fact that the ISO is making significant changes to the current market design over the period of the MD02 effort ³(potentially extending from 2002-2006). The existing GMC rate structure needs to be re-evaluated to address stakeholder concerns in preparation of the 2004 GMC Rate setting process in the fall of 2003. Significant challenges in evaluating appropriate changes will be the lack of clarity regarding timing and composition of the MD02 and FERC Standard Market Design elements, and lack of data related to the effect of these changes on potential billing determinant volumes and costs.

Goals/Objectives:

Primary Goals/Objectives: [List in business terms the project's primary purpose and the high level results expected from its completion]

The primary goal of the 2004 GMC Rate Design Project is through a comprehensive stakeholder process develop and implement a GMC rate methodology that best supports the new and still changing market design in a way that achieves equity between Market Participants and provides for the collection of the ISO's revenue requirement.

The objectives of this effort are to design a rate structure that:

- Have an open and equitable stakeholder process;
- Design a rate structure that is easy to administer (including reasonably cost effective, and benefits of change should outweight the costs) and understandable;
- Develop a rate structure based on the principle of cost causation which charges customers for the cost of services that they use/cause:
- Develop a rate structure that does not result in unmanageable adverse operational impacts;

¹ Rate Structure includes: determination of services provided (current and future), accumulation of overall costs, cost allocation, rate design (including billing determinants). While not the primary focus of this group, the overall level of ISO costs is of concern to ISO stakeholders, and consideration of a mechanism to adequately address this issue prospectively may be necessary.

² The intention of the direction is to work during 2003 for implementation of a new GMC structure in 2004.

³ MD02 is being funded through the currently existing rate structure/budgets.

- Recover approved ISO costs in a stable, low risk manner without excess volatility, and
- Have the new rate structure filed with FERC by November 1, 2003, so that it can be effective January 1, 2004.
- Meet the terms of the 2002 GMC Settlement Agreement, which set forth issues to be covered in this 2004 GMC Stakeholder Process.

Benefits: [List the key advantages of accomplishing the project. State in terms of tangible savings, wherever possible]

Advantage of accomplishing this project include:

• A periodic review of the appropriateness of the ISO GMC structure.

From the ISO's perspective, advantage of accomplishing this project include:

- Development of better working relationships with Market Participants.
- Potential for reduced litigation at FERC related to future GMC filings.
- Possible better alignment of operational incentives with financial incentives affecting both the ISO and market participants.

Scope: [Describe the boundaries of the project in terms of what it includes and what it does not include]

Develop GMC rate structure to be effective January 1, 2004 that considers and evaluates various rate methodologies/structures, including but not limited to, the one currently in use, and the applicability of each proposal to the needs of impacted parties, including Market Participants and the ISO.

This effort will actively seek stakeholder participation in the development of the recommended solution. Feedback regarding disposition of all participation, including proposal status and comment review will be provided to all participants.

This effort will produce recommendation(s) that is given to the ISO. The ISO will include such recommendation(s) in the memorandum to the Board of Governors. The ISO Board of Governors will determine the 2004 GMC rate methodology to be filed by the ISO with FERC.

Excluded from the scope of this effort are issues related to the level or composition of the ISO budgets. However, ISO spending on various elements of the ISO's changing responsibilities related to MD02 and/or SMD may be considered as appropriate in the consideration of rate structure. Stakeholders recognize that integration of the ISO budget process and the rate structure is necessary to arrive at a November 1, 2003 filing that incorporates these elements.

Product Deliverables: [The major elements of work that will be completed on the project. The set of specific, measurable, tangible, verifiable results expected from the completion of the project]

A project charter agreed to by all participants.

ISO CONFIDENTIAL

A40

DRAFT

- Proposals from the Market Participants and the ISO regarding rate design options.
- A tool showing potential rates to aid in analysis of overall rate design proposals
- A rate design proposal for ISO Governing Board approval.



Constraints: [List the factors that limit the project team's options (schedule, cost or scope/quality). Indicate which is the driving factor for the project; i.e. a predefined budget constrains scope and staffing]

- Project due date is constrained by the FERC rate filing schedule (outside project control).
- Lack of clarity regarding ultimate MD02/SMD timeline and elements.
- Lack of data on the future effect of MD02/SMD market rules.
- Historical data on potential billing determinants and the level of granularity of cost/accounting records
- Finite team resources limit exploration and analysis of alternatives.

Risks: [State the major exposures to possible delay, or failure in meeting the stated goals/objectives of the project]

- 1. Time constraints of all parties due to the changes in market structure both by the ISO's MD02 and FERC's Standard Market Design Notice Of Proposed Rulemaking.
- 2. Inability to reach consensus on a rate design could result in extended litigation at FERC.
- 3. Lack of data regarding the effect of MD02 market changes and timing issues of MD02 could result in the adoption of a rate design that has significantly different impacts than anticipated.
- 4. Market instability due to regulatory risk and the potential for creditworthiness issues could divert team attention from this effort.

ISO Project Leads:

Debi Le Vine, Contracts:

Phil Leiber, Finance

ISO Team Members:

Jan Addy, Project Office;

Ben Arikawa, Finance;

Mike Epstein, Finance;

Don Fuller, Settlements: Mike McGuffin, Settlements; Mike Peterson, OSAT;

Deane Lyon, OSAT:

Kevin Graves, Ops, Eng & Maintenance; Stephen Morrison, Legal & Regulatory;

David Withrow, Policy Office;

Kyle Hoffman, Client Relations

ISO Project Executive Sponsor:

Bill Regan, CFO;

Project Milestones: [If possible, list the key accomplishment points, required approvals, set dates.]

Process Kickoff with Stakeholders

August 29, 2002

- 2. Develop and approve Project Charter
- 3. Develop and approve evaluation criteria for proposals
- 4. Proposals due from Market Participants and ISO
- 5. Proposal evaluation
- 6. Develop recommended solution
- 7. ISO provide update to MIF during process
- 8. ISO present to ISO Governing Board

May, 2003

See following page for more detailed list of requirements

Project Completion Steps

January

- Finalize list of ISO services
- · Distribute aggregate billing determinant data for use in proposal development

February

- ISO completes indicative/preliminary allocation of 2003 costs to proposed service list
- Stakeholders present initial conceptual proposals
- · ISO presents its initial conceptual proposal

March

- Proposal evaluation
- ISO/Stakeholders present refined proposals with cost/billing determinant data
- · Communicate status through MIF

<u>April</u>

- · Proposal evaluation
- Customer impact analysis
- · Development of consensus proposal?
- Communicate status through MIF

May

· Present design to ISO governing board for approval

<u>June</u>

- · Commence settlement discussions regarding 2004 structure?
- Implementation of rate structure for use in 2004 budget development

<u>July</u>

• ISO Budgeting Commences

October

Board approval of ISO 2004 budget

November

File rate structure and budget/rate proposal at FERC

CALIFORNIA ISO

Briefing: Comparison of SO Rate Structures

December 9, 2002

2004 GMC Re-evaluation

Ben T. Arikawa

Senior Financial Analyst

(916) 608-5958

CALIFORNIA ISO

ISOs Compared

Nine ISO

- CAISO
- ISO-NE (ISO-New England)
- NY-ISO (New York ISO)
- ERCOT (Electricity Reliability Council of Texas)
 - Ontario IMO (Independent Market Operator)
 - MISO (MidWest ISO)
- Transmission Administrator of Alberta
- Alberta Power Pool
- PJM

Items Reviewed CALIFORNIA ISO



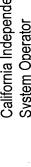
- Description of categories
- Size of "buckets"
- Rates
- Billing determinants
- Fixed or floating rates
- Over/under collection

Independent or subsidizing categories

- Method of implementation
- Status of unbundling effort Cost allocation method
- Website address
- URL of rate filing

Created By: bta

General Conclusions CALIFORNIA ISO



- General comparisons difficult
- Number of categories
- 1 (ERCOT, Ontario IMO, Alberta Power Pool)
- 7 (PJM)
- Could be described as 9 due to different rates for PJM East and West
- Size of "buckets"
- Regulation and Frequency Response, Internal Energy As small as 1-3 percent (PJM Capacity Adequacy, Transactions, Capacity Resource and Obligation Management)

CALIFORNIA ISO

General Conclusions (cont.

Rates

- Mostly volumetric
- Some demand, customer or transactions based
- Mostly fixed, some floating
- Typically independent
- True-ups for over/under collection
- Method of implementation
- Typically settlement
- Rate filing ERCOT

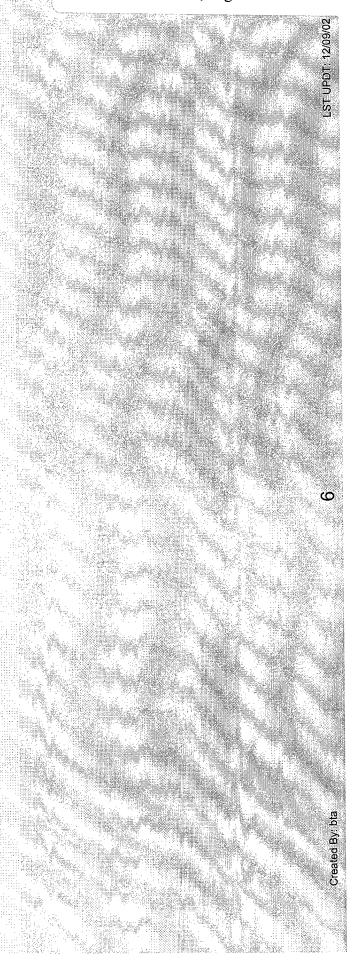
California Independent System Operator

General Conclusions (cont. CALIFORNIA ISO

Cost allocation method

Annual process

- Activity accounting system





California Independent System Operator

How Do Other ISOs Deal with SMD CALIFORNIA ISO

No explicit adjustments

• Explicit adjustments

- ISO-NE

Retains rate components

Staged implementation of rate changes

January-June no change

July changes depending on date of SMD implementation

ta no potoco

CALIFORNIA ISO Next Steps

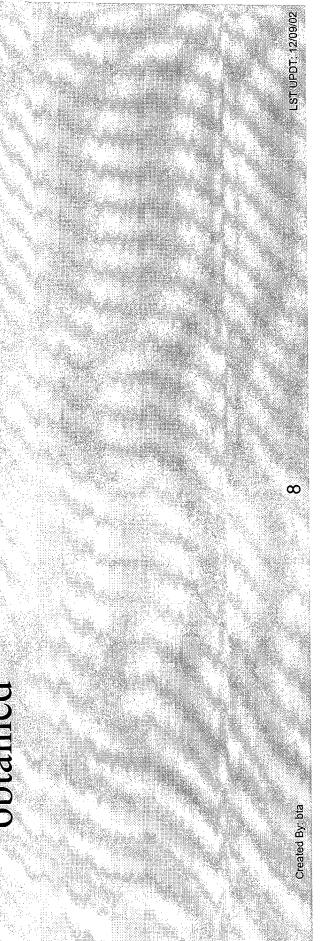
Developing contacts at other ISO rate

departments

Update table as more information is

obtained





							,	
Rates (effective 1/1/2003 unless otherwise noted)	\$0.569 per MWh	\$0.320 per MWh \$1.296 per MWh	\$0.05993 per kW-month	A Rates-Effective 1/1 through 6/30 TU Block 1 - \$0.25350, Block 2 - \$0.22027, Block 3 - \$0.20725 WM Block 1 - \$0.25350, Block 2 - \$0.25027, Block 3 - \$0.20725 WM Block 1 - \$0.39956, Block 2 - \$0.15329, Block 3 - \$0.13796 BRates-Effective 7/1 unless SMD effective 3 - \$0.32950 WM Block 1 - \$0.39956, Block 2 - \$0.29356, Block 3 - \$0.21560 C Rates-Effective with SMD Block 1 - \$0.40049, Block 2 - \$0.396408, Block 3 - \$0.32767 WM Block 1 - \$0.26541, Block 2 - \$0.24219, Block 3 - \$0.21797	A Rates-Effective 1/1 through 6/30 \$0.03367 per kW - month B Rates-Effective 7/1 unless SMD effective \$0.09464 per kW - month C Rates-Effective with SMD \$0.09480 per kW - month	Effective 12/2002 \$0.567/233 per MWh Slarup \$0.04292 per MWh Slarup \$0.040299 per MWh FERC Fee \$0.000000 per MWh Rate stabilization \$0.000000 per MWh Total GAT \$0.58257 per MWh Market Services Tariff \$0.041/79 per MWh Market Services Tariff \$0.041/79 per MWh	Requested effective 1/1/2003 - \$0.33 per MWh	
Size of buckets		12% of total 30% of total (4)	Approximately 13% of total.	Approximately 64% of total.	Approximately 23% of total.	OATT schedule 1: 94% MST Schedule 1: 6%		Single service calegory
Further Description			Schedule 1 Scheduling, System Control Includes scheduling service, provision of A/S. Processing requests for transmission service, coordination of transmission and Dispatch system operation, billing associated with transmission service, transmission system planning, administrative support for these.	Includes dispatch service. Administer energy market and facilitate interchange transactions, bilateral transactions and generator bids. In surmmary. Generator dispatch, nergy accounting, loss determination and allocation, billing preparation, administration (EAS) administration of imbalance energy service, market power monitoring & mitigation, sanction activities, energy market assessments & reports, formulation of market rules, administer FTRs. ARRs.	Administer reliability markets, inoluding Operating Reserve Markets, AGC/Regulation markets, ICAP settlement. Examples of functions performed: gen. dispatch associated with reliability markets; reliability markets accounting; billing preparation, generation emissions analysis, risk profile updates, resource adequacy reviews; regional reportsiolad forecasts/profiles (ICELT, EIA, NERC); support of power supply, environmental, market reliability planning activities; market power monitoring, mitigation and assessment of reliability markets; formulation of additional reliability market rules.	Allocation of 85% of budgeted annual operating cost plus FERC fees to Loads and other withdrawals of Energy; allocation of Allocation of Sex of budgeted annual operating cost plus FERC fees to Loads and other withdrawals of Energy; allocation of remaining 15% to all injections supplying Energy into NYCA Locational-Based Marginal Price ("LBMP") Market. Rate set to (OATT schedule 1: 6% equal \$0.68 per MWh by use of rate stabilization component. A portion of rate, Market Services Tariff (MST) is set to recover. MST Schedule 1: 6% startup costs.	Fees and charges to Market Participants for use of the ERQOT scheduling, settlement, registration and other related systems and equipment. ERCOT has numerous other fees to recover costs of security screening, interconnection studies, map sales and copying.	Also annual participation fee of \$1000-\$8000 depending on activity level in MWh. Also, Market Evaluation Program deferral account to record all operation, maintenance and administration, and capital expenditures made in 2003 in respect of the development and implementation of the various elements of the Market Evaluation Program described in the 2003-2005 Business Plan. The IMO is configured to provide six services: • Directing operations • Assessment, compliance and current market development • Operating markets • Participant administration • Settlements • Customer services. • Not currently configured for major market evolution work.
Description of Categories	Category 1. Control Area Services	Category 2. Congestion Management Category 3. Ancillary Services and Real Time Energy Operations	Schedule 1 Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch	Schedule 2 Energy Administration (EAS)	Schedule 3 Reliability Administration (RAS)	Schedule 1 Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch;	ERCOT System Administration Fee	Usage fee based on allocated withdrawals (consumption plus exports)
# Cate- gories		m		М		2 services recovered over two billing determinants?	-	-
Company		CAISO		NEISO		NYISO	ERCOT	Ontario IMO

USCLAIMER: Some rate structures are complex and difficult to characterizer summarize in a tabular format. See original documents.

Сотрапу	Billing Determinants	Fixed or Floating Rates	Independent or Subsidizing Categorizes	Over/Under Collection	Method of Implementation	Cost Allocation	Status of unbundling effort (if applicable)	Website	Relevant/Current Rate Filing Documents
CAISO	Volumetric: Gross Control Area Load & Exports. Volumetric: Net interzonal scheduled load. Volumetric: Purchases & sales of A/S & RT energy.	Fixed (set in advance)	Independent	Over and under collection of funds will be 2001 Rate Case, 2002 Used in a true-up mechanism for the next Settlement, 2003 Settle rate filing. Monies stay within their own 2005. Section 205 rate Categories. Quarterly rate adjustments (or Settlement if possible	2001 Rate Case, 2002 Settlement, 2003 Settlement. 2004: Section 205 rate case (or Settlement if possible.)	Annual process. Allocation percentages are developed for individual departments.	Extension of settlement agreement through 2003. Filings in 2003 as necessary to reflect MD02 chances.	www.caiso.com	
	Volumetric: Monthly network load and reserved capacity for point to point service.								
NEISO	Transaction units and volumetric measures: of costs for this bucket, 15% are allocated to transactions (TUS) and 85% to volumetric (VUS). Allocated per Settlement agreement. Blocked rate structure provides for declining costs for higher volumes. Special provisions for existing contracts.	Fixed (set in advance)	Independent	Over and under collection of monies will be use in a fue-up, merchanism for the next rate filing. Monies stay within their own categories. Within category 2, can be some cross subsidizing within the TU and VU split.	Unbundled structure implemented through settlement agreement (ER-01 316-000, 98-FER.OF b61,261) scheduled to last from 2011-2003, 2003 artie case (Section 205) filled on 111/12002 to reflect reflect necessary.	Activity accounting system. Employees record time to departmental activities/tasks. Den. Managers allocation activities/tasks to rate service current rate structure in light categories. Also: ISO and changes in 2004. Significant costs of SMD should not be effort spend for the 2003 rate amortized through rates until filling to adapt existing 3	Will reexamine applicability of current rate structure in light of operation of SMD in 2003 for offangas is 1004. Significant efforts append for the 2003 rate fiffing to adapt existing 3	www.iso-ne.com	www.iso. ne.com/ERC/filings/IS O_Tariff/ACT_filing_11. 01-02.pdf
	Demand charge: 100% of costs allocated based on non-coincident peak load (with phase in period during which a portion of the costs are recovered based on peak load and icustomers non-coincident peak injections.) Fixed monthly fee for non-participant transmission customers.		-		changes from SMD implementation in 2003.	is late, confingency plan allows is late, confingency plan allows to recover SMD costs through existing rates.	oucket rate strokture to swild.		
NYISO	15 percent on imports MWh, 85 percent on load and exports MWh based on annual forecasts and historic market data to provide a relatively constant monthly rate.	Fixed (set in advance)	Independent	NYISO reserves right to adjust Schedule Schedule 1 rate implen operations and significant expenditures ER99-4235-000, et. al. mot known at the time the NYISO adopted effective Sept. 1, 2000. its 2002 budget.	nented It in	Allocation of annual budget per agreement among New York Market Participants. Start-up costs (Jan-97 through Nov-99) are amortized monthly through December 2004.	Not Applicable - 2002 Budget allocated per agreement with New York Market Participants	www.nyiso.com	www.nviso.com/market §/schedue/mkt lariff s ched.html
ERCOT		Fixed (set in advance)	Independent		Rate filing with Texas PUC			www.ercot.com	www.ercol.com/Particip ants/2003feecase.htm
Ontario IMO	Usage fee of \$1.06/MWh to be paid commencing January 1, 2003 by all wholesale customers or market participants on all energy withdrawn for use or sale in Oriario and on all export scheduled out of Ontario.	Fixed (set in advance)	Independent	Carry-forward of underlover collections to subsequent year revenue requirement.				www.theimo.com	

CLAIMER: Some rate structures are complex and difficult to characterize/ summarize in a tabular format. See original documents.

Company	# Cate- gories	Description of Categories	Further Description	Size of buckets	Rates (effective 1/1/2003 unless otherwise noted)
		Schedule 1 Scheduling, Systems Control and Dispatch Service	Schedule 1 Scheduling, Systems Control Schedule 1 is not a charge of the ISO, but of the control area operator providing the service. Single charge reflecting costs of Costs not recovered through schedule 1 are and Dispatch Service.	Costs not recovered through schedule 1 are recovered through schedule 10.	
Midwest ISO	. *	Schedule 10 ISO Cost Recovery Adder	Schedule 10 includes three parts. Part 1 is for transmission customers and owners. Part II is for those same entities that elect not to contract for bundled transmission service. Part II is for entitles (include profer or that mission companies) who elect to contract for urbundled RTO services. Schedule 10 costs include start-up & development costs, operating costs, and tarfit administration costs, and actual financing costs. Part III services include: Tariff Administration Services, Business Services, Reliability Services, Electronic Scheduling/Energy Losses, Operations Planning, Maintenance Coordination, Congestion Management, Market Monitoring	Schedule 10 costs capped at 80.15 per MWh through transition period (2011). Any excess costs (defend costs) are carried over between months, or amortized over 5 years at end of transition period. Part III services are charged based on costs incurred by MISO, allocated to services as follows. Tarlf Administration Services 27.1% Reliability Services 27.1% Reliability Services 27.1% Reliability Services 27.1% Cheartions Sharking T.2% Maintenance Coordination 3.7% Maintenance Coordination 3.7% Congestion Management 2.8% Maintenance Coordination 3.7% Congestion Management 2.8% Market Monitoring 1.0%	
Transmission Administrator of Alberta (ESBI Alberta Ltd.)					
Alberta Power Pool	· -	1. Access Fee 2. Trading Fee	Functions mandated in the Province of Alberta's Electric Utilities Act: - Power pool administration function (s. 11); - System control function (s. 12); - Warket surveillance function (s. 9.1); and - Transmission administration function, including ancillary services (s. 26). - Scheduling service fee; - Miscellaneous mirror fees for banking; - Control area services fee; - Fees for congestion management; - Fee for Regional Reliability Council, Regional Transmission Organization and security coordination; - Study costs. - Changes for satistical information and reports; - Cammaniction fee for becoming a trader on the exchange: - Reconciliation fee per grid injection/exit point; - Albert and course frees; - Cammaniction fee for becoming a trader on the exchange: - Reconciliation fee per grid injection/exit point; - Albert and a construction causer frees; and	Access Fee: \$250 per year. Trading Fee: all other costs	
			manec inionitation system rece. Rebilling/involcing fee		

2) AIMER: Some rate structures are complex and difficult to characterize/ summarize in a tabular format. See original documents.

4
ψ
0
æ

Сотрапу	Billing Determinants	Fixed or Floating Rates	Independent or Subsidizing Categorizes	Over/Under Collection	Method of Implementation	Cost Allocation	Status of unbundling effort (if applicable)	Website	Relevant/Current Rate Filing Documents
Midwest ISO	Volumetric, per MW, with on-peak and off-peak structure. Schedule 10 includes three parts. Part 1 is for transmission customers and owners. Part II is for transmission customers and owners. Part II is for transmission contract for bundled transmission service. Part II is for entities who elect to contract for unbundled RTO services. Charges. Part 1: For transmission customers—assessed on either. MW of reserved capacity, or network load. Part II: For Transmission owners: complicated formula based on peak usage. Part III:	Fixed (set in advance)	independent.	Schedule 10 charges are set based pm. budgeted monthly costs and volume estimates, then trued-up based on actual MWNs and costs for the month. Schedule 10 has a cap of 15 centaminy to the transition period (ending February 28, 2010). Any participant Leaving before end of transition period pays relative share of deferred costs.	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	www.midwestiso.org	www.midwestiso.org/la riffas.accented/las.Ac cepted Schedules 10- 15-02.pdf
Transmission Administrator of Alberta (ESBI Alberta Ltd.)					Filing with regulator and decision by regulator.		:	www.la-alberra.ca	www.ta- alberta.ca/cs/Rate_Sch edules- Changes_Accepted.pdf
Alberta Power Pool	Purchase and sales of energy in MWh	Fixed	NA .					www.powerpool.ab.ca	

MFR: Some rate structures are complex and difficult to characterize/ summarize in a tabular format. See original documents.

varies from \$0.24 to \$0.41 per MWh of load (includes FERC fees varies from \$0.22 to \$0.38

Rates (effective 1/1/2003 unless otherwise noted)

Size of buckets

East - \$0.1952 per MW day of resource or obligation provided Wast - \$0.2512 per MW day of resource or obligation provided

Service charge plus \$2,000 signup fee

\$0.4104 per MWh of regulation

\$0.0804 per MWh of generation \$0.0813 per MWh of load

-TRs can be outstanding and accommodated by the PJM system at a given time.

Market Support Service includes costs associated with supporting the operation of the PJM Interchange Energy Market and Market and operation of the PJM interchange Energy Market and staled functions, as described in Schedule 10 of the Operating Agreement and the Appendix to Attachment K to the Tariff, and including, market modeling and scheduling functions, locational marginal pricing support, market settlements and billing, and

control areas and administering point to point transmission service and network integration transmission service. Zapacity Adequacy Administration Service includes costs of administering or providing technical support for the Reliability Assurance Agreement and Reliability Assurance Agreement-West, including long term load forecasting, studies to establish

Schedule 9-2 Capacity Adequacy

Schedule 9-1 Control Area Description of Categories

Cate-gories

Schedule 9-3 Fixed Trans. Rights

urther Description

isserve requirements and determination of each LSE's capacity obligations.

Read Transmission Stylins Administration Service includes the costs associated with administering the Fixed Transmission ights (FTRRs) provided for under Attachment K to this Trail, including, coordination of FTR bilateral trading, administration in FTR auctions, support of PJMs on-line, Internet based eFTR tool, and analyses to determine what total combination of

Regulation and Frequency Response Administration Service includes the costs associated with administering the provision of Regulation and Frequency Response Service under Schedule 3 of the Tariff. PJM provides this service to Load Serving

Schedule 9-5 Reg. and Freq. Response

2

Schedule 9-4 Market Support

Schedule 9-6 Internal Energy Trans.

Entities and to generators that provide regulation in accordance with Schedule 3.

Internal Energy Transaction Administration Service includes the costs associated with the support of a PJM Internet-based unternal relations and Administration Service includes the costs associated with the support of a PJM Internet-based ustomer interactive tool known as eSchedules. Through eSchedules, market participants may schedule bilateral wholesale transactions within the boundaries of the reast comprised of the PJM West Region and PJM Control Area.

Capacity Resource and Obligation Management Service includes the costs associated with (i) sasturing that customers have arranged for sufficient generating to meet their installed capacity obligations under the RAA and RAA-West; (ii) processing Network integration Transmission Service; and (iii) administering the capacity credit market in the PJM Control

Area and available capacity credit market in the PJM West Region.

Management Service Cost is not a separate service by PJM, Management Service Cost includes the costs of overhead and Management service activities speciment by PJM, which support DJM's provision of the services described in subsidiary Schedules 9-administrative activities performed by PJM, which support DJM's provision of the services described in subsidiary Schedules 9-through 9-7 of this Schedule 9. Management Service Cost is to be allocated proportionally to directly assigned wages and

Schedule 9-8 Management Service Cost

Schedule 9-7 Capacity Resource and Obligation Management

\$0.0366 per FTR MWh

cuments.
nal do
e origi
t. See
format.
abular
inat
marize
a/ sum
cteriz
Chara
ficult to
and diffi
mplex a
ire cor
tures
e struc
ne rat
Soci
AIMER
S

9
ø
O
ď

Company	Billing Determinants	Fixed or Floating Rates	Independent or Subsidizing Categorizes	Over/Under Collection	Method of Implementation Cost Allocation		Status of unbundling effort (if applicable)	Website	Relevant/Current Rate Filing Documents
	Total hourly usage	varies monthly							
	Proportional to regional non-coincident peak to overall PJM non-coincident peak						-		
	FTR.MW								
	Total energy delivered + generation		Subsidizing	Cohodula 0.8 Management Sonings	Unbundling implemented in PJM filing Oct. 29, 1999, ER00-298-000. Filing	Allocation percentages specified in Tariff at the			www.pim.com/commit
. ML9	Regulation MWh			Ę	suspended and Settlement talks initiated. Settlement Agreement reach and certified	VP/Divisional level. Fixed until another 205 filing.		www.pim.com	mi mi
	Number of eSchedule users				by FERC July 31, 2000.				
	MW of available generation capacity								
	Allocated to other Schedules				:				

AIMER: Some rate structures are complex and difficult to characterize/ summanze in a tabular format. See original documents.

California Independent System Operator

CALIFORNIA ISO

ist of Data Requirements Discussion of

December 9, 2002

2004 GMC Re-evaluation

Ben T. Arikawa

Senior Financial Analyst

(916) 608-5958

Created By: bta

CALIFORNIA ISO

Data Necessary for Rates

- Load (energy)
- Gross, including behind the meter load
 - Net, without behind the meter load
- Scheduled load
- Demand (instantaneous peak)
- Deviations from schedule (MID)
- Peak
- Absolute value over period
- Transmission flows (MID)

Data Necessary for Rates (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

Sales and Purchases of AS and RT energy

Peak demand

- Flow (current Market Operations billing determinant)

• Number of SCs

FTR MW

• Number of Transactions

To be used if a graduated customer charge is created

Transactions needs definition

1.ST.11PDT: 12/09/0

C

eated By bta

California Independent System Operator

Jata Necessary for Rates (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

Time Period

- Twelve months

- Final Settlements

October 2001 through September 2002

California Independent System Operator

CALIFORNIA ISO Objectives

Common data set for all participants to use

Minimize burden on Settlements staff to query archived databases



California ISO Data Caveats

Load means energy in ISO parlance

Accuracy is a function of time interval

- 10 minute Settlements data

- 15 minute meter data

Queries off archive server are <u>slow</u>

CALIFORNIA ISO

Next Steps

Request feedback by December 31, 2002

Comments on list of data

- Time interval to be used (10 minute, hourly)

- Additional data required for development of

participant proposals

Preliminary Listing of Billing Determinant Data, Use and Source (12/05/2002 version)

	Data	Frequency	Period	Comments
	Gross control area load (energy)	Hourly	Twelve months	Current billing determinant for Control Area
				Services.
2.	Net control area load (energy)	Hourly	Twelve months	Not including behind the meter load
3.	Scheduled load	Hourly	Twelve months	Use for scheduling charge if created
4.	Maximum coincident demand, both gross and net	Monthly	Twelve months	Development of demand charge
5.	Maximum non-coincident	Monthly	Twelve months	This is the sum of the maximum demand for each
	demand, both gross and net			SC during the month plus (for gross) the sum of the connected loads for all behind-the-meter self-
				generation loads. Development of demand charge
9	Sum of the absolute value of	Monthly	Twelve months	For MID proposal
	maximum hourly SC deviations			
7.	Total of the absolute value of	Hourly	Twelve months	For MID proposal
	hourly SC deviations			
∞.	Total transmission flows	Monthly	Twelve months	For use as billing determinant for transmission
				flows rate component of MID proposal. MID may
				be asked to define this billing determinant, if it is
				other than 1 or 2 above.
9.	Sum of each SC's maximum	Monthly	Twelve months	For development of demand charge for market
	purchases and sales of Ancillary			operations
	Services, Supplemental Energy,			
	and Imbalance Energy (both			
	instructed and uninstructed)			
10.	Total purchases and sales of	Monthly	Twelve months	For development of energy charge for market real
	Ancillary Services, Supplemental			time activity (same as current billing determinant)
	Energy, and Imbalance Energy			
i	(both instructed and uninstructed)	,		-
11.	Number of SCs	Monthly	Twelve months	For development of customer charge.

ಡ Note: Parties should clearly note that the list of billing determinant data required may be altered as result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process.

By: Ben Arikawa
Last updated: 12/05/2002

12.	FTR MW	Annual	Twelve months	For development of FTR administration charge
13.	Number of transactions by SC,	Monthly	Twelve months	For use in developing a graduated customer charge
	which would include scheduled			if one is desired SCs can be grouped in to several
	loads, purchases/sales of ancillary			groups depending upon their size (maximum
	services, supplemental energy,	-		demand and/or number of transactions). The
	and imbalance energy, inquiries,			information that would be given out would be
	etc. Note: this information would			aggregated up to categories—Category A includes
	only be made available to			xx SCs, Category B includes yyy SCs, etc. where
	stakeholders aggregated across all			we would define the parameters of the various
	SCs.			categories.
			,	

Note: Parties should clearly note that the list of billing determinant data required may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process.

By: Ben Arikawa
Last updated: 12/05/2002

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION 101 FERC ¶ 61,266

Before Commissioners: Pat Wood, III, Chairman; William L. Massey and Nora Mead Brownell.

California Independent System Operator Corporation Docket Nos. ER02-1656-009 ER02-1656-010 ER02-1656-011

ORDER CLARIFYING THE CALIFORNIA MARKET REDESIGN IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

(Issued November 27, 2002)

1. The California Independent System Operator Corporation (CAISO) filed a request for rehearing that included a request that the Commission clarify the California Market Redesign (MD02) implementation schedule.¹ In this order, we clarify the CAISO MD02 implementation schedule.² This order benefits customers by clarifying aspects of the October 11 Order, which will result in enhanced electricity reliability for California and help provide power at just and reasonable prices.

Background

2. In an order issued July 17, 2002³ the Commission directed the CAISO to expedite implementation of Phase 2 of the MD02 proposal, including the creation of an integrated day-ahead market, ancillary services reforms, and hour-ahead and real-time reforms. We also directed the CAISO to file its proposal by October 21, 2002, for implementation by January 1, 2003.

¹CAISO, Southern California Edison Company, Powerex Corp., Independent Energy Producers Association, Williams Energy Marketing and Trading Company, and Bonneville Power Administration filed Requests for Rehearing and/or Clarification of the October 11 Order. In this order we are addressing only the implementation of Phase 2 Lite and will address the remaining issues raised on rehearing in a later order.

²See California Independent System Operator Corporation, 101 FERC ¶ 61,061 (2002) (October 11 Order).

³See California Independent System Operator Corporation, 100 FERC ¶ 61,060 (2002) (July 17 Order).

Docket No. ER02-1656-009, et al.

3. At an August 2002 Technical Conference convened in San Francisco by Commission staff, the CAISO presented to stakeholders the reasons why it believed it could not implement the Phase 2 elements by the Commission-directed deadline of January 1, 2003. In addition stakeholders and the CAISO discussed various options for the MD02 implementation timeline. These options included (1) collapsing Phase 2 into Phase 3, to be implemented at the originally proposed Phase 3 deadline of Fall 2003, or (2) splitting Phase 2 through the implementation of a "Phase 2 Lite" by January 31, 2003, and implementing the remaining elements of Phase 2 concurrently with the elements of Phase 3.

- 2 -

- 4. "Phase 2 Lite" would implement a modified day-ahead market through (1) relaxation of the balanced schedule requirement for energy and congestion management bids; (2) elimination of the market separation rule; and (3) acceleration of the hour-ahead scheduling modifications the CAISO proposed. The rest of Phase 2 and all of Phase 3 would be implemented in Fall 2003, to include the full implementation of the forward integrated markets (energy, congestion management, ancillary services, unit commitment and a full network model) along with implementation of locational marginal pricing.
- 5. In the October 11 Order, the Commission found reasonable the proposal to implement "Phase 2 Lite," and directed its implementation by January 31, 2003. In light of a Phase 2 Lite implementation, the Order permitted the postponement of the remaining Phase 2 elements until implementation of Phase 3 in the Fall of 2003. In its November 8, 2002 Request for Rehearing of the October 11 Order, the CAISO states that the Commission should vacate its directive that Phase 2 Lite be implemented by January 31, 2003, and further argues that it could not implement Phase 2 Lite prior to Summer 2003. Southern California Edison Company urges the Commission to reconsider the implementation of Phase 2 Lite, stating that this approach would result in a waste of CAISO time and ratepayer resources and would lead to delays in implementing more important aspects of MD02.

Discussion

6. In its Request for Rehearing, the CAISO acknowledges that it had not examined thoroughly the feasibility of implementing Phase 2 Lite by January 31, 2003. It explains that "the October 11 Order [was] based on a record that was inaccurate and incomplete.

Docket No. ER02-1656-009, et al.

The CAISO takes full responsibility for this." Specifically, the CAISO argues that implementing Phase 2 Lite would require significant expenditure of funds and diversion of staff resources from Phases 2 and 3. The CAISO further argues that the Phase 2 Lite changes would be temporary "throwaway" modifications "that might only be in effect for a few months until [the temporary modifications are] replaced by the comprehensive IFM [Integrated Forward Market Design]." 5

- 3 -

- 7. Our directives regarding the implementation schedule in the October 11 Order were based in large part on the assertion by the CAISO that it could implement Phase 2 Lite by January 31, 2003.⁶ On rehearing, the CAISO contends that it has expended a "significant effort to examine the feasibility of Phase 2 Lite" and now maintains that it cannot implement Phase 2 Lite by January 31, 2003. Accordingly, we grant rehearing. We will no longer require the implementation of Phase 2 Lite by January 31, 2003, as previously directed in the October 11 Order.
- 8. We recognize the commitment of time and resources to undertake the market redesign and are committed to working with the CAISO and market participants.⁷ To this end, we direct the CAISO to file a full implementation plan, including a detailed timeline with the sequential and concurrent nature of design elements, the software and vendors (once selected) to be used, and cost estimates for each element. This plan and its implementation should be robust enough to be compatible with the developing RTOs in the West. Specifically, we direct the CAISO to file an estimate of expenditures on hardware and software development necessary for implementation of MD02. The estimates should be based on vendor quotes and material costs for a system that can be upgraded or modified to reflect refinements necessary to interface with the systems of RTO West and WestConnect as they are developed.

⁴CAISO Request for Rehearing, p 12.

⁵See Emergency Request for Rehearing and Motion for Clarification of the California Independent System Operator Corporation, November 8, 2002, p. 22.

⁶See 101 FERC at P. 83.

⁷We note that the Commission has scheduled a technical conference to be held on December 9, 2002 to facilitate continued discussions between the CAISO and stakeholders regarding the development of the remaining elements of the CAISO market redesign and to identify related implementation issues.

Docket No. ER02-1656-009, et al.

- 4 -

9. We direct the CAISO to update this plan on a monthly basis, indicating the progress made and the upcoming steps. This report shall be filed on the first Monday of each month, beginning with Monday, January 6, 2003. In the first informational filing, the CAISO should explain (1) any alternative methods of developing the MD02 elements; (2) progress made in developing these elements; (3) actions that it will take to establish these elements; and (4) detailed breakdown of the total start-up costs. We may supplement these requirements in subsequent orders, as necessary, to facilitate our monitoring function.

The Commission orders:

The Commission hereby grants rehearing and clarifies the MD02 implementation schedule, and directs the CAISO to file monthly reports with the Commission, as discussed in the body of this order.

By the Commission.

(SEAL)

Linwood A. Watson, Jr., Deputy Secretary.

⁸We note that, on a monthly basis, the CAISO provides updates to its Board of Governors.



California Independent System Operator

December 2, 2002

The Honorable Magalie Roman Salas Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20426

Re: California Independent System Operator Corporation Docket No. ER02-1656-000

Investigation of Wholesale Rates of Public Utility Sellers and Ancillary Services in the Western Systems Coordinating Council Docket No. EL01-68-017

Dear Secretary Salas:

Pursuant to the "Notice of Technical Conference" issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission on November 8, 2002 in the captioned proceeding, the California Independent System Operator ("ISO") hereby submits its presentation for the December 9, 2002 technical conference.

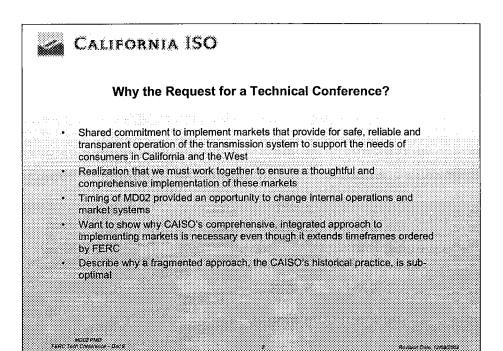
The ISO notes that, due to computer problems, the ISO initially was able to file only the presentation portion of this filing electronically with the Commission. The ISO is now submitting a complete filing including the presentation, the instant transmittal letter and certificate of service. The ISO requests that the Commission accept this filing effective December 2, 2002.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

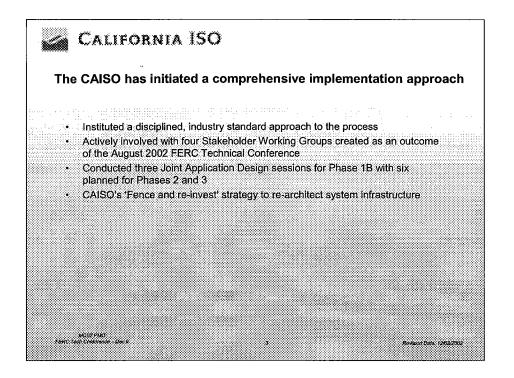
Respectfully submitted,

Anthony J. Ivancovich
Counsel for The California Independent
System Operator Corporation

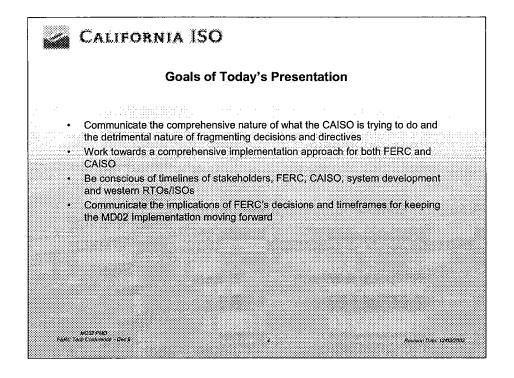




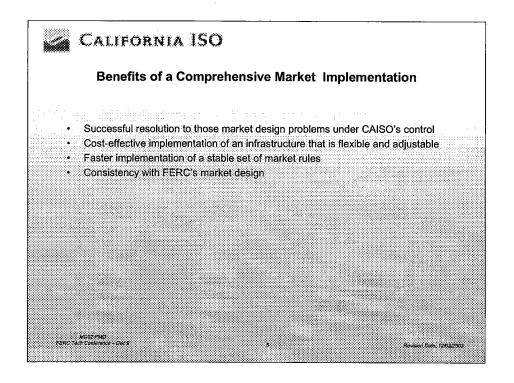
The CAISO wants to make sure that FERC understands the context in which it is working and that the objectives of MD02 Implementation are aligned with what the Commission has put forth in the FERC's Market Design. In order to meet the objectives of both organizations, we need to look at the objectives in a comprehensive manner.



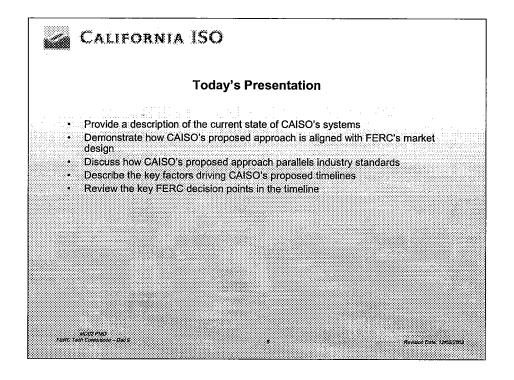
The CAISO has undertaken a comprehensive approach to the design that needs to be carried into implementation. This approach is a fundamental change in the way that the CAISO looks at system development, a manner which employs sound business practices consistent with those found in a mature organization.



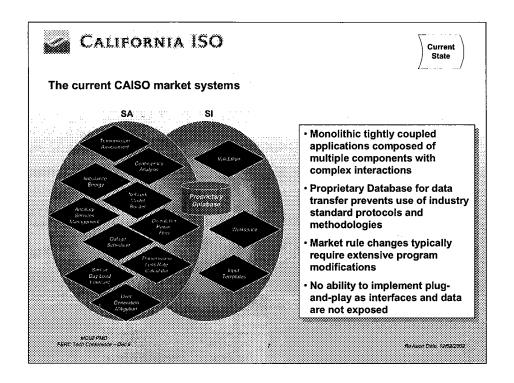
FERC admonished the CAISO to present a comprehensive market redesign plan rather than to continue a piecemeal approach. The CAISO delivered a comprehensive design. In order to realize the intended outcome of this directive, we need to make sure that both the Commission and CAISO can craft an implementation plan that gets us to a workable market that meets the needs of California and the West.



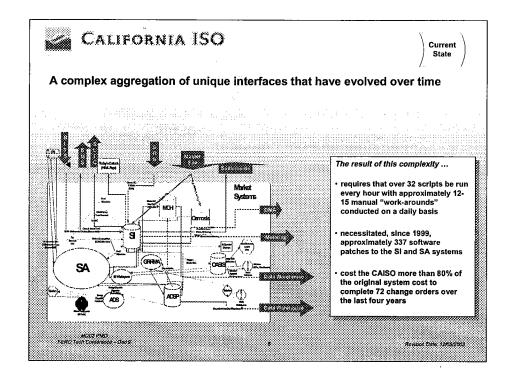
We understand what issues are critical to California and the wholesale market and have incorporated those in our design. It is better, and less expensive in the long run, if we plan and design to these issues now, rather than find out something doesn't work and to have to change it later. The underlying system changes are designed to allow adaptation to standard design elements as they evolve and to improve the wholesale electricity market in California.



We will show you what we are dealing with today and why it needs to change. How both market design elements and underlying infrastructure are consistent with the Commission's vision. What the CAISO is doing to assure its implementation strategy is consistent with prudent commercial practices and why we need to proceed at the pace that we are proposing.



Most of CAISO's current market functions reside in a black box we call our Scheduling Application (SA). This black box is welded to the Scheduling Infrastructure (SI) making it difficult to change, or add to, the existing functionality. The design of these systems is monolithic (that is the complex interdependent elements of the systems make changes to one element impact others, there is a high degree of shared data elements and interfaces and data interactions are not open.) Monolithic design, although not inherently poor, is intended for systems that will not undergo significant change. In general, the systems development industry has evolved away from monolithic design toward open and component type design principles to drive flexibility and economies in system development and operations.



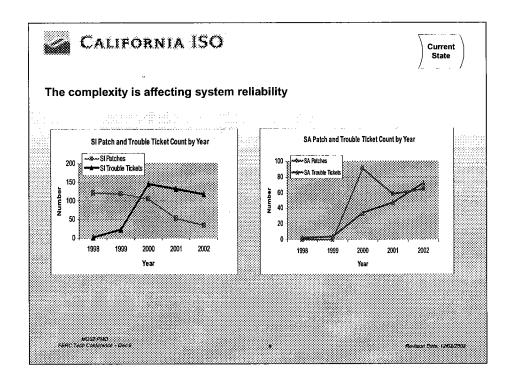
Although SI and SA are the foundation CAISO market systems, they are but part of a complex web of systems and interfaces required to run the CAISO markets.

The current design derives much of its unseemly complexity from accommodations and additions over the years to core market functionality. For example, in addition to core market functionality, GRMMA is used to track RMR dispatches, and OSMOSIS is for out of sequence and out of market energy. The market systems also include a complex set for interfaces to non market systems required to operate the CAISO such as EMS, settlements, metering and data warehouse to name but a few. The broad scope and high complexity of this set of systems makes changes to them risky and very difficult.

- •The three main CAISO markets that use the SA for their operational functions are the: a) Day-ahead (DA), b) hour-ahead (HA) and c) RT markets. The SA system coordinates and consolidates all DA and HA energy schedules and optimizes AS bids and schedules into final schedules constrained by the CAISO grid reliability requirements. It also conducts the RT imbalance energy market by dispatching supplemental energy and AS resources in response to system imbalance energy (IE) requirements.
- •Within these systems, over 32 scripts are run every hour with approximately 12-15 manual work-arounds (only within the market systems alone and doesn't include manual efforts in other departments such as settlements) conducted on a daily basis. This process is taxing and cumbersome and is making ongoing operations inefficient with an increased long term cost burden.

•Since 1999, approximately 337 software patches have been applied to the SI and SA systems. Software patches are used to fix problems and improve functionality as needed after the system has been delivered. In 2001 alone, there were over 141 trouble tickets associated with these two systems. Trouble tickets are created when system problems occur and the means for immediate resolution is not readily known. These trouble tickets resulted in system downtime averaging up to one hour per ticket.

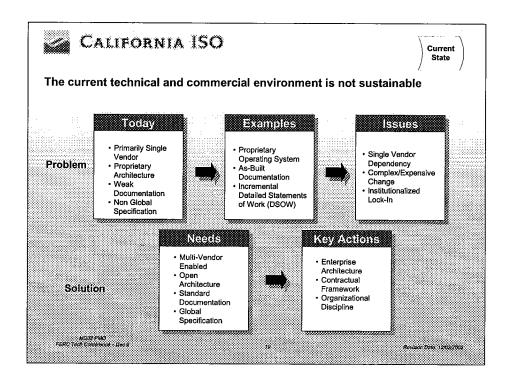
8



CAISO's market systems since start-up have undergone significant incremental change (patches). Many of these patches include multiple updates to functionality. Concurrently over this time period, the CAISO systems have experienced a substantive numbers of trouble tickets. Each of these trouble incidences have impacted business operations (severity 1's and 2's). The most recent experience with trouble tickets in the SA system shows an alarming trend.

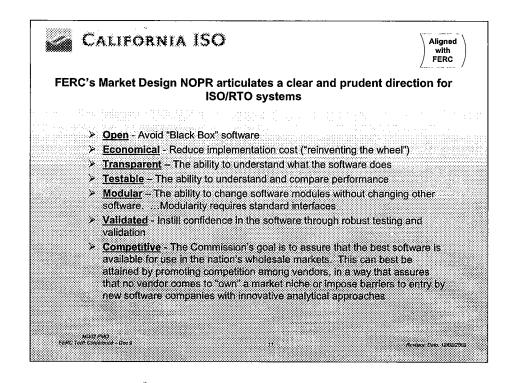
Although the cause and effect relationship of patches to trouble tickets is not one to one (i.e. some patches were to change functionality as a result of market rule changes) the primary trend of trouble tickets is increasing and most certainly the result of the added complexity resulting from the incremental changes to the SI and SA systems.

Continued incremental changes to these systems will undoubtedly continue these undesirable trends.

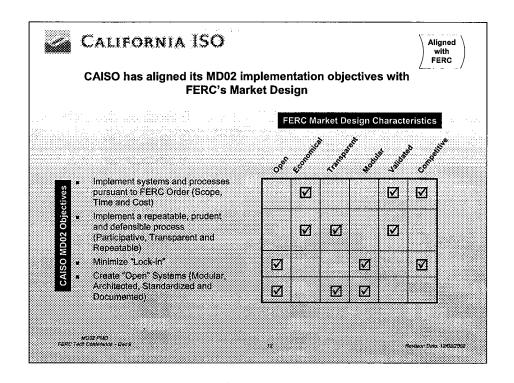


The current technical and commercial environment of the CAISO systems is not sustainable in the future. CAISO's primary system architecture is proprietary to a single vendor and inadequately documented. Specifications for changes to the systems since start up have primarily been incremental. This has resulted in the CASIO being dependent upon a single vendor. Changes to the current systems are complex and expensive. For all intents and purposes, the CAISO is "locked-in" into a technical environment and commercial framework which is not sustainable.

