ATTACHMENT A

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 69 Superseding Original Sheet No. 69

longer term basis pursuant to Section 2.3.5.1.3 if necessary to meet reliability criteria. The ISO Governing Board must approve all long term Replacement Reserve contracts. The ISO shall contract for Voltage Support annually (or for such other period as the ISO may determine is economically advantageous) and on a daily or hourly basis as required to maintain system reliability. The ISO shall contract annually (or for such other period as the ISO may determine is economically advantageous) for Black Start Generation.

2.5.6 Technical Requirements for Providing Ancillary Services.

All Generating Units, System Units, Loads and System Resources providing Ancillary Services shall comply with the technical requirements set out in Sections 2.5.6.1 to 2.5.6.4 below relating to their operating capabilities, communication capabilities and metering infrastructure. No Scheduling Coordinator shall be permitted to submit a bid to the ISO for the provision of an Ancillary Service from a Generating Unit, System Unit, Load or System Resource, or to submit a schedule for self provision of an Ancillary Service from that Generating Unit, System Unit, Load or System Resource, unless the Scheduling Coordinator is in possession of a current certificate issued by the ISO confirming that the Generating Unit, System Unit, Load or System Resource complies with the ISO's technical requirements for providing the Ancillary Service concerned. Scheduling Coordinators can apply for Ancillary Services certificates in accordance with the ISO's Protocols for considering and processing such applications. The ISO shall have the right to inspect Generating Units, Loads or the individual resources comprising System Units and other equipment for the purposes of the issue of a certificate and periodically thereafter to satisfy itself that its technical requirements continue to be met. If at any time the ISO's technical requirements are not being met, the ISO may withdraw the certificate for the Generating Unit, System Unit, Load or System Resource concerned.

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 78 Superseding Original Sheet No. 78

2.5.14 The Regulation Auction.

<u>Bid Information</u>. Each Scheduling Coordinator j shall submit the following information for each Generating Unit or System Unit i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

- (a) bidder name/Identification Code;
- (b) resource identification (name and Location Code);
- (c) the date for which the bid applies;
- (d) maximum operating level (MW);
- (e) minimum operating level (MW);
- (f) ramp rate (MW/Min) Ramp_{iji};
- (g) the upward and downward range of generating capacity over which Generating Unit or System Unit i from Scheduling Coordinator j is willing to provide Regulation for Settlement Period t (Cap_{iji}max (MW) where Cap_{iji}max ≤ Period minutes</sub> * Ramp_{iji}. Period minutes is established by the ISO, by giving Scheduling Coordinators twenty-four (24) hours advance notice, within a range from a minimum of 10 minutes to a maximum of 30 minutes. Bidders shall offer upward and downward range for Regulation service; and
- (h) the bid price of the capacity reservation, stated separately for Regulation Up and Regulation Down (CapResiit (\$/MW)).

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 79

Superseding Original Sheet No. 79

If the bid is for the provision of Regulation from an external import of a System

Resource, each Scheduling Coordinator i shall submit the following information for each System

Resource i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

(a) bidder name/Identification Code:

type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day; (b)

(c) Scheduling Point;

(d) interchange ID code;

(e) external Control Area ID:

(f) Schedule ID (NERC ID number) and complete WSCC tag;

(g) preferred bid flag, a "YES" indicates a bid and a "NO" indicates a self-provided

schedule;

the contract reference number, if applicable; (h)

maximum operating level (MW); (i)

(j) minimum operating level (MW);

(k) ramp rate (MW/Min) Rampiit;

(l) the upward and downward range of generating capacity over which System Resource

i from Scheduling Coordinator j is willing to provide Regulation for Settlement Period t

 $(Cap_{ijt}max \text{ (MW)})$ where $Cap_{ijt}max \leq Period_{minutes} * Ramp_{ijt}$. Period_minutes is established by

the ISO, by giving Scheduling Coordinators twenty-four (24) hours advance notice,

within a range from a minimum of 10 minutes to a maximum of 30 minutes. Bidders

shall offer upward and downward range for Regulation service; and

Effective: Upon Notice After September 6, 2003

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFE

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Superseding Original Sheet No. 80

First Revised Sheet No. 80

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

(m) the bid price of the capacity reservation, stated separately for Regulation Up and

Regulation Down (CapResiit (\$/MW)).

<u>Bid Evaluation</u>. Based on the quantity and location of the system requirements, the ISO shall

select Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources with the bids, which minimize the

sum of the total bids of the Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources selected for

Regulation Up or Regulation Down, subject to two constraints:

(a) the sum of the selected bid capacities must be greater than or equal to the required

Regulation capacity; and

each Generating Unit's, System Unit's, or System Resource's bid capacity must be

less than or equal to that Generating Unit's, System Unit's, or System Resource's

ramp rate times Period minutes.

The total bid for each Generating Unit, System Unit, or System Resource is calculated by

multiplying the capacity reservation bid price by the bid capacity.

Thus, subject to any locational requirements, the ISO will accept winning Regulation

bids in accordance with the following criteria:

$$Min \sum TotalBidijt$$

 i, j

Subject to

(b)

$$\sum_{i,j} Cap_{ijt} \ge Requirement_t \ and \ Cap_{ijt} \le Cap_{ijtmax}$$

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 82

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 82

2.5.15 The Spinning Reserve Auction.

Bid Information. If the bid is for the provision of Spinning Reserve from a Generating Unit or

System Unit, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each

Generating Unit or System Unit i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

(a) bidder name/Identification Code;

(b) resource identification (name and Location Code);

(c) the date for which the bid applies;

(d) maximum operating level (MW);

(e) minimum operating level (MW);

(f) ramp rate (MW/min);

(g) MW additional capability synchronized to the system, immediately responsive to

system frequency, and available within 10 minutes (Capinmax) for Generating Unit i, or

System Unit I, from Scheduling Coordinator j, for Settlement Period t.

(h) bid price of capacity reserved (CapResiji (\$/MW));

and

(i) an indication whether the capacity reserved would be available to supply Imbalance

Energy only in the event of the occurrence of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or

an imminent or actual System Emergency.

If the bid is for the provision of Spinning Reserve from an external import of a System

Resource, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each

external import of a System Resource i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading

Day:

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the date for which the bid applies;

ramp rate if applicable (MW/Min);

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Second Revised Sheet No. 83 Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 83

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

bidder name/Identification Code;

MW additional capability synchronized to the system, immediately responsive to system frequency and available at the point of interchange with the ISO Control Area,

within 10 minutes (Cap_{iii}max) of the ISO calling for the external import of System

Resource i, from Scheduling Coordinator j, for Settlement Period t;

bid price of capacity reserved (CapResit (\$/MW));

and

(e)

(f) an indication whether the capacity reserved would be available to supply Imbalance

Energy only in the event of the occurrence of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or

an imminent or actual System Emergency

Bid Evaluation. Based on the quantity and location of the system requirements, the ISO shall

select the Generating Units, System Units and external imports of System Resources with the

bids which minimize the sum of the total bids of the Generating Units, System Units and external

imports of System Resources selected subject to two constraints:

(a) the sum of the selected bid capacities must be greater than or equal to the required

Spinning Reserve capacity; and

(b) each Generating Unit's, System Unit's or external import's bid capacity must be less

than or equal to that Generating Unit's, System Unit's or external import's ramp rate

times 10 minutes.

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The price payable to Scheduling Coordinators for Spinning Reserve Capacity not included in the ISO's Final Day-Ahead Schedules but made available in accordance with amended Ancillary Services supplier schedules issued in accordance with Section 2.5.21 shall be the bid price of the Spinning reserve capacity reserved (*CapResin*(\$/MW)).

2.5.16 The Non-Spinning Reserve Auction.

Bid information. If the bid is for the provision of Non-Spinning Reserve from a Generating Unit or System Unit, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each Generating Unit or System Unit i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

- (a) bidder name/Identification Code;
- (b) Generating Unit or System Unit identification (name and Location Code);
- (c) the date for which the bid applies;
- (d) maximum operating level (MW);
- (e) minimum operating level (MW);
- (f) ramp rate (MW/Min);
- (g) the MW capability available within 10 minutes ($Cap_{ij}max$);
- (h) the bid price of the capacity reserved (*CapRes_{iit}*(\$/MW));
- (i) time to synchronization following notification (min);

and

(j) an indication whether the capacity reserved would be available to supply Imbalance Energy only in the event of the occurrence of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or an imminent or actual System Emergency.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Second Revised Sheet No. 86

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 86

If the bid is for the provision of Non-Spinning Reserve from an external import of a

System Resource, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each

external import of a System Resource i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading

Day:

(a) bidder name/Identification Code;

(b) the date for which the bid applies;

(c) ramp rate if applicable (MW/Min);

(d) the MW capability available at the point of interchange with the ISO Control Area,

within 10 minutes (Capiimax) of the ISO calling for the external import of System

Resource I, from Scheduling Coordinator j, for Settlement Period t;

(e) the bid price of the capacity reserved (*CapResiit*(\$/MW)); and

(f) an indication whether the capacity reserved would be available to supply Imbalance

Energy only in the event of the occurrence of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or

an imminent or actual System Emergency.

If the bid is for the provision of Non-Spinning Reserve from a Load located within the

ISO Control Area, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each

Load i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

(a) bidder name/Identification Code;

(b) Load identification name and Location Code;

(c) the date for which the bid applies;

(d) Demand reduction available within 10 minutes (Cap_{iii}max);

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 87

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 87

(g) the bid price of the capacity reserved (CapResiit(\$/MW)); and

(h) an indication whether the capacity reserved would be available for Demand reduction

only in the event of the occurrence of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or an

imminent or actual System Emergency

Bid Evaluation. Based on the quantity and location of the system requirements, the ISO shall

select the Generating Units, System Units, Loads or external imports of System Resources with

the bids which minimize the sum of the total bids of the Generating Units, System Units, Loads

or external imports of System Resources selected subject to two constraints:

the sum of the selected bid capacities must be greater than or equal to the required (a)

Non-Spinning Reserve capacity; and

(b) each Generating Unit's, System Unit's, Load's or external import's bid capacity must

be less than or equal to that Generating Unit's, System Unit's, Load's or external

import's ramp rate (or time to interruption in the case of a Load offering Demand

reduction) times the difference between 10 minutes and the time to synchronize in the

case of a Generating Unit or System Unit or to interruption in the case of a Load. The

total bid for each Generating Unit, System Unit, Load or external import of a System

Resource is calculated by multiplying the capacity reservation bid by the bid capacity.

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 89 Superseding Original Sheet No. 89

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for each Generating Unit or System Unit i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

- (a) bidder name/Identification Code;
- (b) Generating Unit or System Unit identification (name and Location Code);
- (c) the date for which the bid applies;
- (d) maximum operating level (MW);
- (e) minimum operating level (MW);
- (f) ramp rate (MW/Min);
- (g) the MW capacity available within 60 minutes ($Cap_{ijt}max$);
- (h) the bid price of the capacity reserved ($CapRes_{iit}(\$/MW)$); and
- (i) time to synchronize following notification (min).

If the bid is for the provision of Replacement Reserve from an external import of a System Resource, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each external import of a System Resource i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

- (a) bidder name/Identification Code;
- (b) the date for which the bid applies;
- (c) ramp rate applicable (MW/Min);
- (d) the MW capability available at the point of interchange with the ISO Control Area, within 60 minutes (Cap_{ijt}max) of the ISO calling for the external import of System Resource i, from Scheduling Coordinator j, for Settlement Period t; and

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 90 Superseding Original Sheet No. 90

(e) bid price of capacity reserved (CapResin; (\$/MW)).

If the bid is for the provision of Replacement Reserve from a Load located within the ISO Control Area, each Scheduling Coordinator j must submit the following information for each Load i for each Settlement Period t of the following Trading Day:

- (a) bidder name/Identification Code;
- (b) Load identification (name and Location Code);
- (c) the date for which the bid applies;
- (d) the Demand reduction available within 60 minutes (Cap_{ijt} (MW));
- (e) time to interruption following notification (min);
- (f) maximum allowable curtailment duration (hr); and
- (g) the bid price of the capacity reserved (*CapResii* (\$/MW)).

<u>Bid Evaluation</u>. Based on the quantity and location of the system requirements, the ISO shall select the Generating Units, System Units, Loads or external imports of System Resources with the bids which minimize the sum of the total bids of the Generating Units, System Units, Loads or external imports of System Resources selected subject to two constraints:

the sum of the selected bid capacities must be greater than or equal to the required
 Replacement Reserve capacity; and

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 93

Superseding Original Sheet No. 93

locational requirements, the ISO shall select the least costly Generating Units from a

computerized merit order stack to back down to produce additional Voltage Support in each

location where Voltage Support is needed.

The ISO shall pay to the Scheduling Coordinator for that Participating Generator the

opportunity cost of reducing Energy output to enable reactive energy production. This

opportunity cost shall be:

Max{0, Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price - Generating Unit bid price } x

reduction in Energy output (MW).

If necessary, the ISO shall develop a regulatory cost based determination of marginal

operating cost to be used in place of the Generating Unit bid price.

2.5.19 Black Start Capability and Energy Output.

As of the ISO Operations Date, the ISO will contract for Black Start capability and Energy with

owners of Reliability Must-Run Units and Black Start Generators. Public utilities under the FPA

will be paid rates capped at the FERC authorized cost base rates unless and until FERC

authorizes different pricing. The ISO shall pay owners of Reliability Must-Run Units for Black

Start Energy output through their Scheduling Coordinators. The ISO shall pay Black Start

Generators for Black Start Energy output directly.

