Purpose

This procedure outlines the steps that may be taken to prevent a System Emergency and to stabilize the system should a System Emergency occur.
1. Responsibilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAISO Shift Manager</td>
<td>Directs timely and appropriate Real-Time actions necessary to ensure reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid and Balancing Authority Area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAISO System Operator</td>
<td>Ensures reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid and Balancing Authority Area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participating Transmission Owner (PTO)</td>
<td>Maintain a single point of contact with CAISO through their Power Grid Operations Centers and are subject to Operating Instructions issued by CAISO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility Distribution Company (UDC)</td>
<td>Comply with all operating instructions from CAISO concerning the management of System Emergencies, as per the CAISO Tariff.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metered Subsystem (MSS) Company</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scheduling Coordinator (SC)</td>
<td>Follow all operating instructions and is subject to operating instructions issued by CAISO during a System Emergency and any circumstances in which CAISO considers that a System Emergency is imminent, anticipated or threatened, as per the CAISO Tariff.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participating Generator (PG)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Scope/Applicability

2.1. Background

Power system disturbances typically occur due to the loss of generating equipment, transmission facilities, or unexpected load changes. These disturbances may affect the reliable operation of the California ISO (CAISO) Controlled Grid, CAISO Balancing Authority Area, and the WECC interconnected Bulk Electric System. Severe system disturbances generally result in critically loaded transmission facilities, significant frequency and voltage deviations, high or low voltage conditions, or stability problems.

2.2. Scope/ Applicability

This procedure outlines the steps that may be taken to prevent a System Emergency and to stabilize the system should a System Emergency occur. A System Emergency can consist of a Transmission Emergency or an Energy Emergency, and may be sudden or progressive in nature. To prevent a System Emergency and to maintain system reliability, CAISO may
issue a transmission emergency, restricted maintenance operations, alert, warning notice, or staged emergency declarations.

3. Procedure Detail

3.1. Order of Steps

The order of the actions taken may vary due to system conditions or other operational issues. It may be necessary to skip actions due to the severity of the situation. To the extent possible, and when prudent, actions that were skipped may be implemented at a later time or date.

3.2. CAISO Communications Regarding Forecasted System Conditions

CAISO Grid Operations will strive to communicate forecasted system conditions with as much time as possible through a variety of methods. These include, but not limited to, D+7 to D+2 resource adequacy forecast published on CAISO public website, heat wave bulletin, and other media. System conditions can rapidly change in real-time and any forecasted conditions are estimated based on available data.

3.3. Flex Alert

Flex Alerts are part of a consumer educational and alert program for voluntary conservation of electricity during heat waves and other challenging grid conditions.

For more information visit http://www.flexalert.org.

A Flex Alert is most effective when issued a day or more in advance of when conservation is needed so consumers can adjust their electricity usage ahead of time (i.e., adjusting thermostats before leaving for work).

However, grid emergencies can happen suddenly, so if conservation is needed, CAISO can issue a Flex Alert with little or no advance notification. When possible, Flex Alerts are targeted to the regional or local areas where the system is stressed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAISO Grid Operations &amp; CAISO Communications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Grid Operations management will <strong>determine</strong> if a Flex Alert is a useful mechanism given the planned or current operating conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. An AWE notice will be <strong>issued</strong> using AWE Notification System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. If possible, Grid Operations will <strong>notify</strong> CAISO Corporate Communications at least an hour prior to issuing a Flex Alert.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4. Restricted Maintenance Operations

Restricted maintenance operations apply to all pre-scheduled Outages and/or any planned maintenance.

Restricted maintenance operations apply to PTO Control Centers, Scheduling Coordinators and Participating Generators, for the hours identified in the notice. Restricted maintenance operations are applied for the shortest duration necessary to meet the reliability concern.

CAISO maintains the authority to cancel or postpone any/or all work to preserve overall System Reliability, both prior to Real-Time and during Real-Time operations timeframes. CAISO will declare restricted maintenance operations when deemed necessary.