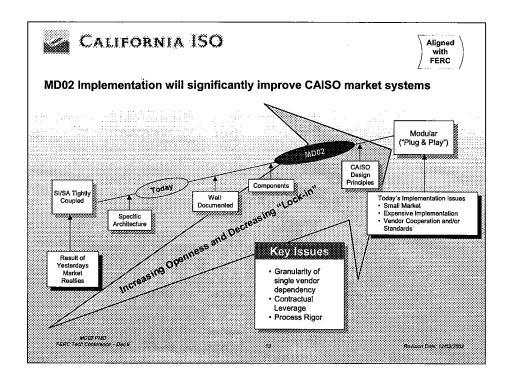
CAISO's approach to MD02 is to implement MD02 functionality upon a technical environment which is multi-vendor enabled, open and well documented. The foundation for this implementation is an open and flexible enterprise architecture implemented under a vendor contractual framework and process discipline consistent with good systems implementation practices.



FERC under the SMD NOPR has outlined a clear set of system objectives for ISO/RTO implementation. These objectives are consistent with best practices in the systems development industry. For the most part CAISO's current systems do not meet these objectives. This situation is one of the key drivers to migrate CAISO functioning market systems to new operating platforms.

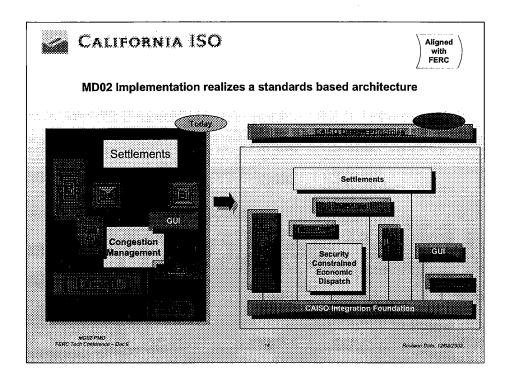


The CAISO's objectives for the implementation of MD02 align closely with the objectives of SMD.



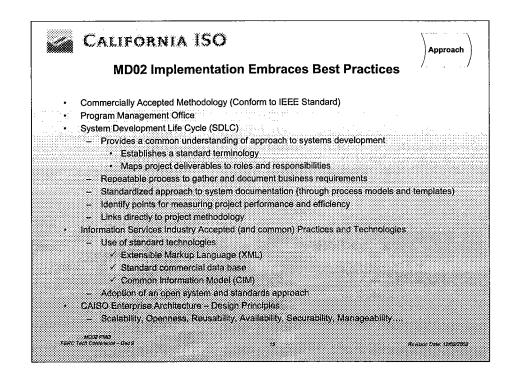
MD02 implementation as planned by the CAISO is aimed at significantly improving the foundation for CAISO's systems. MD02 will move the architecture of CAISO systems from the current tightly coupled specific architecture of the SI and SA systems to a well documented component based architecture consistent with the direction of FERC and good systems development practice.

Our plan and objective is the same as the Commission's, get to a point where we have an open and adaptable system within the context of a limited number of vendors. That is, be realistic about how open you need to be given that there are only a handful of suppliers and don't design beyond the scope of the market.

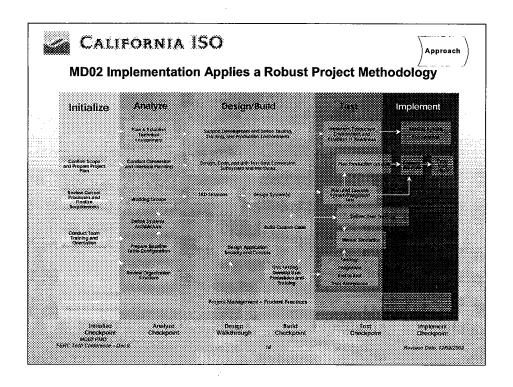


The primary enabler for driving the complexity out of the current CAISO systems is the use of a standard integration approach. Under such an approach, a common and "open" integration architecture will be utilized that integrates the various component elements of the CAISO systems.

The end point of this approach is an elimination of the complex and closed "black-box" characteristic of the current systems. After MD02 is implemented, integration of the specific components required to operate the CAISO markets will be accomplished through an open and common interface framework that supports flexibility and maintainability.



These represent the significant efforts that the CAISO has undertaken up to this point in the implementation phase of changing market functionality.



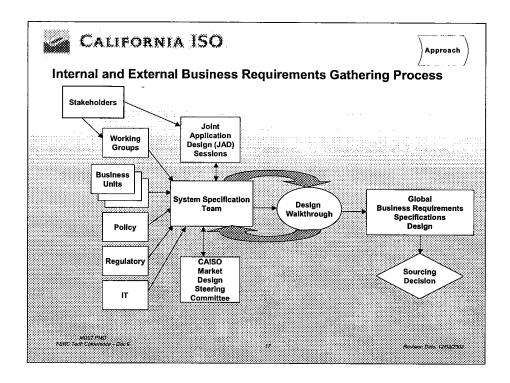
Software Requirements

A methodology such as this is required to ensure quality

Vendor control points

Proper and prudent testing – unit, system, integration, end to end, user acceptance

Adequate time for market simulation



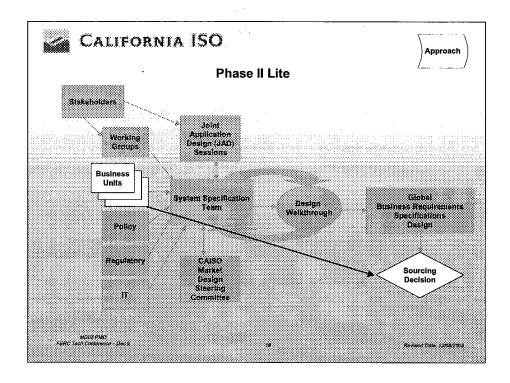
Describes the extensive stakeholder involvement through Working Groups (the what) and Joint Application Development (the how) process.

This business requirements gathering process needs to be done no matter how you source the solution.

Software Requirements

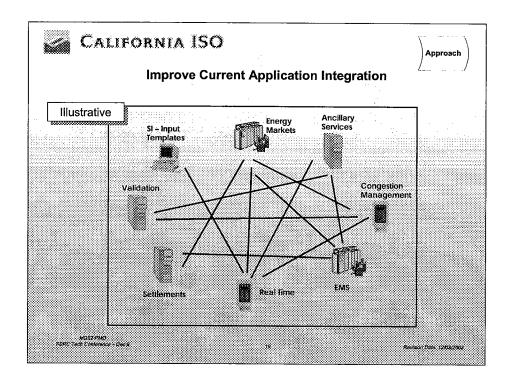
By fully engaging stakeholders and applying industry practices the final product will be more reliable and focused on the business needs.

While the Security Constrained Economic Dispatch for real-time imbalance energy did not receive significant stakeholder input in the conceptual design, significant rigor was added in developing the functional specifications. This included several joint application development (JAD) sessions with stakeholders, an iterative process within CAISO business units, a design walkthrough and the development of additional Tariff language to support the final design requirements prior to delivery to the vendor for coding (the actual software development). The result is that there is a well documented, broadly accepted market functionality that will be implemented by the CAISO pending successful development and testing phases.

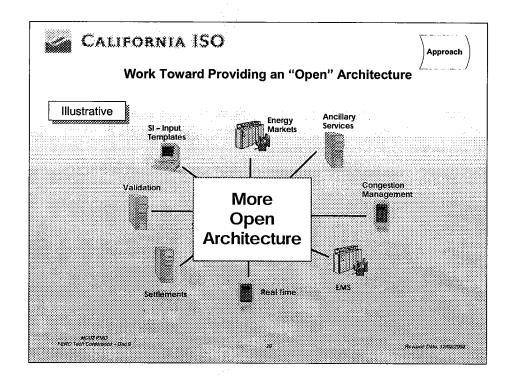


The Phase 2 "Lite" concept as originally proposed in the August FERC technical conference, was not considered in context of best practices for system development. As brought forward, it advanced directly from a business unit concept to a predestined sourcing decision. When the CAISO actually took a look at functional requirements and a reasoned approach, the implementation timeline increased substantially. When the requirements for both the market system and settlements changes were determined at a high level and adequate functional, integration and market testing were contemplated, it became apparent that to be implemented in a commercially prudent manner, it would require eight months or longer. This timeline is somewhat compressed as it did not contemplate significant stakeholder process in the design phase.

In addition to the extended implementation timeframe for adding Phase 2 "Lite" functionality on existing CAISO systems, the effort would have the undesirable impact of diverting scarce CAISO resources away from implementing the comprehensive MD02 Implementation changes. While MD02 Implementation activity would not cease, projected project timelines would invariably increase if critical resources were diverted to the Phase 2 "Lite" effort.



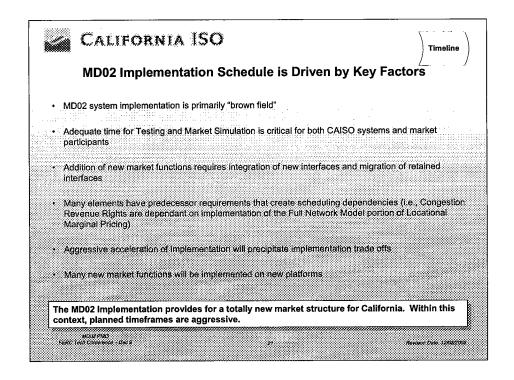
Due to the way that the current systems evolved, we are required to establish a multitude of point to point connections from one application to another to tie critical functionality together.



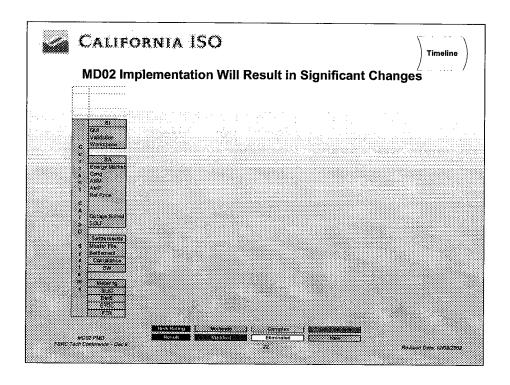
•CAISO Enterprise Architecture – Design Principles

—Scalability, Openness, Reusability, Availability, Securability,

Manageability



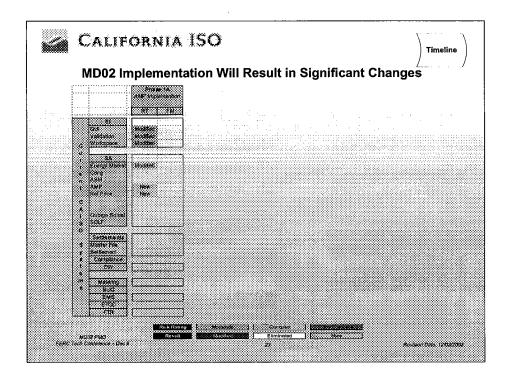
- •MD02 system implementation is primarily "brown field" requiring CAISO staff to both support MD02 development and testing while sustaining current operations
- •The degree of market change will necessitate appropriate time for market simulation to support market participant needs
- •Development of new market functions requires significant modification to already complex system components. Development time lines are highly dependent on limited vendor and CAISO staff expertise reducing the opportunity for parallel development across multiple system functions
- •Many elements have predecessor requirements which create scheduling dependencies (i.e. Outage Notification)
- •Imprudently accelerating implementation will precipitate implementation trade offs which may compromise quality and jeopardize efforts to minimize on going cost of operations
- •Many new market functions will be implemented on new platforms which provide for improved operations. However implementing these new platforms requires robust testing and appropriate transition management activities



Above are the current components of the CAISO's current systems:

- •Scheduling Infrastructure (SI)
- •Scheduling Application (SA)
- •Settlements
- Compliance
- •Data Warehouse (DW)
- Metering
- •Scheduling and Logging for ISO California (SLIC)
- •Energy Management System (EMS)
- •Existing Transmission Contract Calculator (ETCC)
- •Firm Transmission Right (FTR)

The Legend denotes both a Risk Rating and the expected Result.



Work on Phase 1A began on July 17, 2002 and was successfully implemented on October 30, 2002.

New components include:

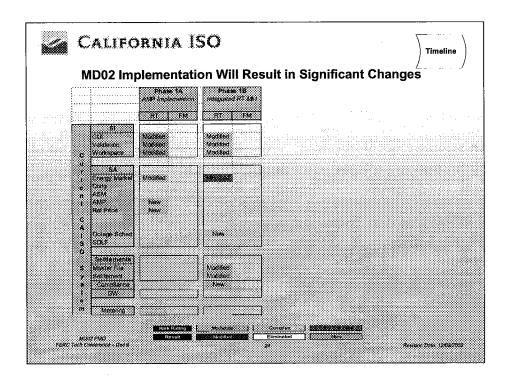
- •Automatic Mitigation Procedure (AMP)
- •Reference Price as calculated by an independent entity (Potomac Economics)

Using the legend, both projects are 1) new and 2) complex projects to implement.

The other components include:

Balancing Energy Ex-Post Price (BEEP) is an existing market system that was modified during Phase 1A

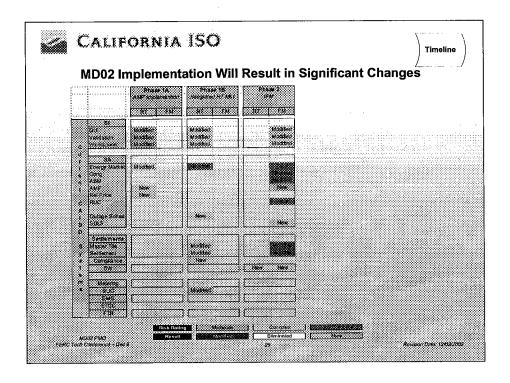
The Scheduling Infrastructure components were modified and moderately complex.



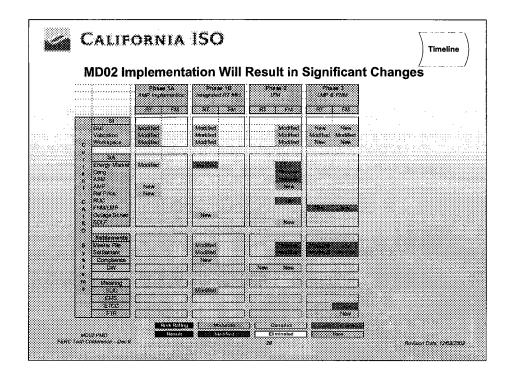
The CAISO is currently in the planning phase of of Phase 1B.

The BEEP (Imbalance Energy) modification is actually a migration to Security Constrained Economic Dispatch (SCED) on a new platform.

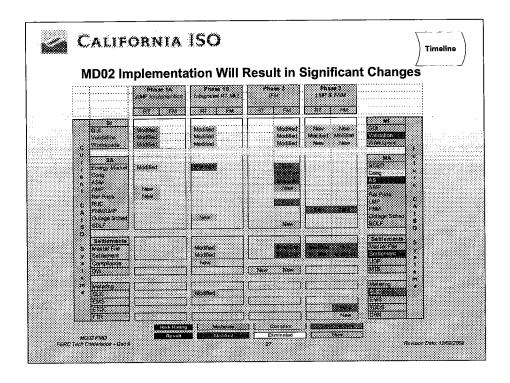
The outage scheduling functionality will allow the Scheduling Coordinator to update unit de-rates in real-time.



Phase 2 Forward Market (FM) modifications associated with energy, CONG (congestion) and ASM (ancillary service procurement) are the core changes that add a forward energy market to the CAISO and optimize its integration with congestion and ancillary services. The new AMP (Automatic Mitigation Procedure) functionality is adding mitigation to forward market bids. Significant changes are required in settlements and the master-file to accommodate the added market functionality. The MTS (market transaction system) moves historical transaction data off of the production system to a data warehouse.



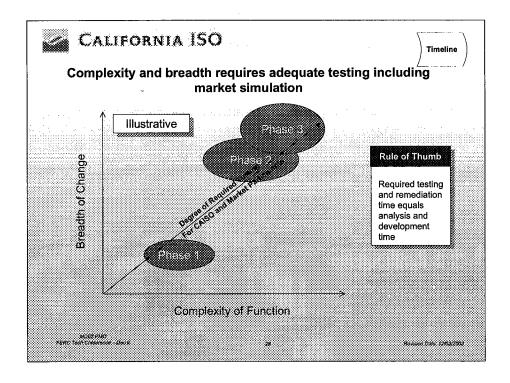
Phase 3 adds Locational Marginal Pricing derived from a Full Network Model to the preceding changes in Phase 1 and Phase 2, and requires changes to the existing transmission contract calculation (ETCC) in the form of transmission allocation contract optimization system (TCOS). The basis for settlements changes again and at this point it is desirable to actually redesign the Masterfile architecture.



The new comprehensive market design is shown in the far right column as the ultimate outcome of MD02 Implementation.

- •The market participant interface components (SI) will be completely revamped with improvements that benefit the market participants through an improved user interface (GUI) and CAISO system architecture through redesign table structures.
- •Market applications (SA) will, by the end of the project, be completely revamped. SCED, FNM, LMP will have replaced or added to current market functionality and related market components will be pointed to new platforms and applied to new functionality (e.g.. AMP will be applied to forward markets)
- •Settlement functionality will be significantly altered and the master file will be stand independent of the settlements system.
- •The addition of the market transaction system (MTS) will provide a data warehouse for historical transaction data independent of the market production systems.
- •While the metering and EMS functions will remain unchanged, interfaces with market, settlement and compliance systems will be updated to meet new standard integration protocols.
- •The existing FTR functionality will be replaced with a CRR system to accommodate FNM and LMP functionality.
- •TCOS is the method by which the CAISO assures that existing transmission contract rights (see slide 33) will be honored under the Full Network Model.

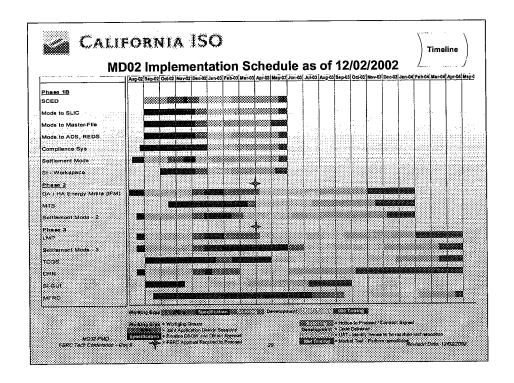
Overall, the MD02 Implementation is a highly complex project that affects every major system at the CAISO. The new market design must be viewed from a long term and comprehensive "end to end" perspective to ensure all the requirements of the new market are achieved.



The scope of change and critical interdependencies between operating systems and market functionality require a robust testing regime.

There must be adequate time for comprehensive testing and Market Simulation for both the CAISO and market participants.

Testing is critical to the success of the new market.



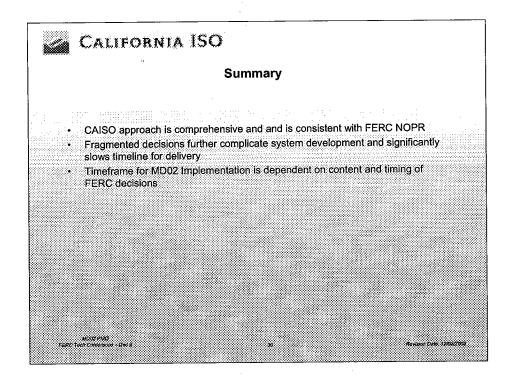
The current implementation timelines deviate from dates originally contemplated by CAISO and implementation dates ordered by FERC. These timeframes reflect employing commercially prudent practices in system development that were not contemplated in previous MD02 filings with the Commission. Furthermore, they are subject to change based on variables such as vendor responses to RFPs and the change management process employed in system development.

FERC Decision Point Criteria:

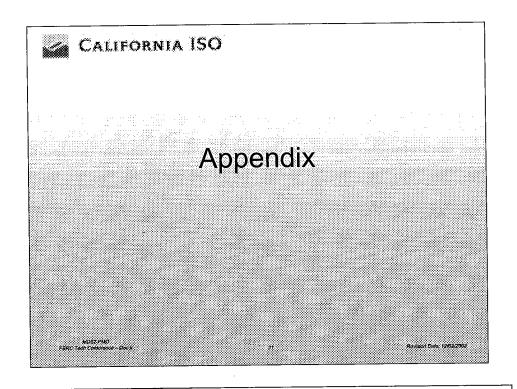
Phase 2 – The CAISO requires conceptual design authorization from FERC to implement an optimized forward market that includes energy, ancillary services and congestion with accompanying settlement schema for allocation of charges substantially as initially filed. Additionally the CAISO expects to make a 205 filing on residual unit commitment and other issues that emerge as a result of additional stakeholder input from working groups and JAD sessions.

Phase 3 – As with Phase 3, the CAISO requires both conceptual design authorization on its proposed implementation of LMP and the design of CRRs, along with any subsequent design changes that emerge as a result of ongoing stakeholder working group issue resolution and design changes that come from JAD sessions.

Currently the CASIO anticipates making these 205 filings in January 2003. FERC would then have before it all of the material necessary to make a comprehensive decision on the required elements for the implementation of both Phase 2 and Phase 3. If a decision on both the conceptual design and subsequent 205 filings were to be rendered on or before March 31, 2003, the CAISO could maintain this projected implementation timeline. A FERC order in March that deviates significantly from the proposed design, or a ruling after that date is likely to extend the projected timeline.

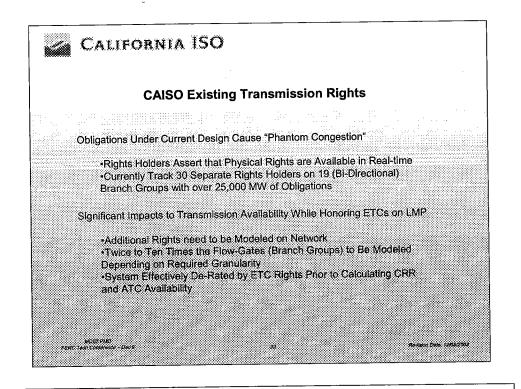


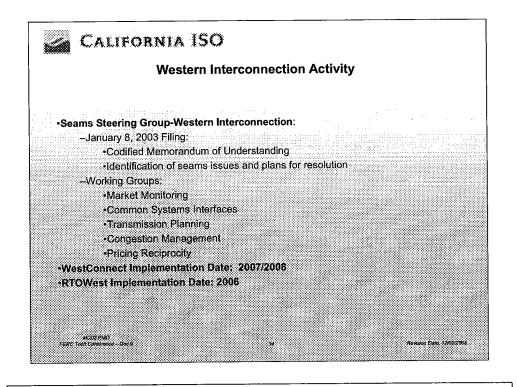
- •Want to thank the FERC for putting on the Technical Conference and allowing the CAISO to present its current market systems, what the CAISO is moving towards and its timeline for completion.
- •The CAISO understands the importance of working together with the FERC and Market Participants throughout the MD02 Implementation process.

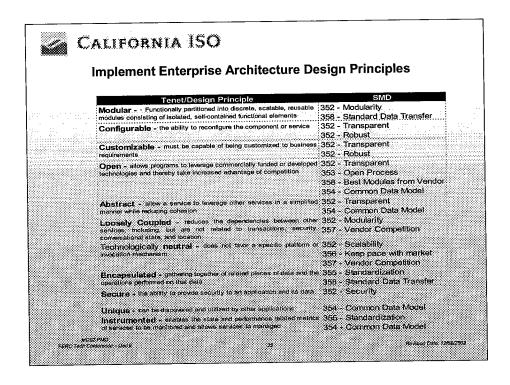


	MD02 Implementat	ion Projects * * /
Phaso 18 SCED	Security Constrainted Economic Dispatch	
Mods to SLIC	Modifications to System Logging	
Mods to Master-File	Master File Modifications	
Mods to ADS, REDS	Modifications to Dispatching Systems	line and the contained in manifest particular
Compliance Sys	Compilance System Modifications	
Settloment Mode	Settlements Modifications	
SI - Workspace	Workspace enhancement for "Openness"	
Phase 2		
DA / HA Energy Mrkts (IFM) Day Afreed/Hour Ahead - Integrated Forward Market	
MTS	Market Transaction System	
Settlement Mods - 2	Settlements Modifications	
Phase 3		
£M₽	Locationel Marginel Printing	
Septement Mode - 3	Settlemente Modificatione	
TEGE	ETGDY	
CRR	Congestion Reserve Rights	
St-Gut	Shinterfeed Modifications	
MFRO	Master File Retierign	

Brief description of Project Names in the MD02 Implementation Schedule.







Modularity encapsulates all of the principles of Component Based Development (CBD) and Service Oriented Environments (SOEs), two key features of the CAISO Application Architecture. CBD principles may be implemented in various technologies, but at the heart of CBD is the notion that if business services are designed as components, they are inherently reusable (as opposed to being designed for obsolescence).

Configurability describes the ability to reconfigure the component or service. Configurable components may be run in numerous physical topologies and be invoked in a number of manners. For example, a service will typically surface parameters related to how it connects to a database.

Applications must also be capable of being *customized* to business requirements. In the past, packaged applications often made a virtue of requiring that the business align its functions with the package. Today, this is recognized as inappropriate and usually impossible, because of the timescale of business change. Although numerous companies might use similar services, there will always be the need to implement business logic according to individual specifications.

An open system is a collection of interacting software, hardware, and human components that:

- •Is designed to satisfy stated needs
- •Has component interface specifications that are: Fully-defined, Available to the public and Maintained through group consensus
- •Is implemented such that its components conform to the interface specifications

Abstraction is "the expression of a quality apart from a particular object or specific embodiment." Abstraction is related to encapsulation: it is a mechanism for reducing complexity and increasing efficiency. Abstraction also tends to have the effect of reducing cohesion between services. Abstraction will often define a simplified interface that wraps a much more complex set of interfaces. For example, a complex set of relational tables in a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) might be surfaced using a view; or the functionality of a messaging product might be surfaced using an abstracted interface. Abstractions allow a service to leverage other services in a simplified manner while reducing cohesion.

A loosely coupled system is one that reduces the dependencies between services. These dependencies include, but are not related to, transactions, security, conversational state, and location. The less context information that is shared between them, the more loosely coupled are the services.

Services that are technologically neutral do not favor a specific platform or invocation mechanism.

Security is about controlling access to a variety of resources, such as application components, data, and hardware.

Encapsulation is the gathering of related pieces of data together with the operations performed on that data. The essential characteristic of a service is this grouping of data and methods (operations) into a "black box" that only surfaces the service's business functionality. Thus, the interface to the service provides access to its business logic without the necessity for understanding the internals of the implementation. For example, it is irrelevant whether a data store is implemented in a database or in memory.

Unique services provide functionality that is not available from other services. Services should rely on other services as applicable for providing needed functionality. Common examples are services that in turn use the services of an RDBMS, Light Weight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP), or Domain Name Server (DNS). Services should also be designed with an understanding that they can and will be reused in any number of unforeseen manners.

Services must be *instrumented* to be globally manageable in order to provide reliable and maintainable solutions. As critical business functionality is accomplished by utilizing services, it is imperative that the services be proactively managed, just as hardware and network infrastructure are typically managed. As services are reused across system boundaries, this management functionality must also span system support groups.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon each person designated on the official service list compiled by the Secretary in the above-captioned docket.

Dated at Folsom, California, on this 2nd day of December, 2002.

Anthony J. Ivancovich

Discussion of Preliminary List of ISO Services

2004 GMC Re-evaluation December 9, 2002

Senior Financial Analyst Ben T. Afikawa

(916) 608-5958

Starting Point

Draft RTO Functions – 2002/2001 FERC Accounting Workgroup (Attachment C-2 passed out on November 9)

Straw man document

Series of internal discussions

Objectives

- Create detailed statement of activities

Associate them with "Functions (Services)"

1 ST 1 IPDT: 12/09/07

... 4. [8

Created By: bta

California Independent

System Operator Preliminary List of Services

- Twelve functions (services)
- Real Time Grid Operations
- Interchange Pre-Scheduling
- Outage Coordination
- Operations Engineering, Maintenance and Support
- Grid Planning
- Market Operations
- Market Monitoring and compliance
- Settlements, Billing, Credit Administration and Metering Account Management Services and Training
- ISO Contract Administration
- Administrative and General
 - Startup Costs

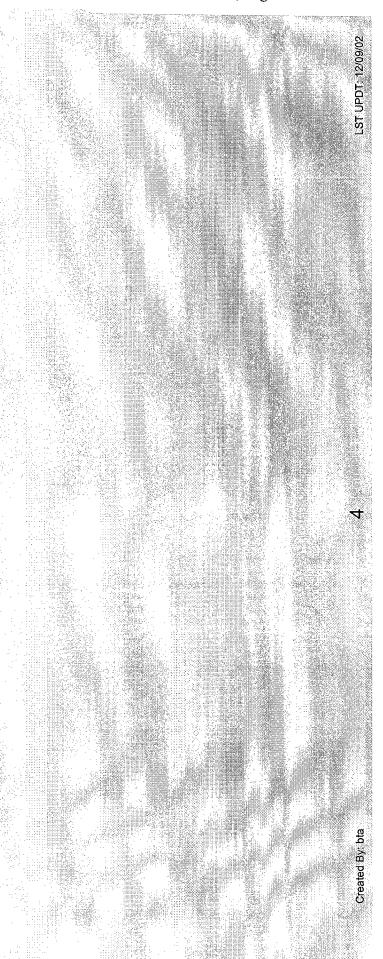
IST

California Independent System Operator

Preliminary List of Services CALIFORNIA ISO

(cont.)

50~100 activities associated with services





Further Discussion CALIFORNIA ISO

Overall questions about method

Individual questions about services or

activities



Next Steps

ISO may modify the list based on questions

and comments

ISO will provide mapping of cost centers to services once list is finalized

Request feedback by December 31, 2002

- Comments on the items in the list and their

organization

Pre	Preliminary List of Functions (Services) for ISO Rate Structure Version 12/06/2002	
Service (Function)	Activities within proposed service (function)	
1. Real-Time Grid Operations	Ancillary Services management:	
	Dispatch of energy associated with Ancillary Services, including:	
	o Regulation	
	o Spin	
	o Non-spin	
	o Replacement reserve	•
	o Black start	
	Monitoring of system conditions and dispatching to maintain reliability:	
	Load and resource balancing	
	Transmission line/path congestion management	
	Voltage Control	
	System emergency management	
	 Power flow studies and security analyses 	
	Determination of resource adequacy	
	Coordinating Western Interconnection reliability with all WECC Reliability Coordinators	
	Integration and communication with other Control Areas:	
	Interconnected switching operations	
	Generation and transmission equipment outage coordination (in real time)	
	Interchange scheduling (in real time)	
	EMS and Telemetry management	

2. Interchange Pre-Scheduling	Day-ahead/Hour-ahead scheduling
)	ETAG (NERC-required electronic schedule tagging)
	Existing Transmission Contracts Calculator (ETCC) and scheduling
	New Firm Uses (NFU) scheduling
	Reconciliation of schedules and interchange after-the-fact
	NERC/WECC/CAISO Tariff required reporting
	Weekly:
	Inadvertent Interchange report
	 NERC reports (Inadvertent Interchange, ETAG)
	WECC "donut" report
	Monthly:
	WECC Unscheduled Flow curtailment report
	Quarterly:
	Quarterly California Energy Commission 1305 report
	Annually:
	SDG&E DOE report
	• FERC 714 report
	Report of Economic Operation
3. Outage Coordination (other than	Pre-planning of and preparation for generation and transmission outages
real time)	Generation and transmission equipment outage tracking and data/record keeping
	On-site generation outage monitoring (SB-39 compliance)
	Outage reporting (web site updates and regulatory agency reporting)
	Supply of Generation and Transmission data for OASIS postings

 Maintenance, and Support: Manage and oversee new generation intercoupgrades and supporting Transmission Plann Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system Manage, oversee, and approving Trans Manage, oversee, and approve the equipmen Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operation Manage Operatine Compliance Program data collectic Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Transmission Maintenance:
 Manage and oversee new generation intercon upgrades and supporting Transmission Plann Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system Manage, oversee, and approve the equipmen Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and remanage the development of Generation Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operations Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Manage required WECC Reliability Manage 	Develop, monitor and enforce of transmission maintenance standards
 Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system Manage, audit, investigate, approving Transi Manage, oversee, and approve the equipmen Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational condition. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Manage the development, preparation and re Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operation Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operation Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Manage and oversee new generation interconnections, major capacity additions or
 Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system Manage, audit, investigate, approving Transı Manage, oversee, and approve the equipmen Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational condition. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Manage the development, preparation and re Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operations Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	upgrades and supporting Transmission Planning in project tracking.
 Manage, audit, investigate, approving Transn Manage, oversee, and approve the equipmen Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Bergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operations Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Manitain Compliance Program data collectic 	Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system availability, reliability, and outage records.
Manage, oversee, and approve the equipmen Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operational conditions Support: Manage the development, preparation and regenerations Support: Market Operations Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cet of Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operations Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreement Manage equired WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectice Maintain Compliance Program data collectice Manage required WECC Reliability Manage	Manage, audit, investigate, approving Transmission Maintenance Practices.
Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Perform operational studies and system secun Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and reformservion grid Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operation Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operation Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Manage required VECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic	 Manage, oversee, and approve the equipment ratings.
 Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operations Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Operations Engineering:
 Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary special analysis of transmission system
 Review, approve and provide specification o conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operation Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Manage required Program data collectic 	performance and ratings.
 conditions, clearances and operational condii Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreeme Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Review, approve and provide specification on daily system configurations, emergency
 Develop, prepare and update operating proce Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	conditions, clearances and operational conditions.
 Perform operational studies and system secu Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Develop, prepare and update operating procedures.
Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic	Perform operational studies and system security analyses
 Manage the development, preparation and re Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Operations Support:
 Transmission grid Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Manage the development, preparation and revision of all ISO Operating Procedures:
 Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Transmission grid
 Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Market Operations
 Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Generation
 Perform generating unit ancillary service cer Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Emergency
 Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Opera Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collectic 	Perform generating unit ancillary service certification and P-MAX testing
 Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreem Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collection 	Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operating agreements
 Manage required WECC Reliability Manage Maintain Compliance Program data collection 	Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreements and interfaces
Maintain Compliance Program data collection	Manage required WECC Reliability Management System (RMS) and NERC
	Maintain Compliance Program data collection, tracking, storage and reporting
processes	processes

5. Grid Planning	Transmission Planning:
	 Perform system transmission planning to ensure overall reliability
	Perform reserve requirement studies
	 Perform Long-term (monthly, annual and longer) load forecasting
	 Determine long term transmission resource adequacy
	Regional Coordination:
	 Coordinate participation in NERC, WECC, NAESB, ESC, and OSC
	 Monitor and participate in resolving seams issues in the Western Interconnection
	 Provide Control Area and interconnection mapping services to real time operations.
	Determine long-term generation resource adequacy:
	 Manage, develop, prepare, publish and participate in seasonal system load and
	generation assessments.
4	 Participate, guide, influence, and maintain records on environmentally constrained
	generation units.
	 Determine dual fuel generator requirements
	Determine Reliability Must-Run ("RMR") contract requirements
	Review Participating Transmission Owners ("PTOs") Bulk Power Program and new generator
	or load interconnection studies
6. Market Operations (A/S, RT &	Manage congestion (inter-zonal, LMP when implemented)
DA Energy,	Manage transmission and generation schedules:
Transmission/Congestion)	 Day and Hour Ahead schedules
	 Day-Ahead market (under MD02)
	Determine schedule feasibility
	Perform weekly, daily and hourly load forecasting
	Determine market clearing prices (A/S and Energy)
	Bid mitigation (real time and forward)
	Maintenance of market information postings (transmission/market OASIS)
	Unit commitment service under SMD
	Mitigate market power in Day and Hour Ahead and Real Time markets
	Development and management of demand response participation
	Doublem CTD motions (Drimons)
	Coordinate FTR bilateral trading (Secondary)
	Calculate allu ucicililile ivasiolity of 1 110 vapuvity

7. Marketing monitoring and	Collect and analyze information on market behavior
compliance	Develop new market rules or changes to market rules in response to market behavior
•	Prepare and provide reports to regulatory authorities
	Perform oversight and investigations
8. Settlements, Billing, Credit	Determine charges associated with:
Administration and Metering	Transmission services
	• Day-Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy)
	 Hour Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy)
	Real time balancing energy market
	Congestion management
	Grid Management Charge
,	Manage settlement data
	ETC administration
	Prepare market and GMC invoices
	Prepare special invoices for FERC fees, interest, etc.
	Perform settlement statement reruns
	Assist with market/settlements design and settlements training
	Dispute resolution and monitoring
	Credit and collateral management
	 Manage collections and payments
	SC financial security analysis
	Determination of losses and allocation
	Metering and data management
	Collect and validate data from ISO polled meters
	 Repository of data polled from ISO polled meters and data submitted by SCs
	Responsible for site inspection of metering sites
	Responsible for setting up RIG data bases and submitting data into EMS
	Push data to Settlement databases

0 Account Management Services	Provide ISO Tariff. Systems. Market and Settlements guidance to customers
and Training	Communicate scheduled events to customers
)	Communicate Market information to customers
	Develop training curriculum
	Provide training to Market Participants (Settlements, System Infrastructure, Market Design)
	Facilitate resolution of Market Participant issues
10. ISO contract administration	Administer ISO contracts
	Negotiate, manage, litigate contracts
11. Administrative and General (not	CEO
directly assigned elsewhere)	Finance and Accounting
	Legal
	HR
	Regulatory policy and affairs
,	Information services
	Strategic development
	Communications
12 Starting costs	Recover costs associated with Startup
11. Out to 0000	

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/06/2002 "Note: this listing of services and activities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

From: Morrison, Stephen

Sent: Tuesday, December 10, 2002 12:15 PM

To: GMC WG

Subject: Statement on Information Availability

During the presentation on confidentiality issues at yesterday's meeting, one of the participants asked for a statement of the ISO's current policy on availability of information. The request came about as the participant recalled an earlier ISO Governing Board policy and made reference to its content.

The first Board Policy on In formation Availability was adopted on October 22, 1998. The participant's recollection that this policy intended to cause the publication of "all data older than 6 months" is inaccurate. A copy of the policy is attached for your information.

In any case the Policy was updated by the Board at it's meeting on November 29, 2001. A link to the current Policy is attached.

http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/12/57/09003a6080125719.pdf

Current practice regarding information availability is in accord with that policy, and no indication given yesterday derogates from that. The ISO remains committed to providing timely access to its information, "to the fullest extent practicable".

Stephen A S Morrison Corporate Counsel California ISO (916) 608 7143

The foregoing e-mail communication (together with any attachments thereto) is intended for the designated recipient(s) only. Its terms are confidential and may be protected by the attorney/client, or other applicable, privilege. Unauthorized use, dissemination, distribution, or reproduction of this message is strictly prohibited.



MEMORANDUM

DATE:

December 12, 2002

TO:

Ben Arikawa

Phil Leiber

FROM:

David B. Cohen

SUBJECT:

DECEMBER 13TH 2002 BILLING DETERMINANT

DATA CONFERENCE CALL

Here are my thoughts.

Non-Disclosure Agreement

Keep it simple. Stakeholder's agree not to disclose the "raw" data to anyone. Results from "illustrative" computations, prepared by Stakeholder's can be communicated with clients.

Format of Data

Historical billing determinant data will cover the period October 2001 through September 2002. Using this time period will:

- 1. Not include the four Southern Cities (Banning, Riverside, Azusa, Anaheim) joining the CAISO.
- 2. Will reflect SMUD in the CAISO through August 2002. (Adjustment Required to Remove)
- Require adjustment to remove Self-Provided MWH of ASREO (Per the 2002 GMC Settlement Agreement).
- 4. Not reflect entities joining the CAISO as "Other Participants".

Adjustments to the billing data, to represent 2004, will need to be made once we have a set of historical billing determinant data. Please confirm.

To start with, I recommend that the historical data be provided, in EXCEL spreadsheets, by a "masked" Identification Number for each SC for each of the individual billing determinants identified in Attachment 1. The Billing Determinant data should be provided incrementally, rather than waiting for all the data to be gathered.

Existing Rate Design As A Base Line for Comparison

We need to have a "Base Line" of SC Invoices, showing billing units for a 12 month period. Once we have the billing units under the "current" three-bucket approach, the 2003 GMC rates can be applied. This will represent the Base Case or Existing Rate Design Level. The monthly billing unit data should be readily available from the Settlement Department before Christmas.

Attachment

ATTACHMENT 1

Preliminary Listing of Billing Determinant Data, Use and Source (12/05/2002 version) Discussion on December 13th at 10:00 am dial in # 1-877-661-1222 x 178246

	Data	Frequency	Period	Comments
1.	Gross control area load	Hourly	Twelve	Current billing determinant
	(energy)		months	for Control Area Services.
2.	Net control area load	Hourly	Twelve	Not including behind the
	(energy)		months	meter load
3.	Scheduled load	Hourly	Twelve	Use for scheduling charge if
			months	created
4.	Maximum coincident	Monthly	Twelve	Development of demand
	demand, both gross and net		months	charge
5.	Maximum non-	Monthly	Twelve	This is the sum of the
	coincident demand,		months	maximum demand for each
	both gross and net			SC during the month plus
				(for gross) the sum of the
				connected loads for all
				behind-the-meter self-
				generation loads.
				Development of demand
				charge
6.	Sum of the absolute	Monthly	Twelve	For MID proposal
	value of maximum		months	
<u> </u>	hourly SC deviations	T 7		
<i>7</i> .	Total of the absolute	Hourly	Twelve	For MID proposal
	value of hourly SC		months	-
0	deviations	N .1.7	T. 1	
8.	Total transmission	Monthly	Twelve	For use as billing
	flows		months	determinant for transmission
				flows rate component of MID
				proposal. MID may be asked
				to define this billing
				determinant, if it is other
9.	Sum of each SC's	Monthly	Twelve	than 1 or 2 above.
). 	maximum purchases	ivioriuny	months	For development of demand
	and sales of Ancillary		monus	charge for market operations
	Services, Supplemental			
	Energy, and Imbalance			
	Energy (both			
	instructed and			
	uninstructed)			
	Tambifacted)	L		

10.	Total purchases and sales of Ancillary Services, Supplemental Energy, and Imbalance Energy (both instructed and uninstructed)	Monthly	Twelve	For development of energy charge for market real time activity (same as current billing determinant)
11.	Number of SCs	Monthly	Twelve months	For development of customer charge.
12.	FTR MW	Annual	Twelve months	For development of FTR administration charge
13.	Number of transactions by SC, which would include scheduled loads, purchases/sales of ancillary services, supplemental energy, and imbalance energy, inquiries, etc. Note: this information would only be made available to stakeholders aggregated across all SCs.	Monthly	Twelve months	For use in developing a graduated customer charge if one is desired — SCs can be grouped in to several groups depending upon their size (maximum demand and/or number of transactions). The information that would be given out would be aggregated up to categories—Category A includes xx SCs, Category B includes yyy SCs, etc. where we would define the parameters of the various categories.

RE Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements 12-17-02.txt

From: Laurence Kirsch [ldkirsch@lrca.com] Sent: Tuesday, December 17, 2002 1:36 PM

To: Arikawa, Ben; Pritchard, Jan; Ross Hemphill Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean

Subject: RE: Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements

Ben:

Please see the attached memorandum.

Laurence

----Original Message----

From: Arikawa, Ben [mailto:BArikawa@caiso.com]

Sent: Tue 12/17/2002 1:29 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Laurence Kirsch; Ross Hemphill Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean

Subject: Summarizing my discussion about MID's data

requirements

Jan, Laurence and Ross,

Here are my notes concerning the data MID would like for development of its

rate proposal. Please review, discuss amongst yourselves and let me know if

this is what you want.

"Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the

express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents

may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy,

proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California

TSO."

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

RE Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements 12-17-02.txt email: barikawa@caiso.com

Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements 12-17-02.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Tuesday, December 17, 2002 11:30 AM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross

Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean

Subject: Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements

Jan, Laurence and Ross,

Here are my notes concerning the data MID would like for development of

its rate proposal. Please review, discuss amongst yourselves and let me know if this is what you want.

"Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO."

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

RE Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements 12-17-02a.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Tuesday, December 17, 2002 2:06 PM

To: 'Laurence Kirsch'; Arikawa, Ben; Pritchard, Jan; Ross Hemphill

Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean

Subject: RE: Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements

Laurence,

Thanks for the quick response.

I think that #8 would be net control area load plus exports. I'll confirm and get you an answer.

----Original Message----

From: Laurence Kirsch [mailto:ldkirsch@lrca.com]

Sent: Tuesday, December 17, 2002 1:36 PM

To: Arikawa, Ben; Pritchard, Jan; Ross Hemphill Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean

Subject: RE: Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements

Ben:

Please see the attached memorandum.

Laurence

----Original Message----

From: Arikawa, Ben [mailto:BArikawa@caiso.com]

Sent: Tue 12/17/2002 1:29 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Laurence Kirsch; Ross Hemphill Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean Subject: Summarizing my discussion about MID's data

requirements

Jan, Laurence and Ross,

 $\,$ Here are my notes concerning the data MID would like for development of its

rate proposal. Please review, discuss amongst yourselves and let me know if

this is what you want.

"Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the

express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of

RE Summarizing my discussion about MID's data requirements 12-17-02a.txt the contents

may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy,

proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California

ISO."

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

Data requirements revised including MID requirements 12-17-02b.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Tuesday, December 17, 2002 2:46 PM

To: Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross; Pritchard, Jan

Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean; McGuffin, Mike Subject: Data requirements revised including MID requirements

Jan and Laurence,

Here is an edited version of the data requirements, where I added in Laurence's language for 6, 7 and 8. I added a sentence or two of explanation. I added "net" to absolute "net" uninstructed deviation since it is load deviations net of generation deviations in the same direction.

On 8, I think that net control area load fits Laurence's "Power withdrawals from the ISO-controlled grid (energy)." Net control area load is metered load plus exports. This does not include behind the meter load estimates. (Mike McGuffin will confirm if I am wrong in this assertion.)

Once we have confirmed all this, I'll email out a revised list of data requirements along with Laurence's email.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

Memo on Cost of Service 12-19-02.txt

MessageFrom: Ross Hemphill [rchemphill@lrca.com]

Sent: Thursday, December 19, 2002 10:01 AM

To: Arikawa, Ben

Cc: Jan Pritchard; SMN@dwgp.com; Laurence Kirsch

Subject: Memo or Phil Leiber □9

Ben,

Attached is a memo regarding the GMC cost of service and ratemaking process for consideration and discussion.

Ross Hemphill

Ross C. Hemphill, Ph.D. Christensen Associates

Tel: 608-231-2266 (Ext. 168)

Fax: 608-231-1365

Website: www.LRCA.com

RE Memo on Cost of Service 12-19-02.txt

From: JAN PRITCHARD [janp@mid.org]

Sent: Thursday, December 19, 2002 11:57 AM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com

Cc: SMN@dwgp.com

Subject: RE: Memo on Cost of Service

Ben,

Yes. Please feel free to distribute Ross's memo to the GMC stakeholde r list.

Jan

2BBYvx.37000000.9914

>>> "Arikawa, Ben" <BArikawa@caiso.com> 12/19/02 11:33AM >>> Jan,

I will be sending out a revised list of activities with some attribution to cost centers this afternoon along with a description of what we can do with all this. May I forward Ross's email with my email?

----Original Message----

From: Ross Hemphill [mailto:rchemphill@lrca.com]

Sent: Thursday, December 19, 2002 10:01 AM

To: Arikawa, Ben

Cc: Jan Pritchard; SMN@dwgp.com; Laurence Kirsch

Subject: Memo on Cost of Service

Ben,

Attached is a memo regarding the GMC cost of service and ratemaking process

for consideration and discussion.

Ross Hemphill

Ross C. Hemphill, Ph.D. Christensen Associates

Tel: 608-231-2266 (Ext. 168)

Fax: 608-231-1365

RE Memo on Cost of Service 12-19-02.txt

Website: www.LRCA.com http://www.lrca.com/>

November 8th GMC presentations 12-19-02.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Thursday, December 19, 2002 12:33 PM

To: Hemphill, Ross

Cc: Pritchard, Jan; Kirsch, Laurence Subject: November 8th GMC presentations

Ross,

Here are my presentations and materials from the November 8th GMC meeting. I'll send you the October 9th materials separately.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

October 9th presentation 12-19-02.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Thursday, December 19, 2002 12:36 PM

To: Hemphill, Ross

Cc: Pritchard, Jan; Kirsch, Laurence Subject: October 9th presentation

Ross,

Here is the October 9th presentation that I gave. There were other documents, but none are directly relevant to rate issues.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator P.O. Box 639014 Folsom, CA 95763-9014

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

From:

Morrison, Stephen

Sent:

Thursday, December 19, 2002 6:24 PM

To: Subject: GMC WG Draft NDA

To parties' counsel:

Attached is a redline draft Non Disclosure Agreement. The draft is the agreed upon NDA text from the settlement with a minimal number of changes.

While this NDA alone does not meet all of the requirements placed upon the ISO by its Tariff (particularly with regard to potential data sets which might refer to detailed market participant data) it is the principal instrument to permit the ISO to share the maximum amount of data. The ISO will review its need to issue Market Notices to permit it to release more specific data sets should it deem that the data requests make that necessary.

As the objective is to create a secure area in which participants may more freely have access to ISO data, any suggestions as to how this draft might be improved are welcome. Please route such suggestions to me via your counsel.

Assuming general agreement on the text, we should aim to have executed versions being submitted to the ISO by the end of this week.

Stephen A S Morrison Corporate Counsel California ISO (916) 608 7143

The foregoing e-mail communication (together with any attachments thereto) is intended for the designated recipient(s) only. Its terms are confidential and may be protected by the attorney/ client, or other applicable, privilege. Unauthorized use, dissemination, distribution, or reproduction of this message is strictly prohibited.