2.5.20 Obligations for and Self Provision of Ancillary Services.

2.5.20.1 Ancillary Service Obligations. Each Scheduling Coordinator shall be assigned a

share of the total Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning and Replacement Reserve

requirements by the ISO. Any references in this Tariff to the Ancillary Service "Regulation" shall

be read as referring to "Regulation Up" or "Regulation Down". The

Effective: Upon Notice After September 6, 2003

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Fourth Revised Sheet No. 100 Superseding Third Revised Sheet No. 100

2.5.22.2 General Principles. The ISO shall base real time dispatch of Generating Units, System Units, Loads and System Resources on the following principles:

- (a) the ISO shall dispatch Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources providing Regulation service to meet NERC and WSCC Area Control Error (ACE) performance requirements;
- (b) the ISO shall determine whether the Regulation Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources are operating at a point away from their preferred operating point and project the Imbalance Energy requirements based on the forecasted load for the next Dispatch Interval. The ISO shall then Dispatch Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources available (either providing Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, Replacement Reserve or offering Supplemental Energy) to meet the projected Imbalance Energy requirements for the next Dispatch Interval and return the Regulation Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources to their preferred operating points to restore their full regulating margin;
- (c) the ISO shall economically Dispatch Generating Units, System Units, Loads and System Resources only to meet its Imbalance Energy requirements and eliminate any Price Overlap between Energy Bids subject to resource and transmission system constraints;
- (d) subject to Section 2.5.22.3 and its subparts, the ISO shall select the Generating Units, System Units, Loads and System Resources to be dispatched to meet its Imbalance Energy requirements and eliminate any Price Overlap based on a constrained optimization method to minimize the overall cost of Imbalance Energy subject to resource and transmission system constraints;
- (e) subject to Section 2.5.22.3 and its subparts, the ISO shall not discriminate betweenGenerating Units, System Units, Loads and System Resources other than based on

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 101

.

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 101

price, and the effectiveness (e.g., location and ramp rate) of the resource concerned to respond to the fluctuation in Demand or Generation;

- (f) Generating Units, System Units, Loads and System Resources shall be dispatched during the operating hour only until the next variation in Demand or the end of the operating hour, whichever is sooner. In dispatching such resources, the ISO makes no further commitment as to the duration of their operation, nor the level of their output or Demand, except to the extent that a Dispatch instruction causes Energy to be delivered in a different Dispatch Interval.
- 2.5.22.3 Ancillary Services Dispatch. The ISO may Dispatch Generating Units, Loads, System Units and System Resources contracted to provide Ancillary Services (either procured through the ISO's competitive market, or self provided by Scheduling Coordinators) to supply Imbalance Energy. During normal operating conditions, the ISO shall Dispatch the following resources to supply Imbalance Energy: (i) those Generating Units, Loads, System Units and System Resources having offered Supplemental Energy bids, (ii) those Generating Units, Loads, System Units and System Resources contracted to provide Replacement Reserve and (iii) those Generating Units, Loads, System Units and System Resources that have contracted to provide Spinning and Non-Spinning Reserve, except for those resources that have indicated that the capacity reserved would be available to supply Imbalance Energy only in the event of the occurrence of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or an imminent or actual System Emergency. In the event of an unplanned Outage, a Contingency or a threatened or actual System Emergency, the ISO may also Dispatch all other Generating Units, Loads, System Units and System Resources contracted to provide Spinning Reserve or Non-Spinning Reserve to supply Imbalance Energy. If a Generating Unit, Load, System Unit or System Resource, which is supplying Operating Reserve, is Dispatched to provide Imbalance Energy, the ISO shall

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 101A

-

Superseding Original Sheet No. 101A

replace the Operating Reserve from the same or another resource within the time frame

specified in the WSCC guidelines.

2.5.22.3.1 Dispatch of Competitively Procured and Self-Provided Ancillary Services.

Generating Units and Loads selected in the ISO competitive auction or self-provided shall be

Dispatched based on their Energy Bids as described in Dispatch Protocol Section 8.6.2, subject

to the limitation on the Dispatch of Spinning Reserve and Non-Spinning Reserve set forth in

Section 2.5.22.3.

2.5.22.3.2 Dispatch of Self Provided Ancillary Services. Where a Scheduling

Coordinator has chosen to self provide the whole of the additional Operating Reserve required

to cover any Interruptible Imports which it has scheduled and has identified specific Generating

Units, Loads, System Units or System Resources as the providers of the additional Operating

Reserve concerned, the ISO shall Dispatch only the designated Generating Units, Loads,

System Units or System Resources in the event of the ISO being notified that the Interruptible

Import is being curtailed. For all other Ancillary Services

Superseding Third Revised Sheet No. 102

which are being self provided the Energy Bid shall be used to determine the Dispatch, subject to the limitation on the Dispatch of Spinning Reserve and Non-Spinning Reserve set forth in Section 2.5.22.3.

2.5.22.4 Supplemental Energy Bids. In addition to the Generating Units, Loads and System Resources which have been scheduled to provide Ancillary Services in the Day-Ahead and Hour-Ahead markets, the ISO may Dispatch Generating Units, Loads or System Resources for which Scheduling Coordinators have submitted Supplemental Energy bids.

2.5.22.4.1 Timing of Supplemental Energy Bids.

Supplemental Energy bids must be submitted to the ISO no later than sixty (60) minutes prior to the operating hour. Bids may also be submitted at any time after the Day-Ahead Market closes. These Supplemental Energy bids cannot be withdrawn after sixty (60) minutes prior to the Settlement Period.

2.5.22.4.2 Form of Supplemental Energy Bid Information.

Supplemental Energy bids must include the information specified in Schedules and Bids Protocol Section 6.1.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Seventh Revised Sheet No. 103

Superseding Sixth Revised Sheet No. 103

2.5.22.5 [Not Used]

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Superseding Substitute Second Revised Sheet No. 103A

Real Time Dispatch. The ISO shall economically Dispatch each Generating 2.5.22.6 Unit, Load, System Unit or System Resource that is effective to meet Imbalance Energy requirements and eliminate any Price Overlap in real time, subject to the limitation on the Dispatch of Spinning Reserve and Non-Spinning Reserve set forth in Section 2.5.22.3. The ISO shall determine that additional output is needed if the current output levels of the Regulation Generating Units, System Units, and System Resources deviate from their preferred operating points by more than a specified threshold (to be determined by the ISO), or to meet the projected Imbalance Energy requirements for the next Dispatch Interval. The ISO shall employ a multi-interval constrained optimization methodology (RTD Software) to calculate an optimal dispatch for each Dispatch Interval within a time horizon that shall extend to the end of the next hour. The ISO shall Dispatch resources that have submitted Energy Bids over the time horizon to meet forecasted Imbalance Energy requirements minimizing the Imbalance Energy procurement cost over the entire time horizon, subject to resource and transmission system constraints. However, Dispatch Instructions shall be issued for the next Dispatch Interval only. The ISO also shall instruct resources to start up or shut down over the time horizon based on their submitted and validated Start-Up Fuel Costs, Minimum Load Costs and Energy Bids. These resources shall receive binding start-up or shut-down pre-dispatch instructions as required by their startup time. The ISO shall only start resources that can start within the time horizon. The ISO may shut down resources that do not need to be on-line if constraints within the time horizon permit. However, resources providing Regulation or Spinning Reserve shall not be shut down. On-line resources providing Non-Spinning or Replacement Reserve shall also not be eligible for shutdown, unless their minimum down time does not exceed 10 minutes.

2.5.22.6.1 Resource Constraints.

The RTD Software shall enforce the following resource physical constraints:

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 104

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 104

a) Minimum and maximum operating resource limits. Outages and limitations due to transmission clearances shall be reflected in these limits. The more restrictive operating or regulating limit shall be used for resources providing Regulation so that

the RTD Software shall not Dispatch them outside their regulating range.

b) Forbidden Operating Regions. Resources can only be ramped through these

regions. The RTD Software shall not Dispatch resources within their Forbidden

Operating Regions unless at the maximum applicable ramp rate to clear the

Forbidden Operating Region in consecutive Dispatch Intervals.

c) Operational ramp rates and start-up times. The submitted operational ramp rate as

provided for in SBP Section 6.5 shall be used for all Dispatch Instructions. Each

Energy Bid shall be Dispatched only up to the amount of Imbalance Energy that can

be provided within the Dispatch Interval based on the applicable operational ramp

rate. The Dispatch Instruction shall consider the relevant start-up time as provided

for in SBP Section 6.6, if the resource is off-line, the relevant ramp rate function,

and any prior commitments such as schedule changes across hours and previous

Dispatch Instructions. The start-up time shall be determined from the start-up time

function and when the resource was last shut down. The start-up time shall not

apply if the corresponding resource is on-line or expected to start.

d) Maximum number of daily start-ups. The RTD Software shall not cause a resource

to exceed its daily maximum number of start-ups.

e) Minimum up and down time. The RTD Software shall not start up off-line resources

before their minimum down time expires and shall not shut down on-line resources

before their minimum up time expires.

Operating (Spinning and Non-Spinning) Reserve. The RTD Software shall Dispatch

Spinning and Non-Spinning Reserve subject to the limitations set forth in Section

2.5.22.3.

Effective: Upon Notice After September 6, 2003

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Original Sheet No. 104A

4

g) Hourly Pre-Dispatch. If Dispatched, each System Resource flagged for Hourly Pre-Dispatch in the next hour shall be Dispatched to operate at a constant level over the entire hour. The RTD Software shall perform the Hourly Pre-Dispatch for each hour once prior to the operating hour. Hourly Pre-Dispatched System Resources shall be Pre-Dispatched in merit order, but shall be price-takers, *i.e.*, shall not set the price. The Hourly Pre-Dispatch shall not subsequently be revised by the RTD Software.

2.5.22.6.2 Transmission System Constraints.

RTD shall use a zonal DC network model where all nodes within a zone would be collapsed into a single equivalent "zonal bus." The constraints using the zonal network model shall be the following:

- a) Power balance constraint in each zone. The system Imbalance Energy requirement shall be calculated on a zonal basis. The power balance constraints shall dictate an optimal dispatch that would eliminate the Imbalance Energy requirement in all zones, subject to (b) below.
- b) Inter-Zonal Interface constraints. These constraints shall limit the net active power flow on Inter-Zonal Interfaces at or below their transfer limits. For Inter-Zonal Interfaces between the ISO Control Area and another control area, inter-zonal transfer capacity shall be reserved for awarded Ancillary Services from System Resources not already Dispatched.

2.5.22.6.3 Inter-hour Dispatch of Resources Without Real Time Energy Bids.

Real Time Dispatch Instructions shall be issued for each Dispatch Interval as needed to prescribe the ramp between a resource's Final Hour-Ahead Schedule in one hour to its Final Hour-Ahead Schedule in the immediately succeeding operating hour. Such Dispatch Instructions shall be based on the lesser of: 1) the applicable operational ramp rate as provided for in SBP Section 6.5 and 2) the ramp rate associated with the Standard Ramp. The Dispatch

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Instructions for ramping of Generating Units without Real Time Energy Bids in both operating hours shall begin 10 minutes prior to the start of each operating hour and shall end no sooner than 10 minutes after and no later than 50 minutes after the start of each operating hour.

Energy resulting from the Standard Ramp shall be deemed Standard Ramping Energy and will be settled in accordance with SABP Appendix D-1 Section 2.1.2. Energy resulting from any ramp extending beyond the Standard Ramp will be deemed Ramping Energy Deviation and will be settled in accordance with SABP Appendix D-1 Section 2.1.2.

2.5.22.6.4 Inter-hour Dispatch of Resources With Real Time Energy Bids.

Real Time Dispatch Instructions associated with the ramp between a resource's Final Hour-Ahead Schedule in one hour to its Final Hour-Ahead Schedule in the immediately succeeding operating hour shall be determined optimally by the RTD Software if the ISO has bids for either or both relevant operating hours. For any operating hour(s) for which bids have been submitted Dispatch Instructions will be optimized such that the Dispatch Operating Point is within the bid range(s). For any operating hour without submitted bids Dispatch Instructions will be optimized such that the Dispatch Operating Point conforms to the schedule within the operating hour. Energy resulting from the Standard Ramp shall be deemed Standard Ramping Energy and will be settled in accordance with SABP Appendix D Section 2.1.2. Energy resulting from any ramp extending beyond the Standard Ramp will be deemed Ramping Energy Deviation and will be settled in accordance with SABP Appendix D Section 2.1.2. Energy delivered or consumed as a result of ISO Dispatch of a resource's Energy Bid in one operating hour to a Dispatch Operating Point such that the resource cannot return to its successive operating hour Final Hour-Ahead Schedule by the beginning of the next operating hour is Residual Energy and shall be settled as Instructed Imbalance Energy as provided for in SABP Appendix D Section 2.1.2 and also may be eligible for recovery of its applicable Energy Bid costs in accordance with Section

11.2.4.1.1.1. Similarly, Energy delivered or consumed as a result of ISO Dispatch of a

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resource's Energy Bid in a future operating hour to a Dispatch Operating Point different from its current operating hour Final Hour-Ahead Schedule prior to the end of the current operating hour is also considered Residual Energy and shall be settled as Instructed Imbalance Energy as provided for in SABP Appendix D Section 2.1.2 and also may be eligible for recovery of its applicable Energy Bid costs in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1.1.1. When Ramping Energy Deviation and Residual Energy coexist within a given Dispatch Interval, the Ramping Energy Deviation shall be the portion of Instructed Imbalance Energy that is produced or consumed within the schedule-change band defined by the Final Hour-Ahead Schedules of the two consecutive Settlement Periods; the Residual Energy shall be the portion of Instructed Imbalance Energy that is produced or consumed outside the schedule-change band.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Second Revised Sheet No. 105

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 105

2.5.22.7 Inter-Zonal Congestion. In the event of Inter-Zonal Congestion in real time, the ISO

shall procure Imbalance Energy as described in Section 2.5.22.6.