CAISO System Operator

1. **Issue** a Restricted Maintenance Operations or a Generation Restricted Maintenance Operations Notice using the AWE Notification System.
2. **Notify** the RC by phone.
3. **Notify** PTOs and other affected Entities as needed.
4. **Notify** the “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the Grid Messaging System (GMS).
5. **Notify** CAISO Emergency Response Coordinator (ERC) regarding system conditions.
6. **Consider** postponing outages or returning equipment to service early.
7. **Cancel** outages as needed to maintain system reliability.
8. **Only approve** outages that will have no negative or potential negative effect on system reliability.
9. **Utilize** Exceptional Dispatch to mitigate as necessary.
10. **Utilize** Manual Dispatch on the Interties to mitigate as necessary.
11. **Continue** to monitor the system.
12. If conditions deteriorate, **consider** issuing an Alert, Warning, Transmission Emergency, or Staged Emergency notice.
13. When conditions allow,
   - **Back out** of each step performed,
   - **Notify** the RC by phone and
CAISO System Operator

14. Refer to other CAISO Operating Procedure 4420 System Emergency attachments as needed.

Scheduling Coordinator (SC), Participating Generator (PG), Participating Transmission Owner (PTO) Control Centers

1. Obtain permission from CAISO to proceed with pre-scheduled or planned work, regardless of whether prior approvals were obtained from CAISO.

Note: Outages postponed due to the issuance of a restricted maintenance operations notice may be considered for re-scheduling outside of the previously pre-scheduled Outage hours and/or outside of the hours of restricted maintenance operations.

3.5. Transmission Emergency

CAISO may declare a Transmission Emergency for any event that threatens, harms, or limits the capabilities of any element of the transmission grid and overall grid reliability. Declaration of a Transmission Emergency may be caused by events including but not limited to:

- Transmission line/path overloads or loss (including exceeding Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROL) and System Operating Limits (SOL))
- Transformer overloads or loss
- Instability
- Frequency deviations or decay
- Voltage that exceeds or falls below predetermined limits
- Fires, earthquake, severe weather, sabotage, civil unrest, terrorism

The CAISO System Operator may take, but is not limited to, the following actions in any order needed, and to the extent necessary, to prevent, mitigate or otherwise manage a System Emergency:

CAISO System Operator

1. Issue a Transmission Emergency notice using the AWE Notification System.
2. Notify the RC by phone; include current and projected conditions.
3. Notify PTOs and other affected entities as needed.
4. Notify the “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS.
5. Consider postponing outages or returning equipment to service early.
6. Cancel outages as needed to maintain system reliability.
7. Only approve outages that will have no negative or potential negative effect on system reliability.
### CAISO System Operator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td><strong>Exhaust</strong> available resources (except for Spin/Non-Spin) through the market.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td><strong>Utilize</strong> Exceptional Dispatch to mitigate as necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td><strong>Utilize</strong> Manual Dispatch on the Interties to mitigate as necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td><strong>Enable</strong> RDRRs in the market, globally or by region as needed, to make them available for dispatch through the market.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td><strong>Notify</strong> the PTO Transmission Control Centers that RDRR resources have been enabled and available for dispatch through the market.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 13.  | If 100 MW or more of emergency Demand Response is dispatched,  
|      | - **Notify** CAISO’s ERC to file DOE OE-417.  
|      | **Note:** If the ERC is unavailable, CAISO Shift Manager or designee has to file the OE-417. Refer to CAISO Operating Procedure 4110A DOE, NERC and WECC Significant Event Reporting Requirements. |
| 14.  | **Conduct** a blast call with the PTOs Transmission Control Center (PGAE, SCE, and SDG&E) to **quantify** available Demand Response and UDC Interruptible Load (Non-Firm) programs, and **notify** the PTOs of possible implementation. |
| 15.  | **Call on** out-of-market Demand Response programs and UDC Interruptible Load (Non-Firm) programs (amount varies). This requires up to a 60-minute notification.  
|      | - **Refer** to CAISO Operating Procedure 4510 Load Management Programs and Underfrequency Load Shedding and its attachments. |
| 16.  | **Reduce** participating pump load as available. |
| 17.  | **Utilize** Operating Reserve (Spinning and Non-Spinning Reserve). |
| 18.  | **Dispatch** effective Legacy RMR Units and |
| 19.  | **Notify** market participants accordingly. |
| 20.  | If Legacy RMR units are assigned Operating Reserve,  
|      | - **Send** the following message:  
|      | “The CAISO is currently utilizing Legacy RMR units to provide additional Operating Reserve.” |
| 21.  | **Request** effective available Energy from MSS resources, if necessary. |
| 22.  | **Utilize** Firm Load interruption, if necessary. |
| 24.  | **Advise** PTOs that they can take local control of Generating Resources to prevent islanding or to stabilize islands.  
|      | - This may require PTOs to **suspend** the FERC standard of conduct. |
| 25.  | When conditions stabilize,  
|      | - **Back out** of each step performed,  
|      | - **Notify** the RC by phone, the “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS, and  
|      | - **Terminate** the Transmission Emergency – Firm Load Interruptions and the Transmission Emergency. |
3.6. Energy Emergencies within CAISO Balancing Authority Area