From: LISA WOLFE [LWOLFE@EOB.CA.GOV]
Sent: Friday, December 20, 2002 5:26 PM
To: GMCWG@caiso.com; SMorrison@caiso.com

Subject: Re: Draft NDA

Stephen,

One comment so far on the proposed NDA: Para. 5d - definition of GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process. The definition makes sense insofar as it harkens back to the Initial Decision in ER01-313 which is the genesis of this stakeholder effort. However, it does not capture the concept discussed at the third Stakeholder Meeting that there may be a need to continue Stakeholder efforts down the line as MDO2/LMP continues to evolve. Essentially, the evolution of MDO2 adds another dimension to reevaluation of GMC not entirely contemplated in the ID. Potentially, ISO data used to reevaluate GMC methodology would have ongoing usefulness if stakeholder efforts continue later to further address LMP implementation (and/or other issues that at this juncture are too speculative to really take into complete account in a thorough GMC rate methodology overhaul). As written, para 9 in conjunction with 5d would not allow continued use of ISO data for further consideration of GMC methodology.

The definition in 5d could be modified to account for potential continuation of the stakeholder process down the line. Or para 9 amended to allow Confidential Materials to be used towards ongoing GMC methodology evaluation by the Stakeholders. Or, of course, another NDA could be executed later if need be that agrees to use of confidential data including data that is the subject on the instant agreement.

Lisa

Lisa V. Wolfe Staff Counsel California Electricity Oversight Board 770 L Street, Suite 1250 Sacramento, CA 95814 phone: (916) 322-8601

fax: (916) 322-8591 email: lwolfe@eob.ca.gov

>>> "Morrison, Stephen" <SMorrison@caiso.com> 12/19/02 06:24PM >>> To parties' counsel:

Attached is a redline draft Non Disclosure Agreement. The draft is the

agreed upon NDA text from the settlement with a minimal number of changes.

While this NDA alone does not meet all of the requirements placed upon the ISO by its Tariff (particularly with regard to potential data sets which might refer to detailed market participant data) it is the principal instrument to permit the ISO to share the maximum amount of data. The ISO will review its need to issue Market Notices to permit it to release more specific data sets - should it deem that the data requests make that necessary.

As the objective is to create a secure area in which participants may more freely have access to ISO data, any suggestions as to how this draft might be improved are welcome. Please route such suggestions to me via your counsel.

Assuming general agreement on the text, we should aim to have executed versions being submitted to the ISO by the end of this week.

<<Draft NDA.doc>> Stephen A S Morrison Corporate Counsel California ISO (916) 608 7143

The foregoing e-mail communication (together with any attachments thereto) is intended for the designated recipient(s) only. Its terms are confidential

and may be protected by the attorney/client, or other applicable, privilege.

Unauthorized use, dissemination, distribution, or reproduction of this message is strictly prohibited.

From: LISA WOLFE [LWOLFE@EOB.CA.GOV] Sent: Monday, December 23, 2002 5:36 PM To: GMCWG@caiso.com; SMorrison@caiso.com

Subject: Re: Draft NDA

Stephen -

As a follow up to our conversation today re the draft NDA. The concern is summarized in the email below that was sent on Friday...basically, given uncertainties with MDO2 implementation and the MDO2 schedule, the need to consider GMC methodology may live beyond the FERC filing for the 2004 budget. Here are some draft language options:

Amend Section 5(d) by deleting "which will end with a filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) by the CAISO regarding a revised GMC.

OR

Amend

Section 9 so the second sentence reads: "Confidential Materials shall not be used except as necessary for stakeholder involvement in the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process, and as may be necessary for ongoing consideration of GMC structure or rate methodology,...

The above wording avoids needing another NDA if it comes to that.

Another option would be a subsequent NDA to allow use of data for GMC stakeholder efforts that continue after the initial filing (if that happens). In that case, I would add the following language as sentence three to para. 9: "The Confidential Material that is the subject of this Agreement may be used as necessary for continuing review of the GMC structure and rate methodology subsequent to the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process upon execution of another confidentiality agreement between the CAISO and the Stakeholders."

Lisa

Stephen,

One comment so far on the proposed NDA: Para. 5d - definition of GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process. The definition makes sense insofar as it harkens back to the Initial Decision in ER01-313 which is the genesis of this stakeholder effort. However, it does not capture the concept discussed at the third Stakeholder Meeting that there may be a need to

continue Stakeholder efforts down the line as MDO2/LMP continues to evolve. Essentially, the evolution of MDO2 adds another dimension to reevaluation of GMC not entirely contemplated in the ID. Potentially, ISO data used to reevaluate GMC methodology would have ongoing usefulness if stakeholder efforts continue later to further address LMP implementation (and/or other issues that at this juncture are too speculative to really take into complete account in a thorough GMC rate methodology overhaul). As written, para 9 in conjunction with 5d would not allow continued use of ISO data for further consideration of GMC methodology.

The definition in 5d could be modified to account for potential continuation of the stakeholder process down the line. Or para 9 amended to allow Confidential Materials to be used towards ongoing GMC methodology evaluation by the Stakeholders. Or, of course, another NDA could be executed later if need be that agrees to use of confidential data including data that is the subject on the instant agreement.

Lisa

Lisa V. Wolfe Staff Counsel California Electricity Oversight Board 770 L Street, Suite 1250 Sacramento, CA 95814 phone: (916) 322-8601

fax: (916) 322-8591 email: lwolfe@eob.ca.gov

>>> "Morrison, Stephen" <SMorrison@caiso.com> 12/19/02 06:24PM >>>
To parties' counsel:

Attached is a redline draft Non Disclosure Agreement. The draft is the agreed upon NDA text from the settlement with a minimal number of changes.

While this NDA alone does not meet all of the requirements placed upon the ISO by its Tariff (particularly with regard to potential data sets which might refer to detailed market participant data) it is the principal instrument to permit the ISO to share the maximum amount of data. The ISO will review its need to issue Market Notices to permit it to release more specific data sets - should it deem that the data requests make that necessary.

As the objective is to create a secure area in which participants may more freely have access to ISO data, any suggestions as to how this draft might

be improved are welcome. Please route such suggestions to me via your counsel.

Assuming general agreement on the text, we should aim to have executed versions being submitted to the ISO by the end of this week.

<<Draft NDA.doc>> Stephen A S Morrison Corporate Counsel California ISO (916) 608 7143

The foregoing e-mail communication (together with any attachments thereto) is intended for the designated recipient(s) only. Its terms are confidential

and may be protected by the attorney/client, or other applicable, privilege.

Unauthorized use, dissemination, distribution, or reproduction of this message is strictly prohibited.



2003 COST ALLOCATION MATRIX

November 8, 2002

Table of Contents

I.	OVERVIEW OF COST ALLOCATION PROCESS	3
	OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET COSTS	3
	CAPITAL COSTS: DEBT SERVICE AND CASH FUNDED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	5
	REVENUE CREDIT/DEFICIENCY	6
	SUMMARY OF COST ALLOCATION RESULTS	7
11.	. ALLOCATION METHOD SUMMARY	9
Ш	I. UNBUNDLED SERVICE CATEGORY DESCRIPTIONS (FOR 2003)	12
١V	/. COST CENTER (DEPARTMENT) DESCRIPTIONS	13
	1100 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	13
	1300 CHIÉF FINANCIAL ÖFFICER	15
	1400 CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER	
	1500 VP GRID OPERATIONS	29
	1600 VP GENERAL COUNSEL	41
	1700 VP MARKET SERVICES	46
	1800 VP CORPORATE AND STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT.	
	21:00 OTHER GROUP	
٧	7. OPERATING RESERVE CALCULATION	61
ν	/I. CAPITAL BUDGET PROJECT ALLOCATIONS	62

APPENDICES

- A. 2003 Capital Projects
- B. Operating Reserve Calculation
- C. Cost Allocation Matrix

I. OVERVIEW OF COST ALLOCATION PROCESS

This section provides an overview of the cost allocation matrix, a table which summarizes the California Independent System Operator's ("ISO") 2003 operating budget according to the three unbundled service categories:

- Control Area Services, abbreviated as "CAS"
- Congestion Management, abbreviated as "CONG"
- Ancillary Services and Real-Time Energy Operations (abbreviated as or "ASREO" or "Market Operations") The application of this charge to 50% of A/S self-provision is eliminated in 2003 (per the pending 2002 GMC Settlement.)

A description of the three categories follows in the next section, "ISO Unbundled Service Category Descriptions." The cost allocation matrix lists all ISO costs that are elements of the grid management charge, including operating costs and debt service, and the effect of the operating reserve.

The operating costs are organized according to "cost centers" and are grouped according to categories called "Departmental Roll-Ups." For example, the following cost centers: "1521 Grid Planning", "1542 Outage Coordination", and "1543 Operations Engineering", are included in the "Operations Direct" Departmental Roll-up. The budgeted amounts for each cost center are either directly assigned to the three unbundled service categories or are allocated to the categories in the cost allocation matrix.

The ISO has continued to refine the cost-unbundling process since 2001, when the ISO implemented an unbundled Grid Management Charge. For that year, directors and managers from each cost center assigned their <u>overall</u> costs to the three unbundled service categories. Certain costs related to department overhead, overall corporate overhead, or services that benefit multiple departments and functions were allocated based overall operating costs or headcount. Beginning for budget year 2002, managers and directors of each cost center assign each expense line item within their cost center to the unbundled categories or a general category. This refinement provides an enhanced level of accuracy in the documentation of the allocation percentages for each cost center.

Operating and Maintenance Budget Costs

Cost centers are grouped according to "Direct" and "Indirect" Departmental Rollups. Cost centers that fall within a "Direct" Department Rollup are allocated by direct assignment. Cost centers that fall within an "Indirect" Department Rollup are allocated by based on the results of the direct assignments. Descriptions of the direct and indirect allocation methodologies are presented below:

Directly Assigned Costs:

Direct costs are those that are directly related to one or more of the three unbundled service categories. Each expense line item within the directly assigned cost center is allocated according to ratios provided by the cost center's manager or director. The costs are then totaled for each of the three unbundled service categories. The total for each unbundled service category within the cost center is then divided by the total amount budgeted for the cost center to arrive at the cost center's overall allocation percentages.

Managers and directors of cost centers with directly assigned costs also have the option to allocate a percentage of their overall costs to a "general" category. Costs in this category include those that support several aspects of the work done in their cost center. These costs are subsequently spread over the three unbundled service categories.

Cost centers are synonymous with departments All O&M costs are assigned to a cost center in the ISO's Oracle based accounting system.

The simplified example below shows how costs for "Cost Center X " are allocated to the three unbundled serve categories. Note that the factors are provided for each subcomponent of these expenses. For example, each staff person in a department is directly assigned to the unbundled categories.

Step 1: Managers provide ratios for each line item.

Cost Center X	Total \$	S	% CAS	%CON	G %ASREO	%General
Salaries Travel	\$100 \$100	=	25% 25%	25% 25%	25% 50%	25%

Step 2:Budgeted costs are totaled for each unbundled service category.

Cost Center X	Total \$	3	CAS \$s	CONG \$	ASREO\$	General \$s
Salaries Travel	\$100 \$100	=	\$25 \$25	\$25 \$25	\$25 \$50	\$25
Total	\$200	=	\$50	\$50	\$75	\$25

Step 3: Allocation percentages for general dollars are calculated.

Cost Center X	Total		CAS	CONG	<u>ASREO</u>
Total amount: (Without General)	\$175	=	\$50	\$50	\$75
Allocation percentages (Without General)	100%	=	28.57%	28.57%	42.86%

Step 4: General dollars are allocated to the three unbundled service categories.

General

CAS: \$25 x 28.57% = \$7.14 CONG: \$25 x 28.57% = \$7.14 ASREO: \$25 x 42.86% = \$10.71

Cost Center X	Total \$		CAS \$	CONG \$	ASREO \$

General Costs	\$25	>	\$7.143	\$7.143	\$10.714

Step 5: Costs are totaled for each unbundled service category.

Cost Center X	Total		CAS	CONG	<u>ASREO</u>
Total Without General: General Costs	\$175 \$25	>	\$50 \$7.143	\$50 \$7.143	\$75 \$10.714
Total	\$200	=	\$57.143	\$57.143	\$85.714

Step 6: Allocation Percentages are computed for the cost center.

Cost Center X	Total_		CAS	CONG	<u>ASREO</u>
Total	\$200	=	\$57.143	\$57.143	\$85.714

Allocation percentages 100% = 28.57% 28.57% 42.86% Indirect Costs

Cost centers that provide services that cannot be directly assigned to the unbundled service categories are allocated in a different manner. Allocation factors for these indirect costs are developed using five approaches:

- Allocated Based on Department Direct Costs: Cost centers that are directly related to specific departments are allocated based on those department's direct costs. For example, costs within the Indirect Operations Departmental Roll-up are allocated according to the Direct Operations Departmental Rollup allocation factors. Correspondingly, cost centers included in the Indirect Information Technology Departmental Rollup are allocated according to the Direct Information Technology Departmental Rollup.
- Allocated Based on Supervised Departments' Costs: Cost centers that are directly related to specific departments which the cost center supervises are allocated based on those departments' direct costs.
- Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs: Cost centers which involve services that benefit
 multiple departments are allocated based on total direct operating costs of those departments. For
 example, cost center 1631, Legal & Regulatory, serves the entire company, and is thus allocated
 according to ratios of direct operating costs.
- Allocated Based on Labor Dollar Ratios: Cost centers which benefit multiple departments that are
 more closely related to employees than overall direct operating costs are allocated based on labor
 dollars ratios. For example, 1841, Human Resources, is allocated to the three unbundled services
 based on labor dollar ratios.
- Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios Special: Cost center 1441, Vendor Management, is allocated using a modified labor dollar ratio approach. The methodology for this is shown in the cost allocation matrix, and is described later in this document.

The cost centers and the allocation methodologies are listed in the table that follows, "Allocation Descriptive Detail". Note, however, that even these indirect cost centers may, and have, assigned individual costs directly to the unbundled service categories where appropriate.

Other costs or revenues which are elements of the ISO's overall revenue requirement include:

Interest revenues SC application & other fees WECC Security Coordination Reimbursement Allocated:
Overall O&M allocation results
Overall O&M allocation results
100% CAS

Capital Costs: Debt Service and Cash Funded Capital Expenditures

The total budgeted debt service costs for 2003 (including the debt service coverage requirement of 25%) are \$55 million, representing principal and interest payments related to earlier bond issuances in 1998 and 2000 of \$337.5 million. As a result of ISO's expected inability to issue new debt in 2003 at reasonable interest rates due to a poor credit rating, \$22 million for 2003 budgeted capital expenditures will be funded directly from the GMC.

The assignment/allocation methodology used to allocate the debt service and cash funded capital expenditures to the three unbundled service categories involved either directly assigning costs to the

unbundled categories, where possible, or if not possible, allocation based on various methods. Additional details of this process and the proposed 2003 capital projects are provided in Section VI of this report.

Revenue Credit/Deficiency

In addition to 2003 costs, the 2003 revenue requirement includes prior year costs and adjustments resulting from the ISO's Financial & Capital Operating Reserves Account ("Operating Reserve"). The calculation of the Operating Reserve revenue credit or deficiency for each unbundled service category is shown in Section V of this report.

Summary of Cost Allocation Results

The attached cost allocation matrix summarizes these results and ratios that show the percentage of total ISO costs associated with the provision of each of the three unbundled services offered by the ISO. The budgeted 2003 allocation ratios developed are as listed below. These are net allocation factors, after the application of the 2002 revenue credit or deficiency from the Operating Reserve.

1.	CAS	58%
2.	CONG	11.5%
3.	ASREO	30.5%

These ratios represent the portions of the ISO's overall Revenue Requirement for 2003 for each of the three unbundled service categories as follows (in thousands). The following page provides an overview of the total revenue requirement.

1.	CAS	•	\$137,857
2.	CONG		\$27,400
3.	ASREO		<u>\$72,343</u>
	Total		\$237,600

After determining the revenue requirement associated with each of the three unbundled categories, the volume forecasts for each category are developed. The billing determinants for each category are as follows:

1.	CAS	Control Area Gross Load and Exports
2.	CONG	Net scheduled Inter-Zonal flows per path,
		Excluding Existing Transmission Contracts
3.	ASREO	Purchases and sales of Ancillary Services
•		and Real Time Energy whether instructed or
		uninstructed. ²

The forecasted volumes of the billing determinant for each unbundled service category for 2003 are as follows (in thousands of MWhs):

1.	CAS	242,386
2.	CONG	85,562
3.	ASREO	55,809

Finally, a unit charge per MWh is developed to recover the costs for the three unbundled service categories by dividing the revenue requirement for each of the three categories by the associated billing determinant volumes. The unit charges for 2003 are as follows (in \$ per MWh):

1.	CAS	0.569
2.	CONG	0.320
3.	ASREO	1.296

A description of the tasks and responsibilities of each cost center, the results of their allocations, and any commentary related to these allocations is provided below in the section entitled "Allocation Descriptive

An ISO compliance filing related to a FERC Order issued on October 9, in Docket ER02-1656-001, would include day-ahead market volumes here.

Detail." The cost allocation matrix and the descriptive text, which is included for each cost center, explains the methodology used for allocating all operating costs.

The overall revenue requirement for 2003 of \$237.6 million, is calculated as follows: (\$ in thousands):

Revenue Requirement (\$ in '000)	
Operating & Maintenance Budget	171,78
Financing Budget:	
Principal-Existing Debt	35,30
Interest-Existing Debt	8,49
Operating Reserve (25% of Principal & Interest)	10,94
Subtotal, Financing Collection	54,74
Capital Project Funding (full CapEx Budget Funded)	22,00
Less: Expense Recovery Budget:	
Interest Earnings	(1252
SC Application & Training Fees	(120
WECC Reimbursement/NERC Reimbursement	(1,256
Subtotal, Expense Recovery Budget	(2,628
Subtotal, Revenue Requirement before Revenue Credit	245,85
(Revenue Credit)/Deficiency From Operating Reserve	(8,257
(12/31/2002 Reserve Balance varies by Service Category)	
Total Revenue Requirement	237,60

II. ALLOCATION METHOD SUMMARY

A description of the methods used to allocate specific operating and debt service costs to the three unbundled service categories follows. In this table, the cost centers are listed in the order in which they appear in the cost allocation matrix.

1500	Operations 4	
1521	Grid Planning	Direct Assignment
1542	Outage Coordination	Direct Assignment
1543	Loads and Resources	Direct Assignment
1544	Real-Time Scheduling	Direct Assignment
1545	Grid Operations	Direct Assignment
1546	Security Coordination	Direct Assignment
1549	Operations Training Group	Direct Assignment
1554	Special Projects Engineering	Direct Assignment
1555	Operations Support Group	Direct Assignment
1558	Transmission Maintenance	Direct Assignment
	Operations Engineering South (Previously Southern Area Engineering)	Direct Assignment
	Operations Engineering North (Previously Northern Area Engineering)	Direct Assignment
1563	Coordinated Operations	Direct Assignment
1565	Pre-Scheduling and Support	Direct Assignment
1566	Regional Coordination	Direct Assignment
1559	Operations Application Support	Direct Assignment
1500	Operations – Indirect	
1511	VP - Grid Operations General	Department Direct costs
	Engineering and Maintenance	Supervised Department costs (1543, 1561, 1562, 1558)
1548	Operations Support and Training Group – General	Supervised Department costs (1549, 1555, 1559, 1563)
1564	Operations Scheduling	Supervised Department Costs (1544, 1542, 1565)
	VP Market Services	
	Application Support	Direct Assignment
1	Tariff and Contract Implementation	Direct Assignment
	BBS - PSS	Direct Assignment
	BBS - FSS	Direct Assignment
	Contracts and Special Projects	Direct Assignment
1741	Client Relations	Direct Assignment

1752	Manager of Markets	Direct Assignment
1753	Market Application & Testing	Direct Assignment
1755	Market Support and Development	Direct Assignment
1756	Market Quality	Direct Assignment
1757	Market Integration	Direct Assignment
1700	Market Services – Indirect	
1711	VP - Market Services	Department Direct costs
1721	Billing and Settlements	Supervised Department Costs (1722, 1723, 1724, 1725)
1751	Market Operations	Supervised Department Costs (1752, 1753, 1755, 1757)
1400	Chief Information Officer	
1411	Chief Information Officer- General	Direct Operating costs
1424	Asset Management	Direct Assignment
1441	Outsourced Contracts	Labor Dollar Ratios - Special
1432	Computer Operations-General	Supervised Department Costs (1431, 1442, 1451)
1431	End User Support	Direct Operating costs
1433	Network Operations	Labor Dollar Ratios - Special
1442	Production Support	Direct Operating costs
1451	Information Security	Direct Operating costs
1422	Corp & Enterprise Apps-General	Supervised Department Costs (1466, 1468, 1469)
1466	Enterprise Apps	Direct Operating costs
1468	Corporate Application Support	Direct Operating costs
1469	Analytical & Reporting	Direct Operating costs
1463	Operations Applications General	Supervised Department Costs (1461, 1462, 1467, 1481)
1461	Control Systems	Direct Assignment
1462	Field Data Acquisition System (FDAS)	Direct Assignment
1467	Settlement Systems Services	Direct Assignment
1481	Markets and Scheduling	Direct Operating costs
1471	Infrastructure Engineering	Direct Operating costs
	Legal - Direct	
	Market Analysis	Direct Assignment
	Compliance	Direct Assignment
1662	Data Quality Group	Direct Assignment

1300	Finance - Corporate Indirect	
1311	CFO - General	Supervised Department Costs (1321,
		1331, 1351, 1361)
1321	Accounting	Direct Operating costs
1331	Treasury and Financial Planning	Direct Operating costs
1351	Facilities	Labor Dollar Ratios
1361	Office Administration	Labor Dollar Ratios
1600	Legal: Chief Counsel – Indirect	
1611	General Counsel – General	Supervised Department Costs (1631, 1641, 1651, 1661, 1662)
1631	Legal and Regulatory	Direct Operating costs
1800	VP Corporate and Strategic Development – Indirect-	
1811	VP Corporate and Strategic Devt General	Supervised Department costs (1821, 1831, 1841, 1851, 1861)
1821	Communications	Direct Operating costs
1841	Human Resources	Labor Dollar Ratios
1831	Strategic Development	Direct Operating costs
1851	Project Office	Direct Operating costs
1861	Regulatory Policy	Direct Operating costs
4400		1005FX.0 1990 F 250FT 25
	CEO / Corporate Indirect	
	CEO - General	Labor Dollar Ratios
1651	Board of Governors	Labor Dollar Ratios
1241	MD02	Direct Assignment

III. UNBUNDLED SERVICE CATEGORY DESCRIPTIONS

A description of the three categories of services performed by the ISO is as follows:

- 1. Control Area Operations (Grid Reliability): This category is responsible for managing the Control Area and the ISO Controlled Grid to "keep the lights on," *i.e.*, ensure safe, reliable operation of the transmission grid and dispatch of bulk power supplies, including but not limited to:
 - performing operational studies;
 - system security analyses;
 - transmission maintenance standards;
 - system planning to ensure overall reliability;
 - integration with other Control Areas;
 - · emergency management;
 - · outage coordination;
 - transmission planning; and
 - scheduling generation, imports, exports, and wheeling in the Day-Ahead and Hour-Ahead of actual
 operations.
 - monitoring and use of ancillary services (both market and self-provided);
- 2. Congestion Management -This category is responsible for dealing with Congestion, which exists when power flowing on a transmission path exceeds the transmission path capacity. Congestion management is conducted by the ISO during the scheduling process and results in the economic rationing of transmission service in order to prevent congestion.
- 3. Ancillary Services and Real-Time Energy Operations This category is responsible for providing for ancillary service and energy related services, including, but not limited to: providing open and non-discriminatory access for market making activities for participants through Ancillary Services auctions and Energy balancing services, Posting of market information; Market surveillance and analysis; Settlement, billing, and metering related to these.

ISO costs not directly attributable to the above service categories are identified as "General" costs during the budgeting process. These "General" costs are later allocated to the above three GMC service categories using various approaches. If a cost can be directly assigned to the categories above, rather than allocated as a General cost, that is the preferable approach.

Clarification regarding MD02

MD02 will significantly change all aspects of the ISO's energy market structure, and will affect all of the above service categories. For 2004, the ISO expects to have a new GMC rate structure in place as a result of a recently commenced stakeholder process on the GMC. However, 2003 will be a transitional year where the above categories will be used. The various components of MD02 (and anticipated commencement dates) as they relate to the above categories are listed below:

1. CAS

Determination of resource adequacy; (Phase III: assume late 2003 or beyond)

Schedule feasibility; (Phase II: assume mid 2003)

■ Real-time Load and Generation balancing (Phase IB: BEEP→Sec. Constrained Econ. Dispatch)

2. CONG

Locational Marginal Pricing (LMP), and nodal vs. zonal calculations (Phase III: assume late 2003)

3. ASREO:

- Bid mitigation (Real Time: Phase I-Oct 2002, and Forward Energy Market: Phase II- assume mid 2003)
- Day-ahead energy market (Phase II: assume mid 2003)

IV. COST CENTER (DEPARTMENT) DESCRIPTIONS

All ISO cost centers are listed and described in the following section of this report. For "Direct Assignment" cost centers, allocation results are listed.

1100 Chief Executive Officer

1111 CEO - General

Description:

The CEO oversees and directs all operations of the ISO and reports to the Board of Governors.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios

1241 MD02

Description:

The MD02 cost center is responsible for the implementation of the corporate wide market redesign effort known as MD02. The project will span multiple years, from 2002 to 2004.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
32%	33%	35%

1521 Grid Planning

Description:

The ISO Grid Planning Department is charged with reviewing the Participating Transmission Owners ("PTOs") Bulk Power Program (a five-year Program is filed with the ISO every year) and reviewing the studies the PTOs perform for connecting new generators or load to the ISO Controlled Grid. Either the ISO recommendations (if any) are implemented by the PTOs or the problem is resolved via dispute resolution processes.

13

Additionally, Grid Planning conducts studies to determine Reliability Must-Run ("RMR") contract requirements and dual fuel generator requirements, and provides support to Operating Engineering. Grid Planning has been involved in the preparation of the new ISO Reliability criteria, conducts several meetings per year with stakeholder groups, and is working toward common facility ratings (when feasible).

Additionally, Grid Planning leads or supports several Regional and National technical/engineering groups including the Western Electricity Coordinating Council ("WECC"), the Western Interconnection Coordination Forum, and the North American Electric Reliability Council ("NERC").

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

— .		
1)irect	Assir	ınment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
100%	0%	0%

1300 Chief Financial Officer

1311 CFO - General

Description:

The Chief Financial Officer directly oversees the activities of the Accounting (Controller), Treasury, and Financial Planning groups, and the Facilities and Office Administration functions. All of these are functions which support all ISO services.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1321 Accounting

Description:

The ISO Accounting Department is comprised of four areas of responsibility. Each area performs specific functions that enable the department as a whole to provide the best possible financial accounting services to the ISO. Each area and a brief description of its functions is listed below.

- 1) Controllership/Accounting Administration:
 - * Responsible for implementing internal control policies and procedures. This area acts as the umbrella for all other areas of the department.
- 2) General Accounting and Financial Reporting:
 - * Responsible for preparing, analyzing and distributing financial and management reports to various internal and external users.
 - * Responsible for coordinating the financial, operational, and settlements control, and other audits.

 These audits ensure that the ISO is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and is in compliance with certain established procedures.
 - * Responsible for preparing and submitting various tax returns and other informational filings to federal, state, and local agencies.
 - * Responsible for the integrity and maintenance of the general ledger and fixed assets systems. Tasks include reconciliations of accounts and bank statements, preparation and input of journal vouchers, and analyses of expenditures.
- 3) Cash and Credit:
 - * Responsible for processing payments for goods and services where a valid purchase order was placed with the invoicing vendor as well as for those goods and services received by the ISO which were not ordered by purchase order, including the reimbursement of employee travel expenses.
 - * Assists in the market settlement process by collecting and distributing cash to the market players. This responsibility includes the settlement process for GMC, market, FTR, FERC, SRA, emissions, start-up and other types.
 - * Responsible for the receipt of monies, banking interfaces and general cashier operations.
- 4) Purchasing:
 - * Responsible for obtaining products, services and travel for the ISO. Acts as authorized agent to create and distribute formal purchase orders to suppliers.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1331 Financial Planning and Treasury

Description:

The Financial Planning and Treasury group is responsible for the following:

- Treasury and Cash Management;
- Insurance/ Risk Management;
- Debt administration:
- Budgeting/Financial Planning;
- Financial Administration of Capital Projects;
- Benchmarking;
- Contractor Administration;
- GMC/Rates/Unbundling; and
- Accounting System Support and Maintenance

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1351 Facilities

Description:

The Facilities Department is responsible for the physical building environment of the ISO. Its role is to provide and manage a safe, efficient, and comfortable work environment with a highly reliable building infrastructure that fosters teamwork and collaboration. This role can be broken down into several areas:

- Facilities Planning: The allocation of space to accommodate staff and staff changes along with the redesign, modifications, and furnishing of that space.
- Critical Systems: Providing and ensuring high-reliability infrastructure to accommodate Information technology equipment and operating systems housed in the computer rooms and Dispatch control center.
- Building Maintenance: The maintenance of the general office areas and computer facilities with respect to heating/ventilation/air conditioning, indoor air quality, building electrical distribution, structural systems, etc.
- Housekeeping: Janitorial upkeep of the building interiors as well as the appearance of the grounds and other exterior elements.
- Property Leases: Administration of all existing property lease agreements including payments, landlord-tenant issues, and negotiation of changes.
- New Facility Development: Planning, development, and transition into all newly acquired ISO properties, leased or owned.

- Administrative: Tracking, reporting, and benchmarking all ISO Facilities activities and costs.
- Contingency Planning: Working with disaster recovery contractors to insure that the necessary information regarding the buildings, insurance, and business unit requirements are available before any incidents occur.
- Strategic Planning: Continuously looking at the current status of the ISO, possible future changes to the ISO business requirements, the local real estate market and changes in financial opportunities.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios

1361 Office Administration

Description:

The Corporate Services Department has primary responsibility over several distinct corporate functions consisting of Physical Security, Corporate Safety, Administrative and Office Support Services. The main goal of the Corporate Services Department is to ensure a safe and secure work environment and provide the administrative and office support necessary for ISO employees to perform their jobs at the highest levels possible.

Physical Security – Responsible for providing physical protection of ISO personnel and property. This includes workplace violence prevention, investigations of criminal acts, executive protection, risk management/threat assessment, life safety system monitoring, critical systems monitoring and medical first responders.

Safety - Responsible for ensuring compliance with all aspects of corporate safety program including risk assessment, management and mitigation, workers compensation administration, ergonomic compliance and other related safety programs. Responsibilities extend to all visitors, contractors and employees on ISO property or performing services directly controlled by the ISO. Also responsible for ensuring compliance with all applicable local, state, and federal safety laws and regulations.

Administrative and Office Support - Responsible for facilitating corporate support functions including mail services, shipping and receiving, reception desk, office supplies, office automation equipment, conference room set-up and management and related office support services. Also responsible for ensuring consistent policies and procedures are in place for corporate administrative staff.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios

1400 Chief Information Officer

1411 Chief Information Officer- General

Description:

The Chief Information Officer assumes responsibility for all ISO information services infrastructure, strategies, and key business processes.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Department Direct Costs

1471 IT Planning

Description:

The IT Planning Department (formerly Infrastructure Engineering) includes Technology Architecture, Data Architecture, Application Architecture and Information Architecture. These functions define the approaches used to capture and represent both business and software system information, determine and specify high-level modeling approaches and guidelines, identify opportunities for the sharing and reuse of information, lead the construction of information models, define a common terminology based on core business concepts, define and maintain the ISO's architecture and standards; and provide direction and guidance to vendors of infrastructure products and services. The department also coordinates and maintains the IS Division Strategic Plan, facilitates and coordinates the development and maintenance of Division policies and procedures, coordinates engagements with external advisory, assessment, and benchmarking services, and performs advanced technology investigations and evaluations. It furthermore represents IS interests in inter-ISO and RTO activities.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1420 Asset Management Group

1424 Asset Management

Description:

The IS Asset Management group (AM) is responsible for enterprise programs and processes related to managing technology assets. Assets include hardware, storage arrays, software licenses, all maintenance, and other IS-related services through their lifecycle. The IS-related services include hardware maintenance and software upgrades and support. AM also assists with the management of the Asset and the Change Management modules of an integrated management tool known as "CHASE". CHASE is the framework that

each business unit uses to control the deployment of modifications to their existing system software and maintaining the UNIX and NT custom software release repositories.

The current IT environment includes approximately:

•	Desktops	980
	Laptops	276
	NT Servers	125
	Unix Servers	259
	Lease Lines of Credit	4

Yearly trend (from 9/01 to 7/02) shows the IT environment continues to grow in excess of 13% from the primary equipment distribution as follows:

•	Servers	316 to 351
	Desktops	990 to 1128

AM manages and coordinates the process for technology related contracts, from bidding the requirements, constructing the contract documents, negotiating the prices and terms, and administering the resulting agreement from beginning to expiration.

AM coordinates IS budget development and administration, hardware warranty and maintenance contract management, software licensing, maintenance contract management, lease administration, asset management, and technology lifecycle process. It tracks expenditures against IS budgets and tracks invoice payments against purchase orders.

AM coordinates activities with procurement, provisioning and technical support groups and prepares lease/purchase requisitions. It verifies invoice accuracy and administers processes for approval and payment.

AM is also responsible for the Change and Configuration Management processes for the IT infrastructure and promotes corporate-wide compliance with Change Management, as well as providing Configuration Management support through CHASE.

In 2003, AM expects to continue to provide the following services:

- * Procure or lease equipment and software as determined including refreshes for scheduled servers and workstations throughout ISO.
- * Procure hardware maintenance for existing and new equipment.
- Procure maintenance for existing and new software upgrades and renewals.
- * Manage relationships with all prime third party vendors including Oracle, Compaq, HP/Compaq Financial Services, Fleet Business Credit Corporation, De Lage Landen Financial Services, LaSalle Leasing, Sun Microsystems, Legato, iPlanet, IBM, Gartner Group, SoftSmiths, Structure Consulting Group, Actuate, EPRI, Iron Mountain Data Security, Veritas and Vitria.
- * Coordinate capital and operating budget for the IS (18) cost centers.
- * Provide accounting analysis for monthly variance reports and provide year-end forecasts as needed.
- * Provide special analyses for finance and accounting to assist corporate level funding allocations to support various requirements.
- * Assist with cost analyses for Capital project requests from multiple groups within ISO.
- * Track expenditures against budgets; track invoice payments against purchase orders.
- * Manage and coordinate the process for technology related contracts, from bidding the requirements, constructing the contract documents, negotiating the prices and terms, and administering the resulting agreement from beginning to expiration.

- * Coordinate IS budget development and administration, hardware warranty and maintenance contract management, software licensing, maintenance contract management, lease administration, asset management, and technology lifecycle process.
- * Verify invoice accuracy and administer processes for approval and payment.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

1711111111	Assignmer	н
	, 10019	•••

CAS	CONG	ASREO
67%	7%	26%

1441 Outsourced Contracts

Description:

This department's primary function is to oversee contracts and costs for the outsourced telecommunications services with the IS Asset Management Group. This department is responsible for administrating the MCI contract including asset management, billing and vendor management. In addition, this department provides contract and invoicing review for other telecommunications vendors such as Pacific Bell, Intercall, Arch Communications (paging), AT&T Wireless (cell phones), and Internap (third party internet services).

Outsourced Contracts oversees the contract with MCI for the Energy Communication Network ("ECN") which includes a high-speed, high-availability fiber-optic statewide network connecting the Folsom and Alhambra ISO sites, the Area Control Centers, regional security coordinators, and all Market Participants. The ECN is utilized to control the transmission systems, generators, and Ancillary Service providers. It provides the "marketplace" for the direct Market Participants. In addition, it integrates all power revenue metering points and supports the consolidation of metering data.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios-Special

1430 Computer Operations Center

1431 End User Support

Description:

IT User Support Services provides corporate-wide computing infrastructure support including the following:

* Platform Support – Enterprise NT Computing hardware, operating system, and layered product configuration, installation, testing, and maintenance, along with regular system administration duties to

ensure the reliability and effective performance of the computer platforms. This includes both servers and workstations, as well as the integration of third-party products.

- * System Management Regular monitoring of computing infrastructure hardware and software, along with database and application processes to ensure seven-day a week and 24-hour a day availability of platforms and business systems. This function includes the escalation, notification, and documentation of system failures. In addition, system engineers analyze system activity and performance to provide capacity management, including the recommendation for short- and long-term computing infrastructure enhancements. System Management also provides Tivoli (system monitoring software) and NetView design, development, implementation and support of the production and development environments.
- * Help Desk and Desk Side Support Installation, maintenance, and support of the office automation infrastructure, including support to internal users in the use of office automation tools, both hardware and software. In addition, the Help Desk provides central call logging and issue management for office automation, internal communication infrastructure, and facility-related problems and issues.

Responsibilities also include Tape Management for backup and recovery, and paging and cell phone administration.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating	Costs

1432 Computer Operations - General

Description:

This is the general cost center for the Director of Computer Operations Center. End User Support Services (cost center 1431), Production Support Services (cost center 1442), Network Operations (cost Center 1433) and Information Security Services (cost center 1451) report to this Director. This cost center provides for the cost of general support including such items as the administrative assistant, the System Engineering Manager and the general director-level expenses.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs			

1433 Network Operations

Description:

The Network Operations Department was formed during 2002 as a result of the IS reorganization. Network Services is a combination of the Network Engineering unit and the Network Operations unit.

Network Services responsibilities include engineering and support for the ISO's network services, including interfacing with MCI Worldcom on the ISO's Energy Control Network (ECN). The common goal of Network Services is to provide 24x7x365 availability of the ISO's networks. Activities in the Network Services Department support all three ISO service areas.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar	Ratios-Special	

1442 Production Support

Description:

The Production Support Services Department consists of UNIX Administration and Data Base Administration.

Although these groups have different skills sets, the common goal of Production Support Services is to provide 24 x 7 availability, and secure reliable systems and databases, and assist in the implementation and design review of new systems and databases.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated	d based on Direct Operating Costs	
1451	Information Security	

Description:

The functions of Information Security Services (ISS) are, in part, mandated by Presidential Decision Directive 63 and Executive Orders, which define the protection of Critical Infrastructures to preserve national security and economic stability. In addition, the ISO Tariff establishes that the ISO is responsible for the confidentiality of information used to conduct business in the California Electric Market. ISS is responsible for the development, implementation, and maintenance (including overall security operations and strategic direction) of the ISO Information Security Program and information security staff. The Information Security Program ensures the protection of organizational information and information systems against unauthorized access, use, misuse, modification of information, or denial of use, whether in storage, processing, or transit. Includes measures necessary to detect, document, and counter such threats. Activities that support this continuous process are information security policies, procedures, and standards development for both internal users and market participants. ISS is also responsible for the ISO Information Security Awareness Program that provides education, awareness of and compliance with these policies, procedures and standards. As well, ISS is responsible for the ISO Enterprise Security Architecture that provides security

requirements for the design, engineering and implementation of security infrastructure for existing and new network, host, and application solutions.

Other activities ISS provides are the monitoring and auditing of security logs, administration of remote access platforms and digital certificates, enabling applications to use certificates, encryption technologies, responding to and investigating security incidents and leading the Security Incident Response Team (SIRT). ISS also supports business continuity planning and testing for the ISO and external parties.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1460 Corporate & Enterprise Applications

1422 Corporate & Enterprise Applications - General

Description:

This group is responsible for the management and administration of the Corporate & Enterprise Applications department. The department is responsible for developing and supporting business applications for our customers. The units reporting to the Corporate & Enterprise Applications group consists of the Corporate Applications, Enterprise Applications, and Analytical & Reporting teams in the cost centers listed below. Please see the descriptions for the cost centers above for detailed information about the customers and systems supported by these teams.

- 1422 Corporate & Enterprise Applications
- 1469 Analytical & Reporting (Data Warehouse)
- 1466 Enterprise Applications
- 1468 Corporate Applications

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1466 Enterprise Applications

Description:

Enterprise – wide applications and some applications related to operations engineering, settlements, market quality and client relations. Design, implement and support a wide variety of ISO custom and packaged applications and support various business units in their needs related to Information Services. Responsibilities also include application support to Information services as a customer

For new requirements, this team is responsible for performing the initial requirements analysis, evaluating products, and installing, configuring and customizing pre-packaged and custom applications for the stated customers. For implemented systems, responsibilities of this team include application administration, problem management, on-going maintenance, enhancements, and integration of supported software. Supported systems include but are not limited to the following:

- -CHASE (Enterprise Services Mgmt.)
- -Transmission Registry
- -Resource Registry
- -Ancillary Services Certification
- -TORNADO
- -Settlements Validation Tool
- -RMR Invoice and Notification Organizer (RINO)
- -Reliability Management System (RMS)
- -RMR Payment Voucher
- -OpsDB
- -IMTS
- -Online Settlement Dispute System
- -RMR Real Time Tool
- -Operations Procedure Tracker
- -NRI
- -RMS
- -Rational Suite
- -Casewise
- -Visual Source Safe

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs	

1468 Corporate Application Support

Description:

The Corporate Applications team supports business application software for Corporate & Strategic Development (Human Resources, Project Office, and Communications), Finance and Accounting, Facilities, Security, and Legal & Regulatory Affairs. This team also supports various enterprise-wide applications including Internet and Intranet.

For new requirements, this team is responsible for performing the initial requirements analysis, evaluating products, and installing, configuring and customizing pre-packaged applications for the stated customers. For implemented systems, responsibilities of this team include application administration, problem management, on-going maintenance, enhancements, and integration of supported software. Supported systems include but are not limited to the following:

* Oracle Financials (Corporate); General Ledger, Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, Projects, Purchasing, Fixed Assets, Oracle Financial Analyzer, and Cash Management

- * Oracle Financials (Market); General Ledger, Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, and Electronic Data Interchange
- * Best! Software AbraHuman Resources Management System; Payroll and Roles (self-service web application)
- * Documentum Enterprise Document Management System
- * Internet & Intranet
- * Numerous in-house supplemental applications

This team has customer relationship management responsibilities for those departments listed above and primarily supports the "General" departments of the organization. Some of the communication aspects of the Internet site serve CAS and ASREO. The Market Financials system is the only system managed by this department that directly supports ASREO.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1469 Analytical and Reporting

Description:

The Analytical and Reporting group is responsible for and supports the Data Warehouse which focuses on providing the company the ability to analyze, report, query and source non-real-time information from our core operational systems to end-users and second tier applications providing minimal impact to those key operational systems.

These core operational systems includes:

- * Automated Dispatch System (ADS)
- * Out of Sequence Market Operations Settlement Information System (Osmosis)
- * Global Reliability Resource Management Applications (GRMMA)
- * Scheduling & Logging for CA ISO (SLIC)
- * Meter Data Acquisition System (MDAS)
- * Resource Registry (RR)
- * Scheduling Infrastructure (SI)
- * Settlements

The second tier applications the Data Warehouse sources are:

- * Compliance (CAP)
- * Settlements / Reliability Must Run (RMR) -RAVE
- * Market Monitoring

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1480 Operations Applications

1461 Control Systems

Description:

Control Systems Services is responsible for providing real-time as well as historical operational data to Real Time Grid Operations and other related functions for the purpose of operating the ISO Controlled Grid. Responsibilities include the maintenance and operation of ISO owned data acquisition and database systems related to the delivery and display of operational data. Control Systems Services cost center ensures operational data meets or exceeds the reliability and availability requirements for the safe, efficient and reliable operation of the ISO Controlled Grid. The delivery and presentation of the operational data is in accordance with all applicable ISO technical standards, practices, procedures and policies. In addition to maintaining and operating the data acquisition and database systems, the Control Systems Services cost center maintains/will maintain the existing and future interfaces to ISO internal and external systems related to the collection archiving and dissemination of real-time operational data.

The Control Systems Services cost center provides the following services as they relate to the collection, delivery and presentation of operational data:

EMS system support and maintenance RIG / DPG and SCADA support maintenance and development PI system support and maintenance

Network Applications support and maintenance

Grid Operator Training Simulator (GOTS)

Support of User Organizations:

Grid Operations

Operations and Engineering

Outage Scheduling

Market Compliance

Market Operations

Meter Data Acquisition Systems (MDAS)

Operations Support & Training (OSAT)

Information Systems

Data Warehouse

24X7 On Call Support:

Energy Management System

SCADA systems (RIG, DPG, ICCP systems)

Plant Information Systems

System Interfaces (EMS to Market Systems, SLIC, ETC, TR etc.)

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG 0%	ASREO
100%	0%	0%

1462 Field Data Acquisition System (FDAS)

Description:

The responsibilities of the Field Data Acquisition Systems group are as follows:

- * Supporting the Remote Intelligent Gateway ("RIG") interface system in the daily operation of power generation, scheduling, and control of the ISO Controlled Grid. The Automatic Generation Control (AGC) system simultaneously controls Generating Unit output to match resources to load and maintain frequency. Generating Units offering regulation services must be capable of being controlled by the ISO EMS. RIG interface units meet the ISO standards for transporting AGC signals. The ISO has the ability to send either set point or raise/lower signals. Additionally, the RIG has multiple ports to allow control to be switched between the Generator and the ISO.
- * Collection, verification and processing of raw meter data into Settlement Quality Meter Data (SQMD), which the ISO uses for generating preliminary and final financial settlement statements for the Market Participants, Market Surveillance and reports.
- * Providing Settlement Quality Meter Data (SQMD) for the ISO billing system, including:
 - Auditing the ISO meter inspection process and providing engineering judgment related to proposed and existing metering systems.
 - Operating and maintaining Meter Data Acquisition Systems ("MDAS") that directly acquires metering data from ISO metered entities and receives metering data from SCs.
 - Auditing metering data collection, storage and processing systems of the SCs.
 - Maintaining the metering standards and specifications for approved meters and metering systems.
 - Coordinating and approving proposed metering system-engineering designs.
- Providing support for MDAS systems including
 - System Administration of MDAS NT domain and servers
 - Ad hoc gueries and reports for business users
 - Monitoring and maintaining data integrity

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
30%	8%	62%

1463 Operations Applications - General

Description:

The Operations Systems Services group supports Control Systems Services (1461), Field Data Acquisition Systems (1462), Settlements Systems Services (1467), and Markets and Scheduling (1481).

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1467 Settlement Systems Services

Description:

Settlement Systems Services (S3) is responsible for the development, maintenance and support of the Settlement System and applications. The Settlements system oversees the financial settlement process (billing and payment) for products and services purchased and sold by the ISO where each settlement will involve a price and a quantity. The Settlements system deals with a variety of services, schemes and contracts all of which are to be considered in finalizing the settlements. The Settlements system finally generates many different charges that will be collected/paid to/from the Business Associates. Also, the Settlement system calculates the Grid Management Charges that will be collected from all the participating Business Associates for providing the services.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO 78%
15%	7%	78%

1481 Markets and Scheduling

Description:

Markets and Scheduling (M&S) is responsible for the analysis, design, software development, and 24X7 support the of ISO's real-time Market/Scheduling and Compliance applications. This includes, but not limited to, support of the following major applications: SLIC, BITS, ADS, SI/SA, ETC, OASIS, GRRMA, OSMOSIS, ALFS, OATI/ETAG, and CAP. In addition, M&S provides similar services for Integration efforts between the EMS and Market/Scheduling systems.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1500 VP Grid Operations

1511 VP Grid Operations - General

Description:

The VP Grid Operations oversees all aspects of the ISO Operations division and is responsible for the safe and reliable operation of the power grid; assumes responsibility for ensuring that transmission standards and reliability of electric operations are maintained at high levels; oversees or influences directly the development and implementation of numerous processes, procedures and technologies necessary to enable the deployment of the ISO organization; and assumes responsibility for the development of operations and engineering capabilities necessary to promote the timely implementation of the ISO activities consistent with applicable orders of regulatory bodies including FERC orders, NAESB, NERC and WECC policies.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Department Direct Costs

1530 Operations Scheduling Group

1542 Outage Coordination

Description:

Outage Coordination performs activities related to the following:

- Approving or denying outage requests to enable necessary maintenance to preserve reliability of generation and transmission facilities while at the same time assuring real-time operating reliability.
- Long-term planning (up to 12 months) for outage coordination for both generation and transmission facilities, interfacing complex generation and transmission facility outages into the existing ISO Outage Coordination Plan.
- Recording, maintaining, and reporting data related to outages.
- Ensuring accurate path ratings and integrated outages to ensure minimum reliability standards are adhered to. The coordinators work closely with Operating Engineers to help accomplish this.
- Finalizing path ratings and allocation percentages, which are then passed on to the inter-tie scheduling group. Additionally, these allocations are passed on to Existing Contracts holders and posted on the Internet as part of the Control Area responsibilities.
- Mitigating congestion when transfer paths are derated. Although this process of mitigating congestion is similar to "scheduling" above, it differs in that by allocating the reduced percentages to the scheduling group, congestion is pre-empted by reducing schedules on a scheduled basis, which allows for better management of congestion.
- Conducting generator inspections to follow-up on forced outages, assuring appropriate attention to repairs, as well as monitoring resource withholding opportunities. These inspections continued in 2002 and are expected to continue through 2003.
- Reporting outage data and managing data. In 2001, new reports included Daily Generator Outage Reports (5), daily Website Postings (4), Forecast vs. Actual Outages, multitudes of special reports

addressing data requests from FERC, EOB, CPUC and others. This reporting requirement continued through 2002 and the number and frequency of such reports increased as expected. It is likely this reporting requirement will continue through 2003.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment	•	
CAS	CONG	ASREO
100%	0%	0%
	····	

1544 Real-Time Scheduling

Description:

Real-Time Scheduling group consists of a team of NERC and WECC certified operators working shift work in the Control Center in Folsom and Alhambra. Primary Duties/Responsibilities are as follows:

- Implements real time interchange schedules with adjacent control areas.
- Primary contact with Schedule Coordinators for all real time schedule issues
- Monitors and adjust interchange transactions as necessary on real time basis to maintain schedules within path limitations.
- Coordinates with Gen. Dispatch, GRC and CERS to obtain required imbalance energy though existing Market processes and Out of Market sources as needed.
- Performs Allocation and Implementation of real time schedule curtailments based on Unscheduled Flow or Path derates.
- Provides Control Area and Transmission Provider Approval for Electronic Tagging System in Real Time.
- Provides Services as PSE for Electronic Tagging to support CERS sales & exchanges on interties.
- Records and Logs information pertaining to Intertie scheduling.
- Provides Primary ISO responsibility for compliance with NERC Policy 3 and WECC MORC Section 3.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

Direct Assignment		
CAS 75%	CONG 15%	ASREO 10%

1564 Operations Scheduling - General

Description:

Operations Scheduling is the primary interface between the ISO and its 11 adjacent Control Areas as a part of the WECC interconnection. Metered and scheduled interchange is coordinated on a pre-schedule, Real Time, and after-the-fact basis with the neighboring Control Areas. Direct and distinct functions also are performed to enable the ISO markets, congestion, and settlements process. All of these functions require accommodations to assure that Existing Contracts are honored.