2.5.22.8 Intra-Zonal Congestion. Except as provided in Section 5.2, in the event of Intra-

Zonal Congestion in real time, the ISO shall adjust resources in accordance with Sections

7.2.6.1 and 7.2.6.2.

2.5.22.9 Recovery of Operating Reserve. If procured Operating Reserve is used to meet

Imbalance Energy requirements, such Operating Reserve may be recovered by the ISO's

replacing the associated Imbalance Energy through the Dispatch of other Energy Bids in merit

order to allow the resources that were providing Energy from the procured Operating Reserve to

return to their operating point before the provided the Energy from the Operating Reserves.

Any additional real-time Operating Reserve needs may be met through unloaded

capacity from RMR resources.

2.5.22.10 Dispatch Instructions.

All Dispatch Instructions except those for the Dispatch of Regulation (which will be

communicated by direct digital control signals to Generating Units and, for System Resources.

through dedicated communication links which satisfy the ISO's standards for external imports of

Regulation) will be communicated electronically, except that, at the ISO's discretion, Dispatch

Instructions may be communicated by telephone, or fax. Except in the case of deteriorating

system conditions or emergency, and except for instructions for the Dispatch of Regulation, the

ISO will send all Dispatch Instructions to the Scheduling Coordinator for the Generating Unit,

System Unit, Load or System Resource, which it

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 106

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 106

wishes to Dispatch. The recipient Scheduling Coordinator shall ensure that the Dispatch Instruction is communicated immediately to the operator of the Generating Unit, System Unit, external import of System Resources or Load concerned. The ISO may, with the prior permission of the Scheduling Coordinator concerned, communicate with and give Dispatch Instructions to the operators of Generating Units, System Units, external imports of System Resources and Loads directly without having to communicate through their appointed Scheduling Coordinator. The recipient of a Dispatch Instruction shall confirm the Dispatch in accordance with DP 4.4. The ISO shall record the communications between the ISO and Scheduling Coordinators relating to Dispatch Instructions in a manner that permits auditing of the Dispatch Instructions, and of the response of Generating Units, System Units, external imports of System Resources and Loads to Dispatch Instructions.

The ISO Protocols govern the content, issue, receipt, confirmation and recording of Dispatch Instructions.

2.5.22.11 Failure to Conform to Dispatch Instructions. All Scheduling Coordinators,

Participating Generators, owners or operators of Curtailable Demands and operators of System Resources providing Ancillary Services (whether self provided or procured by the ISO) or whose Supplemental Energy bids have been accepted by the ISO shall be obligated to respond or to secure response to the ISO's Dispatch Instructions in accordance with their terms, and to be available and capable of doing so, for the full duration of the Settlement Period. Dispatch Instructions will be deemed delivered and associated Energy will be settled as Instructed Imbalance Energy in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1.1. If a Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand or System Resource is unavailable or incapable of responding to a Dispatch Instruction, or fails to respond to a Dispatch Instruction in accordance with its terms, the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand or System Resource:

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Second Revised Sheet No. 106A

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 106A

(a) shall be declared and labeled as non-conforming to the ISO's instructions unless it has notified the ISO of an event that prevents it from performing its obligations within 30 minutes of the onset of such event through a SLIC log entry. Notification of non-compliance via the Automated Dispatch System (ADS) will not supplant nor serve as the offical notification mechanism to the ISO;

(b) cannot set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price pursuant to Section 2.5.23.2.1.2; and

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Superseding Substitute Third Revised Sheet No. 107

(c) the Scheduling Coordinator for the Participating Generator, owner or operator of the Curtailable Demand or System Resource concerned shall have Uninstructed Imbalance Energy due to the difference between the Generating Unit's, Curtailable Demand's or System Resource's instructed and actual output (or Demand). The Uninstructed Imbalance Energy shall be subject to the settlement for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1 and the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1.2. This applies whether the Ancillary Services concerned are contracted or self provided.

The ISO will develop additional mechanisms to deter Generating Units, Curtailable

Demand and System Resources from failing to perform according to Dispatch instructions, for
example reduction in payments to Scheduling Coordinators, or suspension of the Scheduling
Coordinator's Ancillary Services certificate for the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand or
System Resource concerned.

2.5.23 Pricing Imbalance Energy.

2.5.23.1 General Principles. Instructed and Uninstructed Imbalance Energy shall be paid or charged the applicable Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price or the Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price. These prices are determined using the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices. The Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices shall be based on the bid of the marginal Generating Units, System Units, and Curtailable Demand dispatched by the ISO to increase or reduce Demand or Energy output in each Dispatch Interval as provided in Section 2.5.23.2.1.

The marginal bid is

Superseding Substitute Third Revised Sheet No. 108

the highest bid that is accepted by the ISO's RTD Software for increased energy supply or the lowest bid that is accepted by the ISO's RTD Software for reduced energy supply. In the event the lowest price decremental bid accepted by the ISO is greater and not equal to the highest priced incremental bid accepted, then the Dispatch Interval Ex-Post Price shall be equal to the highest incremental bid accepted when there is a non-negative Imbalance Energy system requirement and equal to the lowest accepted decremental bid when there is a negative Imbalance Energy requirement.

When an Inter-Zonal Interface is operated at the capacity of the interface (whether due to scheduled uses of the interface, or decreases in the capacity of the interface), the marginal incremental or decremental bid prices in some Zones may differ from one another. In such cases, the ISO will determine separate Ex Post Prices for the Zones.

The ISO will respond to the Dispatch Instructions issued by the RTD Software to the extent practical in the time available and acting in accordance with Good Utility Practice. The ISO will record the reasons for any variation from the Dispatch Instructions issued by the RTD Software.

- 2.5.23.2 **Determining Ex Post Prices.**
- 2.5.23.2.1 Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices.
- Computation. For each Dispatch Interval, the ISO will compute updated supply 2.5.23.2.1.1 and demand curves, using the Generating Units, System Units, and Curtailable Demand Dispatched according to the ISO's RTD Software during that time period to meet Imbalance Energy requirements and to eliminate any Price Overlap. The Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price is equal to the bid price of the marginal resource accepted by the ISO for Dispatch, subject to any limitation applicable under Section 2.5.23.2.1. In the event of Inter-Zonal Congestion, the ISO

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 109

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 109

will determine separate Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices for each Zone or groups of Zones on either side of the Congested interface.

2.5.23.2.1.2 Eligibility. A resource constrained at an upper or lower operating limit, a

boundary of a Forbidden Operating Region or dispatched for the maximum Energy deliverable

based on its maximum applicable ramp rate cannot be marginal (i.e., it cannot move in a

particular direction) and thus is not eligible to set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price. System

Resources are not eligible to set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price. A resource dispatched at

its lower operating limit, if otherwise eligible, will be eligible to set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post

Price if any portion of its Energy is necessary to serve Demand. A Dispatched resource must

perform within ten percent (10%) (i.e., between 90% and 110%) of the relevant Dispatch

Operating Point to be eligible to set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price except 1) in those

Dispatch Intervals in which the ISO issues emergency Dispatch Instructions, or 2) where the

unpreventable loss of telemetry prevents the ISO from assessing the resource's performance.

2.5.23.2.2 Hourly Ex Post Price. The Hourly Ex Post Price in a Settlement Period in each

Zone will equal the absolute-value Energy-weighted average of the Dispatch Interval Ex Post

Prices in each Zone, where the weights are the system total Instructed Imbalance energy,

except Regulation Energy, for the Dispatch Interval.

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If the ISO declares a System Emergency, e.g. during times of supply scarcity, and involuntary load shedding occurs during the real time Dispatch, the ISO shall set the Hourly Ex Post Price at the Administrative Price.

2.5.23.2.3 Price for Uninstructed Deviations for Participating Intermittent Resources.

Deviations associated with each Participating Intermittent Resource in a Scheduling Coordinator's zonal portfolio shall be settled as provided in Section 11.2.4.5.1 at the monthly weighted average Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price, where the weights are the quantities of Instructed Imbalance Energy associated with each Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price.

2.5.23.3 [Not Used]

2.5.23.3.1 [Not Used]

2.5.23.3.1.1 [Not Used]

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Fifth Revised Sheet No. 110K

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Fourth Revised Sheet No. 110K

the ISO. The ISO's obligation to pay Start-Up Fuel Costs is limited to the obligation to pay Start-Up Fuel Cost Charges received. All disputes concerning payment of Start-Up Fuel Cost Invoices shall be subject to ISO ADR Procedures, in accordance with Section 13 of this ISO Tariff.

2.5.23.3.8 [Not Used]

2.5.23.3.8.1 [Not Used]

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 114

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 114

2.5.26.2 Rescission of Payments for Unavailability. If capacity scheduled into the

ISO's Ancillary Services markets from a Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or

System Resource is unavailable during the relevant Settlement Interval, then payments will be

rescinded as described herein. For self-provided Ancillary Services, the payment obligation

shall be equivalent to that which would arise if the Ancillary Services had been bid into each

market in which they were scheduled.

2.5.26.2.1 If the ISO determines that a Scheduling Coordinator has supplied Uninstructed

Imbalance Energy to the ISO during a Settlement Interval from the capacity of a Generating

Unit, System Unit or System Resource that is obligated to supply Spinning Reserve, Non-

Spinning Reserve, or Replacement Reserve to the ISO during such Settlement Interval,

payments to the Scheduling Coordinator representing the Generating Unit, System Unit or

System Resource for the Ancillary Service capacity used to supply Uninstructed Imbalance

Energy shall be eliminated to the extent of the deficiency, except to the extent (i) the deficiency

in the availability of Ancillary Service capacity from the Generating Unit, System Unit or System

Resource is attributable to control exercised by the ISO in that Settlement Interval through AGC

operation, an RMR Dispatch Notice, or dispatch to avoid an intervention in Market operations or

to prevent a System Emergency; or (ii) a penalty is imposed under Section 2.5.26.1 with respect

to the deficiency.

2.5.26.2.2 If a Curtailable Demand is insufficient to deliver the full amount of the Non-

Spinning and Replacement Reserve to which that Curtailable Demand is obligated in that

Settlement Interval, then the related capacity payments will be rescinded to the extent of that

deficiency as explained in Section 2.5.26.2.4 and 2.5.26.2.5, unless a penalty is imposed on that

Curtailable Demand for that Settlement Interval under Section 2.5.26.1.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 115

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 115

The ISO shall calculate the real-time ability of each Generating Unit and System 2.5.26.2.3

Unit to deliver Energy from Ancillary Services capacity awarded or self-provided for each

Settlement Interval based on its operational ramp rate as described in SBP Section 6.5,

maximum operating capability, and actual telemetered output. If the Generating Unit or System

Unit cannot deliver the full amount of Energy from the awarded or self-provided Spinning, Non-

Spinning or Replacement reserve for a Settlement Interval then Ancillary Services capacity

payments for the amount of Energy that cannot be delivered for the particular Settlement Interval

shall be rescinded.

2.5.26.2.4 This Section 2.5.26.2.4 shall not apply to the capacity payment for any particular

Ancillary Service if the Zonal Market Clearing Price determined in accordance with Sections

2.5.15, 2.5.16 or 2.5.17 is less than or equal to zero. For those Ancillary Services for which such

Zonal Market Clearing Prices are greater than zero, the payment for Ancillary Service capacity

otherwise payable under Section 2.5.27.2, 2.5.27.3, and/or 2.5.27.4 shall be reduced by one

sixth of the product of the applicable prices and the amount of Ancillary Service capacity from

which the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or System Resource has supplied

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy in a Settlement Interval. If a Scheduling Coordinator schedules

Ancillary Services through both the Day-Ahead and Hour-Ahead Markets, capacity payments

due the Scheduling Coordinator from each market will be rescinded in proportion to the amount

of capacity sold to the ISO in each market.

2.5.26.2.5 Payment shall be eliminated first for any Replacement Reserve capacity for

which the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or System Resource would

otherwise be entitled to payment. If the amount of Ancillary Service capacity from which the

Generating Unit, System Unit or System Resource has supplied Uninstructed Imbalance Energy

exceeds the amount of Replacement Reserve capacity for which it would otherwise be entitled

to receive payment, payment shall be eliminated for Non-Spinning

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 116

Third Revised Sheet No. 116

Reserve capacity, and then for Spinning Reserve capacity, until payment has been withheld for the full amount of Ancillary Service capacity from which the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or System Resource supplied Uninstructed Imbalance Energy.

2.5.26.2.6 For each Settlement Interval in which a Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or System Resource fails to actually supply Energy from Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve or Replacement Reserve capacity in accordance with a Dispatch instruction, or supplies only a portion of the Energy specified in the Dispatch Instruction, the capacity payment will be pro-rated to reflect the unavailability in that Settlement Interval of the difference between (1) the total MW of the particular Ancillary Service scheduled in that Settlement Period and (2) the amount of Energy, if any, supplied in response to the Dispatch Instruction in that Settlement Interval.