CAISO System Operators will take appropriate steps during Energy Emergencies as described below.

3.6.1. Alert Notice

CAISO issues an Alert notice by 15:00 PPT the day before when the Day-Ahead analysis is forecasting that one or more hours may be energy deficient. System conditions may indicate EEA Watch declaration is necessary.

The CAISO System Operator may take, but is not limited to, the following actions in any order needed:

**CAISO System Operator**

1. **Issue** an Alert notice using the AWE Notification System.
2. **Notify** the RC by phone and discuss possible EEA Watch declaration.
3. **Notify** “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS.
4. **Notify** ERC regarding system conditions.
5. **Conduct** a blast call with PTOs and, if needed, all UDC/MSS entities.
6. **Request** through an MNS market message that SCs bid in any additional available capacity to CAISO.
7. **Issue** a “Flex Alert” notice using the AWE Notification System, if needed, and
8. **Notify** CAISO Communications.
10. **Coordinate** with CAISO off-shift management to verify with PTO Transmission Control Center management whether they plan to utilize Emergency Load Reduction Program (ELRP) (only active during months May – October).
11. **Coordinate** with CAISO off-shift management to issue a System Status Update email to inform affected entities of detailed Operating Plan for day-ahead.

**Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators**

1. CAISO Grid Operations Management will coordinate with the ELRP Board (Energy Load Reduction Program) so the utilities can consider activating ELRP for the next day.

*Note: If activating, the utility DR programs will provide MW estimates on their updated Daily DR Reports and will notify their respective customers prior to 17:00 to activate for the next day.*
Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators

2. When the Alert notice is received, prepare participating customers for a potential Stage 1 emergency on the next day.
   • Should a Stage 1 be declared, those customers will be directed by the utilities and Scheduling Coordinators to utilize generators approved for emergency use under the utility California State Emergency Program (CSEP) and to utilize other load reduction and Emergency Demand Response Programs during the specified time period in the Alert notice.

3.6.2. Warning Notice

CAISO issues a Warning notice when the real-time analysis is forecasting that one or more hours may be energy deficient with all available resources in use or forecasted to be in use, and is concerned about sustaining its required Contingency Reserves. If not already declared, CAISO may request the Reliability Coordinator to declare an EEA 1 or EEA 2.

Note: EEA 2 will be in effect when emergency demand response programs are being utilized.