All interchange transactions must be coordinated with adjacent and external Control Areas within the limits of the ISO jurisdictional transmission system. This includes implementing and monitoring all interchange schedules into and out of the ISO Control Area regardless of whether they are scheduled on Existing Transmission Contract ("ETC") or New Firm Uses ("NFU") transmission. Interchange scheduled on behalf of all SCs must be reconciled to meet WECC and NERC criteria.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1565 Pre-Scheduling and Support

Description:

The staff of Pre-Scheduling and Support coordinates and schedules energy resources to meet system load requirements and pre-checks all schedules with adjacent utilities to ensure correct intertie totals. Primary internal contacts are with settlements and billing department, legal and regulatory, the Department of Market Analysis and client relations. Due to continuing investigations there have been a need to provide data for the legal and regulatory department. This group serves as a liaison between real-time, pre-schedule and after-the-fact staff. It supports CONG and ASREO as needed with these duties. In addition this group maintains records of ETC's and ATC's for the PTO's while publishing them on a daily basis. The ETC/ATC publication is a cumbersome process that requires minute attention to detail and increasing manual intervention.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

D:4	A !	
Direct	ASSIDE	ımenr

CAS	CONG	ASREO	
74%	15%	11%	

1540 Engineering and Maintenance Group

1543 Loads and Resources

Description:

The Loads and Resources group is responsible for the following activities:

- Preparing control area and local area load and resource adequacy assessments; writing and publication of ISO Summer and Winter Assessment Reports;
- Preparation of the FERC 714 report;
- Engineering support for environmental issues impacting control area resources;
- Developing and maintaining various ISO operating procedures;
- Participating in WECC committees and workgroups related to interconnected power system operations;
- Providing support for Existing Contract, MSS and System Units, and other Scheduling issues;
- Providing engineering support for ISO contracts issues (e.g., RMR contract, Participating Generator Agreement ("PGA"), etc.)
- Providing engineering support for ISO projects (e.g., Automated Dispatch System ("ADS"), Generator Communication Project ("GCP"), etc.)
- Supporting EMS project development.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
100%	0%	0%

1547 Engineering and Maintenance - General

Description:

The Director of Engineering and Maintenance manages the following work groups:

- Transmission Facilities
- Operations Engineering
- Northern Engineering
- Southern Engineering
- Loads and Resources

The responsibilities of this department are:

- Develop ISO Operating Procedures
- Work with Outage Coordination in analyzing clearances
- Prepare summer and winter assessments for the local areas
- Support Real Time Operation and provide on-call services
- Review transmission plans, projects, and new generation for the local areas
- Provide Engineering support for RMR and reliability generation
- Prepare disturbance reports for the local areas
- Participate in WECC working groups and related activities

Allocated bas	sed on Supervised [Departments costs

1558 Transmission Maintenance

Description:

Transmission Maintenance manages the creation, implementation, and enforcement of ISO Maintenance Standards; provides for high quality, safe, and reliable service; and manages the creation and implementation of the New Resource Interconnection Processes. Transmission Maintenance works with PTO's to manage the Transmission Register and data and the Transmission Availability reporting processes and databases; works with the PTO's to resolve engineering issues or practices that may impact the availability of the ISO controlled grid; assists with the development of generation maintenance standards as required by SB39xx; provides engineering support to other departments within the ISO on engineering issues effecting the Grid reliability, including protection systems, Transmission facility system design and ratings, etc.; and leads incident investigations on suspected maintenance or work procedure errors.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Assign	

CAS	CONG	ASREO
98%	0%	2%

1561 Operations Engineering South

Description:

Southern Area Operations Engineering is responsible for the technical support of the southern portions of area operation and Bulk system operations. Nearly all Area OE responsibilities directly support the category of CAS.

Core functions of the Area OE include the following: Conduct seasonal operating studies, establish seasonal OTCs and write procedures, support Outage Coordination in the analysis of Transmission and Generation clearances, identify and prepare for grid reliability concerns of the upcoming season (including proposing and managing short-term projects), provide ongoing active participation in and guidance to the Grid Planning process, provide on-call OE support for real-time emergencies, and represent the ISO in technical reliability groups and committees of WECC and regional reliability fora.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

Direct		

CAS	CONG	ASREO
100%	0%	0%

1562 Operations Engineering North

Description:

Northern Area Operations Engineering is responsible for the technical support of the northern portions of the ISO Grid. Nearly all Area OE responsibilities directly support the category of "CAS".

Core functions of the Area OEs include the following: Conduct seasonal operating studies and write procedures, support Outage Coordination in the analysis of Transmission and Generation clearances, identify and prepare for grid reliability concerns of the upcoming season (including proposing and managing short-term projects), provide ongoing active participation in and guidance to the Grid Planning process, provide on-call OE support for real-time emergencies, and represent the ISO in technical reliability groups and committees.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS 100%	CONG 0%	ASREO 0%	

1550 Regional Coordination Group

1546 Security Coordination

Description:

Security Coordination monitors real-time system conditions to observe and mitigate potential problems as well as react to system emergencies in the Western Interconnection, with the primary focus on the California-Mexico Sub-region of WECC (ISO, LDWP and CFE control areas). Security Coordinators have the final authority to direct operations before, during, and after problems or disturbances with a regional impact.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

CAS	CONG	ASREO
100%	0%	0%

1554 Special Projects Engineering

Description:

The primary role of Special Project Engineering is to provide Operations personnel with the best technology, tools and advanced applications that solve operating problems, improve grid reliability and facilitate the accurate and timely reporting to various regional reliability organizations and government agencies. Special Projects Engineering provides reports to FERC, NERC and WECC on Control Area Operations. It provides support to all groups within the Operations Division, to other departments within the ISO, and to Market Participants, to ensure and enhance system reliability as well as to facilitate and expand workably competitive markets.

Specific roles and responsibilities include:

- Managing Special Projects that support Operations;
- Developing Wind Generation Forecasting tools
- Creating and Maintaining of Transmission Maps and Geographic data;
- Researching and Developing Analysis and Installation of tools to improve grid reliability;
- Participating in NERC and WECC committees and task forces relating to Operations and Scheduling;
- Field-testing proposed NERC and WECC Standards;
- Developing concepts for operational control of Distributed Generation resources;
- Developing and direct R&D programs such as the three-year CERTS program; and
- Developing Board Documents for proposed changes in ISO Operations and Markets.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

ASREO 16%

Direct Assignment	
CAS	CONG
84%	0%

1566 Regional Coordination - General

Description:

Direct Accionment

Regional Coordination responsibilities include being an active interface with WECC and NERC committees, subcommittees, task forces and work groups; participating in and influencing the transition of NERC to its new organization, NAERO, as well as the formation of the new industry group, the North American Energy Standards Board; tracking the aforementioned groups' work and reporting to executive management; WECC and NERC compliance reporting; the RTO effort including seams issues and coordination with both internal and external organizations in support of CAS, CONG and ASREO.

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
83%	0%	17%

1560 OSAT Group

1548 OSAT Group - General

Description:

The Director of Operations Support and Training (OSAT) is responsible for: overseeing preparation and administration of training across all operations groups, other groups in the ISO, and Market Participants; providing support for ISO efforts to interface with and incorporate markets and deregulation from an operations perspective as they develop inside and outside the ISO; updating, creating and maintaining all ISO Operating Procedures; implementing Emergency Response programs and procedures within the ISO and in coordination with state and federal external agencies; and providing final operations approval of revised and newly developed EMS Displays as required and requested by Control Room personnel.

OSAT provides training and support to all groups within the Grid Operations Division, to other departments within the ISO (particularly ASREO) and to Market Participants to ensure and enhance system reliability as well as to facilitate and expand workably competitive markets. The primary role of OSAT is to provide support to all departments within the Grid Operations Division, including the development of training programs, real-time operations support, development of tools for operations, and coordination of internal and external activities impacting operations.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs			

Operations Training

Description:

1549

The Operations Training group is responsible for identifying, creating, developing and facilitating or administering appropriate training material for grid operations, scheduling, other ISO groups; procuring and implementing necessary hardware and software to accomplish this training; monitoring the activities of

various groups (internal and external, e.g., operations support, operations engineering, NERC & WECC personnel) to support the various operations training needs including procedures, reports, EMS needs, tools development and other support activities as needed. Specific roles and responsibilities include:

- Directing the activities of the staff responsible for development and provision of Operations Training to assure appropriate material and processes are created to accomplish training for operation, and other ISO groups;
- Managing support functions to assure training on procedures, tools and other training needs are met for all operations groups, other ISO departments, and external entities;
- Managing vendor relationships and maintaining accountability for work performed;
- Preparing and managing the training budget;
- Representing the ISO in WECC, NERC, CSIC and other fora as required.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Assignme	

CAS	CONG	ASREO
62%	24%	14%

1555 Operations Support Group

Description:

The Operations Support Group is responsible for supporting the various market and grid operations needs of the ISO Real Time operations control room floor and the ASREO and Grid Operations business units. Included in these support functions are emergency preparedness and response coordination, emergency event notification, interconnected control area, UDC, PTO and MSS agreement support, Ancillary Services and RMR certification testing, creation, tracking and maintenance of procedures for Grid, Market and Scheduling Operations, various reporting functions including WECC RMS data collection and reporting, development and maintenance of the ISO business continuity plan including business recovery contingency procedures, and other support activities as needed. Specific roles and responsibilities include:

- Managing Operations support functions to assure that procedures, tools, reporting, and other support needs are met for all operations groups, other ISO departments and external entities;
- Preparing and managing the Operations Support Cost Center budget;
- Representing the ISO in WECC, NERC and other fora as required;
- Identifying and managing changes in the Tariff, protocols, and market design that would improve market and grid operations;
- State and federal agency and intra-control area entity communications interdependency support;
- Managing and participating in projects related to the creation or enhancement of ISO operations, functions, processes, procedures or communications;
- Testing and documenting Ancillary Service and RMR certification;
- Coordinating/Collaborating with Planning and Operations Engineering & Maintenance to ensure all prerequisites are met before new generators interconnect with the ISO Grid;
- Managing the Alert, Warning and Emergency notification process;
- Reporting on WECC Reliability Management System compliance.

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

- .		
i iroct	Accidn	MANT
	Assigni	HOIR

CAS	CONG	ASREO
61%	21%	18%

1559 Operations Application Support

Description:

OSAT Operations Applications Support's primary role is to provide safe, reliable electric transmission service to all Californians within the ISO control area at the lowest reasonable cost through the development, enhancement and support of specialized custom applications and expert systems designed to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of ISO real-time operations. Specific tasks of the group include:

- Communication with other business units to insure that Operations Systems has the ability to maintain the functionality of existing processes in support of changes to interconnected systems.
- Coordination of Operations Systems and ISO business units to direct the acquisition of new systems and applications in support of end user requirements.
- Actively seek the replacement of existing systems as necessary by providing specifications for RFIs, RFQs, or bid proposals to implement changes to development, test and production environments.
- Coordinate personnel from within the Operations Applications department for the development of specifications and bids for the procurement of new systems or applications, and provide improvements or modifications to existing systems and applications.
- During project implementation, develop levels of expertise for Operations Applications support staff and assure vendor compliance to project design specifications by maintaining consistent staff involvement in all phases of project development.
- Development of standards and procedures for the testing of delivered products to assure they meet all requirements of the original specifications.
- Provision of improvements or modifications to existing systems and applications to support end user requirements through project design, product development, coordination of comprehensive testing of deliverables to assure all requirements of the original specifications have been followed.
- Coordination of project transition from factory development and testing to a production environment by providing training for end-users, developing general system information for all ISO personnel, delivery of all applicable manuals, and provide interface information on vendors for Operations Applications support personnel.
- Ensurance of Operations Applications staff adhere to ISO change management and configuration management policies and procedures in support of Grid Operations systems, applications and databases.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
79%	10%	11%

1563 Coordinated Operations

Description:

The Coordinated Operations Group is responsible for identifying issues that impact efficient and reliable Grid Operations (especially as they interface with outside entities such as CERS, and internal groups such as OE, MO, MQ, OSAT, Scheduling, Settlements, Legal & Regulatory, Compliance and Outage Coordination), and then developing enterprise wide solutions for the benefit of the ISO. The group is playing and will continue to play a key role in MD02 development and implementation by providing expert input from the perspective of Grid Operations.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS 60%	CONG 10%	ASREO 30%	

1570 Grid Operations Group

1545 Grid Operations - General

Description:

The Grid Operations group is responsible for the following:

- Overseeing and performing all Real Time Operations of the ISO Electrical Grid and Control Area, including managing all aspects of the California Control Area;
- Ensuring reliable and safe operation of the ISO Controlled Grid;
- Ensuring reliable operation includes any authority needed to maintain control of the Grid, including authority over all PTO's and Utility Distribution Companies ("UDC's") in regards to system reliability and system emergencies, the ability to order must run generating units on-line, and manual Load shedding as needed:
- Coordinating Load and system restoration after any contingency or major system disturbance in cooperation with the WECC Security Coordinator;
- Declaring, when appropriate, a Statewide System Emergency as detailed in the Dispatch Protocol, suspending market operations, and setting administrative prices for Ancillary Services needed to resolve the emergency;
- Ensuring compliance with all WECC and NERC criteria, as well as ISO protocols and procedures;
- Working with the WECC Security Coordinator to ensure compliance with all policies and operating procedures applicable to the Western Interconnection;
- Controlling applicable generation to meet inter-tie obligations, contribute to frequency control, and meet any emergency responses and WECC and NERC criteria, in order to support the transmission system and operation of the energy market in the most reliable manner;
- Maintaining documentation for generation operations;

- Procuring additional Ancillary Services as necessary;
- Managing operation of eligible Regulatory Must-Take, Must-Run, and RMR generation;
- Dispatching interruptible loads to maintain required reserve levels during system emergencies; and
- Coordinating generation resources to meet system load requirements and satisfy contractual obligations, and responding to system frequency deviations and voltage issues.

D:	A * .	
Direct	ASSIC	ınment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
80%	10%	10%

1600 VP General Counsel

1611 VP General Counsel - General

Description:

The General Counsel cost center (1611) reflects the administrative and office support for the General Counsel. The General Counsel office provides service relating to all the unbundled GMC categories.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1631 Legal and Regulatory

Description:

The Legal & Regulatory Department's responsibilities fall broadly into four functional areas: legal (including contracts and human resource support), litigation (including civil litigation, dispute resolution and investigations), regulatory, and legislative. The majority of the department's costs and resources are associated with the regulatory area, with increasing costs in the litigation area. In the regulatory area, the department directs the preparation of pleadings, Tariff amendments and other regulatory filings; develops factual records and other supporting materials; communicates and advocates the Company's policy objectives to regulatory authorities; reviews and monitors regulatory activities as they may affect the Company's objectives; responds to regulatory inquiries and investigations; and provides advice and counsel concerning Tariff and other regulatory requirements. The department pursues these activities before both state (Electricity Oversight Board, Public Utility Commission, California Energy Commission, California Power Authority) and federal (Federal Energy Regulatory Commission) regulatory authorities.

The litigation area represents the Company in civil litigation and arbitral forums; advises management on disputes and dispute resolution matters; oversees internal and external investigations of the Company and produces ISO records and materials for investigators of third parties; and serves as a contact point for members of the public, regulators and other interested parties in obtaining ISO information and records. The legislative area serves as a contact point for members of the legislature, advises policymakers at the state and federal levels concerning the Company's operations, practices and policies; provides comments and testimony on proposed legislation; responds to inquiries from lawmakers and the state and federal executive offices, and otherwise facilitates communication among Company management and state and federal policymakers. In the legal area, the department negotiates and drafts key vendor contracts and other agreements and counsels management on contract, employment, intellectual property and other general corporate matters. Additionally, the department maintains the corporate records, including the corporate bylaws and Board minutes.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation

Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1641 Market Analysis

Description:

The Department of Market Analysis (DMA) reviews and monitors the efficiency and effectiveness of the ISO markets (Ancillary Service, Congestion Management and Real-Time), generates periodic reports of market performance, investigates observed or reported rule violations and/or market anomalies (e.g. gaming behavior), and develops and/or evaluates sanctions and/or proposed market design changes.

In addition, the department conducts specialized studies and analyses and responds to information requests, serving in essence as the Company's in-house economic consultants. Specific functions of DMA include:

- 1. Monitoring the market and reporting on market performance, including:
 - a. Indices of market performance, including prices, competitive baseline costs, loads, supply availability, outages and bidding patterns
 - b. Prices in related markets (such as natural gas, emissions, surrounding areas, etc.)
 - c. Level of imports/exports
 - d. Ancillary Service Bid Sufficiency
 - e. Congestion Management Market and Firm Transmission Rights
 - f. Competitiveness of the Market
- 2. Investigating and reporting on potential gaming and market power abuses.
- 3. Identifying, reviewing and reporting deliberate or inadvertent violations of market rules or contracts that affect the efficiency of the market.
- **4.** Performing special studies of the impacts of bidding behavior on market efficiency and performance.
- Performing special studies on market efficiency and performance, both independently and at the request of ISO management, ISO Board of Governors, FERC and various outside agencies.
- **6.** Responding to numerous data requests (including subpoenas).
- 7. Reviewing ISO rules and protocols from a market performance perspective, and recommending specific changes in market rules and protocols.
- **8.** Working with other areas of the ISO to implement these changes affecting market performance.
- 9. Supporting the Market Surveillance Committee, by completing special analysis to support reporting and recommendations of the MSC to ISO management.
- Reporting to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, California Public Utility
 Commission, Electricity Oversight Board and many other governmental and regulatory
 agencies.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

CAS 23%	CONG 19%	ASREO 58%	

1642 Market Surveillance Committee

Description:

The role of the ISO Market Surveillance Committee (MSC) is to provide independent external expertise on the ISO market monitoring process as described in the Market Monitoring and Information Protocol (MMIP) and, in particular, to provide independent expert advice and recommendations to the ISO CEO and Governing Board. The MSC is comprised of a body of three or more (currently, four) independent and recognized experts whose combined professional expertise and experience shall encompass the following:

- economics, with emphasis on antitrust, competition, and market power issues in the electricity industry;
- experience in operational aspects of generation and transmission in electricity markets;
- experience in antitrust or competition law in regulated industries; and
- financial expertise relevant to energy or other commodity trading.

The MSC provides recommendations based on evaluation of market data in the form of written reports to the CEO and Governing Board. The MSC may also submit reports to FERC. These reports also may relate to the monitoring program referred to in the MMIP, the analysis of information, the evaluation criteria or any corrective or enforcement actions proposed by the ISO Department of Market Analysis (DMA) or proposed on its own initiative. Upon request of the MSC, the CEO shall publish reports and recommendations of the MSC or incorporate them, if consistent, into the ISO's own reports or recommendations.

At the recommendation of the CEO, the Governing Board may implement MSC recommendations on market rules. Tariff changes and penalties and sanctions.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS 9%	CONG 25%	ASREO 66%	
		<u> </u>	

1651 Board of Governors

Description:

This cost center captures Board of Governors expenses for Board meetings, Board member compensation and travel and expense reimbursement for Board members to attend Board meetings and to perform other duties on behalf of the ISO.

Board expenses are considered overhead, and are allocated to the three GMC service categories.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation

Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios

1660 Compliance Group

1661 Compliance - General

Description:

The responsibilities of the Compliance Department fall into three categories: Operational Compliance, Compliance Audits and Compliance Systems. Operational Compliance monitors and measures operational performance (e.g., fulfillment of capacity obligations and the delivery of specific quantities of energy within specific timeframes) consistent with contractual commitments and Tariff requirements. Efforts in the past year have continued to focus on encouraging suppliers to follow dispatch instructions and assure compliance with must-offer obligations. Compliance Audits monitors and corrects UFE and meter data timeliness and accuracy problems. These programs include trend analysis for purposes of identifying potential meter errors, site visits for purposes of testing participants' meter units, and training and assistance to Scheduling Coordinators on self-audit requirements. Compliance Systems focuses on developing innovative applications using a rules engine and the ISO's new architecture to assure extendability across the organization, modification as rule changes are required without redesigning software, and replication to automate new Compliance programs efficiently. Additionally the Compliance Department implements and calculates authorized penalties and sanctions for instances of noncompliance, and these programs will be expanded for 2003 through the ISO's Oversight and Investigation Activities Review (O&I Review). Apart from these activities, in recent months the department has assumed a substantial role in supporting state agencies' efforts related to demand programs, and in developing the ISO's Participating Intermittent Resource program. Compliance has also supported investigations by multiple external agencies, providing data, analyses, and extensive interviews.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
82%	5%	13%

1662 Compliance - Audits

Description:

See description under 1661.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation

Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
84%	5%	12%

1700 VP Market Services

1711 VP Market Services - General

Description:

The VP of Market Services sets policy, plans, directs, and coordinates through subordinate Directors the activities of the Client Relations, Settlements, Market Operations, Market Quality, and Contracts and Special Project functions of the ISO.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Department Direct Costs

1731 Contracts and Special Projects

Description:

The Contracts and Special Projects department is tasked with:

- Developing and negotiating contracts with Market Participants;
- Assisting other Departments and Sections regarding contracts, compliance, FERC matters, and other special projects.

CONTRACTS WORK RESPONSIBILITIES

Development of Agreements with New Clients and Existing Clients:

- Develop new agreements; execute pro forma agreements as needed to expand participation in the ISO, Interconnected Control Area Operating Agreements ("ICAOAs") with other Control Area operators that have not yet executed the ICAOA, and other types of pro forma agreements; and
- Assist in enhancing client understanding of ISO agreement terms and conditions.

Contract Activities Based on Regulatory Directives:

- Amend agreements as needed and file with FERC;
- Revise and maintain the standard pro forma agreements; and
- If FERC sets the agreement for hearing, negotiate the settlement of all interventions. If settlement cannot be reached, participate and provide testimony for the litigation proceedings.

Special Agreements:

- Develop and negotiate new agreements and negotiate changes needed to special agreements, such as the TCA and MSS:
- Develop, negotiate and administer any subsequent reliability agreements that may be needed with the changing market design, including ACAP;
- Assist in crafting amendments to the Reliability Must-Run ("RMR") agreement and obtain executed agreements resulting thereof;
- Develop, negotiate and administer replacement of RMR Condition 2 agreements when ACAP is in place;
- Develop Black Start, Voltage Support, and Emergency Assistance Agreements;
- Develop and negotiate Aggregated Distributed Generation Pilot Project agreements;

- Develop and negotiate Demand Response program agreements; and
- Develop and negotiate a QF PGA, if ordered by FERC.

Administration of Contracts:

- Responsible for administration of all contracts executed with Market Participants, including but not limited to contract interpretation, deadlines tracking, and records management;
- Administer RMR, including but not limited to assisting Settlements in the monthly invoicing
 process, assisting Operations with implementation issues, negotiating amendments to the RMR
 Agreement, negotiating settlement for all disputes issues, negotiate rates for existing RMR
 contracts, and develop rates for new agreements; and
- Review operating procedures and operating instructions for consistency with the ISO agreements and ISO Tariff.

Special Projects:

- Administer the ADR requirements of the ISO Tariff;
- Participate in FERC litigation regarding the municipal utilities;
- Act as project leader for the Access Charge proceeding;
- Facilitate relationship with State agencies during the California crisis, including CERS;
- Support or lead teams on Existing Contracts issues;
- Act as project leader for Governmental Entity participation, including as MSS and PTO;
- Maintain a library of all FERC orders impacting agreements and the ISO Tariff:
- Participate in FERC proceedings not initiated by Contracts, including complaints, QF issues and GMC proceedings;
- Assist as needed in the MD02 process:
- Lead the response to the PG&E Plan of Reorganization proceeding, including implementation of the new organizations;
- Participate in the Participating Load Working Group:
- Participate in the New Resource Interconnection work group;
- Participate in CPUC proceedings, as needed;
- Support the ISO's involvement in environmental justice:
- Responsible for ISO Tariff search program;
- Administer and maintain Agreement tracking system; and
- Participate in the Generator Communications Project that establishes telemetry requirements for generators.

OTHER PROJECTS / WORK REQUIREMENTS

Support of other Departments as needed, which may include the Legal and Regulatory Department, other Market Services Departments, Operations, Market Surveillance or IS.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
77%	2%	21%

1741 Client Relations

Description:

The Client Relations group is the primary business interface between the ISO and its clients (i.e., SCs, transmission owners, Participating Generators, municipalities, and adjacent control areas). To fulfill this responsibility, the Client Relations staff:

- Manages the overall business relationship between the ISO and each of its Clients at all levels;
- Facilitates the business requirements for Participating Generators;
- Resolves operational, market, settlement and Tariff issues on behalf of Clients;
- Certifies and trains Clients (Scheduling Coordinators, Participating Generators and others) for participation in the ISO markets;
- Manages the stakeholder process for market and operational changes; and
- Communicates effectively with market participants on market, operational and regulatory issues.

Because of the broad scope of Client Relations' daily interactions with Clients, staff supports business, strategic and operational activities that affect ISO services in all primary areas: CAS; CONG; and ASREO

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO	
38%	9%	53%	

1720 Settlements

1721 Billing and Settlements-General

Description:

Settlement and Billing functions are performed for all transactions in the Control Area. Information regarding these transactions is forwarded on a regular basis to the ISO. Scheduling information for Day-Ahead and Hour-Ahead is validated prior to Real Time operations to insure compliance with ISO Tariff and protocols. Subsequent to the Settlement Period, operating and billing data is compiled by the Settlements and Field Data Acquisition departments in order to produce, in accordance with the ISO's payment calendar, both a preliminary and a final settlement statement for each Market Participant.

Examples of major billing and price components necessary for determining final billing are as follows: market clearing prices, bid prices, ex-post prices, and metered information from generators, loads, and intertie points. These financial transactions involve billions of dollars each year. Preliminary Statements and Final Settlements are transmitted daily in accordance with the ISO calendar to each Market Participant. The monthly Grid Management Charges are summarized on Preliminary and last Final Statement for the trade month. Monthly Preliminary Invoices, which summarize all charges on the month's Preliminary Statements, and Monthly Final Invoices, which summarize the difference between the summed Preliminary Statements and the summed Final Statements, are sent to each Market Participant in order to collect and pay for use of ISO market and Control Area needs. These functions support all three service areas.

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated	I based on Supervised Departments costs
1722	Application Support

Description:

The Business Process Development group assures the best use of technology to facilitate the expedient, timely and accurate delivery of settlement statements and invoices to ISO's Market Participants. The group identifies potential issues with existing business processes/protocols and assists management in formulating solutions. It facilitates the definition and implementation of new settlement protocols/processes. It also serves as the primary department interface with the Information Services (IS) Division to ensure adequate system, operation support and development services are in place to support the mission of the Settlements & Billing Department.

The primary functions include:

- Work with Department staff to identify and prioritize process and technology enhancements to support ISO's Settlements and Billing operation.
- Monitor ISO market design activities, interpret Tariff changes, define detail process requirements, and determine automation and implementation strategies.
- Prepare business requirement documents for system development projects, facilitate and assist in the detail system design, monitor project progress and test new systems/software to assure compliance with business rules.
- Identify potential issues with existing business rules and assist senior management in formulating solutions and new settlement protocols.
- As the primary IS liaison, assure adequate system resources, operation support and development services are in place to support the Department's operation.
- Represent the Department in enterprise wide technology development efforts.
- Collaborate with other Market Services and ISO Departments to improve data flows for effective and efficient business operation.

Functions support all three service categories.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

Direct Assignment		
CAS	CONG	ASREO
19%	7%	74%

1723 Tariff and Contract Implementation

Description:

The RMR Settlement group, under the Manager of Tariff and Contract Implementation, performs all tasks associated with the validation of RMR invoices provided by the RMR Generator Owners. In this role, the RMR Settlement Group deals with, on almost a daily basis, the ISO dispatchers who handle the RMR units and RMR charges. The RMR Settlement group implements all needed settlement validation modifications brought about by majority decisions of the members of the RMR Contract Schedule O task force.

Additionally, the RMR Settlements group validates invoices of the Summer Reliability Generators. The Manager of Tariff and Contract Implementation supports the efforts of the RMR Settlement group in dealing with both internal and external RMR-related matters, as well as assists the Director of Settlements in the development and implementation of ISO Tariff modifications and other contract implementation issues. Because this group deals with a broad range of issues related to the ISO CAS and ASREO area, it should be considered in both of these categories.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
90%	0%	10%

1724 BBS - PSS

Description:

The Preliminary Settlements group is responsible for the accuracy and timeliness of Preliminary Settlement Statements, the correct implementation of the necessary manual work-around to the existing Settlements software, and issuing the Preliminary Invoice to Market Participants. The group coordinates with the Operations group to obtain information necessary for production of correct Settlement Statements, and investigates the Settlement impact of proposed operating conditions. The group works with Application Support group and software vendors to design, test, and enhance Settlement software.

The group is responsible for maintaining and operating a billing system for Market Participants, ensuring timely and accurate bills. The group is responsible for Settlements' specific review of the Tariff and making recommendations for changing the Tariff and protocols. The group participates in the redesign projects including MD02. Settlements also handles data requests, discovery requirements, bankruptcy litigation, Market re-runs and FERC mandates, as they relate to Settlements information. The function supports all three GMC service categories.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

_					
Ιìι	ract	Ass	เกท	me	nt

CAS	CONG	ASREO
17%	8%	75%

1725 BBS - FSS

Description:

The department is responsible for the accuracy and timeliness of Final Settlement Statements and correct implementation of necessary manual work-arounds to the existing Settlements software and issuing the Final Invoice to Market Participants. The group supports the Client Relations, Market Operations, Metering and Market Quality groups in resolving Market Participant issues and the correct implementation of approved disputed items. The group is also responsible for maintaining and operating the billing system for Market Participants, ensuring timely and accurate bills. The group coordinates with Operations to obtain information necessary for production of correct Settlement Statements and supports the various ISO and stakeholder project teams. Settlements also handles all data requests, discovery requirements, Bankruptcy litigation, Market re-runs and FERC mandates as they relate to Settlements information. Settlements also supports the ISO's Market redesign effort. The function supports all three GMC service categories.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO	
16%	7%	77%	

1750 Market Operations Group

1751 Market Operations - General

Description:

This cost center contains the Director of Market Operations, who oversees the groups listed in the 1750 rollup. The group is responsible for conducting Day-Ahead, Hour-Ahead and Real Time Markets, including:

- Managing inter- and intra-zonal congestion and making changes (via Adjustment Bids);
- Re-dispatching schedules to resolve congestion at the lowest possible cost to customers;
- Managing the Ancillary Service and imbalance energy markets, and calculating the market clearing prices for spinning, non-spinning, replacement and regulation;
- Ensuring that the SCs posting of requirements regarding congestion, losses and Ancillary Services, etc., is reliable;
- Ensuring continuous interface between the ISO and the SCs that will allow SCs to make best use of transmission resources;
- Providing technical expertise on the design of the California market related to the bidding, scheduling, and settlement systems;
- Reviewing market design and prices on a daily basis;
- Providing engineering analysis to support SCs, settlements, and daily operations;

- Providing technical analysis, input, and review of vendor supplied design documents for compliance with ISO-defined requirements;
- Ensuring thorough testing of vendor supplied applications by creating test objectives, conditions, and scripts to be used for module;
- Designing and performing integration testing;
- Documenting and managing vendor-supplied scheduling application software changes in accordance with release management procedures;
- Conducting SC training and SC certification testing;
- Performing software life cycle activities in support of in-house scheduling software requirements necessary for market reliability and accuracy as detailed in the FERC filing and ISO protocols;
- Administering all interface applications between the SI database and all other subsystems;
- Providing system administration support for test and development environments; and
- Providing an advisory role to ISO Market Surveillance group on market power issues.

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1752 Manager of Markets

Description:

Markets

Grid Resource Coordinators (GRCs) on this team are responsible for operating all ISO markets for the Day Ahead, Hour Ahead and Real-time operations. GRC's on this team author, review and maintain all documented procedures and protocols in accordance with ISO Tariff and policies. This team is the primary interface with Operations.

Functions:

- Forecast ISO control area load requirements
- Determine in coordination with Operations the hourly Ancillary Service requirements and procurement
- Facilitate Congestion Management markets
- Procure Real-Time Energy (BEEP) for ISO system needs
- Log and procure Out-of-Market energy purchases
- Log and procure Out of Sequence energy purchases
- Define and document Market Operations' procedures
- Coordinate and plan market service requirements with Operations
- Coordinate with Client Services to Communicate with Market Participants
- Provide Training to Market Participants and ISO internal employees
- Perform Automated Mitigation features

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

Direct	Assin	nment
DIICU	nooiy	HILLIGHT

CAS	CONG	ASREO
29%	30%	41%

1753 Market Engineering

Description:

The Market Engineering group is responsible for conducting Day-Ahead, Hour-Ahead and Real Time Markets, including:

- Managing inter- and intra-zonal congestion and making changes (via Adjustment Bids);
- Re-dispatching schedules to resolve congestion at the lowest possible cost to customers;
- Managing the Ancillary Service and imbalance energy markets; and calculating the market clearing prices for spinning, non-spinning, replacement and regulation;
- Ensuring that the SCs posting of requirements regarding congestion, losses and Ancillary Services, etc., is reliable;
- Ensuring continuous interface between the ISO and the SCs that will allow SCs to make best use of transmission resources;
- Providing technical expertise on the design of the California market related to the bidding, scheduling, and settlement systems;
- Reviewing market design and prices on a daily basis;
- Providing engineering analysis to support SCs, settlements, and daily operations;
- Providing technical analysis, input, and review of vendor supplied design documents for compliance with ISO-defined requirements;
- Ensuring thorough testing of vendor supplied applications by creating test objectives, conditions, and scripts to be used for module;
- Designing and performing integration testing;
- Documenting and managing vendor-supplied scheduling application software changes in accordance with release management procedures;
- Conducting SC training and SC certification testing;
- Performing software life cycle activities in support of in-house scheduling software requirements necessary for market reliability and accuracy as detailed in the FERC filing and ISO protocols;
- Administering all interface applications between the SI database and all other subsystems;
- Providing system administration support for test and development environments; and
- Providing an advisory role to ISO Market Surveillance group on market power issues.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on:

Direct Assignment	Ì
-------------------	---

-- . . .

CAS	CONG	ASREO
32%	28%	40%
32 /0	2070	4070

1755 Business Solutions

Description:

The Market Development and Support group has the overall responsibility of the SI application and all other Market Application (i.e. RMR scheduling, Operator Interface, Existing Transmission Contract application, and Interchange Transaction Scheduling) and Database development, support and security, for support of Day-Ahead, Hour-Ahead and the Real Time Energy Markets. This group also is responsible for overseeing and administering all interface applications between the SI operational databases and all other subsystems (e.g., EMS, SA, BBS, BITS, etc.). Provides system administration support for test and development environments. This position ensures facilitation of Markets through reliable Market applications and databases. All applications and interfaces must be designed and operated to increase the transparency and the efficiency of the Markets. Working with SCs is critical to the success of the ISO in providing needed interfaces to facilitate Markets.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

D: 1		
I liroot	Accidemoni	
DIICUL	Assignment	

CAS	CONG	ASREO
35%	10%	54%
3376	10 /6	J 4 /0

1757 Market Integration

Description:

Engineers on the Market Integration team engage in market engineering, information and scheduling design. They are responsible for verifying all business requirements are implemented as per the design of Business Solutions, Market Engineering, and in accordance with ISO Tariff. They provide the technical expertise for ensuring all Market Systems are integrated with legacy applications, processes and procedures. Engineers on this team also analyze the operational and financial impacts of market functionality and provide recommendations on new protocols or procedures based on the analysis.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

1 hiroct	Aceir	ınmant
DIICOL	MOOIL.	ınment

CAS	CONG	ASREO	
25%	30%	45%	

1760 Market Quality Group

1756 Market Quality - General

Description:

Market Quality provides a central team in Market Services that ensures the quality of the "bid to book" market transaction data prior to the settlements process. Market Quality achieves this by identifying, monitoring, recommending, implementing and/or executing processes, procedures, system enhancements and controls in the ISO's business process flow to ensure accurate market transaction data flows throughout the ISO business processes. The Market Quality team works together with the ISO's Operations and Market Services business personnel and systems to accomplish this task. Market Quality business processes have been implemented in the following areas:

- Technical dispute analysis and resolution
- Grid and Market Operations transactional review and correction
- Meter data and RMR transactional review and correction
- Master File Data Coordination

Specific tasks performed by the team include the following responsibilities:

- Develop and deploy Market Quality standards, procedures and controls for new and existing business processes including market, settlement, and metering.
- Continually review current market, settlement and operational process to ensure efficiencies.
 identify potential problems and design quality assurance solutions for preventative and/or corrective actions.
- Identify software inefficiencies on business systems; work with business owners to enhance software efficiency and design solutions for monitoring and quality control.
- Identify policy issues, conduct impact assessment and work with Client Relations, ISO business system owners and policy office to resolve such issues.
- Review new ISO Tariff and contract language to ensure intent of agreements is being met by software, manual process and floor procedures; ensure controls and processes are in place to avoid relevant client disputes.
- Monitor disputes, resolve discrepancies and determine, develop and deploy necessary changes to business processes, procedures and controls to resolve issues.
- Participate in Market and Settlement design teams to develop new market functionality that
 ensures the quality of market and settlement information and transactions throughout the
 business process.
- Calculate billable quantities and business transactions when necessary to ensure valid results and quality settlements data.
- Participate in Market and Settlement implementation, testing and Market Simulation of new Market functionality from business quality perspective as well as a customer perspective. Test potential problem scenarios to identify short and long term solutions.
- Ensure that Grid and Market Operations transactional processes and procedures adhere to the Market Quality standards, controls and procedures. Identify areas where additional training is required.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

Direct Assignment

CAS	CONG	ASREO
37%	33%	30%

1800 VP Corporate and Strategic Development

1811 VP Corporate and Strategic Development - General

Description:

This cost center contains the costs of the VP for Corporate and Strategic Development. The VP of Corporate and Strategic Development oversees the Human Resources Department, the Communications Department, and the Policy Office (the Policy Office is comprised of Strategic Development, Regulatory Policy and the Project Office), and is the liaison to the Board of Governors.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Supervised Departments costs

1821 Communications

Description:

The Communications group is responsible for the Corporate Communications functions of the ISO, including internal and external communications and media relations. The functions of this group include:

- Serving as Public Information Coordinators during all electrical emergencies; holding news conferences and coordinating print, radio and TV news coverage from ISO control room, playing an important role in maintaining reliability of the Grid by promoting conservation.
- Developing and distributing news releases, advisories and media kits, and serving as media spokespersons for the ISO.
- Ensuring consistent internal communications;
- Planning and executing corporate special events;
- Developing and Publishing the Corporate Annual Report
- Maintaining ISO Speakers Bureau and Speech Bank;
- Reviewing and analyzing expenditures, operations, and workflow of the unit to maximize operational efficiency of the organization;
- Coordinating development of business plans, processes, and procedures to manage internal and external communications.

This group is an overhead group.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1841 Human Resources

Description:

The Human Resources Department is responsible for health and welfare benefits design and administration, compensation design and administration, payroll, employee relations, training, recruitment and employee retention, oversight of the staff augmentation function through external contractors, and employee records management. Human Resources is an overhead department; Human Resources activities, tasks, and projects serve employees throughout the organization.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios

1830 Policy Office

1831 Strategic Development

Description:

Strategic Development is a collaborative component to the Policy Office, responsible primarily for Market Design initiatives and policies. See Regulatory Policy (Cost Center 1861) for further definition.

This group is an overhead group.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

1851 Project Office

Description:

The Project Office is responsible for development, delivery and monitoring of the Project processes at ISO. Additionally, this group facilitates the development and monitoring of corporate goals, and provides corporate reporting for projects and the corporate goals. This group is also responsible for development, maintenance, and implementation of corporate policies not owned by HR, Operations and/or Legal and Regulatory.

The Project Office is an overhead group.

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs		
1861	Regulatory Policy	

Description:

The Strategic Development, Regulatory Policy and Project Office collectively form the Policy Office (PO). Regulatory Policy is the focal point for articulating the long-term strategy of the ISO and leading the development of ISO policy positions that are consistent with the business and regulatory strategy. Regulatory Policy should provide considered, steady policy guidance for daily operations as well as a foundation for responding to unexpected events and developments. In addition to leading the development of policy positions, the office will be active in ensuring that these positions are consistently communicated internally and externally in all forums (across ISO departments, Board of Governors, regulatory and legislative environs, and engineering venues such as the WECC and stakeholder forums).

The Policy Office will often direct policy development work, but other departments must do much of the work itself. This office is not a self-contained work unit - policy must be developed from a broad array of perspectives from within and outside of the company. "Directing work" means framing the policy questions and identifying the information/analyses necessary to properly answer the questions, managing the work process necessary to develop information, final integration of input, and written articulation of the policy. The Policy Office should facilitate cross-departmental collaboration and initiate interaction with other agencies.

Departmental Mission Statement: To articulate Strategic Objectives and ensure interdepartmental cooperation in the development and implementation of corporate and regulatory policies and plans in a way that guides performance of the ISO's Core Functions.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Direct Operating Costs

2100 Other Group

2111 Other

Description:

This department exists for budgeting purposes only, and contains the funds related to changes in staff costs for the upcoming year.

Cost Allocation Methodology and Percentages:

The costs of this department are allocated to the ISO's three unbundled service categories based on the approach noted here. The results of the allocation process are shown in full on the ISO's Cost Allocation Matrix. Results are shown here only for departments which directly assign their costs to the three categories.

Allocated based on Labor Dollar Ratios

V. OPERATING RESERVE CALCULATION

The 2003 revenue requirement includes a provision related to the Operating & Capital Reserves Account ("Operating Reserve"). This is consistent with the calculation of the ISO revenue requirement in previous years. See Appendix B for the Reserve Calculation for 2003.

From the inception of the ISO's operations, funds collected above and beyond those needed to cover budgeted operating expenses have been used to fund the Operating Reserve. These funds are collected every year at the rate of 25% of budgeted debt service (consisting of principal and interest payments.) The operating reserve is targeted to build to a level equal to 15% of overall budgeted operating expenses (excluding debt service).

The Operating Reserve is calculated separately by unbundled service category. The analysis referred to above shows the operating reserve balances for two years: 2001 and 2002. The 2001 analysis is necessary, as the December 31, 2001 reserve calculation was used in setting the 2002 GMC rates, but this calculation was done prior to the end of 2001, and actual results differed from that forecast. The revised calculation uses actual results to arrive at a beginning reserve balance as of January 1, 2002.

The analysis shows the effects of events in 2002 on the operating reserve, both from a budget and an actual/forecast perspective.

At December 31, 2002, it is anticipated that for each unbundled GMC category, the reserve balance will exceed the reserve requirement, and accordingly, a revenue credit will be available. The amount of the revenue credit available to apply toward 2003 depends on (1) actual costs incurred by each service category during the year (2) revenue under or over-collections for each service category during the year, (3) other revenues such as ISO fines, (4) use of the operating reserve to fund capital expenditures in 2002, and (5) reserve balances for each service at the beginning of the current year.

VI. CAPITAL BUDGET PROJECT ALLOCATIONS

Capital costs are grouped in the Cost Allocation Matrix according to the six categories shown below:

1. Infrastructure (Direct Assignment): Items include the EMS, Scheduling Infrastructure (SI), Balance of Business Systems (BBS), MDAS (Meter Data Acquisition System), RMR (Reliability Must Run), Market Analysis software, User groups, startup costs, and working capital. A brief description of the systems are as follows:

Scheduling Infrastructure (SI): SI provides the information management services needed by the scheduling system. It includes the hardware, software and databases that allow the ISO to collect, validate, store, transfer, archive and audit the energy and ancillary services schedules nominated or accepted by the ISO from SC's.

Scheduling Applications (SA): SA are the applications used by the ISO's scheduling personnel to assess the state of the transmission system, to evaluate the Preferred Schedules submitted by SCs and to establish committed operating schedules. These applications include congestion and transmission management software necessary to assist in congestion management and to determine the transmission price associated with the use of congested inter-zonal transmission paths.

<u>Balance of Business Systems (BBS)</u>: BBS refers to the computer and other systems to support the following business processes: 1) Settlements to calculate payments owed between the ISO and SCs for imbalances, congestion and ancillary services and other charge types; 2) Billing and Credit to support accounting, invoicing, payment and collection of these payments; and 3) General accounting systems and administrative functions associated with daily ISO operations.

Meter Data Acquisition System (MDAS) – MDAS, also called Field Data Acquisition (FDA), is used to collect metering data from all generators and others connected directly to the transmission lines, tie points and zonal interface points. This refers to the metering standards, data servers, interface equipment, databases and software that allow the ISO to collect that data.

- 2. Infrastructure (Allocated Items): This category includes items which are generally used by all ISO functions, and are allocated based on the results of the total operating cost allocation, labor dollar ratios, or specific Department results. Examples include Issue management system (Remedy), Security System (CUDA), Corporate Accounting System (Oracle), HR System, Imperitiv, etc.
- 3. Startup (Allocated Items): These infrastructure items are used by all ISO functions, and are allocated based on either the results of the operating cost allocation or total infrastructure costs.
- <u>4. Other Software and Enhancements (Direct Assignment):</u> Items included in this category are allocated based on direct assignment and include EMS/MDAS and the Participating Load program, and SA/SI/BBS.
- <u>5. 2000 and 2001 Capital Debt Service</u>: Items in this category include: SA/SI/BBS, EMS/CIM/FDA, EMS, SA/SI/BBS, facilities, furniture, office equipment, land, and building costs. They are allocated based on direct assignment, operating costs and labor dollar ratios.

<u>6. 2003 Cash Funded Capital Expenditures:</u> The cash funded capital expenditures are allocated to the three unbundled service categories based on various approaches, including direct allocation for MD02 and Operating Systems, and

Descriptions of the 2003 capital projects are included in Appendix A, including cost allocations methods and results. Values of individual capital projects have not been provided to prevent such data from being used in project bidding.

CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT FOR THE 2003-CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION GMC RATE STRUCTURE PROJECT STAKEHOLDER PROCESS RATE AND BUDGET DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

This Confidentiality Agreement, dated as of October 7_____, 2002, is entered into by and among the California Independent System Operator Corporation ("ISO") and the Stakeholders executing this agreement, listed in Appendix A, in order to facilitate Stakeholder access to Confidential Material that is age part of the ISO's 2003 Budget and Rate Development Process GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.

WHEREAS, the ISO and Stakeholders wish to allow greater the greatest possible Stakeholder access to input into the ISO's ISO Confidential Material in the 2003 Budget and Rate Development Process GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process; and

WHEREAS, the ISO has agreed as part of a settlement agreement in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Docket Numbers ER02-250-000, ER02-479-000, and ER02-527-000, to make certain documents related to the ISO's 2003 Budget and Rate Development Process available to Stakeholders;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual benefits and covenants hereinafter set forth, it is agreed:

- 1. This Confidentiality Agreement shall govern the use of all Confidential Material produced by, or on behalf of, the ISO during the <u>GMC Rate Structure</u> <u>Project Stakeholder Process 2003 Budget and Rate Development Process.</u>
- 2. This Confidentiality Agreement shall remain in effect with respect to Confidential Materials so designated under the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, until such time as the ISO shall determine and inform the Stakeholders in Appendix A in writing that the Confidential Materials in question are no longer confidential, or the ISO makes the materials available to the public in the form in which it was re-created for release as part of this GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.
- 3. The ISO may designate as Confidential Material any material that is not already available to the public or available in the form in which it is re-created for release as part of this GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.
- 4. Only Reviewing Representatives, as that term is defined in Paragraph 5 may possess, review, or otherwise use Confidential Materials, and they may do so only as provided in this Confidentiality Agreement.

- 5. Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the singular includes the plural. For purposes of this Confidentiality Agreement:
- a. The term "document" should be interpreted to include, but not be limited to, the original and all copies of any written or retrievable matter, including electronic media, or data of any kind, however produced or reproduced.
- b. The term "Confidential Material" means (1) documents or oral materials provided by the ISO and designated as such by the ISO; (2) Notes of Confidential Material, whether created by the ISO or by Stakeholders or by any other person or entity; and (3) copies of Confidential Material, by whomsoever made.
- c. The term "Notes of Confidential Materials" means memoranda, handwritten notes, or any other form of information (including electronic form) which copies, discloses or derives from materials described in Paragraph 5(b), whether made by the ISO or any other person or entity.
- d. "GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process2003 Budget and Rate Development Process" means the process indicated by the FERC ALJ in her Initial Decision in Docket No. ER01-313-000, issued 5/10/02, that begins at the ISO in the Summer of 2002 and which will ends with any a filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") by the ISO regarding thea revised GMCISO's 2003 budget and/or rates.
- e. "Executing Party" means any entity that has executed this Confidentiality Agreement.
- f. "Reviewing Representative" shall mean a person who has signed a Non-Disclosure Certificate and who is:
 - i. an attorney, employee or agent of an Executing Party;
- ii. an attorney, paralegal or other employee under the supervision or control of the attorney described in 5(f)(i); and
- iii. any person retained by an Executing Party for the purpose of advising the Executing Party with regard to the ISO's <u>GMC Rate Structure</u> <u>Project Stakeholder Process2003 Budget and Rate Development Process.</u>
- 7. The ISO shall mark all written materials intended to be covered by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement with the words "Confidential Material" or with words of similar import. The ISO shall instruct Executing Parties that information being conveyed orally and intended by the ISO to be covered by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, is Confidential Material. To the extent possible, the ISO shall mark any electronic document intended to be covered by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement with the words "Confidential Material" or similar words, or, if that is not possible or would be

exceedingly difficult, the ISO shall notify Executing Parties (for example, by covering email transmitting the electronic document) that the electronic document is Confidential Material. The ISO's failure, for whatever reason, to mark any material at the time it is produced to the Executing Parties, or to notify them that oral or electronic material is Confidential Material at the time it is provided, shall not take the material out of the coverage of this Confidentiality Agreement for all time, and the Executing Parties must treat the material as Confidential Material once the ISO has notified them that the material is to be covered by this Confidentiality Agreement.