2.5.26.3 Rescission of Payments When Dispatch Instruction is Not Followed

If the total metered output of a Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or System Resource is insufficient to supply the amount of Instructed Imbalance Energy associated with a Dispatch instruction issued in accordance with a bid on Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, or Replacement Reserve in any Settlement Interval, then the capacity payment associated with the difference between the total scheduled amount of each Ancillary Service for which Insufficient Energy was delivered, and the actual output attributed to the response to the Dispatch instruction on each Ancillary Service, shall be rescinded. However, no capacity payment shall be rescinded if the shortfall in the metered output of the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit, or System Resource is less than a deadband amount published by ISO on the ISO Home Page at least twenty-four hours prior to the Settlement Interval. For any Settlement Interval with respect to which no

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Fourth Revised Sheet No. 117

Superseding Third Revised Sheet No. 117

deadband amount has been published by the ISO, the deadband amount shall be zero MWH. If

the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, System Unit or System Resource is scheduled to

provide more than one Ancillary Service in the Settlement Period, then the actual output will be

attributed first to Replacement Reserve, then to Non-Spinning Reserve, and finally to Spinning

Reserve, and the capacity payments associated with the balance of each Ancillary Service shall

be rescinded. If the same Ancillary Service is scheduled in both the Day Ahead and Hour Ahead

Markets, then payments shall be rescinded in proportion to the amount of each Ancillary Service

scheduled in each market.

2.5.26.4 Penalties applied pursuant to Section 2.5.26.1, and payments rescinded pursuant to

Section 2.5.26.2 and 2.5.26.3 shall be redistributed to Scheduling Coordinators in proportion to

ISO Control Area metered Demand and scheduled exports for the same Trading Day.

2.5.26.5 If the ISO determines that non-compliance of a Load, Generating Unit, System Unit or

System Resource, with an operating order or Dispatch Instruction from the ISO, or with any

other applicable technical standard under the ISO Tariff, causes or exacerbates system

conditions for which the WSCC imposes a penalty on the ISO, then the Scheduling Coordinator

of such Load, Generating Unit, System Unit or System Resource shall be assigned that portion

of the WSCC penalty which the ISO reasonably determines is attributable to such non-

compliance, in addition to any other penalties or sanctions applicable under the ISO Tariff.

2.5.26.6 Temporary Exemption from Rescission of Energy Payments Any Participating

Load that has entered into a Participating Load Agreement and has responded to a Dispatch

Instruction will be exempt from the requirements of Section 2.5.26.2.3 in the hour of the

Dispatch and for the following two (2) hours during the period beginning on June 15, 2000 and

ending on the date specified in a notice ("Notice Terminating Temporary Exemption") to be

issued by the ISO. Such notice shall be posted on the ISO Home Page and distributed to

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Fourth Revised Sheet No. 119 Superseding Third Revised Sheet No. 119

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

2.5.27.1 Regulation.

Regulation Up and Regulation Down payments shall be calculated separately.

Quantities. The following quantity definitions shall be used for each Scheduling Coordinator in

the settlement process:

AGCUpQDAxt = the Scheduling Coordinator's total quantity of Regulation Up capacity in Zone X

sold through the ISO auction at bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7, and

scheduled Day-Ahead j for Settlement Period t.

 $AGCDownQDA_{xt}$ = the Scheduling Coordinator's total quantity of Regulation Down capacity in

Zone X sold through the ISO auction at bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7,

and scheduled Day-Ahead j for Settlement Period t.

 $EnQInst_M$ = Instructed Imbalance Energy increase or decrease in Zone X in real time Dispatch for

each Dispatch Interval b of Settlement Period t, determined in accordance with the ISO

Protocols.

Prices. The prices in the Settlement process for Regulation Up and Regulation Down shall be

those determined in Section 2.5.14 for bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7

and prices determined in accordance with Section 2.5.27.7 for bids above that level.

Adjustment: penalty described in Section 2.5.26.1.

 $PAGCUpDA_{xt}$ = the market clearing price, PAGC, in Zone X for Regulation Up capacity in the

Day-Ahead market for Settlement Period t.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. 1

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 120

Third Revised Sheet No. 120

Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units providing Regulation Down capacity through the ISO auction shall receive the following payments for Regulation Down:

 $AGCDownPay_{xt} = AGCDownQDA_{xt} * PAGCDownDA_{xt} - Adjustment$

Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units shall receive the following payment for Energy output from Regulation in accordance with the settlement for Instructed Imbalance Energy under Section 11.2.4.1:

 $\sum [(EnQInst_{ixt} * Zonal \ Settlement \ IntervalExPostPriceinZoneX) + REPA_{ixt}]$

REPA_{ixt} = the Regulation Energy Payment Adjustment for Generating Unit i in Zone X for Settlement Period t calculated as follows:

$$[(R_{UPixt} * C_{UP}) + (R_{DNixt} * C_{DN})] * max ($20/MWh, P_{xt})$$

Where

 R_{UPixt} = the upward range of generating capacity for the provision of Regulation from Generating Unit i in Zone X included in the bid accepted by the ISO for Generating Unit i for Settlement Period t, weighted in proportion to the ISO's need for upward Regulation. The weighting factors will be specified within a range from 0-100 percent. The weighting factors will be set at the discretion of the ISO based on system conditions, and will be set

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 123

 $P_{SPDA_{xx}}$ = market clearing price, Psp, in Zone X for Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead

Market for Settlement Period t.

Payments. Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, System Units, or System Resources

providing Spinning Reserve capacity through the ISO auction shall receive the following

payments for Spinning Reserve capacity:

 $SpinPay_{xt} = SpinQDA_{xt} * PspDA_{xt-Adjustment}$

Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, System Units, or System Resources shall receive

the following payments for Energy output from Spinning Reserve capacity:

 $EnQInst_{xt}$ * Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price_{xt}

2.5.27.3 Non-Spinning Reserve.

Quantities. The following quantity definitions shall be used for each Scheduling Coordinator in

the settlement process:

 $NonSpinQDA_{xx}$ = the Scheduling Coordinator's total Quantity of Non-Spinning Reserve capacity in

Zone X sold through the ISO's auction at bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7,

and scheduled Day-Ahead for Settlement Period t.

 $EnQInst_{xx}$ = Instructed Imbalance Energy output or Demand reduction in Zone X in real time

Dispatch for Settlement Period t, supplied in accordance with the ISO protocols.

<u>Prices</u>. The prices in the Settlement process for Non-Spinning Reserve shall be those

determined in Section 2.5.16 for bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7 and

prices determined in accordance with Section 2.5.27.7 for bids above that level.

Effective: Upon Notice After September 6, 2003

Payments. Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, System Units, System Resources, or

Loads supplying Non-Spinning Reserve capacity through the ISO auction shall be paid the

following for the Non-Spinning Reserve capacity:

 $NonspPay_{xt} = NonSpinQDA_{xt} * PnonspDAxt - Adjustment$

Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, System Units, System Resources or

Loads shall receive the following payments for Energy output from Non-Spinning Reserve

capacity:

EnQInst_{xt} * Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price_{xt}

2.5.27.4 Replacement Reserve.

Quantities. The following quantity definitions shall be used for each Scheduling Coordinator in

the settlement process:

 $RepResODA_{y}$ = the Scheduling Coordinator's total quantity of Replacement Reserve capacity in

Zone X sold through the ISO auction at bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7,

scheduled Day-Ahead for Settlement Period t, and from which Energy has not been generated.

 $EnOInst_{xt}$ = Instructed Imbalance Energy output or Demand reduction in Zone X in real time

Dispatch for Settlement Period t, suppplied in accordance with the ISO protocols.

Prices. The prices in the settlement process for Replacement Reserve shall be those

determined in section 2.5.17 for bids at or below the level specified in Section 2.5.27.7 and

prices determined in accordance with Section 2.5.27.7 for bids above that level.

Adjustment = penalty described in section 2.5.26.1, or rescinded capacity payments described in

Section 2.5.26.2 or 2.5.26.3.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 125

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 125

PRepResDA_{xt} = market clearing price, PRepRes, in Zone X for Replacement Reserve capacity in

the Day-Ahead Market for Settlement Period t.

Payments. Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, System Units, System Resources, or

Loads providing Replacement Reserve capacity through the ISO auction shall receive the

following payments for the portion of a Scheduling Coordinator's Replacement Reserve capacity

from which Energy has not been generated:

 $RepResPay_{ijt} = (RepResQDA_{xt} -) * PRepResDA_{xt-Adjustment}$

Scheduling Coordinators shall not receive capacity payments for the portion of a Scheduling

Coordinator's Replacement Reserve capacity from which Energy has been generated. The

payments for Energy output from Replacement Reserve capacity are calculated as follows:

EnQInstiit * Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Pricext

2.5.27.5 Voltage Support. The total payments for each Scheduling Coordinator shall be the

sum of the short-term procurement payments, based on opportunity cost, as described in

Section 2.5.18, and the payments under long term contracts.

2.5.27.6 Black Start.

Quantities. The following quantities shall be used in the Settlement process:

EnOBS_{iit} = Energy output from Black Start made by Generating Unit i from Scheduling

Coordinator j (or Black Start Generator j, as the case may be) for Settlement Period t, pursuant

to the ISO's order to produce.

Prices. The prices used in the Settlement process are those described in the contracts referred

to in section 2.5.19.

Adjustment = penalty described in section 2.5.26.1.

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RMR Owner (but not both) will be entitled to enforce any claim arising from an unpaid Responsible Utility invoice, and only one party will be a "disputing party" under the dispute resolution process specified in the relevant RMR Contract with respect to such claim so that the Responsible Utility will not be subject to duplicative claims or recoveries. The RMR Owner shall have the right to control the disposition of claims against the Responsible Utility for non-payments that result in payment defaults by the ISO under a Reliability Must-Run Contract. To that end, in the event of non-payment by the Responsible Utility of amounts due under the Responsible Utility invoice, the ISO will not take any action to enforce its rights against the Responsible Utility unless the ISO is requested to do so by the RMR Owner. The ISO shall cooperate with the RMR Owner in a timely manner as necessary or appropriate to most fully effectuate the RMR Owner's rights related to such enforcement, including using its best efforts to enforce the Responsible Utility's payment obligations if, as, to the extent, and within the time frame, requested by the RMR Owner. The ISO shall intervene and participate where procedurally necessary to the assertion of a claim by the RMR Owner.

- **5.2.7.3** If a Responsible Utility first executed a TCA after April 1, 1998 (a "New Responsible Utility") and if:
 - (i) the senior unsecured debt of the New Responsible Utility is rated or becomes rated at less than A- from Standard & Poor's ("S&P") or A3 from Moody's Investment Services ("Moody's"), and
 - (ii) Such ratings do not improve to A- or better from S&P or A3 or better from Moody's within 60 days,

the New Responsible Utility shall issue and confirm to the ISO an irrevocable and unconditional letter of credit in an amount equal to three times the highest monthly payment invoiced by the ISO to the New Responsible Utility (or the prior Responsible

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Seventh Revised Sheet No. 184C

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Sixth Revised Sheet No. 184C

If a Must-Offer Generator fails to submit a Supplemental Energy bid for any portion of its

Available Generation for any Dispatch Interval, the unbid quantity of the Must-Offer Generator's

Available Generation will be deemed by the ISO to be bid at the Must-Offer Generator's Proxy

Price for that hour if: (i) the applicable Generating Unit is a gas-fired unit and (ii) the Must-Offer

Generator has provided the ISO with adequate data in compliance with Sections 2.5.23.3.3 and

5.11.3 for the applicable Generating Unit. For all other Generating Units owned or controlled by

a Must-Offer Generator, the unbid quantity of the Must-Offer Generator's Available Generation

will be deemed by the ISO to be bid and settled in accordance with Section 11.2. In order to

dispatch resources providing Imbalance Energy in proper merit order, the ISO will insert this

unbid quantity into the Must-Offer Generator's Supplemental Energy bid curve above any lower
priced segments of the bid curve and below any higher-priced segments of the bid curve as

necessary to maintain a non-decreasing bid curve over the entire range of the Must-Offer

Generator's Available Generation.

5.11.6 Waiver of Must-Offer Obligation

Must-Offer Generators may seek a waiver of the obligation to offer all available capacity, as set forth in Section 5.11.4 of this ISO Tariff, for one or more of their generating units for periods other than Self-Commitment Periods, which are defined as the hours when Must-Offer Generators submit Energy Schedules or are awarded Ancillary Services bids or self-provision schedules. Self-Commitment Periods determined from Day-Ahead Schedules shall be extended by the ISO as necessary to accommodate generating unit minimum up and down times such that the scheduled operation is feasible.