The CAISO System Operator may take, but is not limited to, the following actions in any order needed, and to the extent necessary, to prevent, mitigate or otherwise manage a System Emergency:

CAISO System Operator

1. Issue a Warning notice using the AWE Notification System.
2. Notify the RC by phone.
3. Request the RC to declare an Energy Emergency Alert 1 or 2 (EEA 1 or 2) for the CAISO BA area.
4. Notify “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS.
5. Conduct a blast call with the PTOs.
6. Notify the ERC of system conditions, Flex Alert notices, and any need to file DOE OE-417 or NERC Event Reporting Form.
7. Issue a Flex Alert notice using the AWE Notification System, as needed, and
9. Enable RDRRs in the market, globally or by region as needed, to make them available for dispatch through the market.
10. Conduct a blast call to notify the PTO Transmission control centers that RDRR resources have been enabled and are available for dispatch through the market.
11. If 100 MW or more of emergency Demand Response is dispatched,
   • Notify CAISO's ERC to file DOE OE-417.

Note: If ERC is unavailable, CAISO Shift Manager or designee has to file the OE-417. Refer to CAISO Operating Procedure 4110A DOE NERC, and WECC Significant Event Reporting Requirements.
12. **Exhaust** available resources (except for Operating Reserve) through the market.
13. **Use** Exceptional Dispatch, as needed.
14. **Reduce** participating pump load as available.
15. **Dispatch**, as necessary, available unloaded generation Capacity without RT Energy Bids. This can include Exceptional Dispatch on a resource subject to CPM designation.
16. **Dispatch** excess Operating Reserves, including contingent only reserves, as necessary while maintaining required Contingency Reserves.
17. **Dispatch** Legacy RMR Units and
18. **Notify** market participants of the use of Legacy RMR for system needs.
19. If Legacy RMR units are assigned AS,
   - **Send** the following MNS message:
     "The CAISO is currently utilizing Legacy RMR units to provide additional Ancillary Services".
20. If Legacy RMR resources are dispatched for energy to serve load, CAISO **must send** the following MNS message prior to dispatching the resource:
    "The CAISO is going to dispatch Legacy RMR resources to meet forecast demand, the expected time of dispatch is from XX:XX to XX:XX".
21. **Request** the RC to issue an Energy Emergency Alert 2 (EEA 2) for the CAISO BA area, if not declared already.
22. **Conduct** a blast call with the PTOs Transmission Control Center (PGAE, SCE, and SDG&E) to quantify available Demand Response and UDC Interruptible Load (Non-Firm) programs, and
23. **Notify** the PTOs of possible implementation.
24. **Call** on out-of-market Demand Response programs and UDC Interruptible Load (Non-Firm) programs (amount varies). This requires up to a 60-minute notification.
25. **Refer** to CAISO Operating Procedure 4510 Load Management Programs and Underfrequency Load Shedding and its attachments.
26. **Coordinate** with CAISO off-shift management to issue System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.
27. **Canvas** other entities and Balancing Authorities for available Manual Dispatch Energy/Capacity on interties.
Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators

1. Grid Operations Management will coordinate with the ELRP Board (Energy Load Reduction Program) so the utilities can consider activating ELRP 16:00 – 21:00.

   **Note:** If activating, the ELRP Board DR programs will provide MW estimates on their updated Daily DR Reports and will notify their respective customers as soon as possible.

2. When the Warning notice is received, direct participating customers to prepare to utilize Emergency Demand Response Programs during the specified time period in the Warning notice.

**Warning Notice Actions with Emergency Stage 1 Imminent**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAISO System Operator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Request any available interruptible programs not supplying AS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.6.3. Emergency Stage 1

CAISO issues an Emergency Stage 1 when all available resources are in use.

The CAISO System Operator may take, but is not limited to, the following actions in any order needed, and to the extent necessary, to prevent, mitigate or otherwise manage a System Emergency:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAISO System Operator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. <strong>Issue</strong> an Emergency Stage 1 notice using the AWE Notification System.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. <strong>Notify</strong> the RC by phone and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. <strong>Request to declare</strong> an EEA 2, if not declared already.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **Note:** If experiencing a sudden onset event which requires an immediate Stage 1 emergency, ensure RDRR is dispatched as soon as possible, ahead of or to coincide with, the CSEP being directed by the utilities and Scheduling Coordinators for the Stage 1 time period.