- 8. Confidential Material shall be made available under the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement only to Executing Parties and only through their Reviewing Representatives as provided in Paragraph 11.
- Confidential Material shall be treated as confidential by each Executing Party and by their Reviewing Representative(s) in accordance with this Confidentiality Agreement. Confidential Materials shall not be used except as necessary for Stakeholder involvement in the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process2003 Budget and Rate Development Process, nor shall Confidential Material be disclosed to any person except Reviewing Representatives who are engaged in the ISO's 2003 Budget and Rate Development Process GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process and who need to know the information in order to represent the Executing Parties in that process. Confidential Material may not be used by any Executing Party other than the ISO in any administrative or judicial proceeding, including any proceeding that results from the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process 2003 Budget and Rate Development Process, nor may Confidential Material be used by any Executing Party other than the ISO in any arbitration, mediation or other alternative dispute resolution proceeding, including any alternative dispute resolution proceeding that results from the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process2003 Budget and Rate Development Process.
- 10. Reviewing Representatives may make copies of Confidential Material, and may make Notes of Confidential Material.
- 11. A Reviewing Representative shall not be permitted to inspect, participate in discussions regarding, or otherwise have access to Confidential Material pursuant to this Confidentiality Agreement unless that Reviewing Representative has first executed a Non-Disclosure Certificate. A copy of the Non-Disclosure Certificate shall be provided to counsel for the ISO before any Confidential Materials may be provided to that Reviewing Representative.
- 12. All Reviewing Representatives are responsible to comply with the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement.
- 13. Any Reviewing Representative may disclose Confidential Material to any other Reviewing Representative as long as the disclosing Reviewing

Representative and the receiving Reviewing Representative have both executed a Non-Disclosure Certificate.

- 14. The contents of Confidential Material or any other form of information that copies or discloses Protected Material shall not be disclosed to anyone other than in accordance with this Confidentiality Agreement and shall be used only in connection with the ISO's <u>GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process2003</u> Budget and Rate Development Process.
- 15. If another person or entity requests or demands, by subpoena or otherwise, any Confidential Material, Counsel for the Executing Party receiving the request or demand will immediately notify counsel for the ISO. All reasonable steps will be taken by the Executing Party receiving the request or demand to permit the assertion of all applicable rights and privileges by the ISO, and the Executing Party receiving such request or demand will cooperate with the ISO in the timely assertion of such rights and privileges, including obtaining a protective order where appropriate. Each Executing Party further agrees that if the ISO is not successful in precluding the requesting person or entity from requiring the disclosure of the Confidential Material, it will furnish only that portion of the Confidential Material which is legally required, and will exercise all reasonable efforts to obtain a ruling or reliable assurances that confidential treatment will be afforded the Confidential Material.
- 16. Each Executing Party shall be responsible for any breach of this Confidentiality Agreement by employees, agents, financial advisors, attorneys, consultants, directors or affiliates, and agrees, at its sole cost and expense, to take all commercially reasonable measures (including, without limitation, court proceedings) to prohibit its employees, agents, financial advisors, attorneys, consultants, directors or affiliates from disclosing or using the Confidential Material in any manner not authorized by this Confidentiality Agreement.
- 17. It is understood and agreed that the ISO shall be entitled to seek equitable relief, including injunction and specific performance, as a remedy for any breach or threatened breach of this Confidentiality Agreement by an Executing Party, or any of its employees, agents, financial advisors, attorneys, consultants, directors or affiliates. These remedies will not be deemed to be the exclusive remedies for a violation of the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the ISO, as the case may be, at law or equity. In the event of litigation relating to this Confidentiality Agreement, if a court of competent jurisdiction determines, in a final, nonappealable order, that an Executing Party or any of its representatives has breached this Agreement, then, in addition to any equitable relief granted, such Participant shall be liable and pay to the ISO the reasonable legal fees and disbursements incurred by the ISO in connection with such litigation, including any appeal therefrom.
- 18. This Confidentiality Agreement may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

- 19. This Confidentiality Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Each Executing Party irrevocably and unconditionally consents to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of California and the United States of America located in the State of California for any actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or relating to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, and further agrees that service of any process, summons, notice or document by U.S. registered mail to each Party's address set forth below shall be effective service of process for any action, suit or proceeding brought against a Executing Party in any such court. Each Executing Party irrevocably and unconditionally waives any objection to the laying of venue of any action, suit or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby, in the courts of the State of California or the United States of America located in the State of California, and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum or, provided that service of process has been effected as provided herein or as otherwise provided by law, that said court lacks personal jurisdiction over the Executing Party. Federal entities executing the Confidentiality Agreement are not subject to the laws of the State of California, but are subject to federal law as if transactions covered by this Confidentiality Agreement are fully performed within the State of California.
- 20. The rights and obligations of each Executing Party under this Confidentiality Agreement may not be assigned to any person or entity without the prior written consent of the ISO, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. Subject to the foregoing, this Confidentiality Agreement shall be binding on the respective successors and assigns of the Executing Parties hereto.
- 21. Each Executing Party hereto willingly and freely consents to every provision of this Confidentiality Agreement, and the individual signing on behalf of such Executing Party represents, by signing, that he or she is fully authorized to bind such Executing Party herein.

AGREED:

By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of: The California Independent System Operator Corporation Address:	On behalf of:Address:

By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	
Ву:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:Address:	On behalf of:Address:
By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:Address:	On behalf of: Address:
By:	Dyn
Title:	
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:Address:	On behalf of:Address:
By:	
Title:	Title:

Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
Ву:	
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	Ву:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:

By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:

By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	
By:	
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:
By:	
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of:	On behalf of:
Address:	Address:

NON-DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify my understanding that access to Confidential Material is provided to me pursuant to the terms and restrictions of the Confidentiality Agreement for the 2003-California Independent System Operator Corporation GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process Budget and Rate Development Process ("Confidentiality Agreement"), dated October 7December 19, 2002, by and between the California Independent System Operator Corporation ("ISO") and the Executing Parties as defined therein, and that I have read and understand the terms of that Confidentiality Agreement. I agree to be bound by the terms of that Confidentiality Agreement. I will not disclose to anyone the contents of Confidential Material, any notes or memoranda, or any other form of information that copies or discloses or is derived from Confidential Material other than in accordance with the Confidentiality Agreement. I acknowledge that a violation of my undertakings in this certificate constitutes a breach of the Confidentiality Agreement.

By (Print):	· · ·	
Title:		
Representing:		
Signature:		
Date:		

"Note: Parties should clearly note that this grouping of activities and the assignment of cost centers may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this

Last updated: 12/19/2002 Originator: Ben Arikawa

2. Interchange Pre-Scheduling	Day-ahead/Hour-ahead scheduling • ETAG (NERC-required electronic	1565 – Pre-scheduling and Support	Scheduling generators, loads and transmission
)	schedule tagging) • Existing Transmission Contracts		facilities
	Calculator (ETCC) and scheduling		
	New Firm Uses (NFU) scheduling		
	Reconciliation of schedules and interchalige		
	NERC/WECC/CAISO Tariff required reporting		
	Weekly:		
	Inadvertent Interchange report		
	 NERC reports (Inadvertent Interchange, ETAG) 		
	WECC "donut" report		
	Monthly:		
	 WECC Unscheduled Flow curtailment 		
	report		
	 Quarterly California Energy Commission 		
	1305 report		
	Annually:		
	SDG&E DOE report		
	 FERC 714 report 		
	 Report of Economic Operation 		
3. Outage	Pre-planning of and preparation for generation	1542 – Outage Coordination	Resolving energy
Coordination	and transmission outages		Indiances Managing
other than real	Generation and transmission equipment outage		L'ansmission mows
time)	tracking and data/record keeping		
	On-site generation outage monitoring (SB-39		
	compliance)		
	Untage reporting (web site updates and		
	regulatory agency reporting)		
	Supply of Ceneration and Hansimssion data for OASIS postings		
Originator: Ben Arikawa	l		
Last updated: 12/19/2002	Last updated: 12/19/2002 Institute of the continue of cost continued of cost content may be aftered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this live of the continued deliberations and developments in this	sone contains may be altered as a result of the ononing delibers	tions and develonments in this
nocess."	early note that this grouping of activities and the assignment of	COST COTIONS THEY OF ARCINE AS A FORM OF THE CHECKER.	
		Page 2	

Page 2

imbalances Managing transmission flows	going deliberations and developments in thi
1558 – 1 ransmission Maintenance 1561 – Operations Engineering, South 1562 – Operations Engineering, North 1554 – Special Projects Engineering 1549 – Operations Training Group 1555 – Operations Support Group 1559 – Operations Application Support 1563 – Coordinated Operations	cost centers may be altered as a result of the ong Page 3
 Transmission Maintenance: Develop, monitor and enforce of transmission maintenance standards Manage and oversee new generation interconnections, major capacity additions or upgrades and supporting Transmission Planning in project tracking. Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system availability, reliability, and outage records. Manage, oversee, and approve the equipment ratings. Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary special analysis of transmission system performance and ratings. Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary special analysis of transmission system performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification on daily system configurations, emergency conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating procedures. Perform operational studies and system security analyses 	Operati
4. Operations Engineering, Maintenance, and Support:	Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/19/2002 "Note: Parties should cle: process."

5 Grid Planning	Transmission Planning:	1521 – Grid Planning	Managing transmission
	Perform system transmission planning to	1543 – Loads and Resources	flows
	ensure overall reliability	1566 – Regional Coordination	
	 Perform reserve requirement studies 		
	• Perform Long-term (monthly, annual and		
	longer) load forecasting		
	 Determine long term transmission 		
	resource adequacy		
	Regional Coordination:		
	 Coordinate participation in NERC, 		
	WECC, NAESB, ESC, and OSC		
	 Monitor and participate in resolving 		
	seams issues in the Western		
	Interconnection		
	 Provide Control Area and 		
	interconnection mapping services to real		
	time operations.		
	Determine long-term generation resource		
	adequacy:		
	 Manage, develop, prepare, publish and 		
	participate in seasonal system load and		
	generation assessments.		
	Participate, guide, influence, and		
	maintain records on environmentally		
	constrained generation units.		
	Determine dual fuel generator		
	requirements		
	Determine Reliability Must-Run ("RMR")		
	contract requirements		
	Review Participating Transmission Owners		
	("PTOs") Bulk Power Program and new		
	generator or load interconnection studies		

Page 4

Operations (A/S, LMP RT & DA Energy, Mana	Manage congestion (Inter-zonal mua-zonal,	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	
Mana	LMP when implemented)	1753 – Market Application and Testing	
Transmission/Cong	Manage transmission and generation schedules. • Day and Hour-Ahead schedules	1756 – Market Quality	
	(including Participating Intermittent		
	Resources)		
•	Day-Ahead market (under MD02)		
•	Determine schedule feasibility		
Perfo	Perform weekly, daily and hourly load		
foreca	forecasting		
Opera	Operate A/S and Real-Time markets		
Deter	Determine market clearing prices (A/S and		
Energy)	3y)		
Mitig	Mitigate bids (real time and forward)		
Main	Maintenance of market information postings		
(trans	(transmission/market OASIS)		
Oper	Operate unit commitment service under SMD		
Mitig	Mitigate market power in Day-Ahead, Hour-		
Ahea	Ahead and Real Time markets		
Deve	Develop and manage demand response		
partic	participation		
Adm	Administer FTRs:		
•	Perform FTR auctions (Primary)		
•	Coordinate FTR bilateral trading		-
	(Secondary)		
•	Calculate and determine feasibility of		
	FTR capacity		

7. Marketing	Collect and analyze information on market	1641 – Market Analysis	Administering markets
monitoring and	behavior	1642 – Market Surveillance Committee	
compliance	Develop new market rules or changes to market	1661 - Compliance	
₹	rules in response to market behavior	1662 – Data Quality Group	
	Prepare and provide reports to regulatory		
	authorities		
	Perform oversight and investigations		

Page 6

process."

ementation			of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this
1722 – Application Support 1723 – Tariff and contract implementation 1724 – BBS-PSS 1725 – BBS-FSS 1462 – Field Data Acquisition 1321 - Accounting 1331 – Treasury and Financial Planning			f cost centers may be altered as a result c
Determine charges associated with: Transmission services Day-Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy) Hour-Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy) Real time balancing energy market Congestion management	Administrative charges, including the Grid Management Charge Manage settlement data Manage ETC manual settlements Administration of RMR settlements Prepare market and GMC invoices Prepare special invoices for FERC fees, interest, etc. Perform settlement statement reruns Market/settlements design and settlements training Diameter of the present of the presen	monitoring Credit and collateral management • Manage collections and payments • SC financial security analysis Determination of losses and allocation Metering and data management • Collect and validate data from ISO polled meters	 Repository of data polled from ISO polled meters and data submitted by SCs Responsible for site inspection of metering sites Responsible for setting up RIG data bases and submitting data into EMS Push data to Settlement databases Push data to Settlement databases Note: Parties should clearly applicating intermittent Resources Note: Parties should clearly applications and the assignment of cost centers may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."
8. Settlements, Billing, Credit Administration and Metering			Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/19/2002 "Note: Parties should clea

9. Account Management Services and Training	Provide ISO Tariff, Systems, Market and Settlements guidance to market participants Communicate scheduled events to market participants Communicate Market information Develop training curriculum Provide training to Market Participants (Settlements, System Infrastructure, Market Design) Facilitate stakeholder process Facilitate resolution of Market Participant issues	1741 – Client Relations	Allocated
10. ISO contract administration	Administer ISO contracts (non-vendor, e.g., RMR, PTO, MSS) Negotiate, manage, litigate contracts	1731 – Contracts and Special Projects	Allocated (Managing transmission flows)
11. Administrative and General (not directly assigned elsewhere)	CEO Finance and Accounting Legal HR Regulatory policy and affairs Information services Strategic development Communications	1111 – CEO 1651 – Board of Governors 1241 – MD02 (currently) 1300 – Finance indirects 1400 – Information Services indirects 1600 – Legal and Regulatory indirects 1700 – Market Services indirects 1800 – Corporate and Strategic Development indirects	Allocated
12. Startup costs	Recover costs associated with Startup		Allocated

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/19/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this grouping of activities and the assignment of cost centers may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process." Page 8

Preliminary Li	Preliminary List of Functions (Services) Grouping of Activities for ISO Rate Structure
	Version 12/0616/2002
Service (Function) Grouping	Activities within proposed service (function) Grouping
1. Real-Time Grid Operations	Ancillary Services management:
•	 Dispatch of energy associated with Ancillary Services, including:
	o Regulation
	o Spin
	o Non-spin
	o Replacement reserve
	o Black start
	Monitoring of system conditions and dispatching to maintain reliability:
	Load and resource balancing
	Transmission line/path congestion management
	• Voltage Econtrol
	• Frequency control
	 System emergency management
	 Power flow studies and security analyses
	Determination of resource adequacy
	Coordinating Western Interconnection reliability with all WECC Reliability Coordinators
	Integration and communication with other Control Areas:
	 Interconnected switching operations for planned and unplanned outages
	Generation and transmission equipment outage coordination (in real time)
	Interchange scheduling (in real-time)
	ETC scheduling and administration
	EMS and Telemetry management (in real time)

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/06<u>19</u>/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of andactivities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

2. Interchange Pre-Scheduling	Day-ahead/Hour-ahead scheduling
	 ETAG (NERC-required electronic schedule tagging)
	Existing Transmission Contracts Calculator (ETCC) and scheduling
	New Firm Uses (NFU) scheduling
	Reconciliation of schedules and interchange after-the-fact
	NERC/WECC/CAISO Tariff required reporting
	Weekly:
	Inadvertent Interchange report
	• NERC reports (Inadvertent Interchange, ETAG)
	WECC "donut" report
	Monthly:
	WECC Unscheduled Flow curtailment report
	Ouarterly:
	Quarterly California Energy Commission 1305 report
	Annually:
	SDG&E DOE report
	FERC 714 report
	Report of Economic Operation
3. Outage Coordination (other than	Pre-planning of and preparation for generation and transmission outages
real time)	Generation and transmission equipment outage tracking and data record neep in s
	On-site generation outage monitoring (SB-39 compliance)
	Outage reporting (web site updates and regulatory agency reporting)
	Supply of Generation and Transmission data for OASIS postings

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/06<u>19</u>/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of and activities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process." "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of and activities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

 Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreements and interfaces Manage required WECC Reliability Management System (RMS) and NERC Maintain Compliance Program data collection, tracking, storage and reporting processes

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/06<u>19</u>/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of and activities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process." "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of and activities and developments in this process."

5. Grid Planning	Transmission Planning:
)	 Perform system transmission planning to ensure overall reliability
	Perform reserve requirement studies
	 Perform Long-term (monthly, annual and longer) load forecasting
	Determine long term <i>transmission</i> resource adequacy
	Regional Coordination:
	 Coordinate participation in NERC, WECC, NAESB, ESC, and OSC
	Monitor and participate in resolving seams issues in the Western Interconnection
	 Provide Control Area and interconnection mapping services to real time operations.
	Determine long-term generation resource adequacy:
	 Manage, develop, prepare, publish and participate in seasonal system load and
	generation assessments.
	 Participate, guide, influence, and maintain records on environmentally constrained
	generation units.
	Determine dual fuel generator requirements
	Determine Reliability Must-Run ("RMR") contract requirements
	Review Participating Transmission Owners ("PTOs") Bulk Power Program and new generator
	or load interconnection studies

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/061<u>9</u>/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of and activities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

6 Market Operations (A/S RT &	Manage congestion (inter-zonal intra-zonal, LMP when implemented)
DA Energy,	Manage transmission and generation schedules:
Transmission/Congestion)	 Day and HourAhead schedules (including Participating Intermittent Resources)
	Day-Ahead market (under MD02)
	Determine schedule feasibility
	Perform weekly, daily and hourly load forecasting
	Operate A/S and Real-Time markets
	Determine market clearing prices (A/S and Energy)
	Mitigate bBids mitigation (real time and forward)
	Maintenance of market information postings (transmission/market OASIS)
	Operate uUnit commitment service under SMD
	Mitigate market power in Day-Ahead, and Hour.—Ahead and Real Time markets
	Development and management of demand response participation
	Administer FTRs:
	Perform FTR auctions (Primary)
	Coordinate FTR bilateral trading (Secondary)
	Calculate and determine feasibility of FTR capacity
7. Marketing monitoring and	Collect and analyze information on market behavior
compliance	Develop new market rules or changes to market rules in response to market behavior
1	Prepare and provide reports to regulatory authorities
	Perform oversight and investigations

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/06<u>19</u>/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of and activities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

8. Settlements, Billing, Credit	Determine charges associated with:
Administration and Metering	Transmission services
	Day-Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy)
	HourAhead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy)
	Real time balancing energy market
	Congestion management
	Administrative Grid Management Ccharges, including the Grid Management Charge
	Manage settlement data
	Manage ETC manual settlements administration
	Administration of RMR settlements
	Prepare market and GMC invoices
	Prepare special invoices for FERC fees, interest, etc.
	Perform settlement statement reruns
	Assist with Mmarket/settlements design and settlements training
	Dispute resolution, GFN, arbitration and monitoring
	Credit and collateral management
	Manage collections and payments
	SC financial security analysis
	Determination of losses and allocation
	Metering and data management
	Collect and validate data from ISO polled meters
	Repository of data polled from ISO polled meters and data submitted by SCs
	Responsible for site inspection of metering sites
	Responsible for setting up RIG data bases and submitting data into EMS
	Push data to Settlement databases
	Manage Participating Intermittent Resources settlements

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/06<u>19</u>/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this listing of servicesgrouping of andactivities may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

9. Account Management Services	Provide ISO Tariff, Systems, Market and Settlements guidance to eustomersmarket
and Training	participants
	Communicate scheduled events to eustomersmarket participants
	Communicate Market information to-eustomers
	Develop training curriculum
	Provide training to Market Participants (Settlements, System Infrastructure, Market Design)
	Facilitate stakeholder process
	Facilitate resolution of Market Participant issues
10. ISO contract administration	Administer ISO contracts (non-vendor, e.g., RMR, PTO, MSS)
-	Negotiate, manage, litigate contracts
11. Administrative and General (not	CEO
directly assigned elsewhere)	Finance and Accounting
	Legal
	HR
	Regulatory policy and affairs
	Information services
	Strategic development
	Communications
12 Startin costs	Recover costs associated with Startup
12. Startup costs	

	Preliminary Grouping of Activities for ISO Rate Structure Version 12/19/2002	
Grouping	Activities within proposed Grouping	Indicative Cost Centers (there will be some overlap among cost centers)
1. Real-Time Grid	Ancillary Services management:	1544 – Real Time Scheduling
Operations	 Dispatch of energy associated with Ancillary Services, including: 	1564 – Operations Scheduling
	o Regulation	1546 – Security Coolumation
	o Spin	1545 – Orid Operations
	o Non-spin	1366 – Regional Coordination
	o Replacement reserve	1461 – Control Systems
	o Black start	
	Monitoring of system conditions and dispatching to maintain reliability:	
	 Load and resource balancing 	
	 Transmission line/path congestion management 	
	 Voltage control 	
	Frequency control	
	 System emergency management 	
	 Power flow studies and security analyses 	
	Determination of resource adequacy	
	Coordinating Western Interconnection reliability with all WECC Reliability Coordinators	
	Integration and communication with other Control Areas:	
	 Interconnected switching operations for planned and unplanned outages 	
	 Generation and transmission equipment outage coordination 	
	Interchange scheduling	
	ETC scheduling and administration	
	EMS and Telemetry management	

Page 1

7 Interchange Dre	Davz-ahead/Hour-ahead scheduling	1565 – Pre-scheduling and
Scheduling	• FTAG (NFRC-required electronic schedule tagging)	Support
0	Existing Transmission Contracts Calculator (ETCC) and scheduling	
	New Firm Uses (NFU) scheduling	
	Reconciliation of schedules and interchange after-the-fact	
	NERC/WECC/CAISO Tariff required reporting	
	Weekly:	
	Inadvertent Interchange report	
	 NERC reports (Inadvertent Interchange, ETAG) 	
	WECC "donut" report	
	Monthly:	
	WECC Unscheduled Flow curtailment report	
	Quarterly:	
	 Quarterly California Energy Commission 1305 report 	
	Annually:	
	SDG&E DOE report	
	• FERC 714 report	
	Report of Economic Operation	
3. Outage	Pre-planning of and preparation for generation and transmission outages	1542 – Outage Coordination
Coordination (other	Generation and transmission equipment outage tracking and data/record keeping	
than real time)	On-site generation outage monitoring (SB-39 compliance)	
	Outage reporting (web site updates and regulatory agency reporting)	
	Supply of Generation and Transmission data for OASIS postings	

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/19/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this grouping of activities and the assignment of cost centers may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process." Page 2

Maintenance 1561 – Operations Engineering, South 1562 – Operations Engineering,	Inorth 1554 – Special Projects Engineering 1549 – Operations Training Group 1555 – Operations Support Group 1559 – Operations Amplication	Support 1563 – Coordinated Operations		
 Transmission Maintenance: Develop, monitor and enforce of transmission maintenance standards Manage and oversee new generation interconnections, major capacity additions or upgrades and supporting Transmission Planning in project tracking. Manage, analyze, prepare reports on system availability, reliability, and outage 	 records. Manage, audit, investigate, approving Transmission Maintenance Practices. Manage, oversee, and approve the equipment ratings. Operations Engineering: Perform seasonal, annual, and, as necessary special analysis of transmission system performance and ratings. Review, approve and provide specification on daily system configurations, 	 emergency conditions, clearances and operational conditions. Develop, prepare and update operating procedures. Perform operational studies and system security analyses Operations Support: Manage the development, preparation and revision of all ISO Operating Procedures: Transmission grid 	 Market Operations Generation Emergency Perform generating unit ancillary service certification and P-MAX testing Manage UDC and Inter-Control Area Operating agreements Manage dynamic energy scheduling agreements and interfaces Manage required WECC Reliability Management System (RMS) and NERC Maintain Compliance Program data collection, tracking, storage and reporting processes 	
4. Operations Engineering, Maintenance, and Support:				

5. Grid Planning	Transmission Planning:	1521 – Grid Planning
	• Derform system transmission nlanning to ensure overall reliability	1543 – Loads and Resources
	TOTOTHE STATEMENT L'AMBRITANTE D'AMBRITANT	1566 Daniens Condination
	Perform reserve requirement studies	1366 – Regional Coordination
	Perform Long-term (monthly, annual and longer) load forecasting	
	Determine long term <i>transmission</i> resource adequacy	
	Regional Coordination:	
	Coordinate participation in NERC, WECC, NAESB, ESC, and OSC	
	Monitor and participate in resolving seams issues in the Western Interconnection	
	 Provide Control Area and interconnection mapping services to real time operations. 	
	Determine long-term generation resource adequacy:	
	• Manage, develop, prepare, publish and participate in seasonal system load and	
	generation assessments.	
	Participate, guide, influence, and maintain records on environmentally constrained	
	generation units.	
	Determine dual fuel generator requirements	
	Determine Reliability Must-Run ("RMR") contract requirements	
	Review Participating Transmission Owners ("PTOs") Bulk Power Program and new	
	generator or load interconnection studies	

6. Market	Manage congestion (inter-zonal intra-zonal, LMP when implemented) Manage transmission and generation schedules:	1753 – Market Application and
Operations (A.S.) RT & DA Energy,	Day and Hour-Ahead schedules (including Participating Intermittent Resources)	Testing 1757 – Market Integration
Transmission/Cong	 Day-Ahead market (under MD02) 	1756 – Market Ouality
estion)	 Determine schedule feasibility 	Company Company
	Perform weekly, daily and hourly load forecasting	
	Operate A/S and Keal-11me markets Determine market clearing prices (A/S and Energy)	
	Mitigate bids (real time and forward)	
	Maintenance of market information postings (transmission/market OASIS)	
	Operate unit commitment service under SMD	
	Mitigate market power in Day-Ahead, Hour-Ahead and Real Time markets	
	Develop and manage demand response participation	
	Administer FTRs:	
	Perform FTR auctions (Primary)	
	Coordinate FTR bilateral trading (Secondary)	
	Calculate and determine feasibility of FTR capacity	
7 Marketing	Collect and analyze information on market behavior	1641 – Market Analysis
7. Indiano	Develop new market rules or changes to market rules in response to market behavior	1642 – Market Surveillance
compliance	Prenare and provide reports to regulatory authorities	Committee
• Orman June	Perform oversight and investigations	1661 - Compliance
		1662 – Data Quality Group

Page 5

1722 – Application Support 1723 – Tariff and contract implementation	1724 – BBS-PSS 1725 – BBS-FSS 1462 – Field Data Acquisition	1321 - Accounting 1331 – Treasury and Financial	Planning																
Determine charges associated with: Transmission services Transmission services	 Day-Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy) Hour-Ahead schedules and markets (A/S and Energy) Real time balancing energy market 	Congestion managementAdministrative charges, including the Grid Management Charge	Manage settlement data Manage ETC manual settlements	Administration of RMR settlements Prepare market and GMC invoices	Prepare special invoices for FERC fees, interest, etc.	Perform settlement statement reruns	Market/settlements design and settlements training Dispute resolution, GFN, arbitration and monitoring	Credit and collateral management	 Manage collections and payments 	SC financial security analysis	Determination of losses and allocation	Metering and data management	 Collect and validate data from ISO polled meters 	 Repository of data polled from ISO polled meters and data submitted by SCs 	 Responsible for site inspection of metering sites 	 Responsible for setting up RIG data bases and submitting data into EMS 	 Push data to Settlement databases 	Manage Participating Intermittent Resources settlements	
8. Settlements, Billing, Credit	Administration and Metering																		

9. Account	Provide ISO Tariff, Systems, Market and Settlements guidance to market participants	1741 – Client Relations
Management	Communicate scheduled events to market participants	
Services and	Communicate Market information	
Training	Develop training curriculum	
	Provide training to Market Participants (Settlements, System Infrastructure, Market Design)	
	Facilitate stakeholder process	
	Facilitate resolution of Market Participant issues	
10. ISO contract	Administer ISO contracts (non-vendor, e.g., RMR, PTO, MSS)	1731 – Contracts and Special
administration	Negotiate, manage, litigate contracts	Projects
11. Administrative	CEO	1111 – CEO
and General (not	Finance and Accounting	1651 – Board of Governors
directly assigned	Legal	1241 – MD02 (currently)
elsewhere)	HR	1300 – Finance indirects
	Regulatory policy and affairs	1400 – Information Services
	Information services	indirects
	Strategic development	1600 – Legal and Regulatory
	Communications	indirects
		1700 – Market Services
		indirects
		1800 – Corporate and Strategic
		Development indirects
12. Startup costs	Recover costs associated with Startup	

Originator: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/19/2002 "Note: Parties should clearly note that this grouping of activities and the assignment of cost centers may be altered as a result of the ongoing deliberations and developments in this process."

Cost of Service Information 01-06-03.txt

MessageFrom: Ross Hemphill [rchemphill@lrca.com]

Sent: Monday, January 06, 2003 8:53 AM

To: Arikawa, Benurence 50 Laurence 50 Cc: Jan Pritchard; Laurence Kirsch

Subject: Cost of Service Information

Ben,

Please see the attached memo regarding information needs for MID.

Ross

Ross C. Hemphill, Ph.D. Christensen Associates

Tel: 608-231-2266 (Ext. 168)

Fax: 608-231-1365

Website: www.LRCA.com

From:

CRCommunications

Sent:

Wednesday, January 08, 2003 5:05 PM

То:

ISO Market Participants

Subject:

CAISO Notice: Stakeholder Meeting - 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

MARKET NOTICE

January 8, 2003

In

Re:

FERC Decision in ER01- 313- 000, Settlement in ER02- 250- 000 Stakeholder Meeting - 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

ISO Market Participants:

On January 13, 2003 the California ISO ("ISO") will hold a stakeholder meeting to discuss the 2004 Grid Management Charge ("GMC") Rate Structure Project. The meeting will be from 9:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. at the ISO's headquarters in Folsom.

Background

Following Judicial direction from the Federal Regulatory Energy Commission, the ISO, initiated the "2004 GMC Rate Structure Project" in mid-summer 2002 to review comprehensively the existing GMC structure and to develop a new GMC rate structure to be in place by January 2004. This review is open to all Stakeholders and has involved the active participation of a number of entities thus far. In past meetings, participants and the ISO have reviewed the structure of Stakeholder participation, rate structures of other ISOs, FERC Staff views on ISO rates as a formula rate, various rate methodologies and ISO activities and data requirements for development of rate proposals. The next Project meeting will be on January 13, 2003 as noted above. Additional information regarding past Project activities is accessible in the ISO web site at http://www.caiso.com/docs/2002/08/02/2002080216283419989.html.

Process Moving Forward

The ISO requests that participants in the Project provide input on various rate design elements in order to assist the ISO in developing a revised GMC structure and methodology. The ISO may also ask participants to present their own rate structure proposals.

As the Project moves towards creating draft new methodologies, the ISO emphasizes that the Project is open and encourages participation from entities that have not yet contributed.

If you would like to attend the January 13th meeting, please RSVP to Michelle Gamble (mgamble@caiso.com or (916) 351-2118) by 12 noon on Friday, January 9th.

The agenda and presentation materials will be emailed to the participants later this week.

If you would like to be placed on the distribution list for announcements and documents for the 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project, please email Michelle at the address above. Please ask to be added to the GMC WG distribution list.

Client Relations Communications.0715

CRCommunications@caiso.com <mailto:CRCommunications@caiso.com>

Proposed Agenda
2004 GMC Stakeholder Process
January 13, 2003
9:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.
California ISO
Room 101A – 1a
101 Blue Ravine Road
Folsom, CA

Conference Call-in #888-788-6681 Passcode: 921065

1.	Introductions / Announcements	9:30 - 9:45
II.	Distribute Final Project Charter	9:45 – 10:00
III.	Discussion of distribution of documents and communications and postings to GMC web page	10:00 – 10:15
IV.	Statements on desirable rate design elements by parties: MID, CPUC/EOB, CAC, CAISO, etc	10:15 – 10:45
V.	Break	10:45 11:00
VI.	Confidentiality issues/NDA	11:00 - 11:20
VII.	Discussion of data	11:20 - 12:00
VIII.	Lunch	12:00 - 12:45
IX.	Discussion of ISO list of activities	12:45 - 1:30
X.	Discussion of ETC workload	1:30 - 2:30
XI.	Summary of ISO-NE rate structure	2:30 - 2:45
XII.	Discussion of next steps	2:45 - 3:00

California ISO 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project Contact List for January 13, 2003 Meeting at PG&E Headquarters

ast Name	First	Company	Telephone	E-mail Address	Present
		EOB	(916) 322-8672	palessandri@eob.ca.gov	x
	Rod	CAC	(415) 421-4143	rsa@a-klaw.com	x
	Ben	ISO	(916) 608-5958	barikawa@caiso.com	x
		CPUC	(415) 703-2868	kwb@caiso.com	x
		Navigant Consulting	(503) 708-7852	dcohen@navigantconsulting.com	x
	Bert	SCE	(626) 302-3649	berton.hansen@sce.com	x
		ISO		dhawkins@caiso.com	x
		ISO	(916) 608-7057	khoffman@caiso.com	x
Kaplan	Katie	IEP	(916) 448-9499	kaplan@iepa.com	x
_am	Tony	EOB	(916) 322-8632	tlam@eob.ca.gov	x
_eiber	Phil	ISO	(916) 351-2168	pleiber@caiso.com	x
_engenfelder		FERC	(916) 294-0175	david.lengenfelder@ferc.gov	x
_eVine	Debi	ISO	(916) 351-2144	dlevine@caiso.com	x
McGuffin	Mike	ISO	(916) 608-5753	mmcguffin@caiso.com	×
Mi	JingChao	CDWR	(916) 653-1095	jmi@water.ca.gov	x
Morrison	Stephen	ISO	(916) 608-7143	smorrison@caiso.com	x
Peterson	Mike	ISO	(916) 608-5896	mpeterson@caiso.com	x
Ryan	Mike	WAPA	(916) 353-4434	mryan@wapa.gov	x
Shea	Karen	CPUC	(415) 703-5404	kms@cpuc.ca.gov	х
Takehara	James	NCPA	(916) 781-4293	james.takehara@ncpa.com	x
Walz	Edna	CDWR	(916) 324-1720	ewalz@doj.ca.gov	x
Withrow	David	ISO	(916) 608-7134	dwithrow@caiso.com	x
Wolfe	Lisa	EOB	(916) 322-8613	lwolfe@eob.ca.gov	x
Yakin	Dale	PG&E	(415) 973-1752	dgy4@pge.com	х
Hemphill	Ross	Christensen Associates	(608) 321-2266	rchemphill@lrca.com	phone
Kehrein	Carolyn	EMS	(707) 678-9506	cmkehrein@ems-ca.com	phone
Kirsch		Christensen Associates	(415) 663-8608	lkirsch@lrca.com	phone
Neal	Sean	MID			phone
Paradise	Theodore	 			phone
Pritchard	Jan	MID	(209) 526-7490	janp@mid.org	phone

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5)

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-____

Rate Design

Test Year 2003

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 1.0 Page 1 of 2

ISO New England Inc. FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-____ Billing Determinants for Calendar Year 2002 and Test Year 2003 Before Implementation of SMD

			Schedule 1	Sche	dule 2	Sched	ule 3
Line			Network Load	Transaction	Volumes	Peak Vo	lumes
No.	Month	Source	(kW)	Units (TUs)	(GWH)	Elect. Load (kW)	Injections (kW)
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
	` '	• •		CY 200)2		
1	Jan-02	Actual	19,158,728	2,728,506	22,742,173	22,244,566	25,241,267
2	Feb-02	Actual	19,135,642	2,554,168	20,119,933	21,828,483	26,994,289
3	Mar-02	Actual	18,167,098	2,596,543	21,319,938	21,001,201	25,637,250
4	Apr-02	Actual	18,474,392	2,521,559	20,073,570	21,949,646	25,019,096
5	May-02	Actual	18,353,776	2,723,018	20,661,432	21,159,587	24,782,062
6	Jun-02	Actual	22,841,634	2,671,791	21,583,264	25,663,966	28,021,120
7	Jul-02	Actual	24,735,678	2,922,489	25,513,501	27,671,578	28,568,490
8	Aug-02	Actual	25,063,918	2,847,078	25,703,278	28,167,405	30,417,323
9	Sep-02	Est.	20,443,396	2,470,630	20,803,532	22,266,958	25,282,845
10	Oct-02	Est.	17,440,072	2,611,401	20,636,743	19,439,630	23,802,796
11	Nov-02	Est.	18,041,447	2,548,352	20,123,284	20,342,156	23,613,269
12	Dec-02	Est.	19,689,125	2,600,192	22,027,025	21,706,857	25,243,504
13	Totals		241,544,906	31,795,727	261,307,673	273,442,033	312,623,311
14							
15				TY 200)3		
16	Jan-03	Est.	19,580,220	2,728,506	23,051,466	22,733,946	25,796,575
17	Feb-03	Est.	19,556,626	2,554,168	20,393,564	22,308,710	27,588,163
18	Mar-03	Est.	18,566,774	2,596,543	21,609,889	21,463,227	26,201,270
19	Apr-03	Est.	18,880,829	2,521,559	20,346,570	22,432,538	25,569,516
20	May-03	Est.	18,757,559	2,723,018	20,942,428	21,625,098	25,327,267
21	Jun-03	Est.	23,344,150	2,671,791	21,876,796	26,228,573	28,637,585
22	Jul-03	Est.	25,279,863	2,922,489	25,860,485	28,280,353	29,196,997
23	Aug-03	Est.	25,615,324	2,847,078	26,052,843	28,787,088	31,086,504
24	Sep-03	Est.	20,893,151	2,470,630	21,086,460	22,756,831	25,839,068
25	Oct-03	Est.	17,823,754	2,611,401	20,917,403	19,867,302	24,326,458
26	Nov-03	Est.	18,438,359	2,548,352	20,396,961	20,789,683	24,132,761
27	Dec-03	Est.	20,122,286	2,600,192	22,326,592	22,184,408	25,798,861
28	Total		246,858,894	31,795,727	264,861,457	279,457,758	319,501,024
(1)	2002 amounts es	calated as	s follows:				
,	Escalation Fact		1.0220	1.0000	1.0136	1.0220	1.0220

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 1.0 Page 2 of 2

ISO New England Inc. FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____ Billing Determinants for Calendar Year 2002 and Test Year 2003 After Implementation of SMD

			Schedule 1	Sched	ule 2	Schedu	
1:			Network Load	Transaction	Volumes	Peak Vo	
Line	Month	Source	(kW)	Units (TUs)	(GWH)	Elect. Load (kW)	Injections (kW)
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
	(a)	(5)	(0)	CY 2002	2		
1	Jan-02	Actual	19,158,728	2,728,506	22,742,172	22,244,566	24,947,824
2	Feb-02	Actual	19,135,642	2,554,168	20,118,950	21,828,483	26,920,925
3	Mar-02	Actual	18,167,098	2,596,543	21,317,858	21,001,201	25,480,428
4	Apr-02	Actual	18,474,392	2,521,559	20,073,170	21,949,646	24,654,641
5	May-02	Actual	18,353,776	2,723,018	20,661,433	21,159,587	24,682,059
6	Jun-02	Actual	22,841,634	2,671,791	21,582,028	25,663,966	27,615,136
7	Jul-02 Jul-02	Actual	24,735,678	2,922,489	25,513,474	27,671,578	28,488,384
8	Aug-02	Actual	25,063,918	2,847,078	25,702,150	28,167,405	30,351,719
-		Est.	20,443,396	2,470,630	20,803,531	22,266,958	25,261,151
9 10	Sep-02 Oct-02	Est.	17.440,072	2,611,401	20,626,381	19,439,630	23,798,875
	Nov-02	Est.	18,041,447	2,548,352	20,123,284	20,342,156	23,613,505
11	Dec-02	Est.	19,689,125	2,600,192	22,023,484	21,706,857	25,160,824
12	Totals	LSt.	241,544,906	31,795,727	261,287,916	273,442,033	310,975,471
13	Totals		241,044,000	• // /-			
14 15				TY 200			
	Jan-03	Est.	19,580,220	2,728,506	23,051,466	22,733,946	25,496,677
16	Feb-03	Est.	19,556,626	2,554,168	20,392,568	22,308,710	27,513,185
17	Mar-03	Est.	18.566,774	2,596,543	21,607,781	21,463,227	26,040,997
18		Est.	18,880,829	2,521,559	20,346,165	22,432,538	25,197,043
19	Apr-03	Est.	18,757,559	2,723,018	20,942,428	21,625,098	25,225,064
20	May-03 Jun-03	Est.	23,344,150	2,671,791	21,875,543	26,228,573	28,222,669
21		Est.	25,279,863	2,922,489	25,860,458	28,280,353	29,115,129
22		Est.	25,615,324	2,847,078	26,051,699	28,787,088	31,019,457
23		Est.	20,893,151	2,470,630	21,086,459	22,756,831	25,816,896
24		Est.	17,823,754	2,611,401	20,906,900	19,867,302	24,322,450
25		Est.	18,438,359	2,548,352	20,396,960	20,789,683	24,133,002
26		⊑si. Est.	20,122,286	2,600,192	22,323,003	22,184,408	
27		⊑ 8ι,	246,858,894	31,795,727	264,841,432	279,457,758	317,816,931
28				0.,,00,,			
(1)			as tollows: 1,0220	1.0000	1.0136	1.0220	1.0220
	Escalation Fa	actors	1.0220	1.0000	,,,,,,,		

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 2.0 Page 1 of 4

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC. FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____ Annual Revenue Comparison at Present and Proposed Rates - Without SMD Amortization Test Year 2003

							Annual Reve	nue Analysis]		
	_			At	2002 Approv	red R	ates	At	2003 Propos	ed R	ates	l		
Line	Tariff	2003 Bill			roved		Calculated		erage		Total		Change	
No.	Schedule	Blocks	Total		ates		Revenue		ates		Revenue		\$	%
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	l	(j)	(k)
							(c) x (d)				(c) x (g)		(i) - (f)	(j) / (f)
1	Schedule 1			l .		_						١.		
2	Network	Total	246,858,894	\$ 0.05019	/kW-mo.	_\$_	12,389,848	\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.	\$	14,794,241	\$	2,404,393	19.41%
3	Point-To-Point													
4	<u>Firm</u>			 										
5	Monthly			\$ 0.05019	/kW-mo.			\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.					
6	Weekly			\$ 0.01158	/kW-week			\$ 0.01383	/kW-week					
7	Daily			\$ 0.00232	/kW-day			\$ 0.00277	/kW-day					
8	Non-Firm													1
9	Monthly			\$ 0.05019	/kW-mo.			\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.					
10	Weekly		**	\$ 0.01158	/kW-week			\$ 0.01383	/kW-week					
11	Daily			\$ 0.00165	/kW-day			\$ 0.00198	/kW-day					1
12	Hourly			\$ 0.00007	/kW-hour			\$ 0.00008	/kW-hour					
13														
14														ł
15	Schedule 2											ł		
16	TUs	E:			GUI.	•	4 000 740	4 0 05000	mut		0.070.007	l		
17	Block 1	First 12,5			/TU-hour /TU-hour	\$ \$	1,980,740	\$ 0.25330	/TU-hour	\$	2,670,007	1		
18	Block 2	Next 27,0				-	1,473,359	\$ 0.23027	/TU-hour	\$	1,986,150			ŀ
19	Block 3	Over 39,5		\$ 0.15374	/TU-hour	\$	1,941,677	\$ 0.20725	/TU-hour	\$_	2,617,428	ļ		
20		Total	31,795,727			Ф	5,395,776			\$	7,273,585			ĺ
21				1								1		
22	Volumes	E:			4 -3.645		0.745.070	A 0 40000	f 1 A ff .		44 770 000	1		
23	Block 1	First 250,0			/mWh	\$	9,745,873	\$ 0.16862	/mWh	\$	14,770,633	i		
24	Block 2	Next 1,250,0			/mWh	\$	13,130,510	\$ 0.15329	/mWh	3	19,899,420	į		
25	Block 3	Over 1,500,0		\$ 0.09103	/mWh	\$	4,319,712	\$ 0.13796	/mWh	\$	6,546,927			
26		Total	264,861,457			Ф	27,196,095			Ф	41,216,980	i		
27		T-1-1		1			20 504 074			-	40 400 505		45 000 004	40 700/
28		Total				<u>\$</u>	32,591,871			_	48,490,565	\$	15,898,694	48.78%
29				80/20				<u>100/0</u>						l
30	Schedule 3			1								1		ļ
31	NCP Electrical Load		279,457,758		/kW-mo.	\$	12,922,127	\$ 0.08367	/kW-mo.	\$	23,381,513	1		İ
32	NCP Injections	L	319.501,024	\$ 0.00991	/kW-mo.	\$	3,166,255	\$ -	/kW-mo.	\$				
33		Total	598,958,782	ŀ		\$	16,088,382			\$	23,381,513	\$	7,293,131	45.33%
34												1		
35	Totals					\$	61,070,101	L			86,666,319	\$	25,596,218	41.91%

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 2.0 Page 2 of 4

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____ Rate Design Summary - Without SMD Amortiztion Test Year 2003

			003 Target Revenue	2003 F	Billing Units B	sefore SMD	Propose		-	alculated
Line	Tariff		SMD Amort.	Blo		Total	W/O SMD A	mortization	F	Revenue
No.		VVIO	(b)	(0		(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)
	(a)		(6)	,	-,	• •				
1	Schedule 1	\$	14,794,241							44704044
2	Network	•		Total		246,858,894	\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.	<u> </u>	14,794,241
3	Point-To-Point									
4	Firm									
5	Monthly						\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.		
6	Weekly						\$ 0.01383	/kW-week		
7	Daily						\$ 0.00277	/kW-day		
8	Non- <u>Firm</u>									
9	Monthly						\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.		
10	Weekly						\$ 0.01383	/kW-week		
11	Daily						\$0.00198	/kW-day		
12	Hourly						\$0.00008	/kW-hour		
13	louny									
14										
15	Schedule 2	\$	48,490,565							
16	TUs	\$	7,273,585						•	0.670.007
17	Block 1			First	12,500	10,540,897	\$0.25330	/TU-hour	\$	2,670,007
18	Block 2			Next	27,000	8,625,214	\$0.23027	/TU-hour	\$	1,986,150
19	Block 3			Over	39,500	12,629,616	\$0.20725	/TU-hour	\$	2,617,428
20	DIOOK 3			Total		31,795,727			\$	7,273,585
21										
22	Volumes	\$	41,216,980	85.0%					_	44 770 633
23	Block 1			First	250,000	87,595,480		/mWh	\$	14,770,633
24	Block 2			Next	1,250,000	129,812,256		/mWh	\$	19,899,420
25	Block 3			Over	1,500,000	47,453,721		/mWh	\$	6,546,927 41,216,980
26 26	DIOCK			Total		264,861,457			Ф	41,210,900
27									-	48,490,565
28				Total					\$	40,490,505
29										
30		\$	23,381,51	3		100/0 NCP EL	/NCP Inject	ion Split	•	00 204 542
30			23,381,51			279,457,758			\$	23,381,513
31		\$		0.0%		319,501,024		/kW-mo.	\$_	02 204 542
33	•	<u></u>		Total	•	598,958,782	2		\$	23,381,513
34										00.000.040
34 35		\$	86,666,31	9					\$_	86,666,319
35) Totals		30,000,01							

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 2.0 Page 3 of 4

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____

January - June Cost Recovery - Without SMD Amortization
Test Year 2003

			03 Target	20	003 Billing Ur	nits (1)	Propose	d Rates		liculated
Line	Tariff		levenue SMD Amort.	Bloo		Total	W/O SMD A	mortization	R	evenue
No.	Concado	VV/O	(b)	(c		(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)
	(a)		(0)	,-	,	, ,			(d) x (e)
1 2	Schedule 1 Network	\$	14,794,241	Total		118,686,158	\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.	\$	7,112,855
3	Point-To-Point									
4	Firm						\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.		
5	Monthly						\$ 0.05993	/kW-week		
6	Weekly						\$ 0.00277	/kW-day		
7	Daily						\$ 0.00211	/KVI day		
8	Non-Firm						\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.		
9	Monthly						\$ 0.01383	/kW-week		
10	Weekly						\$ 0.00198	/kW-day		
11	Daily						\$ 0.00008	/kW-hour		
12	Hourly						ψ 0.00000	,,,,,		
13										
14		_	10 100 505							
15	Schedule 2	<u>\$</u>	48,490,565							
16	TUs	\$_	7,273,585	First	12,500	5,217,766	\$ 0.25330	/TU-hour	\$	1,321,659
17	Block 1			Next	27,000	4,274,451	\$ 0,23027	/TU-hour	\$	984,289
18	Block 2			Over	39,500	6,303,368	\$ 0.20725	/TU-hour	\$	1,306,343
19	Block 3			Total	00,000	15,795,585			\$	3,612,291
20				Total						
21		<u>_</u>	41,216,980	85.0%						
22	Volumes	\$	41,210,900	First	250.000	42,055,790	\$ 0.16862	/mWh	\$	7,091,583
23	Block 1			Next	1,250,000	62,015,865		/mWh	\$	9,506,651
24	Block 2			Over	1,500,000	24,149,059	\$ 0.13796	/mWh	_\$_	3,331,712
25	Block 3			Total	.,000,000	128,220,714			\$	19,929,946
26				, otal						
27				Total						23,542,236
28										
29		\$	23,381,51	2		100/0 NCP EL/	NCP Injection	on Split		
30			23,381,51			136,792,093		/kW-mo.	\$	11,445,043
31		\$	23,301,31	0.0%		159,120,376	3 \$ -	/kW-mo.	_\$_	
32	•	Ψ		Total		295,912,469			<u>\$</u>	11,445,043
33				, 0.0.						
34		\$	86,666,31	9					\$	42,100,135
35	Totals Test year Billing Units for	- 4	any through	lune 2003 F	nefore implen	nentation of SMI	5.			
(1) ٦	Fest year Billing Units for	Janu	ary unough c	Julie 2000 L	, 5, 5, 5 m. p. 6.					