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 184D.01

Third Revised Sheet No. 184D.01

5.11.6.1 Recovery of Minimum Load Costs By Must-Offer Generators

5.11.6.1.1 Eligibility

Units from Must-Offer Generators that incur Minimum Load Costs during Self-Commitment Periods or during hours for which the ISO has granted to them a waiver shall not be eligible to recover such costs for such hours. When a Must-Offer Generator is awarded Ancillary Services in the Hour-Ahead market or has a Final Hour-Ahead Schedule, the Must-Offer Generator shall not be eligible to recover Minimum Load Costs for any such hours within a Waiver Denial Period. When, on a 10-minute Settlement Interval basis, a Must-Offer Generator generating at Minimum Load in compliance with the Must-Offer Obligation, produces a quantity of Energy that varies by more than the Tolerance Band, the Must-Offer Generator shall not be eligible to recover Minimum Load Costs for any such Settlement Intervals during hours within a Waiver Denial Period. When, on a Settlement Interval basis, a Must-Offer Generator generating at above Minimum Load in compliance with an ISO Dispatch Instruction, produces a quantity of Energy that varies from the total expected Energy output by more than the Tolerance Band, the Must-Offer Generator shall not be eligible to recover either of its Minimum Load Costs or its bid costs, as set forth in Section 11.2.4.1.1.1m for any such Settlement Intervals during hours within a Waiver Denial Period. Subject to the foregoing eligibility restrictions set forth in this section, the ISO shall guarantee recovery of the Minimum Load Costs of an otherwise eligible Must-Offer Generator for each Settlement Interval during hours within a Waiver Denial Period as follows: (1) First, ISO will pre-dispatch for Real-time the Minimum Load Energy from Must-Offer Generators that have been denied waivers for each hour within a Waiver Denial Period; (2) This Minimum Load Energy will be accounted as Instructed Imbalance Energy for each Settlement Interval within the relevant hour and be settled at the Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post price; (3) To the extent the Instructed Imbalance Energy payments are not sufficient to

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 184E

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 184E

cover the generator's Minimum Load Cost for the hour as defined in Section 5.11.6.1.2 of this Tariff, the generator will also receive an uplift payment for its Minimum Load Cost Compensation for the relevant eligible Settlement Intervals of hours during the Waiver Denial Period that the generating unit runs at Minimum Load in compliance with the Must-Offer Obligation; and (4) To the extent the Generator is dispatched for Real-time Imbalance Energy above its minimum load for any Dispatch Interval within an

hour during the Waiver Denial Period, the Generator will be eligible for Bid Cost Recovery, as set forth in

Section 11.2.4.1.1.1 subject to performance within its relevant Tolerance Band.

5.11.6.1.2 Minimum Load Costs

Period and Settlement Periods in which the unit generated in response to an ISO Dispatch Instruction,

The Minimum Load Costs shall be calculated as the sum, for all eligible hours in the Waiver Denial

of: 1) the product of the unit's average heat rate (as determined by the ISO from the data provided in

accordance with Section 2.5.23.3.3) at the unit's relevant minimum operating level or Dispatchable

minimum operating level as set forth in the ISO Master File or as amended through notification to the

ISO via SLIC and the proxy figure for natural gas costs posted in the ISO Home Page in effect at the

time and the unit's relevant minimum operating level or Dispatchable minimum operating level as set

forth in the ISO Master File or as amended through notification to the ISO via SLIC; and 2) the product of

the unit's relevant minimum operating level or Dispatchable minimum operating level as set forth in the

ISO Master File or as amended through notification to the ISO via SLIC; and the FERC-approved

Operations and Maintenance adder (\$/MWh) in effect at the time.

5.11.6.1.3 Invoicing Minimum Load Costs

The ISO shall determine each Scheduling Coordinator's Minimum Load Costs and make

payments for these costs as part of the ISO's market settlement process. Scheduling

Coordinators may

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 184G

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 184G

5.12 [Not Used]

5.13 Energy Bids.

5.13.1 Energy Bid Definition.

A single Energy Bid curve per resource per hour shall be used in: (a) the Real-Time Hourly Pre-Dispatch as set forth in Dispatch Protocol 8.6.3, and (b) Dispatch in the Real Time Markets. A corresponding operational ramp rate as provided for in SBP Section 6.5 shall be submitted along with the single Energy Bid curve and shall be used in determination of Dispatch Instructions pursuant to Section 2.5.22.6.1(c).

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 184H

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

The Energy Bid shall be a staircase price (\$/MWh) versus quantity (MW) curve of up to 10 segments. The Energy Bid shall be submitted to the Real Time Imbalance Energy Market using the Supplemental Energy Bid template. The Energy Bid curve shall be monotonically increasing, i.e., the price of a subsequent segment shall be greater than the price of a previous segment. Subject to the foregoing, sellers may increase or decrease bids in the ISO Real Time Market for capacity associated with those parts of the bid curve that were not accepted in or before the Hour-Ahead Market. For capacity associated with those parts of the bid curve previously accepted in or before the Hour-Ahead Market, sellers may only submit lower bids in subsequent markets. Each Forbidden Operating Region must be represented by only one bid segment.

5.13.2 Energy Bid Submission.

5.13.2.1 Real Time Market. Bids shall be submitted for use in the Real-Time Hourly Pre-Dispatch in DP 8.6.3(j) and the Real-Time Economic Dispatch up to sixty (60) minutes prior to the Operating Hour. Resources required to offer their Available Generation in accordance with Section 5.11.4 shall be required to submit Energy Bids for 1) all of their Available Generation and 2) any Ancillary Services capacity awarded or self-provided in the Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead Ancillary Services markets. In the absence of submitted bids, default bids will be used for resources required to offer their Available Generation in accordance with Section 5.11.4. Resources not required to offer their Available Generation in accordance with Section 5.11.4 that were awarded or self-provided Ancillary Services capacity must submit an Energy Bid for no less than the amount of awarded or self-provided Ancillary Services capacity. Resources not required to offer their Available Generation in accordance with Section 5.11.4 may voluntarily submit Energy Bids. Submitted Energy Bids shall be subject to the Damage Control Bid Cap as set forth in Section 28.1 and to the Mitigation Measures set forth in Appendix A to the Market Monitoring and Information Protocol.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 199

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 199

Elimination of Potential Transmission Congestion. The ISO's Day-Ahead and 7.2.1.4

Hour-Ahead scheduling procedures will eliminate potential Inter-Zonal Congestion by:

7.2.1.4.1 scheduling the use of Inter-Zonal Interfaces by the Scheduling Coordinators who

place the highest value on those rights, based on the Adjustment Bids that are submitted by

Scheduling Coordinators; and

7.2.1.4.2 rescheduling Scheduling Coordinators' resources (but so that Intra-Zonal transmission

limits are not violated) using the Adjustment Bids that are submitted by Scheduling Coordinators.

Elimination of Real Time Inter-Zonal Congestion. In its management of Inter-7.2.1.5

Zonal Congestion in real time, the ISO will issue Dispatch Instructions as necessary to relieve

Inter-Zonal Congestion by Dispatching Generation or Demand, as necessary, based on the

Energy Bids in accordance with Dispatch Protocol Section 8.3.

7.2.2 General Requirements for the ISO's Congestion Management. The ISO's

Congestion Management in the Day-Ahead Market and Hour-Ahead Market shall:

7.2.2.1 only operate if the Scheduling Coordinators do not eliminate Congestion voluntarily;

7.2.2.2 adjust the Schedules submitted by Scheduling Coordinators only as necessary to

alleviate Congestion;

7.2.2.3 maintain separation between the resource portfolios of different Scheduling

Coordinators, by not arranging any trades between Scheduling Coordinators as part of the Inter-

Zonal Congestion Management process;

Second Revised Sheet No. 201

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 201

7.2.4.1.2 The Adjustment Bids will be used by the ISO to determine the marginal value

associated with each Congested Inter-Zonal Interface.

7.2.4.1.3 [Not used]

7.2.4.1.4 The ISO shall use Energy Bids from Generating Units and from other resources in

the ISO's real time system operation, for increasing resources' output for Intra-Zonal Congestion

Management to decrement Generation in order to accommodate Overgeneration conditions,

including Reliability Must-Run Generation which the ISO requests under Reliability Must-Run

Contracts.

7.2.4.1.5 To facilitate trades amongst Scheduling Coordinators, the ISO will develop

procedures to publish Adjustment Bids of those Scheduling Coordinators who authorize the

publication of their identity and/or Adjustment Bids. Scheduling Coordinators will then be able to

utilize this information to conduct trades to aid Congestion Management.

7.2.4.2 Submission of Adjustment Bids.

7.2.4.2.1 Each Scheduling Coordinator is required to submit a preferred operating point for

each of its resources. However, a Scheduling Coordinator is not required to submit an

Adjustment Bid for a resource.

7.2.4.2.2 The minimum MW output level specified for a resource, which may be zero MW, and

the maximum MW output level specified for a resource must be physically realizable by the

resource.

7.2.4.2.3 The Scheduling Coordinator's preferred operating point for each resource must be

within the range of the Adjustment Bids.

7.2.4.2.4 Adjustment Bids can be revised by Scheduling Coordinators after the Day-Ahead

Market has closed for consideration in the Hour-Ahead Market and, after the Hour-

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 205

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Substitute First Revised Sheet No. 205

7.2.6.1.3 [Not Used]

7.2.6.1.4 [Not Used]

7.2.6.1.5 [Not Used]

7.2.6.1.6 [Not Used]

7.2.6.2 Incremental Bids. With regard to incremental bids, except as provided in Sections

5.2, 7.2.6.1, and 11.2.4.2, the ISO will perform Intra-Zonal Congestion Management in real time

using available Imbalance Energy bids, based on their effectiveness and in merit order, to

minimize the cost of alleviating Congestion. In the event no Imbalance Energy Bids are

available, the ISO will exercise its authority to direct the redispatch of resources as allowed

under the Tariff, including Section 2.4.2 and 2.4.4.

7.2.6.3 Cost of Intra-Zonal Congestion Management. The net of the amounts paid by the

ISO to the Scheduling Coordinators and the amounts charged to the Scheduling Coordinators

will be calculated and charged to all Scheduling Coordinators through a Grid Operations Charge,

as described in Section 7.3.2.

7.2.7 Creation, Modification and Elimination of Zones.

7.2.7.1 Active Zones. The Active Zones are as set forth in Appendix I to this ISO Tariff.

7.2.7.2 Modifying Zones. The ISO shall monitor usage of the ISO Controlled Grid to

determine whether new Zones should be created, or whether existing Zones should be

eliminated, in accordance with the following procedures.

7.2.7.2.1 If over a 12-month period, the ISO finds that within a Zone the cost to alleviate the

Congestion on a path is equivalent to at least 5 percent of the product of the rated capacity of

the path and the weighted average High Voltage Access Charge and Low

redispatch cost will be recovered for each Settlement Period through the Grid Operations
Charge, which shall be paid to the ISO by all Scheduling Coordinators in proportion to their
metered Demands within the Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion, and scheduled exports from the
Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion to a neighboring Control Area, provided that, with respect to
Demands within an MSS in the Zone and scheduled exports from the MSS to a neighboring
Control Area, a Scheduling Coordinator shall be required to pay Grid Operations Charges only
with respect to Intra-Zonal Congestion, if any, that occurs on an interconnection between the
MSS and the ISO Controlled Grid, and with respect to Intra-Zonal Congestion that occurs within
the MSS, to the extent the Congestion is not relieved by the MSS Operator.

7.4 Transmission Losses.

7.4.1 Obligation to Provide for Transmission Losses.

Scheduling Coordinators for Generators, System Units and System Resources are responsible for their respective proportion of transmission losses as determined in accordance with Section 7.4.2. For each Final Hour-Ahead Schedule, each Scheduling Coordinator representing Generators or System Units shall elect through the flag described in SBP Section 2.1.1 to either:

1) generate sufficient additional energy to meet its respective transmission losses or 2) be financially responsible for its respective transmission loss obligation based on the Imbalance Energy procured on its behalf by the ISO. In the ISO Imbalance Energy Market, all Scheduling Coordinators for Generators and System Units must be financially responsible for all respective transmission losses associated with their respective Imbalance Energy Dispatch Instructions in Real Time, based on the Imbalance Energy procured on their behalf by the ISO. Scheduling Coordinators for System Resources, other than dynamically scheduled System Resources, shall be financially responsible for their respective proportion of transmission losses associated with Final Hour-Ahead schedules. A Scheduling Coordinator for an MSS Operator that has elected

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to Section 11.2.4.2.1.

Original Sheet No. 213A

to follow Load will be responsible for its transmission loss obligation pursuant to Sections 23.12.1 and 23.16.4.

7.4.1.1 Settlement of Transmission Loss Obligations.

For a Scheduling Coordinator that elects to not or may not, self-provide for its transmission loss obligation, the ISO will procure Imbalance Energy on the Scheduling Coordinator's behalf for each relevant Dispatch Interval and explicitly settle its transmission loss obligation for each applicable Settlement Interval. For a resource under an ISO Dispatch Instruction for Imbalance Energy, transmission loss obligations shall be settled at the Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price. For a resource not under an ISO Dispatch Instruction for Imbalance Energy, transmission loss obligations shall be settled at the simple average of the two applicable Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices as defined in Section 2.5.23.2.1. Allocation of transmission loss obligation settlement shall be treated consistent with Instructed Imbalance Energy pursuant

7.4.2 Determination of Transmission Losses.

The total Demand that may be served by a Generating Unit, in a given hour, taking account of Transmission Losses, is equal to the product of the total Metered Quantity of that Generating Unit in that hour and the Ex Post Generation Meter Multiplier calculated by the ISO in the hour for that Generator location except in accordance with Section 7.4.3. The Ex Post Generation Meter Multiplier shall be greater than one (1) where the Generating Unit's contribution to the ISO Controlled Grid reduces Transmission Losses and shall be less than one (1) where the Generating Unit's contribution to the system increases Transmission Losses. All Generating Units supplying Energy to the ISO

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 246 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 246

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. 1

(4) Imbalance Energy charges;

(5) Usage Charges;

(6) High Voltage Access Charges and Transition Charges;

(7) Wheeling Access Charges;

(8) Voltage Support and Black Start charges; and

(9) Reliability Must-Run Charges; and

(10) Default Interest Charges.