4. **Request** the RC to issue a notice that Emergency Assistance may be required by CAISO.
5. **Maintain** hourly updates to the RC until Alert 0 – Terminated is issued.
6. **Evaluate** the impacts of any in-progress Time Error Correction and |
7. **Request** the RC to terminate Time Error Correction if it is contributing to resource deficiency.
CAISO System Operator

8. **Notify** the “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS.
9. **Request** that other Balancing Authorities determine the amount of assistance they are able to provide.
10. **Notify** ERC of system conditions, Flex Alert notices, and any need to file DOE OE-417 or NERC Event Reporting Form.

**Note:** If the ERC is unavailable, CAISO Shift Manager or designee has to file the OE-417. Refer to CAISO Operating Procedure 4110A DOE, NERC and WECC Significant Event Reporting Requirements.

11. **Request** that CAISO Communications **Issue** a Flex Alert notice using the AWE tool, as needed.
12. **Issue** System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.

Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators

1. When the Stage 1 notice is received, for the time period specified in the Stage 1 notice,
   - **Direct** participating customers to utilize generators approved for emergency use and/or reduce load under the California State Emergency Program (CSEP) and other load reduction and Emergency Demand Response programs.

3.6.4. **Emergency Stage 2**

CAISO will issue an Emergency Stage 2 when it anticipates it can no longer meet expected energy requirements for the specified time period and is energy deficient.

The CAISO System Operator may take, but is not limited to, the following actions in any order needed, to the extent necessary, to prevent, to mitigate, or otherwise manage a System Emergency:

CAISO System Operator

1. **Issue** an Emergency Stage 2 notice using the AWE Notification System.
   - **Notify** the RC and
   - **Request** the RC to issue an Energy Emergency Alert 3 (EEA 3) for the CAISO BA area. This allows CAISO to count firm load as Contingency Reserve after verifying the firm load shed is available within 10 minutes.
2. **Maintain** hourly updates to the RC until Alert 0 – Terminated is issued.
3. **Evaluate** the impacts of any in-progress Time Error Correction and
4. **Request** the RC to terminate Time Error Correction if it is contributing to resource deficiency.
CAISO System Operator

5. **Notify** the “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS.
6. **Conduct** a blast call with PTOs and UDC/MSS entities.
7. **Canvas** PTOs for available firm load to be armed and counted towards Operating Reserves requirements (load that can be shed within 10 minutes).
8. **Issue** an operating instruction to arm available load.
9. **Notify** the ERC of system conditions, Flex Alert notices, and any need to file DOE OE-417 or NERC Event Reporting Form.
   
   **Note:** If the ERC is unavailable, CAISO Shift Manager or designee has to file the OE-417. Refer to CAISO Operating Procedure 4110A DOE, NERC and WECC Significant Event Reporting Requirements.

10. **Issue** a 1-Hour Probability notice using the AWE Notification System to **notify** utilities of anticipated Stage 3 event that may occur if anticipated in the next 90-minutes.
11. **Coordinate** with CAISO off-shift management to issue System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.
12. **Procure** Legacy RMR and any other available Out-of-Market Operating Reserve as available.
13. If Legacy RMR units are assigned AS,
   - **Send** the following MNS message:
     
     "The CAISO is currently-utilizing Legacy RMR units to provide additional Operating Reserve."

Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators

1. If a sudden onset event has occurred, and no Stage 1 notice was issued by CAISO, when the Stage 2 notice is received, for the time period specified in the Stage 2 notice,
   - **Direct** participating customers to utilize generators approved for emergency use and/or reduce load under the California State Emergency Program (CSEP) and other load reduction and Emergency Demand Response programs.