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 2.0 Page 4 of 4

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

FERC DOCKET NO. ER03
Rate Design Summary - Without SMD Amortization (July Through December 2003)

Test Year 2003

	T 28		Revenue	Billing U	nits (2)	_	Proposed			alculated
Line	Tariff Schedule		Dec 2003	Blocks	Total	W		Amortization		levenue
No.	(a)	IVICII	(b)	(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)	,	(g) d) x (o)
	(a)		(-)						,	d) x (e)
1	Schedule 1 (1)	\$	7,681,386				0.05000	11.1 M	\$	7,681,386
2	Network	•		Total	128,172,73	6 \$	0.05993	/kW-mo.	Ψ	7,001,000
	Point-To-Point									
3						_		0 1A1		
4 5	<u>Firm</u> Monthly					\$	0.05993	/kW-mo.		
6	Weekly					\$	0.01383	/kW-week		
7	Daily					\$	0.00277	/kW-day		
8	Non-Firm						0.05993	/kW-mo.		
9	Monthly		•			\$		/kW-week		
10	Weekly					\$	0.01383 0.00198	/kW-day		
11	Daily					\$ \$	0.000198	/kW-bour		
12	Hourly					ф	0.00006	/KVV-filodi		
13										
14										
15	Schedule 2 (1)	_\$_	39,041,430							
16	TUs	\$	<u>5,775,259</u>	15.0%	5,323,1	31 \$	0.39955	/TU-hour	\$	2,126,860
17	Block 1			First 12,5				/TU-hour	\$	1,580,318
18	Block 2			Next 27,0				/TU-hour	\$	2,068,082_
19	Block 3			Over 39,	16,000,1		0.02000		\$	5,775,259
20				Total	10,000,1	Τ_				
21			00 000 474	85.0%						
22	Volumes	\$	33,266,171	First 250,	000 45,539,6	90 \$	0.26351	/mWh	\$	12,000,383
23	Block 1			Next 1,250,				/mWh	\$	16,241,231
24	Block 2			Over 1,500,				/mWh	_\$_	5,024,556
25	Block 3			Total	136,640,7				\$	33,266,171
26				Tulai	,					
27				Total					\$	<u> 39,041,430</u>
28				Total						
29			40 500 260	•	100/0 NCP	EL/N0	CP Injection	Split		
30		\$	13,502,369 13,502,369		142,665,6			/kW-mo.	\$	13,502,369
31		\$	13,502,308	0.0%	160,380,		-	/kW-mo.	_\$_	
32		\$	<u>-</u>	Total	303,046,				\$	13,502,369
33) Oldi						
34			60,225,18						\$	60,225,185
35	Totals Revenue Requirement for Jar	- 3	60,225,10.	July through Decemb	er 2003 prior to S	MD.	Amount	Amount		
(1) F	Revenue Requirement for Jar	1. throug	gn June and	July Illiough Decemb	Total Rev F	Rea.	Recovered	Recovere	d	
					With SM	D .	Jan Jun.	Jul Dec		
					(Exh 6 (GC	- P-3)) (Pg 2, Col. (g))(Col. (b) abo	ove)	
					7470. 5 (5 -					
				Schedule 1	\$ 14,794	241	\$ 7,112,85	5 \$ 7,681,3	86	
			••	Schedule 2						
				TUs @ 15%	\$ 9,387	550	\$ 3,612,29			
				VMs @ 85%	\$ 53,196		\$ 19,929,94			
				Total Sch 2	\$ 62,583		\$ 23,542,23			
				Schedule 3	\$ 24,947		\$ 11,445,04			
				Total	\$ 102,325	,320	\$ 42,100,13	5 \$ 60,225,1	85	
				•						

⁽²⁾ Test year Billing Units for July through December 2003 prior to implementation of SMD.

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 3.0 Page 1 of 3

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

						Appur	I Day	enue Analysi	s .				
				+	20	002 Approved			2003 Pr	oposed Rates			
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Appre			alculated		Total		Change	
Line	Tariff		2003 Billing U	Total	Rai		F	Revenue	Re	venue (1)		\$	%
No.	Schedule		ocks	(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)		(g)		(h)	(i)
	(a)	(b)	(6)	(4)	(-/		(c) x (d)	From F	Pages 2 and 3	((g) - (f)	(h) / (f)
	Schedule 1			l					_	14,794,241	•	2,404,393	19.41%
1		Total		246,858,894	\$ 0.05019	/kW-mo.	<u>\$</u> _	12,389,848	<u> </u>	14,794,241	*	2,404,000	1011111
2	Point-To-Point									Į.			
3													Ì
4	Firm Monthly				\$ 0.05019	/kW-mo.			l l	ì			1
5	Weekly				\$ 0.01158	/kW-week			1				1
6	Daily				\$ 0.00232	/kW-day				ļ			
7	Non-Firm												ľ
8	Monthly				\$ 0.05019	/kW-mo.			ì				ì
9 10	Weekly				\$ 0.01158	/kW-week			1				}
	Daily				\$ 0.00165	/kW-day					ı		
11	Hourly				\$ 0.00007	/kW-hour			ļ				
12	Houriy				l								1
13 14									1				
	Schedule 2				1								1
15	TUs									0.000 540	1		
16	Block 1	First	12,500	10,540,897	\$ 0.18791	/TU-hour	\$	1,980,740		3,962,549 2,939,857	l		
17	Block 2	Next	27,000	8,625,214	\$ 0.17082	/TU-hour	\$	1,473,359			1		
18	Block 3	Over	39,500	12,629,616	\$ 0.15374	/TU-hour	_\$_	1,941,677		3,894,454 10,796,860	ł		
19	DIOCK 3	Total		31,795,727	7		\$	5,395,776	5 \$	10,796,660	1		
20		TOTAL							1		1		
21	Volumes									04 005 404	1		
22	Block 1	First	250,000	87,595,480	\$ 0.11126	/mWh	\$	9,745,873		21,895,124	1		
23	Block 2	Next	1,250,000	129,812,256	\$ 0.10115	./mWh	\$	13,130,510		29,488,595			
24		Over	1,500,000	47,453,721	\$ 0.09103	∉/mWh	. \$	4,319,712		9,798,486	1		
25		Total	1,000,000	264,861,457			\$	27,196,095	5 \\$	61,182,206	1		
26		Total			1		_			=1.0=0.000	۱.	39,387,194	120.85%
27		Total					\$	32,591,87	1 \$	71,979,066	\$	39,367,194	120.0070
28		, otal			80/20						1		
29]											
30		1		279,457,758	\$ 0.04624	/kW-mo.	\$	12,922,12		25,991,347	1		
31		1		319,501,024	1 * .		\$	3,166,25			4.		C4 EE9/
32		Total		598,958,782	⊐ * '		\$	16,088,38	2 \$	25,991,347	\$	9,902,965	61.55%
33		iotai		300,000,100	-						1.		n. 4 0 = 0.
34		1			1		\$	61,070,10	1 \$	112,764,653	\$	51,694,552	84.65%
38	Totals		0.0 B	and 3 the sur	- of Coloulat	od Pavenue	n Col	ımn (a).					

(1) From Exhibit (GCP-5), Schedule 3.0, Pages 2 and 3, the sum of Calculated Revenue in Column (g).

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 3.0 Page 2 of 3

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____ January - February Cost Recovery - Without SMD Amortization Test Year 2003

	Tariff		03 Target Revenue	20	003 Billing Ur	nits (1)		ed Rates		liculated
Line			SMD Amort.	Blo	cks	Total	W/O SMD A		<u>K</u>	evenue
No.	(a)	VVIO	(b)	(0		(d)	(e)	(f)		(g) d) x (e)
	(a)		(-7						(1	u) x (e)
1	Schedule 1	\$	14,794,241			39,136,846	\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.	\$	2,345,469
2	Network			Total		39,130,040	φ 0.00995	/((** (110)	<u> </u>	
3	Point-To-Point									
4	Firm						\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.		
5	Monthly						\$ 0.00333	/kW-week		
6	Weekly						\$ 0.00277	/kW-day		
7	Daily						ψ 0.002/1	,,,,,		
8	Non-Firm						\$ 0.05993	/kW-mo.		
9	Monthly						\$ 0.01383	/kW-week		
10	Weekly						\$ 0.00198	/kW-day		
11	Daily						\$0.00008	/kW-hour		
12	Hourly						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
13										
14		_	40 400 EGE							
15	Schedule 2	<u>\$</u>	48,490,565							
16	TUs	\$	7,273,585	First	12,500	1,759,385	\$ 0.25330	/TU-hour	\$	445,652
17	Block 1			Next	27,000	1,497,793	\$ 0.23027	/TU-hour	\$	344,901
18	Block 2			Over	39,500	2,025,496		/TU-hour	\$_	419,774
19	Block 3			Total		5,282,674	- '		\$	1,210,327
20				lotai		-,,				
21		-	41,216,980	T 85.0%						
22	Volumes	\$	41,210,900	First	250,000	14,650,789	\$ 0.16862	/mWh	\$	2,470,463
23	Block 1			Next	1,250,000	21,802,445	\$ 0.15329	/mWh	\$	3,342,181
24	Block 2			Over	1,500,000	6,991,796	\$ 0.13796	/mWh	_\$_	964,619
25	Block 3			Total	.,000,000	43,445,031	_		\$	6,777,264
26				, oto,						
27				Total					\$	7,987,590
28										
29		\$	23,381,513	3		100/0 NCP EL/	NCP Injecti	on Split		
30			23,381,51			45,042,656		/kW-mo.	\$	3,768,603
31		\$	20,001,01	0.0%		53,384,738	3 \$ -	/kW-mo.	\$	
32		Ψ		Total	ı	98,427,394	1		\$	3,768,603
33										
34	T-4-1-	\$	86,666,31	9					\$_	14,101,663
35	Totals Fest year Billing Units for	Jos	ion and Eehr	uary 2003	before impler	mentation of SMI	D.			
(1) 7	est year Billing Units for	Jant	any and rebi	uai y 2000	F1:					

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 3.0 Page 3 of 3

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____ Rate Design Summary - With SMD Amortization (March Through December 2003) Test Year 2003

	Tariff		3 Revenue uirement For	Billing Units	(2)		Proposed	Rates		Calculated
Line	Schedule		- Dec 2003	Blocks	Total	V	Vith SMD Ar			Revenue
No.	(a)	IVICA	(b)	(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)		(g)
	(a)		(-)	` ,						(d) x (e)
1	Schedule 1 (1)	\$	12,448,772							40 440 770
2	Network	•		Total	207,722,048	\$	0.05993	/kW-mo.	\$	12,448,772
3	Point-To-Point									
3 4	Firm									
5	Monthly					\$	0.05993	/kW-mo.		
6	Weekly					\$	0.01383	/kW-week		
7	Daily					\$	0.00277	/kW-day		
8	Non- <u>Firm</u>									
9	Monthly					\$	0.05993	/kW-mo.		
10	Weekly					\$	0.01383	/kW-week		
11	Daily					\$	0.00198	/kW-day		
12	Hourly					\$	0.00008	/kW-hour		
13	libuny									
14										
15	Schedule 2 (1)	\$	63,991,475							
16	TUs	\$	9,586,533	15.0%					•	0.540.007
17	Block 1			First 12,500	8,781,512		0.40049	/TU-hour	\$	3,516,897
18	Block 2			Next 27,000	7,127,421	\$	0.36408	/TU-hour	\$	2,594,956
19	Block 3			Over 39,500	10,604,120	_ \$	0.32767	/TU-hour	\$	3,474,680
20	ploon o			Total	26,513,053				\$	9,586,533
21			_							
22	Volumes	\$	54,404,942			_			•	40 404 660
23	Block 1			First 250,000	72,912,427		0.26641	/mWh	\$	19,424,660
24	Block 2			Next 1,250,000	107,957,533		0.24219	/mWh	\$	26,146,415
25	Block 3			Over 1,500,000	40,527,438		0.21797	/mWh	\$	8,833,867
26	2,00,10			Total	221,397,398				\$	54,404,942
27									_	CD 004 475
28				Total					\$	63,991,475
29										
30	Schedule 3 (1)	\$	22,222,743	_	100/0 NCP EL			<u>Split</u>		00 000 740
31	NCP Electrical Load	\$	22,222,743	100.0%	234,415,102	\$	0.09480	/kW-mo.	\$	22,222,743
32	NCP Injections	\$	-	0.0%	264,807,070		-	/kW-mo.	\$	
33	ito, injusticia			Total	499,222,171				_\$	22,222,743
34										
35	Totals	\$	98,662,990						\$	98,662,990
/4\ D	evenue Requirement for Ma						Amount	Amount		
(1) K	al Annual Revenue Requirer	mont V	With SMD (see	Exhibit (GCP-3)).	Total Rev Red	. 1	Recovered	Recovered	l	
101	ount Recovered in January	and Fe	hruary 2003 (see Pa 2. Column (a)).	With SMD		an Feb.	Mar Dec		
An	iount Recovered in January	and i c	bludiy 2000 (000 1 9 =1 0 = 1 (0//	(Exh 6 (GCP-3)) (P	2, Col. (g))(Col. (b) abov	/e)	
					<u>. </u>					
				Schedule 1	\$ 14,794,24	١\$	2,345,469	\$ 12,448,77	2	
				Schedule 2						
				TUs @ 15%	\$ 10,796,86	\$	1,210,327	\$ 9,586,53	i3	
				VMs @ 85%	\$ 61,182,20	3 \$	6,777,264	\$ 54,404,94	12	
				Total Sch 2	\$ 71,979,06		7,987,590	\$ 63,991,47	′5	
				Schedule 3	\$ 25,991,34		3,768,603	\$ 22,222,74	13	
				Total	\$ 112,764,65	3 \$	14,101,663	\$ 98,662,99	10_	

⁽²⁾ Test year Billing Units for March through December 2003 after implementation of SMD.

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 4.0 Page 1 of 2

ISO New England Inc.
FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-_____
Comparison of Schedule 2 Revenue From Transactional Units (TU) For 2002

				TV 0000 T	I- D 2002 II		on or working	TU Data For (C	2002 TUs	Per 2002 ISO	Tariff Filing	
					Is Per 2002 IS First	Next	Over	Source For		Total	First	Next	Over
Line		Source For		Total	12,500	27,000	39,500	CY 2001		TUs	12,500_	27,000	39,500
No.	Month	TY 2001		TUs	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	_	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(u)	(6)		eterminants - T	Us (
				2,271,525	818,109	593,145	860,271	Actual		2,728,506	896,965	770,273	1,061,268
1	Jan-02				7.95,634	572,108	833,290	Actual		2,554,168	862,420	727,520	964,228
2	Feb-02			2,201,032	837,922	638,180	979,616	Actual		2,596,543	855,855	697,240	1,043,448
3	Mar-02			2,455,718	837,479	611,000	870,787	Actual		2,521,559	841,735	663,675	1,016,149
4	Apr-02			2,319,266		636,067	936,531	Actual		2,723,018	880,445	719,772	1,122,801
5	May-02			2,426,917	854,319	635,145	1,027,634	Actual		2,671,791	880,346	695,971	1,095,474
6	Jun-02			2,528,413	865,634	646,807	1,150,767	Actual		2,922,489	920,959	803,835	1,197,695
7	Jul-02	Jul-01		2,694,111	896,537	706,081	1,227,379	Actual		2,847,078	924,346	769,751	1,152,981
8	Aug-02			2,835,871	902,411	582,509	844,745	Sep-01		2,470,630	862,729	655,898	952,003
9	Sep-02			2,234,142	806,888	587,382	952,157	Oct-01		2,611,401	861,471	716,521	1,033,409
10	Oct-02			2,360,183	820,644		846,929	Nov-01		2,548,352	861,136	696,935	990,281
11	Nov-02			2,241,457	812,348	582,180	891,995	Dec-01		2,600,192	892,490	707,823	999,879
12	Dec-02	Dec-00		2,320,540	834,386	594,159	11,422,101	Dec-01		31,795,727	10,540,897	8,625,214	12,629,616
13	Totals		2	8,889,175	10,082,311	7,384,763	11,422,101		•	71,700,721	1010 10100	-,	, ,
14										31,795,727			
15	Totals	Jan - Dec	2	8,889,175					•	31,733,721			
16							0.045074				\$ 0.18791	\$ 0.17082	\$ 0.15374
17	2002 A	proved Rates	for S	chedule 2	\$ 0.18791	\$ 0.17082	\$ 0.15374				Ψ 0.10101		
18										TU- /4\			
18 19								e of Revenue		TUs (1)	¢ 169.540	\$ 131.578	\$ 163,159
	Jan-02	TY Est	\$	387,310			\$ 132,258	Actual	From \$	463,286	\$ 168,549		
19	Jan-02 Feb-02				149,508	97,727	\$ 132,258 128,110	Actual Actual		463,286 434,573	162,057	124,275	148,240
19 20 21	Feb-02	TY Est		387,310	149,508 157,454	97,727 109,014	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606	Actual Actual Actual		463,286 434,573 440,346	162,057 160,824	124,275 119,103	148,240 160,420
19 20 21 22	Feb-02 Mar-02	TY Est		387,310 375,345	149,508 157,454 157,371	97,727 109,014 104,371	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875	Actual Actual Actual Actual		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762	162,057 160,824 158,170	124,275 119,103 113,369	148,240 160,420 156,223
19 20 21 22 23	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02	TY Est TY Est TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074	149,508 157,454	97,727 109,014 104,371	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619
19 20 21 22 23 24	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02	TY Est TY Est TY Est TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616	149,508 157,454 157,371	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02	TY Est TY Est TY Est TY Est TY Est TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02 Jul-02	TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02	TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02	TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02 Oct-02	TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882 380,998 400,928	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572 151,622	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504 100,337	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385 130,207	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate Estimate		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151 433,112	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879 161,816	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396 119,050	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876 152,246
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02 Oct-02 Nov-02	TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882 380,998 400,928 382,303	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572 151,622 154,207	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504 100,337 99,448	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate	\$	463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151 433,112 442,340	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879 161,816	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396 119,050 120,910	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876 152,246
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02 Oct-02 Nov-02 Dec-02	TY Est	\$	387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882 380,998 400,928 382,303 395,419	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572 151,622 154,207 152,648 156,789	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504 100,337 99,448 101,494	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385 130,207 137,135	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate Estimate		463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151 433,112 442,340	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879 161,816	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396 119,050 120,910	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876 152,246
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02 Oct-02 Nov-02 Dec-02 Totals	TY Est		387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882 380,998 400,928 382,303	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572 151,622 154,207 152,648 156,789	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504 100,337 99,448	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385 130,207 137,135	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate Estimate	\$	463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151 433,112 442,340 5,395,776	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879 161,816	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396 119,050 120,910	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876 152,246
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02 Oct-02 Nov-02 Dec-02 Totals	TY Est	\$	387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882 380,998 400,928 382,303 395,419 4,912,066	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572 151,622 154,207 152,648 156,789	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504 100,337 99,448 101,494	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385 130,207 137,135	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate Estimate	\$	463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151 433,112 442,340	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879 161,816	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396 119,050 120,910	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876 152,246
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Feb-02 Mar-02 Apr-02 May-02 Jun-02 Jul-02 Aug-02 Sep-02 Oct-02 Nov-02 Dec-02 Totals	TY Est	\$	387,310 375,345 417,074 395,616 413,170 429,145 455,875 478,882 380,998 400,928 382,303 395,419	149,508 157,454 157,371 160,535 162,661 168,468 169,572 151,622 154,207 152,648 156,789	97,727 109,014 104,371 108,653 108,495 110,488 120,613 99,504 100,337 99,448 101,494	\$ 132,258 128,110 150,606 133,875 143,982 157,988 176,919 188,697 129,871 146,385 130,207 137,135	Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimate Estimate Estimate	\$	463,286 434,573 440,346 427,762 461,015 452,730 494,502 482,442 420,517 443,151 433,112 442,340 5,395,776	162,057 160,824 158,170 165,444 165,426 173,057 173,694 162,115 161,879 161,816	124,275 119,103 113,369 122,951 118,886 137,311 131,489 112,040 122,396 119,050 120,910	148,240 160,420 156,223 172,619 168,418 184,134 177,259 146,361 158,876 152,246

Exhibit 6 (GCP-5) Schedule 4.0 Page 2 of 2

ISO New England Inc. FERC DOCKET NO. ER03-______ Comparison of Schedule 2 Revenue From Transactional Units (TU) For 2001

Comparison Of Monthly TU Data For CY 2001 TY 2001 TUs Per 2001 ISO Tariff CY 2001 TUs Per 2002 ISO Tariff Filing Over Source For Over Source For Next Line Total First Next Total First TUs 12,500 27,000 39,500 12.500 27,000 39,500 No. Month TY 2001 CY 2001 TUs (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) Billing Determinants - TUs (1) 386,205 805,601 587,045 860,271 Jan-01 May-99 1,685,649 617,490 681.953 Actual 2,252,917 Feb-01 Jun-99 1,745,693 645,431 413,963 686,299 Actual 2,184,198 783,100 567,808 833,290 1,829,336 668,233 423,203 737,899 Actual 2,437,076 825,380 632,080 979,616 3 Mar-01 Jul-99 2,301,275 824,963 605,525 870,787 Apr-01 Aug-99 1,905,916 713,891 437,183 754,842 Actual 2,408,317 841,819 936,531 5 May-01 Sep-99 1,859,527 724,427 416,031 719,069 Actual 629,967 Oct-99 1,984,429 766,770 441,769 2,510,337 853,058 629,645 1,027,634 775.890 Actual 6 Jun-01 1,150,767 690,479 2,674,767 883,293 640,707 Jul-01 Nov-99 1.865.469 760,742 414,249 Actual 764,704 2,816,527 889,167 699,981 8 Aug-01 Dec-99 2,049,018 806,979 477,335 Actual 1,227,379 Sep-01 Jan-00 2,216,357 833,510 564,815 818,032 Actual 2,470,630 862,729 655,898 952,003 10 Oct-01 Feb-00 2,250,877 846,621 591,468 812,788 Actual 2,611,401 861,471 716,521 1,033,409 597,678 883,392 2,548,352 861,136 696,935 990,281 Nov-01 Mar-00 2,392,895 911,826 Actual 11 2,168,655 861,132 534,871 772,652 Actual 2,600,192 892,490 707,823 999,879 Dec-01 Apr-00 12 23,953,821 9,157,050 5,698,770 9,098,001 29,815,989 10,184,207 7,769,935 11,861,847 13 Totals 14 15 Totals Jul - Dec 12,943,272 15,721,869 16 2001 Settlement Rates for Schedule 2 \$ 0.22472 \$ 0.20429 \$ 0.18386 \$ 0.22472 \$ 0.20429 \$ 0.18386 17 18 Initial Estimate of Revenue From TUs (1) 19 343,046 138,762 78,898 125,385 459,134 181,035 119,928 158,171 20 Jan-01 \$ 445,186 175,978 153,210 21 Feb-01 355,794 145,041 84,569 126,184 115,998 86,457 135,672 494,722 185,479 129,128 180,114 22 Mar-01 372,293 150,165 89,313 138,787 469,193 185,386 160,104 Apr-01 388,525 160,425 123.703 23 162,793 132,209 490.062 189,174 128,697 172,192 24 May-01 379.994 84.991 172,308 90,249 191.699 128,631 188.943 25 Jun-01 405,214 142,657 509,273 TY Est 382,534 170,954 84,627 126,953 Actual 540,966 198,494 130,891 211,582 26 Jul-01 419,459 181,344 97,515 140,600 Actual 568,481 199,814 143,000 225,668 27 Aug-01 TY Est 28 Sep-01 TY Est 453,098 187,306 115,387 150,405 Actual 502,903 193,872 133,994 175,037

149,441

162,422

142.061

Actual

Actual

Actual

529,973

517.967

529.002

3,189,293

539,405

193,590

193,514

200,560

6,056,863 \$2,288,595 \$1,587,327 \$2,180,941

146,379

142,377

144,602

190,004

182,075

183,840

Initial True-Up Estimate - Over (Under) Recovery For Jul - Dec (1) 2001 Settlement Rates became effective on July 1, 2001.

460,525

489.428

444.844

2,649,888

190,253

204,905

193,514

4,894,754 \$2,057,772 \$1,164,207 \$1,672,775

120,832

122,100

109.269

Oct-01

Nov-01

TY Est

TY Est

TY Est

Totals Jul - Dec

\$

\$

29

30

31 Dec-01

32 Totals

33 34

35

BILLING DETERMINANTS UNDER SMD FOR THE ISO TARIFF

Prepared for:

ISO NEW ENGLAND INC.

September 13, 2002

A. Introduction

ISO New England recovers its operating and maintenance costs through a self-funding tariff by which its costs of providing services are allocated to three separate Schedules. Each Schedule is billed separately using various volumetric and/or transaction units. The rate design for the ISO Tariff reflected in the Settlement Agreement approved in 2001 is in effect through December 31, 2003.

Implementation of the Standard Market Design (SMD) in New England is scheduled to occur in the first quarter of 2003. Under SMD, some of the cost recovery billing determinants for the ISO Tariff cease to exist in their current form. In order to preserve the settlement rate design, ISO New England has mapped equivalent billing determinants to be used in the ISO Tariff once SMD is implemented in the cases where the current billing determinants for Schedules 2 and 3 will no longer exist in their current form. Real-Time billing determinants are used under SMD in order to maintain consistency with the current billing determinants, which are also Real-Time values. With its tariff revisions filed on November 1, 2002 for the 2003 calendar year, the ISO proposes to include, in addition to "pre-SMD" rates effective on January 1, 2003, rates reflecting these mapped billing determinants effective on the SMD Effective Date.

The subsequent sections and Attachment 1 describe for each Schedule of the ISO Tariff the current billing determinant, the mapping of the equivalent billing determinant under SMD, why such mapping is appropriate and the impact, if any, of such mapping.

For the ISO Tariff, even though some billing determinants no longer exist in their current form under SMD, the current billing determinants can be mapped to billing determinants available under the SMD with minimal impact on the Customers. With the proposed billing determinant mapping, recognizing the assumptions detailed below, the estimated total net cost shift between sectors (based on 2002 test year revenue requirements, rates and transaction/load patterns) is \$14,300, compared with the 2002 ISO Tariff revenue requirement of \$61.2 million. Therefore, the SMD implementation should have minimal impact on the Customers in regard to the ISO Tariff charges.

B. Schedule 1 – Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service

Schedule 1 applies to each Customer that is obligated to pay the Regional Network Service rate and to each Customer that is a Transmission Customer receiving Point-to-Point Transmission Service. Under the current market, for Customers obligated to pay the Regional Network Service rate, the billing determinant is Network Load for the month; and for Customers receiving Point-to-Point Transmission Service, the billing determinant is Reserved Capacity for each transaction scheduled to occur during the month as Point-to-Point Transmission Service. Under SMD, the billing determinants for Schedule 1 will not change.

C. Schedule 2 - Energy Administration Service (EAS)

Schedule 2 applies to each Participant that has an account for Energy. Each such Participant is an EAS Customer and pays an amount based on Energy Transaction Units (TUs) and an amount based on Volumetric Measures.

1. Energy Transaction Units

Energy TUs are the sum for the month for an EAS Customer of Bilateral Contract Block-Hours, Generator Block-Hours and Energy Non-Zero Spot Market Settlements, provided, however, that Bilateral Contract Block-Hours do not include Life of Unit Contracts, Vermont Yankee Multiple Owner Contracts or Pool Planned Units (the "Energy TU Exclusion").

a. Bilateral Contract Block-Hours

Bilateral Contract Block-Hours are assigned to the EAS Customers that submit Bilateral Contracts for Energy. The Bilateral Contract Block-Hours are associated with Bilateral Contracts for Energy where Bilateral Contracts are defined as:

- i) Load Asset Contracts,
- ii) Unit Contracts,
- iii) Obligation System Contracts,
- iv) Other System Contracts and
- v) External Contracts.

Under SMD, Bilateral Contract Block-Hours will still be assigned to EAS Customers that submit Bilateral Contracts for Energy. However, the current market contract types are replaced by:

- i) Internal Bilateral for Load,
- ii) Internal Bilateral for Market associated with Energy and
- iii) External Transactions.

Under SMD, the Bilateral Contract Block-Hours in Real-Time associated with these new contract types will be used as the billing determinant in order to maintain consistency with the current billing determinants which are also Real-Time. There is no way to forecast the change in volume of Bilateral Contracts under SMD and its impact on Energy TUs. However, the same EAS Customers will still be responsible for this charge.

b. Energy TU Exclusion

The Energy TU Exclusion is associated with Unit Contracts. Under SMD, Unit Contracts have been eliminated; however, the effect of a Unit Contract which establishes entitlement in a unit may be accomplished through the asset registration process by designating the percent ownership(s) of a unit. Under SMD, this attribute may be changed on the first of the month and remains in effect for the calendar month. Since

Unit Contracts no longer exist under SMD, the Energy TU Exclusion is no longer required. That is, an EAS Customer should not receive a "credit" for an Energy TU that such EAS Customer is no longer being charged for.

c. Generator Block-Hours

Generator Block-Hours are assigned to the Lead Participants for each Generator or Dispatchable Load and are associated with quantities of Energy with related prices contained in the Bids. Under SMD, Generator Block-Hours will still be assigned to the Lead Participants. However, under the current market, the Lead Participant submits a Bid with bid blocks for each hour of the day. Under SMD, the Lead Participant submits daily bid blocks. Therefore, the number of daily bid blocks in the price based Real-Time schedule will be multiplied by 24 hours per day in order to maintain consistency with the current billing determinants.

d. Energy Non-Zero Spot Market Settlements

Under the current market, Participants with Energy Non-Zero Spot Market Settlements are assigned Energy TUs for those hours for which the Participant has a positive or negative Adjusted Net Interchange in the Energy Market. Under SMD, Adjusted Net Interchange no longer exists. However, its equivalent will be calculated by summing the Real-Time Locational Adjusted Net Interchange over all Locations to determine if the Participant has a positive or negative Real-Time "System" Adjusted Net Interchange in the Energy Market. Under SMD the billing determinants for this portion of Schedule 2 will not change.

2. Volumetric Measures

The Volumetric Measures component for an EAS Customer is equal to the sum of its Electrical Load for the month and its Injections for the month; provided, however, that Injections associated with Energy imported into the NEPOOL Control Area by Bangor Hydro-Electric Company across the New Brunswick tie is excluded up to 300 MW for rate calculation and billing purposes (the "BHEC Exclusion").

a. Electrical Load

Electrical Load for the month is one of the two current billing determinants for the Volumetric Measure component of Schedule 2. Electrical Load no longer exists under SMD. Real-Time Load Obligation for the month summed over all Locations is the approximate equivalent of Electrical Load. However, Electrical Load includes PTF losses, including losses associated with NEPOOL Through or Out Transmission Service, and non-PTF tie losses. Real-Time Load Obligation does not include these losses.

The definition of Real-Time Load Obligation from Market Rule 1 is:

• Each Participant shall have for each hour a Real-Time Load Obligation for energy at each Location equal to the MWhs of load, where such MWhs of load shall

include External Transaction sales and shall have a negative value, at that Location, adjusted for any applicable internal bilateral transactions which transfer Real-Time load obligations.

In Electrical Load, PTF losses, with the exception of losses associated with Through or Out service, are allocated to Participants pro-rata based on load. Therefore, for the PTF losses, there is no cost shift between Participants in using Electrical Load as a billing determinant versus using Real-Time Load Obligation. However, in Electrical Load, non-PTF tie losses and PTF losses associated with Through or Out service are allocated to the Participants that are a party to the transactions using the non-PTF ties and Through or Out service on a transactional basis. Real-Time Load Obligation does not reflect this transaction specific allocation, thereby shifting these costs pro-rata over all Participants with Real-Time Load Obligation.

b. Injections

Injections for the month is the other current billing determinant for the Volumetric Measure component of Schedule 2. Under SMD, the billing determinant will be Real-Time Generation Obligation. Real-Time Generation Obligation equals the summation over all Nodes of the Participant's Ownership Share at each Node multiplied by the revenue metered generation in Real-Time at each Node plus the summation over all External Nodes of Participant's Supply Offers delivered at such Nodes over all hours of the month. This mapping is equivalent; except that under SMD, entitlement which is modeled by Ownership Share is restricted to calendar month increments. Whereas, under the current market, entitlement which is modeled by a Unit Contract may be of lesser duration than a month.

c. BHEC Exclusion

Under the current market, Injections associated with energy imported into the NEPOOL Control Area by Bangor Hydro-Electric Company across the New Brunswick Ties are excluded (up to 300 MW) for billing and rate calculation purposes from the Volumetric Measure component of Schedule 2. Under SMD, such Supply Offers submitted by Bangor Hydro-Electric Company and delivered at the New Brunswick External Node(s) over all hours of the month, up to 300 MW for any given hour of the month, will continue to be excluded. Under SMD, the BHEC Exclusion from the Volumetric Measure component of Schedule 2 will not change.

D. Schedule 2 - Estimated Cost Shift

The following assumptions were used to estimate the cost shift for Schedule 2:

- loss data was based on non-PTF tie and Through or Out service transactions for test year 2002;
- all of the non-PTF tie and Through or Out losses were modeled in the first Volumetric Measure block; and

• entitlements at the first of each month were maintained throughout the calendar month to model Ownership Share.

The worst case estimate of the cost shift attributed to non-PTF tie and Through or Out service losses is to assume that all of these losses fall in the first Volumetric Measure block which has the highest rate associated with it.

The assumption of modeling Ownership Share as the entitlements set at the beginning of each month and maintained for the calendar month is also substantiated by the minimal number of Unit Contracts of less than one month duration and the megawatthours associated with such contracts. During the period from September 2000 through August 2001, there were 69 contracts of less than one month duration accounting for 0.26% of the total Schedule 2 megawatthour Injections.

Using the above assumptions to estimate the revenue collected from each sector for Schedule 2, the net cost shift between sectors for 2002 using the proposed billing determinants under SMD would be approximately \$11,500. There will be negative and positive cost shifts between Participants within sectors. The revenue requirement for Schedule 2 for the 2002 test year is \$32.7 million. Recognizing that this future impact is being estimated based on the above assumptions, the SMD implementation of using Real-Time Load Obligation and Real-Time Generation Obligation as the billing determinants should have minimal impact on the Participants in regard to Schedule 2.

E. Schedule 3 – Reliability Administration Service

Schedule 3 applies to each Customer that is a Participant based on the Participant's Non-Coincident Peak (NCP) Electrical Load and NCP Injections. Schedule 3 also applies to each Transmission Customer taking Point-to-Point Transmission Service that is not a Participant.

1. Non-Coincident Peak (NCP) Electrical Load

NCP Electrical Load for the month is one of the two current billing determinants for Schedule 3. NCP Electrical Load no longer exists under SMD. Real-Time NCP Load Obligation for the month summed over all Locations is the approximate equivalent of NCP Electrical Load. However, NCP Electrical Load includes PTF losses, including losses associated with Through or Out service, and non-PTF tie losses. Real-Time NCP Load Obligation does not include these losses.

In NCP Electrical Load, PTF losses, with the exception of losses associated with Through or Out service, are allocated to Participants pro-rata based on load. Therefore, for the PTF losses, there is no cost shift between Participants in using NCP Electrical Load as a billing determinant versus using Real-Time NCP Load Obligation. However, in NCP Electrical Load, non-PTF tie losses and PTF losses associated with Through or Out service are allocated to the Participants that are a party to the transactions using the non-PTF ties and Through or Out service on a transactional basis. Real-Time NCP Load

Obligation does not reflect this transaction specific allocation, thereby shifting these costs pro-rata over all Participants with Real-Time NCP Load Obligation.

2. Non-Coincident Peak (NCP) Injections

Injections for the month is the other current billing determinant for the Volumetric Measure component of Schedule 3. The Injection component of the Schedule 3 charge is only effective through the end of December 31, 2002. In 2003, 100% of the Schedule 3 revenue requirement will be collected based only on load, not injections. Accordingly, no mapping of this billing determinant is required.

3. Non-Participant Transmission Customers taking Point-to-Point Transmission Service

This component of Schedule 3 applies to each Customer that is a non-Participant Transmission Customer receiving Point-to-Point Transmission Service. Under the current market, for Customers receiving Point-to-Point Transmission Service the billing determinant is the duration of the each transmission reservation during the month reserved as Point-to-Point Transmission Service. Under SMD the billing determinants for this component of Schedule 3 will not change.

F. Schedule 3 – Estimated Cost Shift

Following are the assumptions used to estimate the cost shift for Schedule 3:

- loss data was based on non-PTF tie and Through or Out service transactions for test year 2002; and
- all of the non-PTF tie and Through or Out losses were modeled in the first Volumetric Measure block.

The worst case estimate of the cost shift attributed to non-PTF tie and Through or Out service losses is to assume that all of these losses fall in the first Volumetric Measure block of the 2002 ISO Tariff, which has the highest rate associated with it.

For purposes of this estimated cost shift, since the Schedule 3 revenue requirement will be collected 100% from load in 2003, the estimated cost shift below only includes the impact due to the load component of Schedule 3.

Using the above assumptions to estimate the revenue collected from each sector for Schedule 3, the net cost shift between sectors for 2002 using the proposed billing determinants under SMD would be approximately \$12,700. There will be negative and positive cost shifts between Participants within sectors. The revenue requirement for Schedule 3 for the 2002 test year is \$16.0 million. Recognizing that this future impact is being estimated based on the above assumptions, the SMD implementation of Real-Time NCP Load Obligation as the billing determinant should have minimal impact on the Participants in regard to Schedule 3.

G. Conclusion

For the ISO Tariff, even though some billing determinants no longer exist under SMD, the current billing determinants can be mapped to billing determinants available under the SMD with minimal impact on the Customers. Recognizing the assumptions used to estimate the future impact of the proposed billing determinant mapping, the net cost shift between sectors would be approximately:

- \$11,500 for Schedule 2; and
- \$12,700 for Schedule 3

The estimated total net cost shift between sectors for 2002 is \$14,300. The total revenue requirement under the ISO Tariff for the 2002 test year is \$61.2 million. The estimated cost shifts between sectors are tabulated below and the details are highlighted in Attachment 2. Negative values are a benefit; and positive values are a liability.

ſ		Estima	ted	Total Cha	ınge	In Rever	ue	\$
	Sche			chedule 2				Total
Sector		\$		\$		\$		\$
Generation	\$	-	\$	7,184	\$	4,270	\$	11,454
Transmission	\$	-	\$	3,113	\$	(12,659)	\$	(9,545)
Supplier	\$	-	\$	(11,481)	\$	6,713	\$	(4,768)
Publicly Owned	\$	-	\$	1,184	\$	1,676	\$	2,859
End User	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Totals	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	0	\$	(0)

	Suillia 7	Rilling Determinant under	Conclusion
ISO Tariff Schedule	Current binning	SMD	
Schodule 1 - Network Customer	Network Customer's	Network Customer's Monthly	Same billing determinant.
	Monthly Network Load	Network Load	Same Lilling determinant
Schedule 1 – Transmission	Reserved Capacity	Reserved Capacity	Same ouning determinant.
Customer receiving Point-to-			N. Comp.
Schedule 2 – Energy Transaction	Bilateral Contract Block- Hours associated with	Bilateral Contract Block-Hours associated with Bilateral	New contract types. Same billing determinant.
Omits	Bilateral Contracts for	Contracts for Energy where Bilateral Contracts are defined as:	
	Energy where bilateral Contracts are defined as:	1. Internal Bilateral for Load	
	1. Load Asset Contracts	Block-Hours in Keal- Time	
		2. Internal Bilateral for	
	Contracts	Market Block-Hours	
	4. Other System	associated with thirty in	
		Keal-1 line 2 Evternal Transactions in	
	5. External Contracts		
G-1 Program Transaction	Exclusion of Bilateral	None, Unit Contracts do not exist	Null set results in effectively
Schedule 2 – Energy Transmouser Traite	Contract Block-Hours	under SMD.	no exclusion.
CILIS	associated with Life of Unit		
	Contracts, Vermont Yankee		
	Multiple Owner Contracts and Pool Planned Unit		
	Contracts		T billing
Schedule 2 – Energy Transaction	Generator Block-Hours associated with quantities of	Generator Block-Hours = number of blocks in the price based Real-	Equivalent of the determinant.
Office	Energy with related prices	Time daily schedule * 24	
	contained in the hourly Bids	nouis/uay	Equivalent billing
Schedule 2 – Energy Transaction	Energy Non-Zero Spot Market Settlements: Hours	hour, sum the Real-Time	determinant.
Units	Market Semements.	Month of the second sec	

Barker, Dunn & Rossi, Inc. and Rhema Services, Inc.

 ∞

		Dilling Determinant under	Conclusion
ISO Tariff Schedule	Current binnig Deferminant	SMD	
	for which the Participant has	Locational Adjusted Net	
	a positive or negative	Interchange over all Locations to	
	Adjusted Net Interchange in	determine if the Participant has a	
	the Energy Market	positive or negative Real-Time	
		"System" Adjusted Net	
		Interchange in the Energy Market	
Schedule 2 – Volumetric	Electrical Load for the month	Real-Time Load Obligation for	Approximate equivalent
Measure		the month summed over all Locations	oming actinitant.
Schedule 2 – Volumetric	Injections for the month	Real-Time Generation Obligation	Approximate equivalent
Measure		101 the month $-$ in Deel-Time the Σ over all	
		M. Noal-1 mile, inc z over an	
		Nodes of (Fatticipality 2 / 0 ourselving at each Node *	
		revenue metered generation in	
		Real-Time at each Node) + Σ	
	_	over all External Nodes of	
		Participant's Supply Offers	
		delivered at such Nodes over all	
		hours of the month	
Schedule 2 – Volumetric	Exclusion of Injections	Exclude Supply Offers delivered	Same exclusion.
Measure	associated with energy	at the New Brunswick Exicular	
_	imported into the NEPOUL	month, up to 300 MW for any	
	Hydro-Electric Company	given hour of the month.	
	across the New Brunswick Ties (up to 300 MW)		
Schedule 3 – NCP Electrical	Non-Coincident Peak	Real-Time NCP Load Obligation	Approximate equivalent
Load	Electrical Load	for the month summed over all	billing determinant.
		Locations	

Barker, Dunn & Rossi, Inc. and Rhema Services, Inc.

ISO Tariff Schedule	Current Billing	Billing Determinant under	Conclusion
	Determinant	SMD	
Schedule 3 – NCP Injections	NCP Injections	Real-Time NCP Generation	The Injection component of
1	,	Obligation =	the Schedule 3 charge is only
		In Real-Time, the Σ over all	effective through the end of
		Nodes of (Participant's %	December 31, 2002. In 2003,
		ownership at each Node *	100% of the Schedule 3
		revenue metered generation in	revenue requirement will be
		Real-Time at each Node) + Σ	collected based only on load,
		over all External Nodes of	not injections. Accordingly,
		Participant's Supply Offers	no mapping of this billing
-		delivered at such Nodes for the	determinant is required.
		NCP hour	
Schedule 3 – Non-Participant	Duration of transmission	Duration of transmission	Same billing determinant.
Transmission Customer receiving	reservations	reservations	
Point-to-Point Transmission			
Service			

10

ISO NEW-ENGLAND SUMMARY OF METHODS IN THE 2003 ADMINISTRATIVE COST RECOVERY

Note: This Summary and Attachments were prepared solely for the purpose of information and encouraging discussion. None of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender.

ISO NEW-ENGLAND ADMINISTRATIVE COST RECOVERY

Background - ISO-NE began operations on July 1, 1997 with the transfer of staff from, and using the equipment of the NEPOOL control center.

ISO-NE is responsible for operating:

- 1. New England's bulk power system, including administration of the New England Power Pool ("NEPOOL").
- 2. Open Access Transmission Tariff (the "NEPOOL Tariff"), and
- 3. The region's restructured wholesale electricity marketplace.

ISO-NE RATE DESIGN 2001 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT in ER01-316-000.

[Settlement Agreement effective through 12/31/03]

Capital Expenses associated with SMD 1.0 are accounted for in a Separate CAPITAL FUNDING TARIFF filing.

ISO-NE furnish 3 Administrative Services:

- 1. SCHEDULE 1- Scheduling Services
- 2. SCHEDULE 2 Energy Administration Service (EAS)
- 3. SCHEDULE 3 Reliability Administration Service (RAS)

In essence, the three Services represent the three functions to which the ISO's costs are functionalized.

Attachment 1 describes the functions and services for each Schedule.

BILLING DETERMINANTS

Attachment 2 is a September 13, 2002 white paper describing the Billing Determinants Under SMD for the ISO-NE Tariff.

SCHEDULE 1- Scheduling Services

Schedule 1 Billing Determinants

Billing determinants are the monthly Network Load, and the Reserved Capacity of Point-to-Point Transmission Service (including Unauthorized Use) Under the Settlement Agreement, the billing determinants for Schedule 1 are not subject to declining block rates.

Schedule 1 revenues collected from Point-to-Point Transmission Service customers are credited to each Network Customer that month in proportion to each Network Customer's monthly Network Load in that month.

2003 annual billing determinants = 246,858,694 kW-months

SCHEDULE 2 - Energy Administration Service (EAS)

Schedule 2 Billing Determinants

Under the Settlement Agreement, the billing determinants for Schedule 2 are based on "Transaction Units" ("TUs") and "Volumetric Measures" ("VMs").

The TUs measure the frequency and duration of activity and are indifferent to the size (e.g., capacity) of any particular transaction.

The VMs seek to capture a customer's "physical" reliance on the system administered by the ISO and thus the benefit received.

Per Settlement Agreement Allocation of Schedule 2 Revenue Requirement—

- 1. 15% to Tus.
- 2. 85% to VMs.
- 3. Schedule 2 billing determinants, TUs and VMs, are subject to declining block rates, spread over three blocks for each billing determinant.

The Settlement Agreement includes amendments to the initially proposed definitions of TUs in Schedule 2 to address certain contracts involving jointly owned resources and joint-action agencies in order to avoid the creation of multiple TUs for what are essentially single transactions.

For Example:

TUs will be adjusted to reduce or eliminate:

- 1. Certain Preexisting Multi- year Contracts ("PMC"),
- 2. Life of Unit Contracts,
- 3. Vermont Yankee Multiple Owner Contracts, and
- 4. Pool Planned Unit Contracts to eliminate an overstatement of transactions actually taking place.

Injections associated with <u>energy imported into</u> the NEPOOL Control Area by Bangor Hydro-Electric Company up to 300 MW across the New Brunswick Ties <u>are to be excluded from the definitions of injections and EAS VMs</u>.

See Attachment 3, is the ISO-NE Billing Determinants and Rate Revenue calculations shown in Exhibit 6 Schedules 1.0 through 4.0 at the end of this document.

SCHEDULE 3 - Reliability Administration Service (RAS)

Schedule 3 Billing Determinants

Under the Settlement Agreement, the rate design for Schedule 3 allocates, in calendar year 2003, 100 percent of revenues based on customers' Non-Coincident Peak Electrical Load.

2003 Total underlying Non-coincident peak electrical load is 279,457,758 kW-months.

ISO-NE ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES REVENUE REQUIREMENT COMPARISON 2003 TO 2002

	2003	2002	Increase
ISO-NE	\$112.8	\$61.1 million	\$51.7 million
	million		or by 84.6%

\$10.5 million O&M and Implementation costs of SMD 1.0;

\$38.2 million Debt Service Payments on SMD

\$ 3.0 million 2001 & 2002 True-up Adj Revenue Requirement

\$51.7 million

ISO-NE 2003 REVENUE REQUIREMENT (INCLUDING TRUE-UPS BY SCHEDULE IS:

Schedule 1 for 2003 is \$14,794,241 (13.12%).

Schedule 2 for 2003 is a maximum of \$71,979,066 (63.83%).

Under the A Rates, effective January 1, 2003, the Schedule 2 revenue requirement is \$48,490,565. Under the B Rates, the Schedule 2 revenue requirement is \$62,583,667. Under the C Rates, the Schedule 2 revenue requirement is \$71,979,066.

Schedule 3 for 2003 is up to \$25,991,347 (23.05%).

Under the A Rates, the Schedule 3 revenue requirement is \$23,381,513. Under the B Rates, the Schedule 3 revenue requirement is \$24,947,413. Under the C Rates, the Schedule 3 revenue requirement is \$25,991,347.

2003 Revenue Requirement has four elements:

- 1. 2003 Core Operating Budget;
- 2. 2001 True-Up Adjustment;
- 3. 2002 True-up Adjustment;
- 4. Incremental amount of prior year depreciation.

ISO-NE Tariff True-up provision specified in Section 2.3(1) provides for adjustments if revenue shortfalls are attributable to the TUs in Schedule 2.

In the event of a revenue short fall attributable to TUs, the shortfall allocation has two components.

- 1. The Initial True-Up Adjustment would allocate 50/50 between TUs and Volumes instead of the usual 15/85 allocation to TUs and Volumes.
- 2. The Final True-Up Adjustment would increase the percentage allocation of the shortfall to Volumes by an additional percentage equal to the percentage decreases, which occurred between the number of TUs used in the true-up and the number of TUs that ISO had used in the original projection of the rates for that year.

ISO-NE Added Sources of Revenues:

- 1. Demand Response Initiative –Demand Response Providers (DRP) who are not NEPOOL Participants may also participate in programs directly through the ISO. DRP will be subject to the applicable financial assurance criteria and will be charged an annual service fee of \$5,000. This fee will be applied to ISO expenses and may be superceded by a future provision in the ISO Tariff¹.
- 2. Non-Participants that want to participate in the FTR Auction or to become an FTR Holder via the secondary market and

¹ ISO-NE assumes that Demand response ("DR") is a key element of well functioning electricity markets, because by enabling price and load responsive behavior, the wholesale electricity market will function more efficiently.

have satisfied the applicable financial assurance criteria will be charged a one time FTR Registration Fee of \$5,000².

ISO-NE Direct-charge Activities [Under Sections 8.1 through 8.4 or the Tariff]

ISO-NE charges and collects the costs of:

- a. performing studies,
- b. fulfilling information requests **,
- c. implementing non-standard contract provisions
- d. providing weekly billing services
- ** In fulfilling information and re-billing requests of a significant and non-routine nature, ISO-NE charges its associated direct and indirect costs to the requestor. Revenues from these charges will be credited to the revenue requirement of the Services to which the information is requested in the True-up calculation.

² For 2003, as discussed with NEPOOL Participants, these fees will be credited to Schedule 1 revenues and accounted for in the true- ups specified in Section 2.3(2) of the ISO Tariff. This fee may be superseded by a future provision in the ISO Tariff.

ATTACHMENT 1

DESCRIPTION OR ISO-NE FUNCTIONS AND SERVICES UNDER EACH SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE 1 - SCHEDULING SERVICES

Schedule 1 of the ISO Tariff provides the terms, conditions and rates for the ISO's provision of Scheduling Service, which includes provision of the transmission-related Ancillary Service identified in Schedule 1 of the NEPOOL Tariff as Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service.