11.2 Calculations of Settlements.

The ISO shall calculate, account for and settle the following charges in accordance with this ISO

Tariff.

11.2.1 Grid Management Charge.

The Grid Management Charge will be levied in accordance with Section 8 of this ISO Tariff.

11.2.2 Grid Operations Charge.

The Grid Operations Charge will be levied in accordance with Section 7.3.2 of this ISO Tariff.

11.2.3 Ancillary Services

The ISO shall calculate, account for and settle charges and payments for Ancillary Services as

set out in Sections 2.5.27.1 to 4, and 2.5.28.1 to 4 of this ISO Tariff.

11.2.4 Imbalance Energy.

The ISO shall calculate, Dispatch and account for Imbalance Energy for each Dispatch Interval

and settle Imbalance Energy in the Real Time Market for each Settlement Interval for the

relevant Zone or Scheduling Point within the ISO Controlled

First Revised Sheet No. 247.01 Superseding Original Sheet No. 247.01

11.2.4.1 Settlements for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy.

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy attributable to each Demand Take-Out Point, Generating Unit,

System Unit or System Resource for which a Scheduling Coordinator has a Final Hour-Ahead

Schedule or Metered Quantity, for each Settlement Interval, shall be deemed to be sold or

purchased, as the case may be, by the ISO and charges or payments for Uninstructed

Imbalance Energy shall be settled by debiting or crediting, as the case may be, the Scheduling

Coordinator with an amount for each Settlement Interval in accordance with Section 2.5.23.2.1.

Positive or negative Uninstructed Imbalance Energy as described in SABP Appendix D, Section

2.1.1 shall be paid or charged the Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price or the

Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price, as the case may be.

11.2.4.1.1 Settlement for Instructed Imbalance Energy

Instructed Imbalance Energy attributable to each Scheduling Coordinator in each Settlement

Interval shall be deemed to be sold or purchased, as the case may be, by the ISO and charges

or payments for Instructed Imbalance Energy shall be settled by debiting or crediting, as the

case may be, the Scheduling Coordinator with an amount for each Settlement Interval in

accordance with Section 2.5.23.

11.2.4.1.1.1 Bid Cost Recovery for Generating Units, System Units and Curtailable

Load.

The ISO shall determine, for each Trading Day, for each Generating Unit, System Unit and

Curtailable Load, Dispatched in the Real-Time Market pursuant to Section 2.5.22, whether there

exists a surplus or deficit in that resource's recovery of its Energy Bid costs, that are less than or

equal to the Maximum Bid Level, through Instructed Imbalance Energy credits, as set forth in

Section 11.2.4.1.1. This determination of market revenue surplus or deficit shall be calculated

as the difference between: 1) the Instructed Imbalance Energy payment as based on the

relevant Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price and 2) the resource's Energy Bid cost for each Settlement Interval. Bid cost recovery payment will be based on Settlement Intervals in which the resource did not: 1) recover its Energy Bid costs, and 2) generated or consumed an amount of Energy equal to its schedule, any Dispatch Instructions and its applicable Tolerance Band. These Settlement Intervals will be netted against all Settlement Intervals in which the Instructed Imbalance Energy payments to the resource exceeded its Energy Bid costs. The resulting total bid cost recovery payment is then divided equally amongst the same Settlement Intervals to yield a per-Settlement Interval bid cost recovery payment. This per-Settlement Interval bid cost recovery payment shall then be paid to each Settlement Interval in which the resource generated or consumed an amount of Energy equal to its schedule, any Dispatch Instructions and its applicable Tolerance Band. Payments for un-recovered bid costs for portions of Energy associated with bids above the Maximum Bid Level will not be netted with other surpluses or deficits and are subject to recall if the such bids above have not been adequately justified pursuant to Section 28.1.2. Energy Bid cost recovery associated with Residual Energy as provided for in Section 2.5.22.6.4 shall be based on the Energy Bids for the previous or next operating hour, whichever the case may be, upon which the Dispatch Instruction was based.

11.2.4.1.1.2 Bid Cost Recovery for System Resources

The ISO shall determine, for each Settlement Period, for each System Resource submitting bids in the Real-Time Market pursuant to Section 2.5.22, whether there exists a surplus or deficit in that resource's recovery of its Energy Bid costs. This determination of market revenue surplus or deficit shall be calculated as the difference between: 1) the Instructed Imbalance Energy payment as based on the simple average of the relevant Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices for each Settlement Period and 2) the resource's Energy Bid cost for each Settlement Period. An uplift payment will be made as necessary for each Settlement Period to assure that the System

Resource recovers its Energy Bid costs for the quantity of Energy delivered. Payments for unrecovered bid costs for portions of Energy associated with bids above the Maximum Bid Level are subject to recall if such bids have not been adequately justified pursuant to Section 28.1.2.

11.2.4.1.2 Penalties for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy

The ISO shall charge Scheduling Coordinators Uninstructed Deviation Penalties for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy resulting from resource deviations outside a Tolerance Band from their Dispatch Operating Point, for dispatched resources, or their final Hour-Ahead Schedule otherwise. The Dispatch Operating Point will take into account the expected ramping of a resource as it moves to a new Hour-Ahead Schedule at the top of each hour and as it responds to Dispatch Instructions. The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will be applied as follows:

a) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty for negative Uninstructed Imbalance Energy will be calculated and assessed in each Settlement Interval. The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty for positive Uninstructed Imbalance Energy will be calculated and assessed in each Settlement Interval in which the ISO has not declared a Staged System Emergency;

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Third Revised Sheet No. 247A Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 247A

b) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will apply to Pre-Dispatched bids from non-dynamically scheduled System Resources identified, when such a Pre-Dispatch Instruction is issued more than 40 minutes prior to the relevant Operating Hour, subject to the following conditions: i) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will only apply to the Pre-Dispatched amount of the bid that is declined or not delivered, ii) the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will not apply to a portion of a Pre-Dispatched bid that is subsequently not delivered at the direction of a Control Area, including the ISO, due to a curtailment of transmission capability or to prevent curtailment of native firm load occurring subsequent to issuing the Pre-Dispatch Instruction, iii) the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will not apply to uninstructed energy resulting from declining subsequent intrahour Dispatch Instructions. Dynamically scheduled System Resources, to the extent they deviate from their Final Hour-Ahead Schedule plus any real-time Dispatch Instructions, will be subject to the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty;

- c) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will not apply to Load or Curtailable Demand;
- d) [Not Used]
- e) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will not apply to Regulatory Must-Run Generation or Participating Intermittent Resources that meet the scheduling obligations established in the Eligible Intermittent Resources Protocol. No other applicable charges will be affected by this exemption. The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty also will not apply to Qualifying Facilities that have not executed a Participating Generator Agreement (PGA), pending resolution of QF-PGA issues at the Commission;
- f) For the Scheduling Coordinator of an MSS that has elected to follow the MSS Load and associated transmission losses pursuant to Section 23.12, the Deviation Penalties in Sections 23.12.2.1 and 23.12.2.2 will apply. For the Scheduling Coordinator of an MSS

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Second Revised Sheet No. 247B

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 247B

that has not elected to follow the MSS Load, the Uninstructed Deviation Penalties in this

Section 11.2.4.1.2 will apply;

g) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will apply to Generating Units providing Regulation

and dynamically scheduled System Resources providing Regulation to the extent that

Uninstructed Deviations from such resources exceed each resource's actual Regulation

range plus the applicable Tolerance Band. Resources providing Regulation and

generating within their relevant Regulating range will be deemed to have zero deviations

for purposes of the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty.

h) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will be calculated and assessed for each resource

individually, except that as specified in this Section, Uninstructed Deviations from

individual resources may be aggregated. Uninstructed Deviations can be aggravated

for resources that: 1) are represented by the same Scheduling Coordinator, 2) are

connected to the same ISO Controlled Grid bus and voltage level, and 3) are not

Reliability Must Run Condition 2 resources. The ISO will consider, on a case-by-case

basis, requests to aggregate Uninstructed Deviations amongst resources represented

by the same Scheduling Coordinator based on an ISO review of impact on the ISO

Controlled Grid. The ISO may temporarily suspend any aggregation as needed to

ensure reliability. The applicable Pmax of aggregated groups of resources will exclude

units that are not operating;

i) [Not Used]

j) [Not Used]

k) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will not apply when the Zonal Settlement Interval Ex

Post Price is negative or zero;

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Fourth Revised Sheet No. 247C Superseding Third Revised Sheet No. 247C

The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty for positive Uninstructed Imbalance Energy will be

the amount of the Uninstructed Imbalance Energy in excess of the Tolerance Band

multiplied by a price equal to 100% of the corresponding Zonal Settlement Interval Ex

Post Price. The net effect of the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty and the Settlement for

positive Uninstructed Imbalance Energy beyond the Tolerance Band will be that the ISO

will not pay for such Energy;

m) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty for negative Uninstructed Imbalance Energy will be

the amount of the Uninstructed Imbalance Energy in excess of the Tolerance Band

multiplied by a price equal to 50% of the corresponding Zonal Settlement Interval Ex

Post Price;

n) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will not apply to deviations from Energy delivered as

part of a scheduled test so long as the test has been scheduled by the Scheduling

Coordinator with the ISO or the ISO has initiated the test for the purposes of validating

unit performance;

o) The Uninstructed Deviation Penalty will apply to Out of Market (OOM) transactions;

p) Generating Units with Uninstructed Imbalance Energy will be exempted from the

Uninstructed Deviation Penalty if the Generating Unit was physically incapable of

delivering the expected Energy, provided that the Generating Unit had notified the ISO

within 30 minutes of the onset of an event that prevents the resource from performing its

obligations. A Generating Unit must notify ISO operations staff of its reasons for failing

to deliver the expected Energy in accordance with Section 2.3.3.9.2 and must provide

information to the ISO that verifies the reason the resource failed to comply with the

Dispatch instruction within 72 hours of the operating hour in which the instruction is

issued:

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 247C.01 Superseding Original Sheet No. 247C.01

- q) Adjustments to any Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand and System Resource Final Hour-Ahead Schedules made in accordance with the terms of Existing Transmission Contracts shall not be subject to Uninstructed Deviation Penalties.
- Any changes made to Schedules prior to the ISO issuing Final Hour-Ahead Schedules
 shall not be subject to Uninstructed Deviation Penalties.
- Uninstructed Deviation Penalties shall not be charged to any deviation from a Dispatch
 Instruction that does not comply with the requirements set forth in the Dispatch Protocol.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 247D Superseding Sub. Second Revised Sheet No. 247D

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

t) Amounts collected as Uninstructed Deviation Penalties shall first be assigned to reduce the portion of above-MCP costs that would otherwise be assigned pro rata to all Scheduling Coordinators in that Settlement Interval pursuant to Section 11.2.4.2.2. Any remaining portion of amounts collected as Uninstructed Deviation Penalties after

satisfying these sequential commitments shall be treated in accordance with SABP

6.5.2.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 249

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 249

most recent similar days for the same Settlement Period for which the resource is dispatched; 2) an Energy payment equal to the average calculated using the PX Day-Ahead, PX Hour-Ahead and ISO Real-Time Market Energy prices for the three (3) most recent similar days for the same Settlement Period for which the resource is dispatched; 3) such resource's verifiable start-up fuel costs, if the start-up was solely attributable to the ISO's dispatch instruction and if the Scheduling Coordinator provides the resource's start-up fuel costs to the ISO within thirty (30) Business Days from the Settlement Period for which the resource is dispatched; and 4) verifiable daily gas imbalance charges, if any, that are solely attributable to the ISO's dispatch instruction and that the Scheduling Coordinator or Generator was not able to eliminate or reduce despite the application of best efforts, if the Scheduling Coordinator provides the resource's daily gas imbalance charges to the ISO within thirty (30) Business Days from the Settlement Period for which the resource is dispatched. References to "similar days" in this Section refer to Business Days when the resource is dispatched on a Business Day and otherwise to days that are not Business Days.

To the extent a Scheduling Coordinator does not specify a payment option, the ISO will apply the payment provisions of Section 11.2.4.1.

11.2.4.2.1 **Allocation of Costs Resulting From Dispatch Instructions**

Pursuant to Section 11.2.4.1, the ISO may, at its discretion, Dispatch any Participating Generator, Participating Load and dispatchable System Resource that has not bid into the Imbalance Energy or

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 250 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 250

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. 1

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 250

Ancillary Services markets, to avoid an intervention in market operations or to prevent or relieve a System Emergency. Such Dispatch may result from, among other things, planned and unplanned transmission facility outages; bid insufficiency in the Ancillary Services and Real-Time Energy markets; and location-specific requirements of the ISO. The cost associated with each Dispatch instruction is broken into two components:

- the portion of the Energy payment at or below the Market Clearing Price ("MCP") for the
 Settlement Interval, and
- b) the portion of the Energy payment above the MCP, if any, for the Settlement Interval.

For each Settlement Interval, costs above the MCP incurred by the ISO for such Dispatch instructions necessary as a result of a transmission facility outage or in order to satisfy a location-specific requirement in that Settlement Interval shall be payable to the ISO by the Participating Transmission Owner in whose Service Area the transmission facility is located or the location-specific requirement arose. The costs incurred by the ISO for such Dispatch instructions for reasons other than for a transmission facility outage or a location-specific requirement will be recovered in the same way as for Instructed Imbalance energy.