Emergency Stage 2 Actions with Stage 3 Imminent

CAISO System Operator

1. **Procure** Emergency Assistance per CAISO Operating Procedure 4410 Emergency Assistance.
2. **Maintain** hourly updates to the RC until Alert 0 – Terminated is issued.
3. **Conduct** a blast call to **pre-arrange** (whenever possible) firm load dropping with UDC/MSS in order to minimize any time-lag in dropping load, at the direction of
the CAISO Shift Manager.

Example: On a peak-load day where it is anticipated that Stage 3 Emergency Firm load reductions are needed, there will be an early morning reliability blast call to advise the PTOs, MSS and UDC entities to attend stations and/or standby at facilities, as required, to support immediate load dropping at the direction of the CAISO Shift Manager.

4. **Coordinate** with CAISO off-shift management to issue a System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.

### 3.6.5. Emergency Stage 3

CAISO issues an Emergency Stage 3 when CAISO is unable to meet minimum Contingency Reserve requirements and firm load interruption is imminent or in progress.

The CAISO System Operator may take, but is not limited to, the following actions in any order needed, and to the extent necessary, to prevent, mitigate or otherwise manage a System Emergency:

1. **Issue** an Emergency Stage 3 notice **using** the AWE Notification System.
2. **Notify** the RC and
3. **Request** the RC to **issue** an Energy Emergency Alert 3 (EEA 3) for CAISO (If not previously issued).
4. **Notify** the “ALL RELIABILITY” distribution list via the GMS.
5. **Conduct a blast** call with PTOs, UDCs and MSSs as needed.
6. **Maintain** hourly updates to the RC until Alert 0 – Terminated is issued.
7. **Initiate** Firm Load Interruptions.
8. **Provide** the megawatt quantity to be interrupted to each UDC/MSS.

   **Note:** Interruptions should be coordinated with CAISO, may occur in rotating blocks under the direction of the PTO’s Transmission Control Center, and are dependent on Operating Reserve requirements and/or ACE and frequency.

9. **Refer** to CAISO Operating Procedure 4510A Load Shed Calculation Guideline.
10. **Issue** a Stage 3 System Emergency – Firm Load Interruptions notice **using** the AWE Notification System.
11. **Using** MNS, **notify** Market Participants of the total amount of load interruptions requested, in MW, for the CAISO BA.
12. **Coordinate** with CAISO off-shift management to issue a System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.
Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators

1. If a sudden onset event has occurred, and no Stage 1 or 2 notice was issued by CAISO, when the Stage 3 notice is received, for the time period specified in the Stage 3 notice,
   - Direct participating customers to utilize generators approved for emergency use and/or reduce load under the California State Emergency Program (CSEP) and other load reduction and Emergency Demand Response programs.

3.7. Emergency Downgrade

CAISO will make notifications and downgrade (step down) to necessary level of emergency as conditions improve, or cancel the System Emergency and return to normal operations.

CAISO System Operator

1. Conduct a blast call with affected entities to provide updated system information and when preparing to restore firm load.
2. Issue System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.
3. Whenever possible, restore firm load before interruptible load and/or Schedules.
4. Terminate the Stage 3 System Emergency - Load Interruptions notice using the AWE Notification System.
5. Downgrade the emergency stage when possible by backing out of each step that was performed for that stage.
6. Issue a cancellation notice for the current emergency stage.
   Note: there is no need to reissue an implementation notice for downgraded emergency stage if still in effect. (i.e., when cancelling a Stage 2 no reissue needed if Stage 1 was issued previously and is still in effect).

7. If no lower stage emergency is still in effect,
   - Issue a new notice with the lower current stage.
8. If Non-Market resources are still required to maintain Contingency Reserve requirements,
   - Issue a Warning notice.
9. Coordinate with CAISO off-shift management to issue System Status Updates email to affected entities as needed.