Scheduling Service includes the transmission-related service required to schedule at the pool level the movement of power through, out of, within, or into the NEPOOL Control Area. It does not cover expenses of dispatching Energy, which are collected as part of the charges in Schedule 2. Scheduling Service is an Ancillary Service for Transmission Service under the NEPOOL Tariff that can be provided only by the ISO (and cooperating Participants, as described below) and all Transmission Customers must purchase this Service from the ISO.

Functions performed by the ISO in connection with this Service include:

- · Processing and implementation of requests for Transmission Service, including support of the NEPOOL OASIS node;
- · Coordination of transmission system operation (including administration of reactive power requirements under Schedule 2 of the NEPOOL Tariff) and implementation of necessary control actions by the ISO and support for these functions;
- · Billing associated with transmission services provided under the NEPOOL Tariff;
- · Transmission system planning which supports this Service; and
- · Administrative support for the aforementioned functions.

The Schedule 1 revenue requirement does not change with the implementation of SMD 1.0, because the SMD 1.0 capital expenses do not relate to the ISO's Schedule 1 activities.

SCHEDULE 2 – EAS

Energy Administration Service is the service provided by the ISO to administer the Energy Market and facilitate Interchange Transactions, bilateral transactions and generation bids in accordance with the RNA.

Bidding: Bids are communicated to and implemented by the ISO. The actual outputs of such resources are monitored against schedules and accounted for in the settlement process.

Bilateral transactions: The characteristics of all bilateral transactions are submitted to the ISO. Bilateral transactions crossing the NEPOOL Control Area boundary are coordinated with the adjacent control area and jointly implemented. Dispatchability parameters related to each purchase and sale transaction are administered by the ISO. While bilateral transactions internal to the NEPOOL Control Area do not require similar action by the ISO, the seller and buyer in each such transaction must be tracked to allow proper accounting in the Energy settlement process.

Energy Market transactions: The ISO dispatches energy resources that are bid into the spot Energy Market by the Participants. The optimum output schedule for the actual use of resources to meet NEPOOL's total energy needs is determined and implemented by the ISO. The amount of each Participant's purchases and/or sales in the Energy Market (i.e., Interchange Transactions) are determined by the ISO through comparing the Participant's needs for energy with the actual output of its resources. The Energy Clearing Price is the product of the bidding process. On and after the SMD Effective Date, the locational marginal prices are the product of the bidding process. The Energy and dollar settlements are administered by the ISO.

In summary, ISO functions which comprise EAS (in addition to the core operation of the Energy Market) include:

- · Generation dispatch related to the Energy Market;
- · Energy accounting;
- · Loss determination and allocation;
- · Billing preparation;
- · Administration of the Energy Imbalance Service under Schedule 4 of the NEPOOL Tariff;
- · Market power monitoring and mitigation for the Energy Market;

- · Sanctions activities;
- \cdot Energy Market assessments and reports; and
- · Formulation of additional Market Rules and proposals to modify existing rules.
- · Administration of FTRs and ARRs.

SCHEDULE 3 – RAS

RAS is the service provided by the ISO to administer the Reliability Markets (and facilitate reliability-related transactions and arrangements) in accordance with the RNA and to provide other reliability and informational services. These latter services are of a type not directly related to the transmission and Energy services provided under Schedules 1 and 2, and are expenses of operating the NEPOOL Control Area generally, rather than expenses attributable to serving a particular Customer.

The several Reliability Markets have distinct purposes:

- Operating Reserve Markets. These Markets provide a Participant with a means of satisfying its share of the region's requirements for TMSR, TMNSR, and TMOR. As noted above, these Markets will cease upon SMD 1.0 implementation, and the ISO will instead administer the reserve compensation.
- Automatic Generation Control ("AGC") or Regulation Market. This market (referred to as the "Regulation Market" after the SMD Effective Date) provides a Participant with a means of satisfying its share of the region's AGC requirements.
- The ICAP Settlement. With the replacement of the ICAP auction with a deficiency charge, the ISO is administering the calculation of ICAP requirements and unit capabilities and imposing a deficiency charge upon Participants who fail to contract or self-supply a sufficient quantity of ICAP to meet their ICAP requirements. As noted above, the ICAP mechanism will change with SMD 1.0 implementation.

The AGC and Operating Reserve Markets are also a means by which Transmission Customers will acquire Ancillary Services under Schedules 3, 5, 6 and 7, respectively, of the NEPOOL Tariff.

Examples of the functions performed (in addition to the core operation of the Reliability Markets) include:

- · Generation dispatch associated with Reliability Markets;
- · Reliability Markets accounting;
- · Billing preparation;
- · NEPOOL generation emissions analysis;
- · Risk profile updates;
- · Triennial review of resource adequacy;
- · Preparation of regional reports and load forecasts and profiles (CELT, EIA, NERC);
- · Support of power supply, environmental and market reliability planning activities;
- · Market power monitoring, mitigation and assessment of the Reliability Markets; and
- · Formulation of additional Reliability Market rules and proposals to modify existing rules.

ATTACHMENT 2

White Paper describing ISO-NE Billing Determinants Under SMD

ATTACHMENT 3

ISO-NE 2002 AND 2003 BILLING DETERMINANTS



Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc. 4610 University Avenue, Suite 700 Madison, Wisconsin 53705-2164

Voice 608.231.2266 Fax 608.231.2108

TO:

Ben Arikawa

FROM:

Ross Hemphill

DATE:

1/6/03

SUBJECT:

Functionalization of California ISO Costs

The conference call on December 23, 2002 helped me understand the process being used by the ISO to assign/allocate costs and develop rates. Nonetheless, I do not see how your method can facilitate the cost apportionment and rate structure recommended by MID nor how it can facilitate any evaluations that other stakeholders might wish to undertake. This memorandum serves to state what is needed from the ISO to properly evaluate the MID proposal and how the GMC rate structure might better serve all stakeholders.

As reflected in Dr. Laurence Kirsch's "Cookbook" for revision of the ISO's GMC, the first step in a traditional utility ratemaking process is to identify the utility's functions. In such a process, functions are defined by the products and services provided by the utility and consumed by the customer. The ISO's "Preliminary Grouping of Activities for ISO Rate Structure" (Version 12/19/2002) does not identify such functions. Instead, the groupings are, as named, merely groupings of activities. They may be helpful to the ISO in understanding the activities that it performs, but they are not helpful for defining or costing the services that the ISO provides to its customers.

Also, it became clear during the conference call of December 23rd that the ISO intends to use these groupings as "building blocks" for quantifying and evaluating alternative proposals. Although it might be a worthy goal, the groupings identified cannot serve as building blocks for quantifying and evaluating the MID proposal because some of the groupings include multiple functions. For example, the first grouping, "Real-Time Grid Operations," clearly includes some activities that resolve energy imbalances and others that manage transmission flows. Consequently, it will not be possible to derive functional costs directly from these groupings of activities.

What is required to properly evaluate the MID proposal is a cost of service process that is consistent with the industry standard for utility ratemaking. There are many advantages to developing and following such a standard process. It will lead to the efficient and equitable ISO rates described in the Kirsch testimony. Also, developing and following a standard cost of service and ratemaking process will help the ISO and its customers deal with the very real uncertainty regarding the future functions performed by the ISO.

To be consistent with this traditional ratemaking process, we would like the ISO to provide us with the total costs (for the 2001-2002 timeframe) of each of the following four functions:

- 1. Resolving Energy Imbalances
- 2. Managing Transmission Flows
- 3. Scheduling Generators, Loads, and Transmission Facilities
- 4. Administering Markets

The costs for these four functions should sum to the ISO's total revenue requirement. We would like the ISO to provide us with a step-by-step description of how the costs were assigned and allocated to result in the total costs for each function. This description should provide a mapping of the cost assignment from the cost activity level on up or, if appropriate, from the account level on up. This mapping should be in sufficient detail to allow us to replicate the results and evaluate the methods used. Where cost center numbers are apportioned across functions, the ISO should provide the rationale and data used to derive the proportions applied. When allocations are performed, the ISO should provide the data used to derive the respective allocation factors.

This cost of service information should then be used along with the billing determinant data requested earlier (and discussed in previous communications and meetings) to calculate the ISO rates in accordance with the MID proposal specified in Dr. Kirsch's testimony and embellished in the cookbook.

I hope this memo clarifies what is needed to evaluate the MID proposal. If you have any questions or would desire any clarification about our information needs, don't hesitate to call me.



Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc. 4610 University Avenue, Suite 700 Madison, Wisconsin 53705-2164

Voice 608.231.2266 Fax 608.231.2108

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Ben Arikawa

FROM:

Ross C. Hemphill

DATE:

December 19, 2002

SUBJECT:

Organization of Cost of Service Information

I have been asked by MID to review the cost allocation and ratemaking process employed by the ISO as it evaluates the revision of the GMC as proposed by Dr. Laurence Kirsch. I have been dealing with cost allocation and ratemaking issues for the past 25 years, and was the Director of Electric Pricing (responsible for all cost of service and ratemaking activities) for Niagara Mohawk during the mid 1990s.

As a starting point for my review of the ISOs costing and ratemaking process, I looked at the GMC informational rate filing ("Informational Filing") submitted to FERC by the ISO on November 8, 2002; and I also looked at a number of informal communications that have taken place among the stakeholders on the issues of service definitions and costs. In looking over these documents, I find two fundamental problems:

- 1. The parties use inconsistent nomenclature when discussing cost issues. We find the terms "function," "activity," and "service" used interchangeably in ISO documents and in communications among the stakeholders. An important goal of the stakeholder process will be to simply get everyone speaking the same language.
- 2. The documents indicate no discernable cost assignment and allocation logic that can serve as the basis for deriving cost-based rates for each of the services provided by the ISO. Such logic should be developed and documented so that any party can trace rates to their individual cost components.

It is my understanding that the ISO has engaged Barkovich and Yap, Inc. as rate consultants for this stakeholder process. I suggest that the ISO ask Barkovich and Yap to propose an "industry

standard" structure for cost accounting and subsequent ratemaking that will be employed by the ISO and regularly reviewed by stakeholders in the ratemaking process. I offer a few basic suggestions in developing this standard:

There should be a clear delineation between the terms "categories of service," "functions," and "activities." The ISO currently assigns costs to one of three "categories of service" listed below:

- Control Area Services (CAS)
- Congestion Management (CONG)
- Ancillary Services and Real-Time Energy Operations (ASREO)

Based upon the Kirsch testimony and subsequent consideration of his proposal, however, we believe there are four functions performed by the ISO that should be separately treated in a cost-of-service and ratemaking framework:¹

- Resolving Energy Imbalances
- Managing Transmission Flows
- Scheduling Generator Loads and Transmission Facilities
- Administering Markets

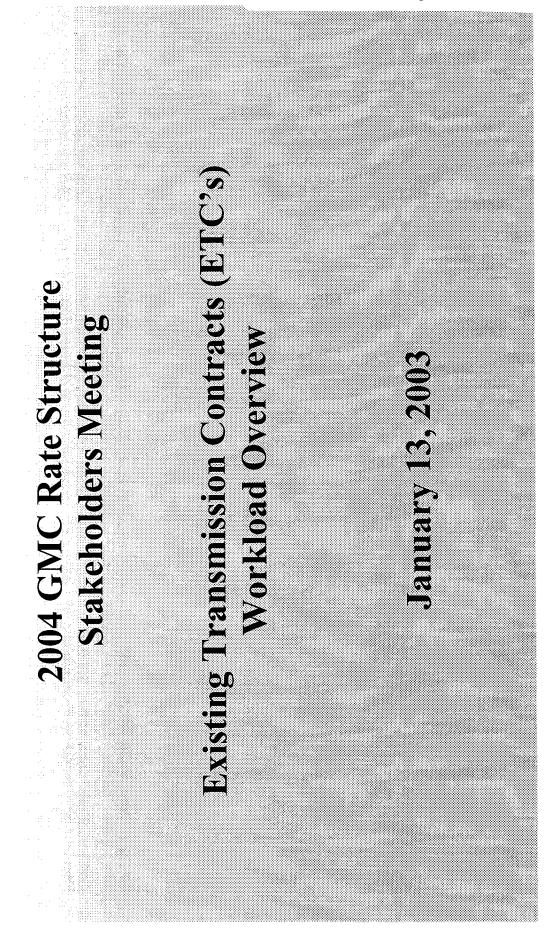
These functions partly overlap and partly differ from the "categories of service" that the ISO now uses.

The cost-of-service method needs to include a stronger allocation and assignment logic for apportioning costs among functions. For example, the Kirsch testimony, in specifying a method for apportioning the costs of CAS among the first three functions listed above, provides logic as to why this cost apportionment will lead to the development of efficient rates.

We should view "activities" as accounting identifiers that can be used to trace expenditures of time and money to the service categories or maybe directly to the functions.

I hope these ideas will promote discussion and progress in developing the cost-of-service and ratemaking procedures that are employed by the ISO in 2004 and beyond.

¹ This deviates from the Kirsch testimony by dropping "managing emergencies" as a separate function and adding "administering markets." The management of emergencies can reasonably be considered an extreme form of resolving imbalances and managing flows. The "administering markets" function (which was not the subject of the Kirsch testimony because it was outside of the scope of the Control Area Services category) identifies the costs associated with the arrangement, administration, and monitoring of trades among market participants. This function may be similar to the ISO's proposed ASREO category; however, additional investigation is needed to verify this.





Presentation Agenda

· ETC Definitions

Existing Transmission Rights

ISO ETC Facts / Figures

ETC Scheduling & Systems

ETC Capacity Reservation Mechanism

ISO "Incremental" ETC Workload



ETC Definitions

transmission service rights, in existence on the ISO Existing Contracts: The contracts which grant

Operations date.

Reservation: Transmission Capacity (provided to the ISO by the RPTO's.) Usage: Energy or A/S schedule using the transmission reservation capacity

(provided by the responsible SC)

Existing Transmission Rights

Prepaid Transmission service rights, therefore, no wheeling or access charges, Exempt from Congestion Management and Usage charges,

Often, ETC rights allow for changes in Power Flow schedules, right up to Real Time Duration of contracts varies - some expired in 2002, others extend out 22 more years



ISO ETC Facts / Figures

ETC rights are represented by over 120 active

Contract Reference Numbers (CRNs)

ETCs represent approximately <u>40</u> % of total MW capacity of the <u>Inter & Intra-ties</u>

ETC rights are scheduled by 16 SCs

MW value of ETC rights is approximately <u>26.500</u> MW (total of bi-lateral rights)

ETC power flows comprise roughly 20% of system load



Existing Transmission Rights - Scheduling

PTO and ISO must honor all ETC / Existing Contract Rights

ISO receives ETC / LA operating instructions from

RPTO

ISO reserves back ETC capacity, accordingly

Responsible SCs schedule ETC rights, using CRNs and Contract Usage Templates in SI/SA



ETC Scheduling - ISO Systems

Master File – PF Model, Pseudo Generators,

CRNs association

Pre-Scheduling - ETC Calculator (ETCC)

SI/SA - CONG Management, ETCC

Metering - Logical Meter Calculation &

Validation

Settlements – Automated and Manual Work

Around Tools



ETC Capacity Reservation Mechanism

Total Transfer Capability (TTC), modified to

reflect system operation and protection constraints

Operational Transfer Capability (OTC)

OTC - ETC = ATC (Available Transfer

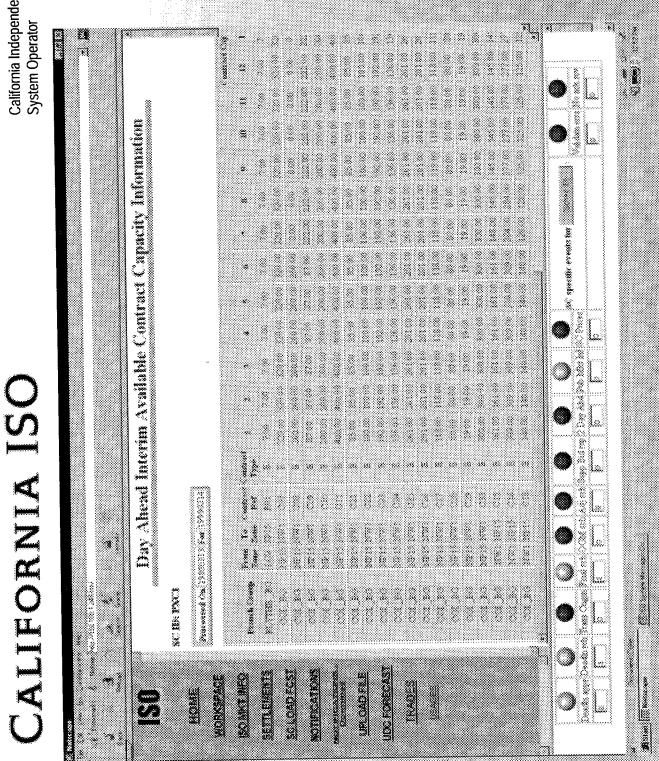
Capability) for NFU, or "the Market"



DA Preferred Market reservations (and may invalidate any scheduling rights and ETC capacity 10:00 AM locked previously submitted contract ISO publishes adjusted FTR ETC and FTR Timeline in the Day Ahead Market templates) 9:00 AM Ratings, ETC reservations, ISO calculates FTR rights based on Branch Group and FTR reservation information ETC reservation information into ISO NLT 8:30 AM 8:30 AM from PTO's SRS NLT 8:00 AM FTR owner and SC information into 8:00 AM



California Independent





ISO ETC Incremental Workload

- Pre-Scheduling –PTO Operating Instructions and Reservation Quantities administration
- RT Scheduling RT adjustments, ETC Communication & Coordination between ISO, PTO, ETC rights holders
- Grid Ops & Market Ops SA/SI: CONG, ETC Calculator (ETCC), SC & PTO Coordination
- Metering Logical Meter Calculation & Validation
- Settlements Manual ETC settlements, dispute resolution
- Relations ETC related projects, account management, OE, Market Quality, Contracts, Legal & Client dispute resolution, contracts & litigation



ISO "Incremental" ETC Workload Estimate

ISO FTEs dedicated to ETC processing, over and above routine workload—

Approximately 13 FTEs

processing. ETC processing semi-automated due to prior ISO system modifications (ETC Calculator, use of SUCRNs and CUTs and Settlements Work-Around Tools) * Estimate of ETC associated workload, in excess of routine NFU Transmission schedule

* Estimate reflects incremental labor workload only, and does not capture prior capital and labor for ISO expenditures on system and software modifications, required to honor ETCs



CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT FOR THE CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION GMC RATE STRUCTURE PROJECT STAKEHOLDER PROCESS

This Confidentiality Agreement, dated as of January 10, 2003, is entered into by and among the California Independent System Operator Corporation ("ISO") and the Stakeholders executing this agreement in order to facilitate Stakeholder access to Confidential Material as part of the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.

WHEREAS, the ISO and Stakeholders wish to allow the greatest possible Stakeholder access to ISO Confidential Material in the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual benefits and covenants hereinafter set forth, it is agreed:

- 1. This Confidentiality Agreement shall govern the use of all Confidential Material produced by, or on behalf of, the ISO during the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.
- 2. This Confidentiality Agreement shall remain in effect with respect to Confidential Materials so designated under the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, until such time as the ISO shall determine and inform the Stakeholders in Appendix A in writing that the Confidential Materials in question are no longer confidential, or the ISO makes the materials available to the public in the form in which it was re-created for release as part of this GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.
- 3. The ISO may designate as Confidential Material any material that is not already available to the public or available in the form in which it is re-created for release as part of this GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.
- 4. Only Reviewing Representatives, as that term is defined in Paragraph 5 may possess, review, or otherwise use Confidential Materials, and they may do so only as provided in this Confidentiality Agreement.
- 5. Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the singular includes the plural. For purposes of this Confidentiality Agreement:
- a. The term "document" should be interpreted to include, but not be limited to, the original and all copies of any written or retrievable matter, including electronic media, or data of any kind, however produced or reproduced.

- b. The term "Confidential Material" means (1) documents or oral materials provided by the ISO and designated as such by the ISO; (2) Notes of Confidential Material, whether created by the ISO or by Stakeholders or by any other person or entity; and (3) copies of Confidential Material, by whomsoever made.
- c. The term "Notes of Confidential Materials" means memoranda, handwritten notes, or any other form of information (including electronic form) which copies, discloses or derives from materials described in Paragraph 5(b), whether made by the ISO or any other person or entity.
- d. "GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process" means the process indicated by the FERC ALJ in her Initial Decision in Docket No. ER01-313-000, issued 5/10/02, which will end with a filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") by the ISO regarding a revised GMC
- e. "Executing Party" means any entity that has executed this Confidentiality Agreement.
- f. "Reviewing Representative" shall mean a person who has signed a Non-Disclosure Certificate and who is:
 - i. an attorney, employee or agent of an Executing Party;
- ii. an attorney, paralegal or other employee under the supervision or control of the attorney described in 5(f)(i); and
- iii. any person retained by an Executing Party for the purpose of advising the Executing Party with regard to the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process
- 6. The ISO shall mark all written materials intended to be covered by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement with the words "Confidential Material" or with words of similar import. The ISO shall instruct Executing Parties that information being conveyed orally and intended by the ISO to be covered by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, is Confidential Material. To the extent possible, the ISO shall mark any electronic document intended to be covered by the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement with the words "Confidential Material" or similar words, or, if that is not possible or would be exceedingly difficult, the ISO shall notify Executing Parties (for example, by covering email transmitting the electronic document) that the electronic document is Confidential Material. The ISO's failure, for whatever reason, to mark any material at the time it is produced to the Executing Parties, or to notify them that oral or electronic material is Confidential Material at the time it is provided, shall not take the material out of the coverage of this Confidentiality Agreement for all time, and the Executing Parties must treat the material as Confidential Material once the ISO has notified them that the material is to be covered by this Confidentiality Agreement.

- 7. Confidential Material shall be made available under the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement only to Executing Parties and only through their Reviewing Representatives as provided in Paragraph 11.
- Confidential Material shall be treated as confidential by each Executing 8. Party and by their Reviewing Representative(s) in accordance with this Confidentiality Agreement. Confidential Materials shall not be used except as necessary for Stakeholder involvement in the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process, nor shall Confidential Material be disclosed to any person except Reviewing Representatives who are engaged in the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process and who need to know the information in order to represent the Executing Parties in that process. Confidential Material may not be used by any Executing Party other than the ISO in any administrative or judicial proceeding, except that an Executing Party may use Confidential Material in such a proceeding that results from the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process if such Confidential Material continues to be treated and maintained as confidential in accordance with a Protective Order issued as part of such administrative or judicial proceeding. Confidential Material also may not be used by any Executing Party other than the ISO in any arbitration, mediation or other alternative dispute resolution proceeding, nor may Confidential Material be used by any Executing Party other than the ISO in any arbitration, mediation or other alternative dispute resolution proceeding, including any alternative dispute resolution proceeding that results from the GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.
- 9. Reviewing Representatives may make copies of Confidential Material, and may make Notes of Confidential Material.
- 10. A Reviewing Representative shall not be permitted to inspect, participate in discussions regarding, or otherwise have access to Confidential Material pursuant to this Confidentiality Agreement unless that Reviewing Representative has first executed a Non-Disclosure Certificate. A copy of the Non-Disclosure Certificate shall be provided to counsel for the ISO before any Confidential Materials may be provided to that Reviewing Representative.
- 11. All Reviewing Representatives are responsible to comply with the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement.
- 12. Any Reviewing Representative may disclose Confidential Material to any other Reviewing Representative as long as the disclosing Reviewing Representative and the receiving Reviewing Representative have both executed a Non-Disclosure Certificate.
- 13. The contents of Confidential Material or any other form of information that copies or discloses Protected Material shall not be disclosed to anyone other than in accordance with this Confidentiality Agreement and shall be used only in connection with the ISO's GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process.

- 14. If another person or entity requests or demands, by subpoena or otherwise, any Confidential Material, Counsel for the Executing Party receiving the request or demand will immediately notify counsel for the ISO. All reasonable steps will be taken by the Executing Party receiving the request or demand to permit the assertion of all applicable rights and privileges by the ISO, and the Executing Party receiving such request or demand will cooperate with the ISO in the timely assertion of such rights and privileges, including obtaining a protective order where appropriate. Each Executing Party further agrees that if the ISO is not successful in precluding the requesting person or entity from requiring the disclosure of the Confidential Material, it will furnish only that portion of the Confidential Material which is legally required, and will exercise all reasonable efforts to obtain a ruling or reliable assurances that confidential treatment will be afforded the Confidential Material.
- 15. Each Executing Party shall be responsible for any breach of this Confidentiality Agreement by employees, agents, financial advisors, attorneys, consultants, directors or affiliates, and agrees, at its sole cost and expense, to take all commercially reasonable measures (including, without limitation, court proceedings) to prohibit its employees, agents, financial advisors, attorneys, consultants, directors or affiliates from disclosing or using the Confidential Material in any manner not authorized by this Confidentiality Agreement.
- 16. It is understood and agreed that the ISO shall be entitled to seek equitable relief, including injunction and specific performance, as a remedy for any breach or threatened breach of this Confidentiality Agreement by an Executing Party, or any of its employees, agents, financial advisors, attorneys, consultants, directors or affiliates. These remedies will not be deemed to be the exclusive remedies for a violation of the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the ISO, as the case may be, at law or equity. In the event of litigation relating to this Confidentiality Agreement, if a court of competent jurisdiction determines, in a final, non-appealable order, that an Executing Party or any of its representatives has breached this Agreement, then, in addition to any equitable relief granted, such Participant shall be liable and pay to the ISO the reasonable legal fees and disbursements incurred by the ISO in connection with such litigation, including any appeal therefrom.
- 17. This Confidentiality Agreement may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- 18. This Confidentiality Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Each Executing Party irrevocably and unconditionally consents to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of California and the United States of America located in the State of California for any actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or relating to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, and further agrees that service of any process, summons, notice or document by U.S. registered mail to

each Party's address set forth below shall be effective service of process for any action, suit or proceeding brought against a Executing Party in any such court. Each Executing Party irrevocably and unconditionally waives any objection to the laying of venue of any action, suit or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby, in the courts of the State of California or the United States of America located in the State of California, and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum or, provided that service of process has been effected as provided herein or as otherwise provided by law, that said court lacks personal jurisdiction over the Executing Party. Federal entities executing the Confidentiality Agreement are not subject to the laws of the State of California, but are subject to federal law as if transactions covered by this Confidentiality Agreement are fully performed within the State of California.

- 19. The rights and obligations of each Executing Party under this Confidentiality Agreement may not be assigned to any person or entity without the prior written consent of the ISO, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. Subject to the foregoing, this Confidentiality Agreement shall be binding on the respective successors and assigns of the Executing Parties hereto.
- 20. Each Executing Party hereto willingly and freely consents to every provision of this Confidentiality Agreement, and the individual signing on behalf of such Executing Party represents, by signing, that he or she is fully authorized to bind such Executing Party herein.

AGREED:

By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:
On behalf of: The California Independent System Operator Corporation	On behalf of:
151 Blue Ravine Road	
Folsom, California 95630	

NON-DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify my understanding that access to Confidential Material is provided to me pursuant to the terms and restrictions of the Confidentiality Agreement for the California Independent System Operator Corporation GMC Rate Structure Project Stakeholder Process ("Confidentiality Agreement"), dated January 10, 2003, by and between the California Independent System Operator Corporation ("ISO") and the Executing Parties as defined therein, and that I have read and understand the terms of that Confidentiality Agreement. I agree to be bound by the terms of that Confidentiality Agreement. I will not disclose to anyone the contents of Confidential Material, any notes or memoranda, or any other form of information that copies or discloses or is derived from Confidential Material other than in accordance with the Confidentiality Agreement. I acknowledge that a violation of my undertakings in this certificate constitutes a breach of the Confidentiality Agreement.

By (Print):		 -
Title:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Representing:		
Signature:		
Date:		

Discussion of

Functionalization into

ISO Services

January 13, 2003

2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

Ben T. Arikawa

Senior Financial Analyst

(916) 608-5958

CALIFORNIA ISO FERC Accounts

Administrative and Genera Customer Accounts Customer Service Transmission Distribution Production



California Independent System Operator

CALIFORNIA ISO Dilemma

ISO has no Production or Distribution What services does the ISO provide? Function



MID's ISO Functions CALIFORNIA ISO

Resolving Energy Imbalances

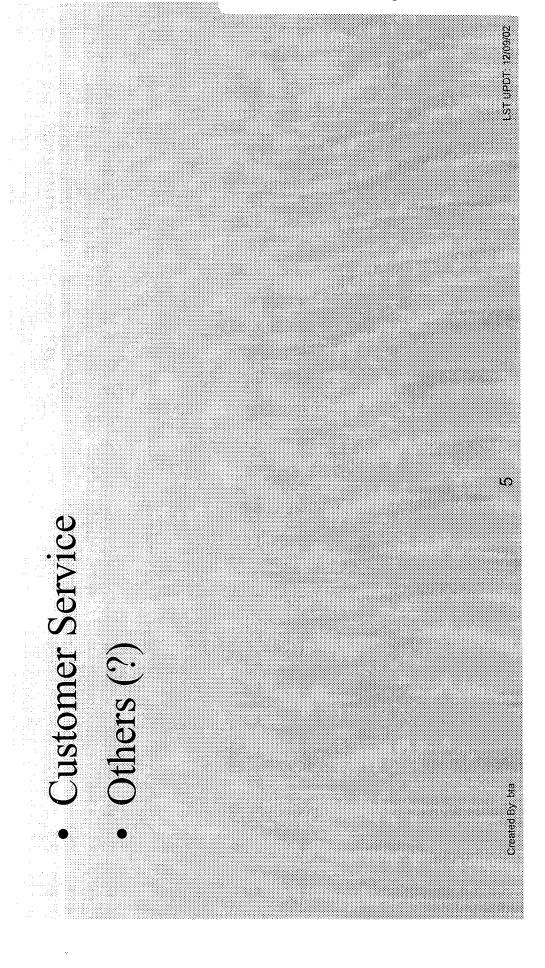
Managing Transmission Flows

Scheduling Generation, Loads and Transmission Facilities

Administering Markets

Created Bv. b

CALIFORNIA ISO Other Functions





Preliminary Listing of Billing Determinant Data, Use and Source (12/17/2002 version)

Completed	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes
Comments	Current billing determinant for Control Area Services.	Not including behind the meter load of QFs and municipals	Use for scheduling charge if created	This is the sum of the maximum demand for each SC during the month coinciding with the ISO peak. For dDevelopment of a demand charge	This is the sum of the maximum demand for each SC during the month not coinciding with the ISO peak plue (for gross) the sum of the connected loads for all behind-the-meter-self-generation leads.—For <u>Dd</u> evelopment of <u>a</u> demand charse
Period	Calendar months, September 2001 – August 2002	see above	see above	see above	see above
Frequency	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly
Data	Gross control area load (energy) plus exports	Net control area load (energy) plus exports	Scheduled load plus exports	Maximum coincident demand, both gross-and net	Maximum non- coincident demand, both gross and-net
	1.	2.	3.	4.	<i>ب</i>

By: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/17/2002

1	Maximum non-	Monthly	see above	For each SC, this is the SC's	Yes
	coincident absolute net			maximum absolute net	
	uninstructed deviation			uninstructed deviation during any	
	(demand)			10-minute interval of the current	
				menth and the preceding-1-1	
				monthsThe net uninstructed	
_				deviation is the absolute value of	
				load deviations from schedules	
				less generation deviations from	
				schedules. Or alternatively, the	
				difference between actual load	
				and actual generation for an SC	
				under the current system of	
				balanced scheduling. For MID	
				proposal	
	Sum of absolute net	Hourly (or	see above	For each SC, this is the sum of the	Yes
	uninstructed deviations	interval?)		SC's absolute net uninstructed	
	(energy)			deviations during each of the 10-	
	(65,000)			minute intervals in that month.	
				For MID proposal	
_	Power withdrawals from	Monthly	see above	For each SC, this is the actual power	Same as #2
_	the ISO-controlled grid	•		that the SC withdraws from the ISO-	
	(energy)			controlled grid. This is actual	
	(6)	-		metered load, not estimated gross	
				load. Equivalent to net control area	
				load plus exports.	

By: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/17/2002

Yes	<u>Yes</u>		
For development of demand charge for market operations. May be the same as 6 above.	For development of energy charge for market real time activity (same as current billing determinant). Original GMC ASREO Bucket May-be-the-sume as-7-above.	For development of customer charge.	For development of FTR administration charge
see above	see above	see above	see above
Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Annual
Sum of each SC's maximum purchases and sales of Ancillary Services, Supplemental Energy, and Imbalance Energy (both instructed and uninstructed). Not to include self provided AS	Total purchases and sales of Ancillary Services, Supplemental Energy, and Imbalance Energy (both instructed and uninstructed). Not to include self provided AS	Number of SCs	FTR MW
.6	10.	11.	12.

By: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/17/2002

															÷	=					
																Yes					
For use in developing a graduated	customer charge if one is desired	SCs can be grouped in to	several groups depending upon	their size (maximum demand	and/or number of transactions).	The information that would be	given out would be aggregated up	to categories—Category A	includes xx SCs, Category B	includes yyy SCs, etc. where we	would define the parameters of	the various categories.	Need definition of transaction.	No current request for this	information.	Hour-Ahead scheduled flows	across zones. Current billing	determinant of interzonal	congestion management (CONG)	rate component.	PG&E may request this later.
see above					-			_								See above					
Monthly	•													-	. :	Monthly	•				
Number of transactions	by SC, which would	include scheduled loads,	purchases/sales of	ancillary services,	supplemental energy,	and imbalance energy,	inquiries, etc. Note: this	information would only	be made available to	stakeholders aggregated	across all SCs. (No party	made a specific request	for this data.)			Interzonal scheduled	flows (HA)				Real time transactions
13.																14					15.

By: Ben Arikawa Last updated: 12/17/2002

Outstanding items from January 13th 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project meeting

- 1. Muni vs. QF behind the meter load for SCE, Bert Hansen
- 2. Cohen's paper on ISO-NE
- 3. Conference call with MID re: Ross Hemphill's memo
- 4. Data not yet compiled (scheduled load, FTR MW[however, defined], number of SCs)
- 5. Location of MD 02 compliance filing
- 6. Send out data
- 7. Send out data response to CPUC
- 8. Jim Price's testimony from 2001 GMC proceeding
- 9. NDA
- 10. Sign in sheet
- 11. Stephen Morrison to check RPTO TCA

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Grid Management Charge Status Report:

January 13, 2003
Market Issues Forum

Ben T. Arikawa
Senior Financial Analyst

barikawa@caiso.com
(916) 608-5958

.

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Topics

- Settlement Agreement in ER02-250-000, et.al. (2002 GMC rate filing, November 2001)
- GMC Information Filing, ER 03-181-000 filed November 2002
- 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

C V

CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

ER 02-250-000 Settlement Agreement

- Filed October 2002
- Settles all issues except for issue related to Southwest Power Link
- http://www2.caiso.com/docs/2002/12/27/2002122713380312422.pdf Accepted by FERC on December 26, 2002
- Refunds with interest due to market on charges for self-provided Ancillary Services in 2002

ER 02-250-000 Settlement Agreement (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

http://www2.caiso.com/docs/2003/01/07/2003010715543726055.pdf ISO filed request for clarification from FERC

Timeline in FERC Letter does not match Settlements timeline ISO requested ability to provide refunds by February 5, 2003

GMC Information Filing ER03-181-000 CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

- informational filing for 2003 GMC and Settlement Agreement allowed an revenue requirement
- Filed at FERC November 8, 2002
- http://www2.caiso.com/docs/2002/12/31/2002123111284820607.pdf FERC Letter accepting 2003 GMC filing (December 31, 2002)

S

2004 GMC Rate Structure CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

Project

- Impetus for Project
- Need for overhaul of GMC structure
- Initial Decision in ER01-313-000
- Settlement in ER02-250-000
- Goal Develop new rate structure for 2004
- Rate structure to be used in Budget process for 2004 starting in June/July 2003

2004 GMC Rate Structure California ISO

California Independent

System Operator

Project (cont.)

- Partial list of topics covered
- Rate design 101
- FERC Staff on Formula Rates
- ISO Activities
- Data requirements for different proposals
- Other ISO rate structures
- Rate design criteria
- Past ISO GMC proceedings

1

2004 GMC Rate Structure Project (cont.) CALIFORNIA ISO

California Independent System Operator

- Participants
- Regulatory agencies CPUC, EOB
- munis represented through Navigant, CDWR - Governmental entities - MID, NCPA, other
- IOUs Sempra, PG&E, SCE
- Others IEP, CAC

V

2004 GMC Rate Structure CALIFORNIA ISO

Project (cont.)

California Independent

System Operator

- Meetings
- October 2002 through January 2003
- Next meeting scheduled for February 19, 2003 possibly in San Francisco
- Meetings planned through May/June 2003
- Everyone is welcome to attend
- Debi Le Vine/Phil Leiber co-leads

Documents available –

http://www.caiso.com/docs/2002/08/02/2002080216283419989.html

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Wednesday, January 15, 2003 1:29 PM

To: GMC WG

Subject: Conference call with MID re: functionalization, cost allocation (note corrected

date)

My apologies, it is Thursday, January 16th at 9:00 AM.

The conference call with MID is scheduled for:

Thursday, January 16, 2003 9:00 - 11:00 AM (PST) call in #: 888-788-6681 passcode: 921065

MID will have Laurence Kirsch, Ross Hemphill, and Jan Pritchard. The ISO will have Phil Leiber, Cathy Yap and me on the call. We will be discussing how the ISO and MID can proceed on the analysis of the MID rate structure proposal.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com



California Independent System Operator

Notes of January 16, 2003 conference with MID to discuss MID concerns in 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

On the conference call, or portions of the call, were:

Laurence Kirsch (MID)

Ross Hemphill (MID)

Jan Pritchard (MID)

Sean Neal (MID)

Mike McGuffin (ISO)

Phil Leiber (ISO)

Karen Shea (CPUC)

Lisa Wolfe (EOB)

Dale Yakin (PG&E)

Mike Peterson (ISO)

John Springer (ISO)

Ben Arikawa (ISO)

Catherine Yap (Barkovich and Yap)

Our discussion began on the topic of the availability of billing determinant data and its release. The ISO did commit to release aggregate billing determinants within the next day. MID specifically requested interval deviation data by SC (masked and a minimum of six months stale), which the ISO committed to supplying within one week subject to the potential need to issue a market notice prior to its release. The initial release would be for 10 months (Sept. 2001 - June 2002).

The next topic was how best to approach the allocation of costs to MID's four functions. MID argued that only the ISO had the knowledge and insight necessary to perform the allocation.

The ISO laid out three options. These were (1) for the ISO to provide all information to MID for MID to do the allocation themselves; (2) for the ISO to provide MID with information and the ISO to assist MID in developing the allocations with a possible all day meeting at the ISO; and, (3) ISO to perform allocation with assistance and clarification from MID. MID preferred option 3. The ISO preferred option 1.

After some discussion, in order to make progress, we decided to exchange and review information and have an additional conference call on Thursday, January 23rd, 9:00 - 11:00 AM to discuss our reviews and plan next steps. MID still believes that option 3 is preferable.

In summary, we agreed to the following:

Created by: Ben Arikawa

- 1. Distribution of 10 months (Sept 2001 June 2002) of interval level deviation data by SC within the next week subject to the need to have a market notice prior to release.
- 2. ISO will provide MID (and the rest of the GMC WG)
 - a. 2000 Operational Audit
 - b. ISO Board version of 2003 Budget document (NDA signature necessary)
 - c. CAM template modified to include MID's four functions (NDA signature necessary)
 - d. job descriptions for personnel in each department

CAISO LSUPDT: 01/16/03

- 3. MID will provide a Statement BA equivalent document part of the FERC documentation in the ISO GMC informational filing) for ISO to clarify what activities fall under each of MID's functions.
- 4. Conference call on Thursday, January 23rd, 9-11 AM to discuss where we are.

Results of conference call with MID re MID proposal 01-16-03.txt

From: JAN PRITCHARD [JanP@MID.ORG]

Sent: Thursday, January 16, 2003 1:33 PM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com; PLeiber@caiso.com; lkirsch@lrca.com;

ross@lrca.com

Subject: Results of conference call with MID re: MID proposal

Ben,

I agree with the substance of your report. However, I have to point out that the three options were "laid out" unilaterally by the ISO. MID

entered the GMC 2004 activity with the clear understanding that the stakeholder process would be conducted under the scenario currently styled by the ISO as "Option 3". I wouldn't want the GMC WG to conclude

from this report that MID's agreement to extend today's discussion constitutes any validation or acceptance of the "Option" concept. I believe it would be best to record the fact that the ISO and MID are not

of one mind with respect to this issue.

Jan

2BBYvx.37000000.9914

>>> "Arikawa, Ben" <BArikawa@caiso.com> 01/16/03 11:56AM >>>
Let me know if this agrees with what you recall before I send it out to
the

entire GMC WG.

On the conference call, or portions of the call, were:

Laurence Kirsch (MID)

Ross Hemphill (MID)

Jan Pritchard (MID)

Sean Neal (MID)

Mike McGuffin (ISO)

Phil Leiber (ISO)

Karen Shea (CPUC)

Lisa Wolfe (EOB)

Make Peterson (ISO)

John Springer (ISO)

Ben Arikawa (ISO)

Catherine Yap (Barkovich and Yap)

Our discussion began on the topic of the availability of billing determinant

data and its release. The ISO did commit to release aggregate billing determinants within the next day. MID specifically requested interval deviation data by SC (masked and a minimum of six months stale), which the

ISO committed to supplying within one week subject to the potential

Results of conference call with MID re MID proposal 01-16-03.txt need to

issue a market notice prior to its release. The initial release would be

for 10 months (Sept. 2001 - June 2002).

The next topic was how best to approach the allocation of costs to MID's

four functions. The options laid out were (1) for the ISO to provide

information to MID for MID to do the allocation themselves; (2) for the

ISO

to provide MID with information and the ISO to assist MID in developin $\ensuremath{\mathtt{g}}$

the

allocations with a possible all day meeting at the ISO; and, (3) ISO to

perform allocation with assistance and clarification from MID. After some

discussion, we decided to exchange and review information and have an additional conference call on Thursday, January 23rd, 9:00 - 11:00 AM to

discuss our review and plan next steps.

In summary, we agreed to the following:

1. distribution of 10 months (Sept 2001 - June 2002) of interval level deviation data by SC within the next week subject to the potential nee d to

have a market notice prior to release.

- 2. ISO will provide MID (and the rest of the GMC WG)
 - a. 2000 Operational Audit
- b. ISO Board version of 2003 Budget document (NDA signature necessary)
- c. CAM template modified to include MID's four functions (NDA signature necessary)
 - d. job descriptions for personnel in each department
- 3. MID will provide a Statement BA equivalent document for ISO to clarify $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +$
- what activities fall under each of MID's functions.
- 4. Conference call on Thursday 9-11 AM to discuss where we are.

Ben Arikawa

Results of conference call with MID re MID proposal 01-16-03.txt Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

RE Results of conference call with MID re MID proposal 01-16-03.txt From: Leiber, Phil

Sent: Thursday, January 16, 2003 4:50 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross; Neal, Sean

Cc: Arikawa, Ben

Subject: RE: Results of conference call with MID re: MID proposal

Jan, Lawrence, Ross, Sean:

Attached please find the modified CAM document referred to in our conference call today.

I have also provided a list of steps and suggestions (as the first tab

in that worksheet) as to how this exercise can proceed. We recognize you have concerns about how the cost allocation should be performed, and we will attempt to work together to resolve them so that you are able to achieve your objectives.

The ISO has sent via FedEx the ISO Board Version of 2003 Budget document, and will also provide the job descriptions in the next day.

This material is being provided subject to the NDA.

Also attached below are references to the ISO's Operational and SAS70 audit reports. While I do not believe reference to these reports is necessary to conduct this allocation exercise (as the ISO Board version

of 2003 Budget document is quite comprehensive), you may find this material useful. These documents are available to the public, and are

posted on the ISO website.

Operations Audit (for 2001....2002 not yet complete)

http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/13/e2/09003a608013e20f.pdf http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/14/0f/09003a6080140f9d.pdf

SAS 70 Report

http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/18/c5/09003a608018c5a3.pdf

Philip Leiber, Treasurer & Director of Financial Planning California ISO (916) 351-2168

RE Results of conference call with MID re MID proposal 01-16-03.txt (916) 351-2259 (fax)

----Original Message----

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Thursday, January 16, 2003 3:35 PM

To: GMC WG

Subject: Results of conference call with MID re: MID proposal

On the conference call, or portions of the call, were:

Laurence Kirsch (MID)

Ross Hemphill (MID)

Jan Pritchard (MID)

Sean Neal (MID)

Mike McGuffin (ISO)

Phil Leiber (ISO)

Karen Shea (CPUC)

Lisa Wolfe (EOB)

Dale Yakin (PG&E)

Mike Peterson (ISO)

John Springer (ISO)

Ben Arikawa (ISO)

Catherine Yap (Barkovich and Yap)

Our discussion began on the topic of the availability of billing determinant data and its release. The ISO did commit to release aggregate billing determinants within the next day. MID specifically requested interval deviation data by SC (masked and a minimum of six months stale), which the ISO committed to supplying within one week subject to the potential need to issue a market notice prior to its release. The initial release would be for 10 months (Sept. 2001 - Jun e 2002).

The next topic was how best to approach the allocation of costs to MID's four functions. MID argued that only the ISO had the knowledge and insight necessary to perform the allocation.

The ISO laid out three options. These were (1) for the ISO to provide

all information to MID for MID to do the allocation themselves; (2) for

the ISO to provide MID with information and the ISO to assist MID in developing the allocations with a possible all day meeting at the ISO;

and, (3) ISO to perform allocation with assistance and clarification

RE Results of conference call with MID re MID proposal 01-16-03.txt from MID. MID preferred option 3. The ISO preferred option 1.

After some discussion, in order to make progress, we decided to exchange and review information and have an additional conference call

on Thursday, January 23rd, 9:00 - 11:00 AM to discuss our reviews and plan next steps. MID still believes that option 3 is preferable.

In summary, we agreed to the following:

- 1. distribution of 10 months (Sept 2001 June 2002) of interval level deviation data by SC within the next week subject to the need to have a market notice prior to release.
- 2. ISO will provide MID (and the rest of the GMC WG)
 - a. 2000 Operational Audit
- b. ISO Board version of 2003 Budget document (NDA signature necessary)
- c. CAM template modified to include MID's four functions (NDA signature necessary)
 - d. job descriptions for personnel in each department
- 3. MID will provide a Statement BA equivalent document part of the FER C documentation in the ISO GMC informational filing) for ISO to clarify what activities fall under each of MID's functions.
- 4. Conference call on Thursday, January 23rd, 9-11 AM to discuss where we are.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

Need for market notice for data release 01-16-03.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Thursday, January 16, 2003 3:38 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross

Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen

Subject: Need for market notice for data release

Jan,

A market notice will be required prior to the release of the SC specific data (masked and "stale"). We will be working on getting tha t out tomorrow, asking for protests within 5 business days which puts us

on track to release the data late Thursday or Friday of next week.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

From:

CRCommunications

Sent:

Thursday, January 16, 2003 5:12 PM

To:

ISO Market Participants

Cc:

Morrison, Stephen; Leiber, Phil; Arikawa, Ben; McGuffin, Mike

Subject:

CAISO Notice - SC Data Release - ISO 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

MARKET NOTICE

January 16, 2003

Market Participants and Scheduling Coordinators:

ISO 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project SC Data Release

The California ISO was directed by FERC (Initial Decision of Hon. Bobbie J. McCartney ALJ in Docket ER01-313-000 etc.) to undertake a comprehensive review of its GMC rate structure during the course of 2003. That project must permit effective stakeholder participation, including stakeholder testing of alternative methods of rate design. To facilitate that the ISO has been asked to release certain SC related data to specified stakeholders. The data in question is deviation data by SC, by 10 minute interval starting September 2001.

To the extent that this request seeks information that is confidential under ISO Tariff Section 20.3.2., the ISO has required confidential treatment for such information. Any stakeholder acquiring access to such data must first have executed the ISO's Confidentiality Agreement for this Project. In addition the ISO has removed all means of identifying specific SCs. Finally, the ISO does not currently intend to release any data for this Project until six months after the passage of the Trade Dates in question.

Therefore, given the foregoing safeguards, the ISO plans to produce appropriate materials at the close of business January 23, 2003, unless the ISO receives a court or other appropriate order that prohibits disclosure. If you have any questions, please contact ISO Corporate Counsel, Stephen Morrison, at smorrison@caiso.com

Client Relations Communications.1002
<u>CRCommunications@caiso.com < mailto:CRCommunications@caiso.com </p></u>

Agenda 01-21-03.txt

From: JAN PRITCHARD [JanP@MID.ORG]

Sent: Tuesday, January 21, 2003 3:58 PM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com

Cc: SMN@dwgp.com
Subject: Agenda

Ben,

We will go with the ISO's agenda for Tursday.

Jan

2BBYvx.37000000.9914

Agenda for tomorrow's MIDCAISO call 01-22-03.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Wednesday, January 22, 2003 11:52 AM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Hemphill, Ross; Kirsch, Laurence

Cc: Leiber, Phil

Subject: Agenda for tomorrow's MID/CAISO call

Jan,

I'm sorry, I forgot to send this out to you this morning. Ross and I discussed it this morning and I made some modifications. I will send this out after lunch, possibly about 1:30 along with your statement BA \cdot

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

Agenda MID/CAISO conference call 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project Thursday, January 23, 2003 9:00 – 11:00 AM Call in number: 888-788-6681

Pass code: 921065

- 1. Status of Uninstructed Deviation data
- 2. MID Statement BA
- 3. ISO documents provided
 - a. 2001 Operational Audit
 - b. 2002 SAS 70
 - c. Board Budget Book
- 4. How to proceed with cost allocation
 - a. MID
 - b. ISO
- 5. Next steps



Laurits R Christensen Associates, Inc. 4610 University Avenue, Suite 700 Madison, Wisconsin 53705-2164

Voice 608.231.2266 Fax 608.231.2108

TO:

Ben Arikawa

FROM:

Ross Hemphill & Laurence Kirsch

DATE:

1/21/03

SUBJECT:

Wholesale Customer Rate Functions

As agreed during last week's conference call, we have prepared our own version of Statement BA. This is attached hereto. While we expect that our description of the functions is at least 95% accurate, we are aware that further information from the ISO about its operations and accounting may induce us to refine some details; so we have labeled this Statement BA as a "draft."