11.2.4.2.2 Allocation of Above-MCP Costs For Accepted Bids

For each Settlement Interval, the at or below-MCP costs incurred as a result of accepted bids in the ISO Imbalance Energy Markets shall be allocated in accordance with 11.2.4.1. Allocation of above-MCP costs for accepted bids in the ISO Imbalance Energy Markets shall be in accordance with this Section 11.2.4.2.2 as follows.

11.2.4.2.2.1 Allocation of Bid Costs Above the Maximum Bid Level

For each Settlement Interval, costs that are both above the MCP and above the Maximum Bid Level, incurred by the ISO as a result of Instructed Imbalance Energy and Dispatch instructions for reasons other than for a transmission facility outage or a location-specific requirement shall

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Original Sheet No. 250.01

be charged to Scheduling Coordinators as follows in a three-step process. First, each Scheduling Coordinator's charge shall be the lesser of:

- (a) the pro rata share of the total costs that are both above the MCP and above the Maximum Bid Level based upon the ratio of each Scheduling Coordinator's Net Negative Uninstructed Deviations to the total System Net Negative Uninstructed Deviations; or
- (b) the amount obtained by multiplying the Scheduling Coordinator's Net Negative Uninstructed Deviation for each Settlement Interval and a weighted average price. The weighted average price is equal to the total costs that are both above the MCP and above the Maximum Bid Level divided by the MWh delivered as a result of ISO instructions with a cost component above the MCP.

Sixth Revised Sheet No. 250A

Superseding Fifth Revised Sheet No. 250A

Second, any remaining unallocated costs shall be reduced pursuant to Section 11.2.4.1.2.

Third, any remaining allocated costs shall be allocated amongst all Scheduling Coordinators in that Settlement Interval pro rata based on their metered Demand, including Exports.

A Scheduling Coordinator shall be exempt from the first allocation step of costs that are both

above the MCP and above the Maximum Bid Level in a Settlement Interval if the Scheduling

Coordinator has sufficient incremental Energy bids from physically available resources in the

Imbalance Energy market to cover its net negative Uninstructed Deviation in the given

Settlement Interval and the prices of such Energy bids do not exceed the applicable Maximum

Bid Level as set forth in Section 28.1.2 of this Tariff.

Allocation of Bid Costs Above-MCP and Below the Maximum Bid Level 11.2.4.2.2.2

For each Settlement Interval, the total unrecovered costs pursuant to Section 11.2.4.1.1.1 that

are above the MCP and below the Maximum Bid Level for each Trading Day will be allocated

pro-rata to each Scheduling Coordinator based on its metered Demand. For a Scheduling

Coordinator of an MSS Operator that has elected to follow Load, allocation of such unrecovered

costs will be based on net metered Demand.

11.2.4.3 Unaccounted For Energy (UFE)

For settlement purposes, UFE is treated as Imbalance Energy. For each Settlement Interval,

the ISO will calculate UFE on the ISO Controlled Grid, for each utility Service Area for which

separate UFE calculation is performed. The UFE will be settled as Imbalance Energy at the

Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price. UFE attributable to meter measurement errors, load

profile errors, Energy theft, and distribution loss deviations will be allocated to each Scheduling

Coordinator based on the ratio of their metered Demand (including exports to neighboring

Control Areas) within the relevant utility Service Area to total metered Demand within the utility

Service Area.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I First Revised Sheet No. 250B Superseding Substitute Original Sheet No. 250B

11.2.4.4 High Voltage Access Charges and Transition Charges will be levied in accordance with Section 7.1 of this ISO Tariff and Appendix F, Schedule 3.

11.2.4.5 Participating Intermittent Resources

11.2.4.5.1 Uninstructed Energy and Transmission Losses by Participating

Intermittent Resources

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy associated with deviations by a Participating Intermittent Resource and transmission losses shall be settled as provided in this Section 11.2.4.5.1 for every Settlement Period in which such Participating Intermittent Resource meets the scheduling requirements established in the ISO Protocols. In each Settlement Period such requirements are met, the Participating Intermittent Resource shall be exempt from the charges (payments) for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy. Instead, the net Uninstructed Imbalance Energy in each Settlement Interval, together with the transmission loss obligation calculated in accordance with Section 7.4.1.1, shall be assigned to a deviation account specific to each Participating Intermittent Resource. The net balance in each deviation account at the end of each calendar month shall be paid (or charged) to the Scheduling Coordinator for the associated Participating Intermittent Resource at the average price specified in Section 2.5.23.2.3 of the ISO Tariff. If the above- referenced scheduling requirements for Participating Intermittent Resources are not met, then charges (payments) for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy during such Settlement Periods shall be determined in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1.

11.2.4.5.2 Adjustment of Other Charges Related to Participating Intermittent Resources

Charges pursuant to Section 2.5.28.4 or Section 11.2.4.2.2 to Scheduling Coordinators representing Participating Intermittent Resources shall exclude the effect of uninstructed deviations by Participating Intermittent Resources that have scheduled in accordance with the ISO Protocols. The amount of such adjustments shall be accumulated and settled as provided in Section 11.2.4.5.3.

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11.2.4.5.3 Allocation of Costs From Participating Intermittent Resources

The charges (payments) for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy that would have been calculated if the Settlement Interval deviations by each Participating Intermittent Resource were priced at the appropriate Settlement Interval Ex Post Price specified in Section 2.5.23.2.1 shall be assigned to a monthly balancing account for all Participating Intermittent Resources in the ISO Control Area. The balance in such account at the end of each month shall be netted against the aggregate payments (charges) by Scheduling Coordinators on behalf of Participating Intermittent Resources pursuant to Section 11.2.4.5.1. The resulting balance, together with the adjustments to charges in each Settlement Interval or Settlement Period pursuant to Section 11.2.4.5.2 shall be assigned to each Scheduling Coordinator in the same proportion that such Scheduling Coordinator's aggregate Net Negative Uninstructed Deviations in that month bears to the aggregate Net Negative Uninstructed Deviations for all Scheduling Coordinators in the Control Area in that month.

11.2.4.5.4 Payment of Forecasting Fee

A fee to defray the costs of the implementation of the forecasting service for Participating Intermittent Resources shall be assessed to Scheduling Coordinators for Participating Intermittent Resources as specified in Schedule 4 of Appendix F.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 2970

Superseding Original Sheet No. 2970

Coordinator for the MSS Operator shall not be obligated to bear any share of the ISO's costs for

any summer Demand reduction program or for any summer reliability Generation procurement

program pursuant to ISO Tariff Section 2.3.5.1.8 for the calendar year for which the

demonstration is made.

23.16.3 If the ISO is compensating Generating Units for Emissions Costs, Start-Up Fuel

Costs and Minimum Load Costs, and if MSS Operator charges the ISO for the Emissions Costs,

Start-Up Fuel Costs and Minimum Load Costs, of the Generating Units serving the Load of the

MSS, then the Scheduling Coordinator for the MSS shall bear its proportionate share of the total

amount of those costs incurred by the ISO based on the MSS gross metered Demand and

exports and the Generating Units shall be made available to the ISO through the submittal of

Supplemental Energy bids. If the MSS Operator chooses not to charge the ISO for the

Emissions Costs, Start-Up Fuel Costs and Minimum Load Costs of the Generating Units serving

the Load of the MSS, then the Scheduling Coordinator for the MSS shall bear its proportionate

share of the total amount of those costs incurred by the ISO based on the MSS's net metered

Demand and exports. The MSS Operator shall make the election whether to charge the ISO for

these costs on an annual basis on November 1 for the following calendar year.

23.16.4 The Scheduling Coordinator for the MSS shall be responsible for transmission

losses, in accordance with the ISO Tariff, only within the MSS, at any points of interconnection

between the MSS and the ISO Controlled Grid, and for the delivery of Energy to the MSS or

from the MSS, provided the MSS Operator fulfills its obligation to provide for transmission losses

on the transmission facilities forming part of the MSS. A Generation Meter Multiplier shall be

assigned to the Generating Units on the MSS at the Points of Interconnection for use of the ISO

Controlled Grid. That GMM shall be 1.0 for all Generating Units within the MSS that are located

at or behind a Point of Interconnection, to the extent that the Load at the Point of Interconnection

for that portion of the MSS exceeds the amount of Generation produced by the Generating Units

connected to that portion of the MSS, except that a GMM shall be calculated by the ISO for

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I First Revised Sheet No. 302

Superseding Original Sheet No. 302

which the Scheduling Coordinator is willing to increase the

output of the resource and sell Energy from that resource to the

ISO (or, in the case of a Dispatchable Load, decrease the

Demand); and (vi) for the ranges between each of the MW

values less than the preferred operating point, corresponding

prices (in \$/MWh) for which the Scheduling Coordinator is willing

to decrease the output of the resource and purchase Energy

from the ISO at the resource's location (or, in the case of a

Dispatchable Load, increase the Demand). This data for an

Adjustment Bid must result in a monotonically increasing curve.

The price set by the ISO in place of a Market Clearing Price

when, by reason of a System Emergency, the ISO determines

that it no longer has the ability to maintain reliable operation of

the ISO Controlled Grid relying solely on the economic Dispatch

of Generation. This price will remain in effect until the ISO

considers that the System Emergency has been contained and

corrected.

<u>Affiliate</u> An entity, company or person that directly, or indirectly through

one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is

under common control with the subject entity, company, or

person.

AGC (Automatic **Generation Control)**

Administrative Price

Generation equipment that automatically responds to signals

from the ISO's EMS control in real time to control the power

output of electric generators within a prescribed area in

response to a change in system frequency, tie-line loading, or

the relation of these to each other, so as to maintain the target

system frequency and/or the established interchange with other

areas within the predetermined limits.

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First Revised Sheet No. 305 Superseding Original Sheet No. 305

enhancement.

(e) A long-term debt rating of not less than any one of the following: (i) A- by Standard and Poor's Corporation; (ii) A- by Duff & Phelps Credit Rating Agency; (iii) A- by Fitch IBCA Incorporated; or (iv) A3 by Moody's Investors Service. This rating shall be an issuer, or counterparty rating, without the benefit of credit enhancement.

With respect to whether security must be posted for payment of all charges:

- (f) A federal agency shall be deemed to have an Approved Credit Rating if its financial obligations under the ISO Tariff are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- (g) A California state agency shall be deemed to have an
 Approved Credit Rating if its financial obligations under the ISO
 Tariff are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of
 California.
- (h) Another credit rating approved by the ISO Board of Governors.

Approved Load Profile

Local Regulatory Authority approved Load profiles applied to cumulative End-Use Meter Data in order to allocate consumption of Energy to Settlement Periods.

Approved Maintenance Outage

A Maintenance Outage which has been approved by the ISO through the ISO Outage Coordination Office.

Automatic Mitigation Procedure (AMP) Availability Measure

The market power mitigation procedure described in MMIP 3.

An indication for measuring the performance of Transmission

Owners in maintaining the reliability and availability of the

Transmission Owner's transmission system.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Second Revised Sheet No. 306

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 306

Available Transfer

Capacity

For a given transmission path, the capacity rating in MW of the

path established consistent with ISO and WSCC transmission

capacity rating guidelines, less any reserved uses applicable to

the path.

Balanced Schedule

A Schedule shall be deemed balanced when Generation,

adjusted for Transmission Losses equals forecast Demand with

respect to all entities for which a Scheduling Coordinator

schedules.

Balancing Account

An account set up to allow periodic balancing of financial

transactions that, in the normal course of business, do not

result in a zero balance of cash inflows and outflows.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 307

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 307

Black Start The procedure by which a Generating Unit self-starts without

an external source of electricity thereby restoring power to the

ISO Controlled Grid following system or local area blackouts.

Black Start Generator A Participating Generator in its capacity as party to an Interim

Black Start Agreement with the ISO for the provision of Black

Start services, but shall exclude Participating Generators in

their capacity as providers of Black Start services under their

Reliability Must-Run Contracts

Bulk Supply Point A UDC metering point.

Business Day

A day on which banks are open to conduct general banking

business in California.

<u>C.F.R.</u> Code of Federal Regulations.

Completed Application

Date

For purposes of Section 5.7, the date on which a New Facility

Operator submits an Interconnection Application to the ISO that

satisfies the requirements of the ISO Tariff and the TO Tariff of

the Interconnecting PTO.

Completed

Interconnection

Application

An Interconnection Application that meets the information

requirements as specified by the ISO and posted on the ISO

Home Page.

Conditional Energy Bids A Bid for Energy to serve Demand at or below a specified

price.

Congestion A condition that occurs when there is insufficient Available

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Second Revised Sheet No. 309 Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 309

Critical Protective System Facilities and sites with protective relay systems and Remedial

Action Schemes that the ISO determines may have a direct

impact on the ability of the ISO to maintain system security and

over which the ISO exercises Operational Control.

CTC (Competition Transition Charge)

A non-bypassable charge that is the mechanism that the

California Legislature and the CPUC mandated to permit

recovery of costs stranded as a result of the shift to the new

market structure.

<u>Curtailable Demand</u> Demand from a Participating Load that can be curtailed at the

direction of the ISO in the real time dispatch of the ISO

Controlled Grid. Scheduling Coordinators with Curtailable

Demand may offer it to the ISO to meet Non-spinning or

Replacement Reserve requirements.

Data Adequacy Requirement Any applicable minimum data requirements of the state agency

responsible for generation siting or of any Local Regulatory

Authority.

<u>Day-Ahead</u> Relating to a Day-Ahead Market or Day-Ahead Schedule.