Utilities and Scheduling Coordinators

1. As the declared emergency stages are cancelled and downgraded, once CAISO is no longer in a Stage 1, 2 or 3, direct participating customers to end their use of generators approved for emergency use and/or their load reductions per the
terms of the utility California State Emergency Program (CSEP) and other load reduction and Emergency Demand Response programs.

2. While CAISO is preparing to cancel the Warning period, CAISO will coordinate with the utility grid control centers to end the RDRR dispatch.

4. Supporting Information

Operationally Affected Parties

Shared with the Public.

References

Resources studied in the development of this procedure and that may have an effect upon some steps taken herein include but are not limited to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAISO Tariff</th>
<th>7.7.1, 7.7.2, 7.7.3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAISO Operating Procedure</td>
<td>4410 Emergency Assistance 4420E Allowable Transmission Maintenance Activities During Restricted Maintenance Operations 4510 Load Management Programs and Underfrequency Load Shedding 4510A Load Shed Calculation Guideline 4510B Demand Response and UDC Interruptible Programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NERC and WECC Requirements</td>
<td>BAL-002-WECC-3 R1 (effective 6/28/2021), R3, R4 EOP-011-1, R1, R2, R2.2.1, R2.2.2, R2.2.4, R2.2.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Definitions

Unless the context otherwise indicates, any word or expression defined in the Master Definitions Supplement to the CAISO Tariff shall have that meaning when capitalized in this Operating Procedure.

This document is controlled when viewed electronically.
When downloaded or printed, this document becomes UNCONTROLLED.
The following additional terms are capitalized in this Operating Procedure when used as defined below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating Reserve (Tariff)</td>
<td>The combination of Spinning and Non-Spinning Reserve required to meet NERC and WECC reliability standards and any requirements of the NRC for reliable operation of the CAISO Balancing Authority Area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contingency Only (Tariff)</td>
<td>A resource providing Operating Reserve capacity that may be dispatched by CAISO only in the event of a Contingency or an imminent or actual System Emergency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contingency Reserve (NERC)</td>
<td>The provision of capacity that may be deployed by the Balancing Authority to respond to a Balancing Contingency Event and other contingency requirements (such as Energy Emergency Alerts as specified in the associated EOP standard).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A Balancing Authority may include in its restoration of Contingency Reserve readiness to reduce Firm Demand and include it if, and only if, the Balancing Authority:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Is experiencing a Reliability Coordinator declared Energy Emergency Alert level, and is utilizing its Contingency Reserve to mitigate an operating emergency in accordance with its emergency Operating Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Is utilizing its Contingency Reserve to mitigate an operating emergency in accordance with its emergency Operating Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Load Reduction Program (ELRP)</td>
<td>Investor Owned Utilities may trigger ELRP events when CAISO declares an Alert, Warning or Stage emergency. ELRP events generally 16:00 – 21:00 timeframe, minimum 1 hour (max 5 hours). Program runs May to October in the years 2021 to 2025.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reliability Demand Response Resource (RDRR)</td>
<td>May be dispatched in conjunction with a Transmission Emergency, Warning and Stage 1, 2, 3 emergencies. Cannot have a minimum run time of greater than one (1) hour. Must have sustained response period or maximum run time of at least four (4) hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CSEP events limited 15:00 to 22:00, minimum 1 hour (max 7 hours), cannot start after 20:45. This temporary program ends October 31, 2021.