We look forward to speaking with you again this Thursday.

Statement BA-MID

Exh. No. ISO-151, Page 2 of 3

Wholesale Customer Rate Functions

Resolving Energy Imbalances

This category includes the costs of all of those activities that the ISO performs, in advance and near real time, that are oriented toward assuring that the power system manages, at every instant in time, to have resources almost exactly equal to loads (including losses). Advance activities include: performing operation studies; conducting system security analyses; conducting system planning studies; and determining and enforcing regulation and reserve requirements. Near real-time activities include: integrating ISO operations with those of other control areas; coordinating facility outages; scheduling and dispatching generation, imports, exports, and wheeling; and settlement, billing, and metering costs. This category does *not* include the market-making activities that the ISO performs to allow market participants to resolve their own imbalances before real-time.

Relative to the ISO's Statement BA, this category includes that portion of the Control Area Services costs that are related to resolving energy imbalances, plus that portion of Market Operations / ASREO costs that are related to arranging trades in real time.

Managing Transmission Flows

This category includes the costs of all of those activities that the ISO performs, in advance and near real time, that are oriented toward assuring that transmission flows do not exceed transmission capabilities. Advance activities include: performing operation studies; conducting system security analyses; fostering transmission maintenance standards; conducting system planning studies; and planning transmission. Near real-time activities include: integrating ISO operations with those of other control areas; coordinating facility outages; and scheduling and dispatching generation, imports, exports, and wheeling. Costs that are not related to the other three functions shall be deemed to fall within the Managing Transmission Flows function.

Relative to the ISO's Statement BA, this category includes all Congestion Management costs, plus that portion of the Control Area Services costs that are related to managing transmission flows.

Scheduling Generators, Loads, and Transmission Facilities

This category includes the incremental costs that the ISO incurs whenever SCs change their schedules. These incremental costs include the capital, labor, and operations costs of having facilities and staff available to provide this service.

1/21/03

¹ Settlement, billing, and metering costs can split between the Resolving Energy Imbalances function and the Administering Markets function in proportion to their relative transactions volumes.

Relative to the ISO's Statement BA, this category includes all that portion of the Control Area Services costs that are related to scheduling.

Administering Markets

This category includes all costs of market-making activities. These activities are those that allow market participants to enter voluntary energy or ancillary services trades with one another in advance of real time. In principle, equivalent trading services could be provided by independent brokers; except that the ISO, like a stock exchange, needs to also provide the market monitoring services required to assure the market's integrity. Consequently, the costs of administering markets are those of having the hardware, software, communications, and personnel systems required to support trades in advance of real time, including settlement, billing, and metering costs.

Relative to the ISO's Statement BA, this category includes those Market Operations / ASREO costs that are related to making markets in energy and ancillary service in advance of real time. They do not include the costs of implementing or administering real-time trades.

Mapping of ISO Rate Groups to MID Functions

The following matrix shows how the ISO rate groups are related to the functions described in this Statement:

	ТО								
FROM	Resolving Energy Imbalances	Managing Transmission Flows	Scheduling	Administering Markets					
Control Area Services	✓	✓	✓						
Congestion Management		✓		_					
Market Operations / ASREO	✓			✓					



Exh. No. ISO- 152, Page 1 of 2

Notes from 9:00 – 11:00 AM January 23, 2003 GMC conference call with MID and other parties.

On the conference call, or portions of the call, were:

Laurence Kirsch (MID) Karen Shea (CPUC) Lisa Wolfe (EOB) Ross Hemphill (MID) Dale Yakin (PG&E) Jan Pritchard (MID) Sean Neal (MID) Mike Peterson (ISO) Mike McGuffin (ISO) John Springer (ISO) Ben Arikawa (ISO) Phil Leiber (ISO) Catherine Yap (Barkovich and Yap) Stephen Morrison (ISO) David Timson (ISO) Patrick Alessandri (EOB) Judy Nickel (ISO)

The first item discussed was the status of the deviation data that MID requested. The data has been compiled into a Microsoft Access database. The ISO will create CDs with this database and distribute the CDs on Friday subject to the lack of objections from any market participant. As of this morning, no party had notified the ISO of any objections. This data will be sent only to parties that have executed the Confidentiality Agreement, signed and faxed in the Non-Disclosure Agreement and have requested the data. On the call, PG&E and the EOB requested copies of the data.

PG&E asked some clarifying questions about the four functions proposed by MID. A significant portion of the discussion concerned defining the "Scheduling Generation, Load and Transmission Facilities" function. MID initially proposed that this function should only be for incremental schedule changes, not for the bulk of scheduling. After some discussion, it was agreed that defining this function and developing billing determinant data for this function should take a lower priority relative to the other functions.

The discussion turned to the descriptions of functions provided by MID. There was agreement that the descriptions assisted all in understanding MID's proposal, but that there would be some areas in which judgment would be needed in order to make assignments of cost centers. MID agreed to make the "first cut" assignment of cost centers to their functions using the modified Cost Allocation Matrix that the ISO had sent out. The ISO agreed to provide MID with access to two staff members with knowledge of Grid Operations to assist MID in making the "first cut" assignments.

MID pointed out that there might be some errors in the formulas contained in the modified Cost Allocation Matrix. They pointed out that a quick test indicated that less

LSUPDT: 01/28/02

than 100% of the costs were allocated (accounted for) once all assignments were made. The ISO agreed that errors were possible and that they would be fixed.

MID asked if all available data had been given to them. The ISO replied that it had, except for current information on job descriptions, which are considered highly confidential and could not be released at this time.

A follow-up conference call was scheduled for Thursday, January 30, 2003 at 9:30.

ISO Resources for Cost Allocation Exercise 01-23-03.txt

From: Leiber, Phil

Sent: Thursday, January 23, 2003 4:32 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Hemphill, Ross; Kirsch, Laurence; Neal, Sean

Cc: Arikawa, Ben; Hawkins, David (CAISO); Lyon, Deane Subject: ISO Resources for Cost Allocation Exercise

As discussed in today's call, we have identified resources who will be

available to help in the assessment of how ISO costs can be assigned to

the MID proposed service categories.

Those resources are:

David Hawkins Manager, Special Projects Engineering (Operations) Tel. (916) 351-4465

Deane Lyon Director, Operations Support & Training

Tel. (916) 351-2428

Their schedules over the next several days:

David Hawkins

Monday, Jan. 27 Out of the Office Tuesday, Jan. 28 Out of the Office Wednesday, Jan 29. In the Office but unavailable from 10am to 1 PM Thursday, Jan 30. In the Office but unavailable from 10am to Noon Friday, Jan 31. Out of the Office Monday- Thursday Feb. 3-6th - In the Office and Available Friday Feb. 7th Out of the office

Deane Lyon

Monday, Jan. 27 Busy 10-11, possibly available at other times during the day

Tuesday, Jan. 28 Likely available after 11am

Wednesday, Jan. 29 Busy 8-9, 3-5

Thursday, Jan. 30 Busy 8-5

Friday, Jan. 31 Available

Monday, Feb. 3 Available

Deane and David are knowledgable about the ISO's overall operations, the current GMC rate structure, and have been provided with the MID proposed service category descriptions. We have discussed this effort

ISO Resources for Cost Allocation Exercise 01-23-03.txt

with Deane and David, and mentioned that the materials we provided to MID should be permit MID to make significant progress in the cost allocations, but that they, as ISO resources will need to help where additional clarity is required.

You are also welcome to contact either Ben or myself at any time. If you have trouble getting through to either of David or Deane (as of course they have ongoing responsilities and other "emergencies" may arise), we will involve other ISO operations staff as necessary.

Philip Leiber, Treasurer & Director of Financial Planning California ISO

(916) 351-2168

(916) 351-2259 (fax)

FW MID conference call notes 01-24-03 .txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Friday, January 24, 2003 10:56 AM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Hemphill, Ross; Kirsch, Laurence

Subject: FW: MID conference call notes

Please review the notes I have written. If you see anything inaccurat e or if I have left anything out, let me know before noon Monday.

Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

Edits to 123 Meeting Notes 01-27-03.txt

From: lkirsch@svn.net

Sent: Monday, January 27, 2003 11:02 AM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; smn@dwgp.com; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Edits to 1/23 Meeting Notes

Ben:

Attached please find our tracked markup of your meeting notes. We have just a few edits.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

 RE Preliminary Functional Assignments 01-29-03.txt

From: lkirsch@svn.net

Sent: Wednesday, January 29, 2003 9:31 AM

To: Arikawa, Ben; Pritchard, Jan; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: RE: Preliminary Functional Assignments

Ben:

You are welcome to do so.

Laurence

On 29 Jan 2003, at 8:29, Arikawa, Ben wrote:

Do you mind if I share this with the rest of the participants?

----Original Message----

From: lkirsch@svn.net [mailto:lkirsch@svn.net]

Sent: Tuesday, January 28, 2003 8:34 PM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Preliminary Functional Assignments

Ben:

Attached please find a memorandum to you plus an accompanying spreadsheet.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM vo, by 10 minute interv fax: (415) 663-8818



2004 GMC Rate Structure Project, a Stakeholder Process

Business Opportunity/Problem: [State the problem(s) the project will address in business terms. State the problem's impact to the business including the effects and costs (tangible, where possible]

The California ISO ("ISO") needs to recover its start-up, capital, and operation and maintenance costs (collectively referred to as ISO costs or revenue requirement) through the Grid Management Charge ("GMC"). The ISO believes that a complete reassessment of the GMC Rate Structure¹ is warranted at this time given past experiences with GMC ratemaking, and anticipated future changes. The Initial Decision by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") Administrative Law Judge in the 2001 GMC proceeding directed the ISO "to undertake a comprehensive stakeholder review for the purpose of re-evaluation of the GMC structure in 2003" and "the ISO is directed to make a Section 205 filling upon completion of that re-evaluation process in 2003."²

An added challenge is the fact that the ISO is making significant changes to the current market design over the period of the MD02 effort ³(potentially extending from 2002-2006). The existing GMC rate structure needs to be re-evaluated to address stakeholder concerns in preparation of the 2004 GMC Rate setting process in the fall of 2003. Significant challenges in evaluating appropriate changes will be the lack of clarity regarding timing and composition of the MD02⁴ and FERC Standard Market Design elements⁵, and lack of data related to the effect of these changes on potential billing determinant volumes and costs.. Parties recognize that future changes to the GMC may be appropriate outside the scope of this effort.

Goals/Objectives:

Primary Goals/Objectives: [List in business terms the project's primary purpose and the high level results expected from its completion]

The primary goal of the 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project is through a stakeholder process develop and implement a GMC rate methodology that best supports the new and still

¹ Rate Structure includes: determination of services provided (current and future), accumulation of overall costs, cost allocation, rate design (including billing determinants). While not the primary focus of this group, the overall level of ISO costs (also referred to as the ISO revenue requirement) is of concern to ISO stakeholders, and consideration of a mechanism to adequately address this issue prospectively may be necessary.

² The intention of the direction is to work during 2003 for implementation of a new GMC structure in 2004.

³ MD02 is being funded through the currently existing rate structure/budgets.

⁴ Since the inception of this 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project, the timeline for MD02 has been delayed, with Phase II and III originally targeted for 2003, now scheduled for mid-2004. Given the uncertainty as to the ultimate composition and timing of specific elements of MD02, some participants in this process believe it may be prudent to limit major changes to the current GMC structure and to reconsider such changes in the future. However, as no consensus exists on this point, the Project will proceed without a limitation on the scope of potential changes due to this issue, recognizing that this can be revisited at any time.

⁵ The FERC SMD NOPR was issued in July 2002. A summary of key dates related to SMD is located at: http://www.ferc.gov/Electric/rto/Mrkt-Strct-comments/nopr/smd-key-dates.pdf The California ISO plans to submit "Reply Comments" by a February 17, 2003 deadline. A FERC whitepaper on SMD is scheduled for release in April 2003, and a Final Rule is to be published in Summer 2003, As of January 2003, there is some speculation that this will be delayed due to opposition from various quarters.

changing market design in a way that achieves equity between Market Participants and provides for the collection of the ISO's costs.

The objectives of this effort are to:

- Develop a rate structure that meets the FERC "just and reasonable" standard, and appropriately allocates ISO costs among the ISO's users.
- Develop a rate structure based on the principle of cost causation which charges customers for the cost of services that they use/cause;
- Design a rate structure that is easy to administer (including reasonably cost effective, and benefits of change should outweigh the costs) and understandable;
- Develop a rate structure that does not result in unmanageable adverse operational impacts;
- Develop a rate structure that is arrived at through an open and balanced stakeholder process;
- Recover approved ISO costs in a stable, low risk manner without excess volatility;
- Have the new rate structure filed with FERC by November 1, 2003, so that it can be effective January 1, 2004, and
- Meet the terms of the 2002 GMC Settlement Agreement, which set forth issues to be covered in this 2004 GMC Stakeholder Process.

Benefits: [List the key advantages of accomplishing the project. State in terms of tangible savings, wherever possible]

Advantages of accomplishing this project include:

- Responding to the FERC Administrative Law Judge's 2001 GMC Initial Decision.
- A periodic review of the appropriateness of the ISO GMC structure.

From the ISO's perspective, additional advantages of accomplishing this project include:

- Development of better working relationships with Market Participants.
- Potential for reduced litigation at FERC related to future GMC filings.
- Possible better alignment of operational incentives with financial incentives affecting both the ISO and market participants.

Scope: [Describe the boundaries of the project in terms of what it includes and what it does not include]

Develop GMC rate structure to be effective January 1, 2004 that considers and evaluates various rate methodologies/structures, including but not limited to, the one currently in use, and the applicability of each proposal to the needs of impacted parties, including Market Participants and the ISO.

This effort will actively seek stakeholder participation in the development of the recommended solution. Feedback regarding disposition of all participation, including proposal status and comment review will be provided to all participants.

This effort will produce recommendation(s) that are given to the ISO. The ISO will set forth such recommendation(s) in the memorandum to the Board of Governors. The ISO Board of Governors will determine the 2004 GMC rate methodology to be filed by the ISO with FERC.

Excluded from the scope of this effort are issues related to the level or composition of the ISO budgets. However, ISO spending on various elements of the ISO's changing responsibilities related to MD02 and/or SMD may be considered as appropriate in the consideration of rate structure. Stakeholders recognize that integration of the ISO budget process and the rate structure is necessary to arrive at a November 1, 2003 filing that incorporates these elements.

Product Deliverables: [The major elements of work that will be completed on the project. The set of specific, measurable, tangible, verifiable results expected from the completion of the project]

- A project charter agreed to by all participants.
- Proposals from the Market Participants and the ISO regarding rate design options.
- A tool showing potential rates to aid in analysis of overall rate design proposals, and to permit consideration of GMC charges for various scheduling coordinators.
- A preliminary Cost Allocation Matrix to set forth costs for various potential ISO service categories.
- A rate design proposal for ISO Governing Board approval.



Constraints: [List the factors that limit the project team's options (schedule, cost or scope/quality). Indicate which is the driving factor for the project; i.e. a predefined budget constrains scope and staffing]

- Project due date is constrained by the FERC rate filing schedule (outside project control).
- Lack of clarity regarding ultimate MD02/SMD timeline and elements.
- Lack of data on the future effect of MD02/SMD market rules.
- Historical data on potential billing determinants and the level of granularity of cost/accounting records
- Finite team resources limit exploration and analysis of alternatives.

Risks: [State the major exposures to possible delay, or failure in meeting the stated goals/objectives of the project]

- 1. Time constraints of all parties due to the changes in market structure both by the ISO's MD02 and FERC's Standard Market Design Notice Of Proposed Rulemaking.
- 2. Inability to reach consensus on a rate design could result in extended litigation at FERC.
- 3. Lack of data regarding the effect of MD02 market changes and timing issues of MD02 could result in the adoption of a rate design that has significantly different impacts than anticipated.
- 4. Market instability due to regulatory risk and the potential for creditworthiness issues could divert team attention from this effort.

ISO Project Leads:

Debi Le Vine, Contracts;

Phil Leiber, Finance

ISO Team Members:

Jan Addy, Project Office;

Ben Arikawa, Finance;

Mike Epstein, Finance;

Don Fuller, Settlements;

Deane Lyon, OSAT;

Kevin Graves, Ops, Eng & Maintenance;

Mike McGuffin, Settlements; Mike Peterson, OSAT;

Stephen Morrison, Legal & Regulatory;

David Withrow, Policy Office;

Kyle Hoffman, Client Relations

ISO Project Executive Sponsor:

Bill Regan, CFO;



Project Milestones: [If possible, list the key accomplishment points, required approvals, set dates.]

1. Process Kickoff with Stakeholders

August 29, 2002

- 2. Develop and approve Project Charter
- 3. Develop and approve evaluation criteria for proposals
- 4. Proposals due from Market Participants and ISO
- 5. Proposal evaluation
- 6. Develop recommended solution
- 7. ISO provide update to MIF during process
- 8. ISO present to ISO Governing Board

May, 2003

See following page for more detailed list of requirements

Project Completion Steps

January

- · Finalize list of ISO groupings of activities
- Distribute aggregate billing determinant data for use in proposal development

February

- Meeting on February 19:
 - o Stakeholders present initial conceptual proposals
 - o ISO presents its initial conceptual proposal

March

- ISO completes indicative/preliminary allocation of 2003 costs to groupings of activities list
- Proposal evaluation
- · ISO/Stakeholders present refined proposals with cost/billing determinant data
- Communicate status through MIF

April

- Proposal evaluation
- · Customer impact analysis
- Development of consensus proposal?
- Communicate status through MIF

<u>May</u>

Present design to ISO governing board for approval

<u>June</u>

Implementation of rate structure for use in 2004 budget development

<u>July</u>

ISO Budgeting Commences

October

Board approval of ISO 2004 budget

November

File rate structure and budget/rate proposal at FERC

.

rmation supporting cost allocations of bond funded capital expenditures 01-28-03

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Tuesday, January 28, 2003 4:51 PM

To: Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross; Pritchard, Jan Cc: Leiber, Phil; Cogdill, Jan; Morrison, Stephen

Subject: Information supporting cost allocations of bond funded capita

1.

expenditures

Ross and Laurence:

Attached are some supporting documents for the allocation of bond funded capital expenditures. There is a Word document with the descriptions of the various systems. The "Capital2 without capital detail" spreadsheet has additional descriptions of systems. The "2003Capi without 2003 detail" spreadsheet contains more detail about capital expenditures for the year 2000 bonds.

If you have additional questions, please contact either Jan Cogdill (916.351.2302) or Phil Leiber (916.351.2168).

Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com



Exh. No. ISO-158, Page 1 of 2

Memorandum

To:

Participants in 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project

From:

Ben T. Arikawa, Senior Financial Analyst

Date:

January 29, 2003

Re:

Conference call information and other 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project related items

This memorandum contains information about the next conference call, the next 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project meeting, the charter for the 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project and data availability.

Thursday, January 30, Conference Call information

Conference call information for tomorrow's conference call is:

Thursday, January 30, 2003 9:30-11:00 AM Call in # 1-888-788-6681 Pass code 921065

The tentative agenda is:

- MID (Kirsch & Hemphill) describe the assignment process and input thus far.
- ISO questions regarding assignment process.
- Discuss questions raised in MID (Kirsch & Hemphill) memo accompanying spreadsheet.
- Discuss additional information needs and action plan for meeting these needs.
- Next Steps

Attached to the e-mail distributing this memorandum are the documents prepared by Ross Hemphill and Laurence Kirsch of Christensen Associates.

Also, in response to MID's request for more information concerning the assignment of bond costs to functions, the ISO sent three documents to MID. These are a Word document with the descriptions of the various ISO systems, a spreadsheet, "*Capital2 without capital detail*," that has additional descriptions of some ISO systems and a spreadsheet, "*2003Capi without 2003 detail*," that contains more detail about capital expenditures for the year 2000 bonds. The first two items are attached to the e-mail message. The third item will be send on request to those parties that have signed the Confidentiality Agreement and Non-Disclosure Certificate.

Wednesday, February 19, 2003 GMC meeting information

Exh. No. ISO- 158, Page 2 of 2

PG&E has graciously offered to host the next meeting on February 19, 2003 in San Francisco. A notice concerning the reservation of parking in PG&E's parking facility was sent out on January 23, 2003. A copy of that notice is attached to the e-mail message, which is being used to distribute this memorandum. Parking spaces are still available. Please contact Michelle Gamble (mgamble@caiso.com) to request a space reservation.

Prior to the meeting, we will send out more detailed meeting information, including the call in number and a proposed agenda, to the GMC WG distribution list as well as market participants.

2004 GMC Rate Structure Project Charter

An updated charter is attached to the e-mail message. If you have comments or questions, please contact Phil Leiber, (916) 351-2168.

Distribution of aggregated billing determinant data

A complete set of the aggregated data should be available by Friday, January 31 and will be sent to all those participants on the GMC WG distribution list. This data will include the estimated QF and municipal behind the meter load used in the calculation of gross control area load (energy).

Deviation data prepared for MID

The MID deviation data is available for those that have signed the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Disclosure Certificate. As of today, the EOB, CAC, and PG&E have requested the CD. If you wish to have a copy of the data, please e-mail me with your street address and telephone number so that we can send this information to you by Federal Express.

Preliminary assignment of SCs to customer classes

For the purpose of determining customer impacts, we have begun to assign SC IDs to the following customer categories:

- IOU
- Governmental entity
- Generator
- Marketer/Broker or Other.

This assignment is not yet complete, but will be distributed to the GMC WG distribution list, possibly within the next week.

If you have any questions about any of the information contained in this memorandum or about the process, please do not hesitate to contact me by phone, (916) 608-5958, or e-mail at barikawa@caiso.com.

RE Preliminary Functional Assignments 01-29-03.txt

From: lkirsch@svn.net

Sent: Wednesday, January 29, 2003 9:31 AM

To: Arikawa, Ben; Pritchard, Jan; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: RE: Preliminary Functional Assignments

Ben:

You are welcome to do so.

Laurence

On 29 Jan 2003, at 8:29, Arikawa, Ben wrote:

Do you mind if I share this with the rest of the participants?

----Original Message----

From: lkirsch@svn.net [mailto:lkirsch@svn.net]

Sent: Tuesday, January 28, 2003 8:34 PM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Preliminary Functional Assignments

Ben:

Attached please find a memorandum to you plus an accompanying spreadsheet.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Please visit our website at WWW.LRCA.COM

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Agenda for 130 Conference Call 01-29-03.txt

MessageFrom: Ross Hemphill [rchemphill@lrc re□□i

Sent: Wednesday, January 29, 2003 12:14 PM

To: Arikawa, Ben

Cc: Jan Pritchard; Laurence Kirsch

Subject: Agenda for 1/30 Conference Call

Ben,

If I could amend Laurence's earlier e-mail, I suggest the following agenda:

- 1.. MID (Kirsch & Hemphill) describe the assignment process and input thus far.
 - 2.. ISO questions regarding assignment process.
- 3.. Discuss questions raised in MID (Kirsch & Hemphill) memo accompanying spreadsheet.
 - 4.. Discuss additional information needs and action plan for meeting

these needs.

5.. Next Steps Thanks,

Ross

Ross C. Hemphill, Ph.D.

Vice President

Christensen Associates

Tel: 608-231-2266 (Ext. 168)

Cell: 608-712-7513

Website: http://www.LRCA.com

Available Hours for Kirsch Hemphill 01-30-03.txt

MessageFrom: Ross Hemphill [rchemphill@lrca.com]

Sent: Thursday, January 30, 2003 11:47 AM

To: Arikawa, Ben

Cc: Jan Pritchard; Laurence Kirsch

ubject: Available Hours for Kirsch & Hemphill

Ben,

Attached is a table with available times for Laurence Kirsch and me. As you can see, we are pretty flexible during the next week and a half

Ross

Ross C. Hemphill, Ph.D.

Vice President

Christensen Associates

Tel: 608-231-2266 (Ext. 168)

Cell: 608-712-7513

Website: http://www.LRCA.com

2004 GMC Project conference call re MID rate proposal.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Friday, January 24, 2003 9:35 AM

To: GMC WG

Subject: 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project conference call re: MID rate

proposal

2004 GMC Rate Structure Project Conference Call Subject: Follow up discussion with MID on MID proposal Thursday, January 30, 2003 9:30-11:00 AM Call in # 1-888-788-6681

Call III # 1-000-700-

Pass code 921065

The purpose of the conference call is to discuss MID progress on development of its proposal and whether additional ISO assistance is required. Other topics may also be discussed.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com



Laurits R Christensen Associates, Inc. 4610 University Avenue, Suite 700 Madison, Wisconsin 53705-2164

Voice 608.231.2266 Fax 608.231.2108

TO: Ben Arikawa

FROM: Ross Hemphill & Laurence Kirsch

DATE: 1/28/03

SUBJECT: Preliminary Functional Assignments

We have performed a first-cut functional assignment of the cost categories that were shaded red or yellow in the file "2003 Cost Allocation Matrix- Appendix C-MID.xls" that Phil Leiber sent to us last week. Our assignment appears in the attached spreadsheet "Assignments 030128.xls."

We emphasize that our functional cost assignment is not a proposal or recommendation, by either us or MID, but is instead a starting point for discussion. Because we have made this assignment on the basis of a couple of paragraphs of ISO text explaining each of the cost categories, we understand that our information is incomplete, to say the least. We hope that our assignment will serve as a catalyst for the ISO providing additional information – through conversation, for example – that will allow greater accuracy.

Some Principles

In the "Comments" column of our spreadsheet, we have expressed, in rather few words, some principles by which further iterations may become more accurate. Specifically, where it appears to us that the cost assignments of several items might have a similar basis, we have preceded the comment with a bracketed number that is shared by the similar items. These bracketed numbers have the following approximate meanings:

[1] This item assures power balance and manages flows. We have used this split when descriptions clearly indicate a balancing component. For this exercise, we have used a 2:3 cost ratio.

- [2] This item mainly manages flows but also assures power balance. We have used this split when we presume there is a balancing component although it is not explicit in the descriptions. For this exercise, we have used a 1:4 cost ratio.
- [3] This item involves settlements. The assignment should be apportioned based on the volumes traded in the real-time imbalance market relative to the advance markets. Because we do not yet have real-time imbalance market data, for this exercise we have presumed a 2:3 ratio of real-time imbalance market volumes to advance market volumes.¹
- [4] This item should be apportioned based on the relative volumes of business for each of the functions. Though in principle it would be best to measure volumes in terms of dollar values, the practical approach is to use MWh volumes. Data already available to us indicate that transmission flow volumes are roughly five times market transactions volumes (excluding the real-time imbalance market). For this exercise, we have used a cost ratio that depends on this 5:1 ratio and the 2:3 ratio mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Some Administering Markets cells are highlighted yellow where some portion of an item appears to be assignable to this function, though the main split is between the other two functions. For example, split [2] is usually 20% to Resolving Imbalances and 80% to Managing Transmission Flows. For item #1542 (Outage Coordination), 10% is assigned to Administering Markets because of the mention of market monitoring as part of this item; so the remaining 90% of the cost is assigned on a 20%/80% basis (implying 18% and 72%) in accordance with split [2].

We have not made assignments for items without department numbers because we have no written information about what these items are.

What We Want to Know

There are two big categories of things that we would like to know.

First, for the four splits listed above, what are the most accurate splits we can achieve within our time and other constraints? The good news is that the most important split is [4] because it accounts for about half of the costs we have examined; and it also happens to be the split for which an objective basis is most readily available. Split [3] can be performed on a similarly objective basis. Getting splits [1] and [2] right will be harder, which brings us to the second category.

The second category concerns how the ISO managers responsible for each cost center see the appropriate assignments. For the larger dollar items, it is important to get managers to estimate the portions of their budgets that are spent Resolving Imbalances and Administering Markets. (The remainder can be assigned to Managing Transmission Flows.)

Thanks again for your help. We look forward to speaking with you on Thursday.

¹ We understand that such data have been sent to us, so we should be able to refine the ratios by next week.

	Percent Allocation	uo
OSI	Man	Admin
Dept # Operating Costs	Imb Flow GL&T	T Mkts Comments
Operations - Direct (
1	100	transmission planning only
Ī.	18 72	10 [2] gen outage coord'n assures power balance, inspections are for market monitoring
		[2] partity concerned with generation adequacy
1		[1] partly to assure balance, partly to manage flows
Π	40 60	[1] partly to assure balance, partly to manage flows
	20 80	[2] presumably this has a balancing element
1554 Special Projects Engineering	19 76	5 [2] includes generation planning, minor assistance in market development
1555 Operations Support Group	36 54	10 [1] partly to assure balance and to manage flows, minor assistance in market developmt
T	100	transmission planning only
		[2] presumably this has a balancing element
		[2] presumably this has a balancing element
T	20 80	[2] presumably this has a balancing element
Т	36 54	10 [1] partiy to help market monitoring
1		[2] this seems to have a minor balancing element
		10 [1] partly to assure balance, partly to manage flows; presume a small market component
1	100	transmission planning only
T	19 76	5 [2] partly to assure balance, presume a small market component
1		[2] presumably this has a balancing element
	32 48	20 [1] partly to assure balance, partly to manage flows; a small market component
		[1] partly to assure balance, partly to manage flows
	40	60 (3) settlements: should be related to market volumes
Ţ	100	the purpose of RMR is to manage congestion
T	40	60 (3) settlements: should be related to market volumes
	40	60 [3] settlements: should be related to market volumes
	100	no indication of balancing or market functions
1741 Client Relations	10 75	
	40	
1753 Market Engineering	40	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$
Г	40	
1756 Market Quality - General	40	ഇ
-	40	60 [3] should be related to market volumes
1400 Information Services - Direct Costs		
1424 Asset Management		4
_		15 4 should be allocated in proportion to relative Volumes of the overall business
	40 60	1 1 partity to assure balance, partity to manage flows
T.		
140/ Settlement Systems Services		
Market Analysis		100 assures market integrity
ĺ.,		100 assures market integrity
	100	examines uninstructed deviations
Compliance - Audits	100	examines uninstructed deviations
	40	4E(A) should be allocated in proportion to relative volumes of the overall histores.
1241 MD02 Other Revenues	lc/ 01	19 (14) stroute de attocace da poportion to tenavo volunto da una ocusta comena.
WSCC Security Coordination		
1998 Bonds		
Infrastructure - Direct Assigned nems		
EMS		

		ements			ftware	tering	lie	or Communication with ISO)	related)		ITE			IS/MDAS/Participating Load Prog	/SI/BBS			SI/BBS	IS/CIM/FDA	SU		至 2003 Capiral Budget	ating Systems	2			
<u>₩</u>	ΑS	BBS (Billing & Settlements)	MDAS (Metering)	RMR-Software	Market Anaysis Software	Vehicles MDAS/Metering	FERC Study Software	GCP/RIG (Generator Communicati	SRS Software (FTR related)	ETC Software	FTR Auction software	ACC Upgrades (Communication btw ISO and IOUs)	Other Software and Enhancements	2000 Spending: EMS/MDAS/Participating Load Prog	2000 Spending: SA/SI/BBS	2000 Spending: Other Systems/Vehicles	Total 2000 Bonds	2000 Spending:SA/SI/BBS	2000 Spending: EMS/CIM/FDA	2001 Spending: EMS	2001 Spending: SA/SI/BBS	Cash Funded Cap Ex 2003 Capital Budget	2003 Budget: Operating Systems	2003 Budget: MD02			



Exh. No. ISO- 165, Page 1 of 2

Draft Notes from 9:30 – 11:00 AM January 30, 2003 GMC conference call with MID and other parties.

On the conference call, or portions of the call, were:

Laurence Kirsch (MID) Ross Hemphill (MID) Jan Pritchard (MID) Mike Peterson (ISO) John Springer (ISO) Phil Leiber (ISO)

Catherine Yap (Barkovich and Yap)

David Hawkins (ISO) Rod Aoki (CAC) Dale Yakin (PG&E) Tony Lam (EOB)

Jing Chao Mi (CDWR-SWP)

Ben Arikawa (ISO)

David Cohen (Navigant Consulting)

Agenda

- MID (Kirsch & Hemphill) describe the assignment process and input thus far.
- ISO questions regarding assignment process.
- Discuss questions raised in MID (Kirsch & Hemphill) memo accompanying spreadsheet.
- Discuss additional information needs and action plan for meeting these needs.
- Next Steps

This call was scheduled so that MID could review its preliminary assignment of ISO cost center costs to their functions with the ISO and other participants and could discuss with the ISO questions that MID had with respect to its preliminary assignments.

The call began with Laurence Kirsch and Ross Hemphill providing a description of how they proceeded to assign cost center costs to each of their functions, "Resolving Energy Imbalances," "Managing Transmission Flows," and "Administering Markets." Some time was spent reviewing the various documents that MID had received from the ISO in response to their request for additional information.

There was some confusion over a fourth function, "Scheduling Generation, Load and Transmission Facilities." On the January 23, 2003, conference call, this function was discussed. It was decided that the development of costs assignments for this function would be lower in priority than that for the other three functions.

There was a discussion of the various proportions that MID had used to "preliminarily" assign costs. MID gave an explanation of the four proportions used in its cost assignments. There was a discussion with Cathy Yap and David Cohen regarding the rationale and use of the proportions.

The ISO agreed with MID that more detail concerning the method of allocating bond-funded capital expenditures was needed. The ISO did commit to providing the relevant staff to discuss this with MID within the next two weeks.

There was a discussion of the various cost centers that might be considered "overhead," and how those might be assigned. Specifically, cost center 1441 (outsourced contracts) was discussed.

During subsequent discussion, cost center 1544 (Real-Time Scheduling) was discussed. The ISO offered a description of the activities under this cost center. Based on this discussion, MID might consider changing its preliminary assignment of costs to functions. It is likely that this will be discussed in more detail in a subsequent conference call.

After more discussion about specific cost centers, it was decided that the ISO would make available in a series of conference calls staff knowledgeable about the costs and activities within the various cost centers. It was agreed that the first call would be at 9:30 AM, Monday, February 3, 2003 with David Hawkins, and possibly other staff from Grid Operations, to discuss Grid Operations cost centers and activities. The ISO agreed to arrange additional conference calls for the other areas, Market Services, Information Services, Market Analysis and Compliance, MD02 and bond financed capital. To the extent possible, these were to be arranged during the week of February 3 – 7.

MID agreed to provide the availability of its consultants over the next two weeks to assist the ISO in scheduling these conference calls.

Note: This document is circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Draft meeting notes from 1302003 conference call 01-31-03.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Friday, January 31, 2003 11:02 AM

To: Hemphill, Ross; Kirsch, Laurence; Pritchard, Jan

Cc: Leiber, Phil; Morrison, Stephen; Neal, Sean

Subject: Draft meeting notes from 1/30/2003 conference call

Ross, Laurence, Jan,

Please review the attached draft meeting notes and send me your comments/edits. I will send out an e-mail before 2:00 (PST) with conference call information. We have not yet identified who will be available in addition to David Hawkins Monday at 9:30 AM.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

Modifications to Memo 01-31-03.txt

MessageFrom: Ross Hemphill [rchemphill@lrca.com]

Sent: Friday, January 31, 2003 12:28 PM

To: Arikawa, Ben

Cc: Laurence Kirsch; Jan Pritchard Subject: Modifications to Memo

Ben, attached is a markup of your meeting notes. Only type changes are made and tracked. Ross

Ross C. Hemphill, Ph.D.

Vice President

Christensen Associates

Tel: 608-231-2266 (Ext. 168)

Cell: 608-712-7513

Website: http://www.LRCA.com



California Independent System Operator

Memorandum

To:

Keith Casey, Market Analysis

Jan Cogdill, Accounting and Finance

Bruce Drummond, Asset Management

Kyle Hoffman, Client Account Management

Eric Leuze, Compliance

Ali Miremadi, Client Business Services

David Hawkins, Special Projects Engineering

Deane Lyon, Operations Support & Training

From:

Ben Arikawa, Senior Financial Analyst

Date:

January 31 2003

Re:

Providing information concerning divisional cost center activities to MID consultants

Phil Leiber identified you as knowledgeable persons with respect to the activities and cost centers within your respective divisions. As part of the 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project, we are under instructions from the ALJ in ER01-313-000, et.al., to assist the Modesto Irrigation District (MID) in the development of their proposal. The MID consultants, Laurence Kirsch and Ross Hemphill, require our assistance on the development of cost assignments from our cost centers to their functionalization of ISO services. These functions are "Resolving Energy Imbalances," "Managing Transmission Flows," and "Administering Markets."

MID needs assistance from the ISO so that they may more intelligently assign cost centers to these functions as a step in developing their own ISO rate design. To that end, we have been holding a series of conference calls with MID and their consultants to assist them in the process. These conference calls have been in addition to the regularly scheduled monthly stakeholder meetings of the 2004 GMC Rate Structure Project.

We have given MID documentation on our Budget, including the 2003 GMC information filing, the "Board Budget Book," which was provided to the ISO Board, and a modified version of the Cost Allocation Matrix. Using this information, they were able to develop a preliminary assignment of cost center costs to their functions. (See attached e-mail from Laurence Kirsch, along with the attached Word document and Excel file.) This preliminary assignment was discussed at a conference call held on January 30, 2003. During the call, it was agreed that the ISO would make available by conference call staff knowledgeable in Grid Operations, Market Services, Information Services, Legal and Regulatory, MD02 and bond/capital accounts.

Created By: Ben Arikawa

CAISO Internal Use Only

LST UPDT: 01/31/03

January 31, 2003

Attached to the e-mail transmitting this memo are several documents that recount the history of our interactions with MID and their consultants. These are:

- Notes of three conference calls with MID
 - a. January 16, 2003
 - b. January 23, 2003
 - c. January 30, 2003
- 2. MID consultant memoranda dated
 - a. December 19, 2002
 - b. January 6, 2003
 - c. January 21, 2003
 - d. January 28, 2003
- 3. MID consultant prepared spreadsheet, dated January 28, 2003

We are attempting to schedule the conference call(s) within the next week in order to give MID the opportunity to present its proposal before the full stakeholder meeting scheduled for February 19, 2003. The length of the calls will vary greatly. The call concerning Grid Operations will take several hours, while the discussion of Market Analysis and Compliance may take less than one hour.

David Hawkins is currently scheduled to talk to the MID consultants on Monday, February 3, 2003 beginning at 9:30 AM. It may be instructive for you to listen in briefly to get an understanding of the types of questions that the MID consultants will ask.

If you are unavailable next week, please designate a replacement, so that we can act expeditiously.

If you have any questions or would like a copy of any of the other documents referred to in this memo, please let me know. If you think that a pre-conference call meeting is necessary, please let either Phil Leiber or me know and we will arrange it.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Updated Spreadsheet 02-03-03.txt

From: lkirsch@svn.net

Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 1:47 PM To: BArikawa@caiso.com; DHawkins@caiso.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Updated Spreadsheet

Ben and David:

Attached please find our update of the spreadsheet. This differs from the earlier version in that: a) a new column ("Dollars") has been added to facilitate calculation of the derived assignments (e.g., Dept #1511); b) figures in the Percent Assignment columns have been updated to accept all of David's suggestions; c) a new column ("Check") has been added to indicate the "Dept #" rows that we have discussed with ISO staff and that reflect the ISO staff's recommendations; d) text in the Comments column has been updated; and e) initial assignments have been made for most of the 1998 bond accounts.

Please let me know if we have made any inadvertent errors in our update. And thanks for a very productive conversation this morning.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Please visit our website at WWW.LRCA.COM

RE Updated Spreadsheet 02-03-03a.txt

From: lkirsch@svn.net

Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 8:48 PM

To: Arikawa, Ben; Pritchard, Jan; rchemphill@lrca.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: RE: Updated Spreadsheet

Ben:

You're right. Attached please find a corrected spreadsheet that puts that 100% figure in the right column.

Laurence

On 3 Feb 2003, at 16:42, Arikawa, Ben wrote:

Laurence,

The assignments in the 1500's are consistent with our discussions this

morning. I think that there is a mistake on line 59, RMR software. You have it assigned 100% to the scheduling function. I think that you probably meant 100% to the managing transmission flows function.

Note: the e-mail is circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may

be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

----Original Message----

From: lkirsch@svn.net [mailto:lkirsch@svn.net]

Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 1:47 PM

RE Updated Spreadsheet 02-03-03a.txt

To: BArikawa@caiso.com; DHawkins@caiso.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Updated Spreadsheet

Ben and David:

Attached please find our update of the spreadsheet. This differs from the earlier version in that: a) a new column ("Dollars") has been added to facilitate calculation of the derived assignments (e.g., Dept #1511); b) figures in the Percent Assignment columns have been updated to accept all of David's suggestions; c) a new column ("Check") has been added to indicate the "Dept #" rows that we have discussed with ISO staff and that reflect the ISO staff's recommendations; d) text in the Comments column has been updated; and e) initial assignments have been made for most of the 1998 bond accounts.

Please let me know if we have made any inadvertent errors in our update. And thanks for a very productive conversation this morning.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Please visit our website at WWW.LRCA.COM

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Please visit our website at WWW.LRCA.COM

RE Updated Spreadsheet 02-03-03.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 4:42 PM

To: 'lkirsch@svn.net'; Arikawa, Ben; Hawkins, David (CAISO)

Cc: Pritchard, Jan; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: RE: Updated Spreadsheet

Laurence,

The assignments in the 1500's are consistent with our discussions this

morning. I think that there is a mistake on line 59, RMR software. You have it assigned 100% to the scheduling function. I think that yo u probably meant 100% to the managing transmission flows function.

Note: the e-mail is circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com

----Original Message----

From: lkirsch@svn.net [mailto:lkirsch@svn.net]

Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 1:47 PM
To: BArikawa@caiso.com; DHawkins@caiso.com

Cc: janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Updated Spreadsheet

Ben and David:

Attached plea, Janecember 04, 2002 11:18 AMonversation this mornin from the earlier version in that: a) a new column ("Dollars") has been added to facilitate calculation of the derived assignments (e.g., Dept #1511); b) figures in the Percent Assignment columns

RE Updated Spreadsheet 02-03-03.txt have been updated to accept all of David's suggestions; c) a new column ("Check") has been added to indicate the "Dept #" rows that we have discussed with ISO staff and that reflect the ISO

staff's recommendations; d) text in the Comments column has been updated; and e) initial assignments have been made for most of the 1998 bond accounts.

Please let me know if we have made any inadvertent errors in our update. And thanks for a very productive conversation this morning.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Please visit our website at WWW.LRCA.COM

From:

Leiber, Phil

Sent:

Monday, February 03, 2003 7:05 PM

To:

Hemphill, Ross; Kirsch, Laurence; Pritchard, Jan

Cc:

Neal, Sean; GMC WG

Subject:

CAISO Notice - PricewaterhouseCoopers Operational Audit -- Use in

Development of MID Rate Structure Proposal

In my email to MID of January 16 (attached below), I referred MID representatives to several sources of information which might be of value to them in their cost allocation and assignment process. Included in this list was the ISO's 2002 Operational Audit. That document was not yet available as of January 16. It is available now, as discussed in the market notice below.

Philip Leiber, Treasurer & Director of Financial Planning California ISO (916) 351-2168 (916) 351-2259 (fax)

----Original Message----

From: Leiber, Phil

Sent: Thursday, January 16, 2003 4:50 PM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross; Neal, Sean

Cc: Arikawa, Ben

Subject: RE: Results of conference call with MID re: MID proposal

----Original Message----

From:

CRCommunications

Sent:

Friday, January 31, 2003 5:34 PM

To:

ISO Market Participants

Subject:

CAISO Notice - PricewaterhouseCoopers Operational Audit

MARKET NOTICE January 31, 2003

PricewaterhouseCoopers Operational Audit

ISO Market Participants:

PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) has released its CAISO Operational Audit dated January 7, 2003. You can access this document on the CAISO web site at http://www.caiso.com/docs/2003/01/31/2003013117171821306.pdf.

The ISO will present this report to the Audit Committee of the ISO Board of Governors at its next meeting, scheduled for February 20, 2003.

If you have any questions, please contact Gregory Van Pelt at gvanpelt@caiso.com or (916) 351-2190. If you would like a PDF file of the report, please contact Michelle Gamble at mgamble@caiso.com mailto:mgamble@caiso.com or (916) 351-

2314.

Client Relations Communications.0715 CRCommunications@caiso.com

Jan, Lawrence, Ross, Sean:

Attached please find the modified CAM document referred to in our conference call today.

I have also provided a list of steps and suggestions (as the first tab in that worksheet) as to how this exercise can proceed. We recognize you have concerns about how the cost allocation should be performed, and we will attempt to work together to resolve them so that you are able to achieve your objectives.

The ISO has sent via FedEx the ISO Board Version of 2003 Budget document, and will also provide the job descriptions in the next day.

This material is being provided subject to the NDA.

Also attached below are references to the ISO's Operational and SAS70 audit reports. While I do not believe reference to these reports is necessary to conduct this allocation exercise (as the ISO Board version of 2003 Budget document is quite comprehensive), you may find this material useful. These documents are available to the public, and are posted on the ISO website.

Operations Audit (for 2001....2002 not yet complete)

http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/13/e2/09003a608013e20f.pdf http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/14/0f/09003a6080140f9d.pdf

SAS 70 Report

http://www.caiso.com/docs/09003a6080/18/c5/09003a608018c5a3.pdf

Philip Leiber, Treasurer & Director of Financial Planning

California ISO (916) 351-2168 (916) 351-2259 (fax) itional Capital Cost Information related to Development of MID Proposal 02-04-03.

From: Leiber, Phil

Sent: Tuesday, February 04, 2003 5:48 PM

To: Kirsch, Laurence; Hemphill, Ross; Pritchard, Jan; Neal, Sean

Cc: Morrison, Stephen; Arikawa, Ben

Subject: Additional Capital Cost Information related to Development of

MID Proposal

Gentlemen:

As discussed in today's conference call, here is additional information

that will be useful in developing allocation factors for the last several items on your matrix. You will note that the task isn't quit

as easy as we thought it might be. While we have provided detail on the individual line items that make up some of the aggregated amounts,

even at this level, some spending affects more than one system. In such cases, you can assume an equal spending for each system. For example:

\$100 for Item X related to SA/SI/BBS. Assume 1/3 splits for each of SA/SI/BBS.

This information is ISO Confidential and is provided subject to the ND $\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}$ agreement.

Philip Leiber, Treasurer & Director of Financial Planning California ISO (916) 351-2168 (916) 351-2259 (fax)

of this afternoon's conference call with MID and next conference call info 02-04

From: Leiber, Phil

Sent: Tuesday, February 04, 2003 4:03 PM

To: GMC WG

Subject: Results of this afternoon's conference call with MID and next

conference call info

Here is a brief recap of this afternoon's call.

Overview

The call was conducted from 1pm-2:30pm. Significant progress was made

in discussing the allocation of ISO capital costs to MID categories. Some items were left often for further discussion related to O&M costs

and for additional information to be provided by ISO on cost splits between capital items.

Objective:

=========

Discuss ISO capital (bond financed and direct funded) costs, and how such costs can be allocated to the MID proposed service categories.

Participants:

Phil Leiber, CAISO
Jan Cogdill, CAISO
Ross Hemphill, Representing MID
Laurence Kirsch, Representing MID
Tony Lam, EOB
Patrick Alessandri, EOB
Karen Shea, CPUC
David Cohen, Representing municipal interests

Content

Discussed documents to be used in the call. Distributed documents to parties that did not yet have the documents.

Stepped through the listing of ISO capital costs prepared by MID (an extract from the ISO's modified cost allocation matrix provided to MID

and other participants)

In addition to topics directly associated with the call objective, the Page 1

of this afternoon's conference call with MID and next conference call info 02-04

group also discussed other issues including MD02 timing and spending, ETCs, background of initial capital expenditures, potential considerations to enhance cost control, and other topics.

The call resulted in numerous changes to the initial allocations made by MID as placeholders. Several capital cost allocations will be based on the users of the systems (so the allocation will be dependent

on related O&M costs). The last several items in the analysis will be

allocated by MID after the ISO provides additional information as to the cost splits between various ISO systems.

MID will distribute (aiming for 2/5/2003) a revised spreadsheet reflecting the changes discussed in today's call.

The next call is tomorrow, Wednesday, February 5th, 9am-10, covering the allocation of ISO Market Services and Compliance costs to the MID proposed service categories.

Like the other calls related to the MID proposal, other parties are welcome to listen in and participate on the call. The purpose of the

call is to assist MID in the development of their proposal, as the ISO

was directed to do in the FERC ALJ's Initial Decision on the 2001 GMC rate case.

Call in # 888-788-6681 pass code 921065

Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Philip Leiber, Treasurer & Director of Financial Planning California ISO

(916) 351-2168

(916) 351-2259 (fax)

Assignments Spreadsheet Update 030205.txt

From: lkirsch@svn.net

Sent: Wednesday, February 05, 2003 1:44 PM

To: BArikawa@caiso.com

Cc: DHawkins@caiso.com; kcasey@caiso.com; PLeiber@caiso.com;

janp@mid.org; rchemphill@lrca.com

Subject: Assignments Spreadsheet Update 030205

Ben:

Attached is today's update. Italicized figures are the ones that we expect to change further, either because we have not yet had the initial ISO review of those figures or because they are dependent upon other figures that might change.

Please feel free to let me know if you have any comments, and to distribute the spreadsheet as you think appropriate.

Laurence

Laurence D. Kirsch

Laurits R. Christensen Associates, Inc.

e-mail: LKIRSCH@LRCA.COM voice: (415) 663-8608 fax: (415) 663-8818

Please visit our website at WWW.LRCA.COM

Written document for posting on ISO website 02-05-03.txt

From: Arikawa, Ben

Sent: Wednesday, February 05, 2003 11:43 AM

To: Pritchard, Jan; Hemphill, Ross; Kirsch, Laurence Subject: Written document for posting on ISO website

Jan,

Do you want to rewrite the Statement BA for posting on the GMC webpage ?

We will post (subject to the usual clearances) whatever you want in preparation for the next meeting.

Note: the attached documents are circulated by the sender solely for the express purpose of informing discussion. Therefore, none of the contents may be regarded by the reader as any form of offer, undertaking, policy, proposal or commitment by the sender, author or the California ISO.

Ben Arikawa Senior Financial Analyst California Independent System Operator 151 Blue Ravine Road Folsom, CA 95630

Voice: (916) 608-5958 fax: (916) 351-2259

email: barikawa@caiso.com