Version History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Change</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>Periodic Review-</td>
<td>8/26/2016</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 3.1 – added new section 3.1 for Flex Alert and renumbered all sections</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 3.3 – clarified EEAs under Transmission Emergency conditions</td>
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<td>Section 3.3 Step 15- removed reference “if used for System or Competitive Path mitigation. Throughout procedure: Added clarity to maintain hourly updates to the peak RC until alert 1/ 2/ 3 is terminated. Replaced all references to WECCNet with new tool Reliability Messaging Tool (RMT). Removed references to “CA Hotline Aka. 137 Intertie.” Removed Flex Alert steps from each section to consolidate in new section 3.1 Definitions: added Reliability Messaging Tool (RMT).</td>
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<tr>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>Annual Review -</td>
<td>4/1/2017</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Page 15 &amp; 16 Added Restricted Maintenance Operations to Definitions Section.</td>
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<td>Replaced references to CAISO with ISO except when referring to the tariff.</td>
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<td>Replaced references to Shift Supervisor with Shift Manager.</td>
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<td>Updated all NERC and WECC references.</td>
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<tr>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>Formatting and grammar corrections.</td>
<td>6/22/2017</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Minor update to bold content.</td>
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<td>11.2</td>
<td>Section 3.4: Added new Step 3 and added “up to” in Step 15 for clarification.</td>
<td>9/18/2017</td>
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<td>Section 3.5.1, Step 7: Removed step</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section 3.5.2, Step 5, 6: Removed “Flex Alert Notices.” Step 7: Removed. Step 19: Added “up to” for clarification.</td>
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<td>Section 3.5.3, Step 7: Added “Request that ISO Communications.” Removed “Flex Alert Notices.”</td>
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<td>Sections 3.5.4 &amp; 3.5.5: Corrected labeling of section title.</td>
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<td>Removed references to “Flex Alert Notices”</td>
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<tr>
<td>Version</td>
<td>Change</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>References: Updated WECC Criterion. Minor grammar and formatting updates throughout.</td>
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<td>11.3</td>
<td>Added new Section 3.2 for Flex Alert. Section 3.4, Step 15: Minor update. Section 3.5.1: New Step 7 added for Flex Alert. Section 3.5.2: Updated Step 5 and added new Step 6 regarding Flex Alert notice. Minor update to Step 20 regarding notification. Section 3.5.3: Minor update to first paragraph. Updated Step 5 and added new Step 7 regarding Flex Alert notice. Section 3.5.4: Minor update to Section title and first paragraph. Updated Step 5 for Flex Alert notices. Replaced Peak RC with the RC in most instances. Replaced A/S with AS. Updated NERC standard BAL reference Minor format and grammar updates throughout. Removed version history prior to 3-years.</td>
<td>8/28/2018</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>Annual Review: Section 3.4: Removed Steps 19, 20, 22 &amp; 23 to remove declaration of EEA2 and EEA3 per updated RC procedures. Section 3.5: Updated BAL-002 reference. Section 3.5.2: Moved Steps 15, 16, and 17 to Steps 7, 8 and 9. Sections 3.5.2, 3.5.3 &amp; 3.5.4: Updated Step 5 note to be consistent with other notes regarding Shift Manager or designee to file OE-417 if ERC is unavailable. Replaced Reliability Messaging Tool (RMT) with Reliability messaging system throughout. Replaced Peak RC with the RC under Operationally Affected Parties. References Section: Removed BAL-004 reference from NERC Requirements. Minor format and grammar updates.</td>
<td>6/11/2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.1</td>
<td>Updated procedure per changes to 4420B EOP-011-1 EEA levels with BAL-002 WECC 2A in sections Warning, Emergency Stage 1, 2 &amp; 3. Removed “WECC” from Notify the “All Reliability” distribution list. Section 3.5.3 Emergency Stage 1 removed Step 6. Section 3.5.5 Emergency Stage 3 changed “Spinning Reserve” to “Contingency Reserve”. Removed Public Relations from section. Removed Public Relations from issuing a Flex Alert notification, as no longer performing this notification.</td>
<td>10/31/2019</td>
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</table>
5. Periodic Review Procedure

Review Criteria & Incorporation of Changes

This procedure review may be conducted through a collaborative process including Operationally Affected Parties. The process includes an appropriate review of the NERC and WECC Mandatory Reliability standards.

Frequency

Annual
Appendix

4420B Alert/Warning/Emergency (AWE) Guide
4420C System Emergency Notice Templates
4420E Allowable Transmission Maintenance Activities During Restricted Maintenance Operations
4420H Customer Agreements
4420I Emergency MW