<u>Day-Ahead Market</u> The forward market for Energy and Ancillary Services to be

supplied during the Settlement Periods of a particular Trading

Day that is conducted by the ISO and other Scheduling

Coordinators and which closes with the ISO's acceptance of

the Final Day-Ahead Schedule.

<u>Day-Ahead Schedule</u>
A Schedule prepared by a Scheduling Coordinator or the ISO

before the beginning of a Trading Day indicating the levels of

Generation and Demand scheduled for each Settlement Period

of that Trading Day.

<u>Default GMM</u> Pre calculated GMM based on historical Load and interchange

levels.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Fourth Revised Sheet No. 311

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. 1 Superseding Third Revised Sheet No. 311

<u>Direct Access Generation</u> An Eligible Customer who is selling Energy or Ancillary

Services through a Scheduling Coordinator.

Direct Assignment Facility The transmission facilities necessary to physically and

electrically interconnect a New Facility Operator to the ISO

Controlled Grid at the point of interconnection.

Dispatch The operating control of an integrated electric system to:

i) assign specific Generating Units and other sources of supply

to effect the supply to meet the relevant area Demand taken as

Load rises or falls; ii) control operations and maintenance of

high voltage lines, substations, and equipment, including

administration of safety procedures; iii) operate

interconnections; iv) manage Energy transactions with other

interconnected Control Areas; and v) curtail Demand.

<u>Dispatch Instruction</u> An instruction by the ISO to a resource for increasing or

decreasing its energy supply or demand from the Hour-Ahead

Schedule to a specified operating point.

<u>Dispatch Interval</u> The time period, which may range between five (5) and thirty

(30) minutes, over which the ISO's RTD Software measures

deviations in Generation and Demand, and selects Ancillary

Service and Supplemental Energy resources to provide

balancing Energy in response to such deviations. The

Dispatch Interval shall be five (5) minutes. Following a

decision by the ISO Governing Board, the ISO may, by seven

(7) days' notice published on the ISO's Home Page, at

http://www.caiso.com (or such other internet address as the

ISO may publish from time to time), increase or decrease the

Dispatch Interval within the range of five (5) to thirty (30)

minutes.

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Original Sheet No. 311.01

<u>Dispatch Interval Ex Post</u> <u>Prices</u> The price of Imbalance Energy determined each Dispatch
Interval based on 1) the Imbalance Energy requirements in that
Dispatch Interval, and 2) the Energy Bid price of the resource
eligible to set the price. The Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price is
used to determine other prices used to settle Imbalance
Energy.

Dispatch Operating Point

The expected operating point of a resource that has received a Dispatch Instruction. The resource is expected to operate at the Dispatch Operating Point after completing the Dispatch Instruction, taking into account any relevant ramp rate and time delays. Energy expected to be produced or consumed above or below the Final Hour-Ahead Schedule in response to a Dispatch Instruction constitutes Instructed Imbalance Energy. For resources that have not received a Dispatch Instruction, the Dispatch Operating Point defaults to the corresponding Final Hour-Ahead Schedule.

Dispatchable Loads

Load which is the subject of an Adjustment Bid.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
Third Revised Sheet No. 311A
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I
Supereseding Second Revised Sheet No. 311A

<u>Distribution System</u> The distribution assets of an IOU or Local Publicly Owned

Eelctric Utility.

EEP (Electrical Emergency Plan) A plan to be developed by the ISO in consultation with UDCs to

address situations when Energy reserve margins are forecast

to be below established levels.

Electric Capacity The continuous demand-carrying ability for which a Generating

Unit, or other electrical apparatus is rated, either by the user or

by the manufacturer.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 314

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 314

Energy The electrical energy produced, flowing or supplied by

generation, transmission or distribution facilities, being the

integral with respect to time of the instantaneous power,

measured in units of watt-hours or standard multiples thereof,

e.g., 1,000 Wh=1kWh, 1,000 kWh=1MWh, etc.

Energy Bid The price at or above which a Generator has agreed to

produce the next increment of Energy.

Energy Efficiency

Services

Services that are intended to assist End-Users in achieving

savings in their use of Energy or increased efficiency in their

use of Energy.

Entitlements The right of a Participating TO obtained through contract or

other means to use another entity's transmission facilities for

the transmission of Energy.

Environmental Dispatch Dispatch designed to meet the requirements of air quality and

other environmental legislation and environmental agencies

having authority or jurisdiction over the ISO.

Environmental Quality In relation to Energy, means Energy which involves production

sources that reduce harm to the environment.

Equipment Clearances The process by which the ISO grants authorization to another

party to connect or disconnect electric equipment

interconnected to the ISO Controlled Grid.

Ex Post GMM GMM that is calculated utilizing the real time Power Flow Model

in accordance with Section 7.4.2.1.2.

Ex Post Price The Hourly Ex Post Price, the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price,

the Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price, or the

Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price.

Ex Post Transmission

Loss

Transmission Loss that is calculated based on Ex Post GMM.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 316

Superseding Original Sheet No. 316

Final Hour-Ahead

Schedule

The Hour-Ahead Schedule of Generation and Demand that has

been approved by the ISO as feasible and consistent with all

other Schedules based on the ISO's Hour-Ahead Congestion

Management procedures.

Revised Schedule from a Scheduling Coordinator.

Final Settlement

Statement

The restatement or recalculation of the Preliminary Settlement

Statement by the ISO following the issue of that Preliminary

Settlement Statement.

Flexible Generation Generation that is capable of, and for which the Generator has

agreed to, adjust operating levels in response to real time

market price or ISO control signals.

Forbidden Operating

Region

The operating region of a resource wherein the resource can

not operate in a stable manner and must ramp through at

maximum ramp capacity.

Forced Outage An Outage for which sufficient notice cannot be given to allow

the Outage to be factored into the Day-Ahead Market or Hour-

Ahead Market scheduling processes.

Parts II and III of the Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. § 824 et

seq., as they may be amended from time to time.

FTR (Firm Transmission

Right)

A contractual right, subject to the terms and conditions of the

ISO Tariff, that entitles the FTR Holder to receive, for each

hour of the term of the FTR, a portion of the Usage Charges

received by the ISO for transportation of energy from a specific

originating Zone to a specific receiving Zone and, in the event

of an uneconomic curtailment to manage Day-Ahead

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Original Sheet No. 316A

congestion, to a Day-Ahead scheduling priority higher than that

of a schedule using Converted Rights capacity that does not

have an FTR.

FTR Bidder

An entity that submits a bid in an FTR auction conducted by the

ISO in accordance with Section 9.4 of the ISO Tariff.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 322

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I Superseding Sub. Second Rev. Sheet No. 322

Hourly Ex Post Price The Energy-weighted average of the Dispatch Interval Ex Post

Prices in each Zone during each settlement period. The Hourly

Ex Post Price will vary between Zones when Congestion is

present. This price is used in the Regulation Energy Payment

Adjustment and in RMR settlements.

Hourly Pre-Dispatch The process in which the ISO Dispatches Energy Bids from

System Resources before the start of the next Settlement

Period for the entire duration of that Settlement Period.

Hydro Spill Generation Hydro-electric Generation in existence prior to the ISO

Operations Date that: i) has no storage capacity and that, if

backed down, would spill; ii) has exceeded its storage capacity

and is spilling even though the generators are at full output, or

iii) has inadequate storage capacity to prevent loss of hydro-

electric Energy either immediately or during the forecast period,

if hydro-electric Generation is reduced; iv) has increased

regulated water output to avoid an impending spill.

Identification Code An identification number assigned to each Scheduling

Coordinator by the ISO.

Imbalance Energy Imbalance Energy is Energy from Regulation, Spinning and

Non-spinning Reserves, or Replacement Reserve, or Energy

from other Generating Units, System Units, System Resources,

or Loads that are able to respond to the ISO's request for more

or less Energy.

Inactive Zone All Zones which the ISO Governing Board has determined do

not have a workably competitive Generation market and as set

out in Appendix I to the ISO Tariff.

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than zero for any hour.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

First Revised Sheet No. 334.01

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding Original Sheet No. 334.01

incurred as a result of the use of the transmission by a thirdparty and minus c) the charges paid by the New Participating
TO pursuant to Section 7.3.1.7, to the extent such charges are
incurred by the Scheduling Coordinator of the New
Participating TO on congested Inter-Zonal Interfaces that are
associated with the Section 9.4.3 FTRs provided to the New
Participating TO. The component of New FTR Revenue
represented by item 2) immediately above shall not be less

Net Negative Uninstructed Deviation The real time change in Generation or Demand associated with underscheduled Load (i.e., Load that appears unscheduled in real time) and overscheduled Generation (i.e., Generation that is scheduled in forward markets and does not appear in real time). Deviations are netted for each Settlement Interval, apply to a Scheduling Coordinator's entire portfolio, and include Load, Generation, Imports and Exports.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 337 FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 337

Order No. 889 The final rule issued by FERC entitled "Open Access Same-Time

Information System (formerly Real Time Information Networks)

and Standards of Conduct," 61 Fed. Reg. 21,737 (May 10, 1996),

FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles [1991-1996] ¶

31,035 (1996), Order on Rehearing, Order No. 889-A, 78 FERC ¶

61,221 (1997), as it may be amended from time to time.

Original Participating TO A Participating TO that was a Participating TO as of January 1,

2000.

Outage Disconnection, separation or reduction in capacity planned or

forced, of one or more elements of an electric system.

Overgeneration A condition that occurs when total Generation exceeds total

Demand in the ISO Control Area.

Participating Buyer A Direct Access End-User or a wholesale buyer of Energy or

Ancillary Services through Scheduling Coordinators.

Participating Intermittent

Resource

One or more Eligible Intermittent Resources that meets the

requirements of the technical standards for Participating

Intermittent Resources adopted by the ISO and published on

the ISO Home Page.

Participating Load An entity providing Curtailable Demand, which has undertaken in

writing to comply with all applicable provisions of the ISO Tariff.

as they may be amended from time to time.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 337A Superseding Original Sheet No. 337A

<u>Participating Seller</u> or <u>Participating Generator</u> A Generator or other seller of Energy or Ancillary Services through a Scheduling Coordinator over the ISO Controlled Grid from a Generating Unit with a rated capacity of 1 MW or greater, or from a Generating Unit providing Ancillary Services and/or Imbalance Energy through an aggregation arrangement approved by the ISO, which has undertaken to be bound by the terms of the ISO Tariff, in the case of a Generator through a Participating Generator Agreement.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Fifth Revised Sheet No. 340 Superseding Fourth Revised Sheet No. 340

Preliminary Settlement

Statement

The initial statement issued by the ISO of the calculation of the

Settlements and allocation of the charges in respect of all

Settlement Periods covered by the period to which it relates.

<u>Price Overlap</u> The price range of bids for Supplemental Energy or Energy

associated with Ancillary Services bids for any Dispatch

Interval that includes decremental and incremental Energy Bids

where the price of the decremental Energy Bids exceeds the

price of the incremental Energy Bids.

<u>Project Sponsor</u> A Market Participant or group of Market Participants or a

Participating TO that proposes the construction of a

transmission addition or upgrade in accordance with

Section 3.2 of the ISO Tariff.

Proxy Price The value determined for each gas-fired Generating Unit

owned or controlled by a Must-Offer Generator in accordance

with Section 2.5.23.3.4.

PTO Service Area An area in which a Participating TO provides transmission

service, directly or indirectly, to its own Load, the Load of a

UDC, the Load of a MSS, or the Load of End-Use Customers.

PX (Power Exchange) The California Power Exchange Corporation, a state chartered,

nonprofit corporation charged with providing a Day-Ahead

forward market for Energy in accordance with the PX Tariff.

The PX is a Scheduling Coordinator and is independent of both

the ISO and all other Market Participants.

PX Auction Activity Rules The rules by which bids submitted to and validated by the PX

may be modified or withdrawn during a PX Energy market

auction.

Qualifying Hours

Qualifying Hours has the meaning set forth in Section

5.12.7.1.1.2.5.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 344A Superseding Original Sheet No. 344A

Replacement Reserve

Generating capacity that is dedicated to the ISO, capable of starting up if not already operating, being synchronized to the ISO Controlled Grid, and ramping to a specified Load point within a sixty (60) minute period, the output of which can be continuously maintained for a two hour period. Also, Curtailable Demand that is capable of being curtailed within

Request for Expedited Interconnection
Procedures

A written request, submitted pursuant to Section 5.7.3.1.1 of the ISO Tariff, by which a New Facility Operator can request expedited processing of its Interconnection Application.

sixty minutes and that can remain curtailed for two hours.

Resource-Specific
Settlement Interval Ex
Post Price

The Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price will equal the Energy-weighted average of the applicable Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices for each Settlement Interval taking into account each resource's Instructed Imbalance Energy, except Regulation Energy. The Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price shall apply to those resources that are capable of responding to ISO Dispatch Instructions.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 345

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 345

Responsible Utility The utility which is a party to the TCA in whose Service Area

the Reliability Must-Run Unit is located or whose Service Area

is contiguous to the Service Area in which a Reliability Must-

Run Unit owned by an entity outside of the ISO Controlled Grid

is located.

Revenue Requirement The revenue level required by a utility to cover expenses made

on an investment, while earning a specified rate of return on

the investment.

Revenue Review Panel The panel established by the ISO Governing Board to review

the Transmission Revenue Requirement of non-FERC

jurisdictional Participating TOs.

Revised Schedule A Schedule submitted by a Scheduling Coordinator to the ISO

following receipt of the ISO's Suggested Adjusted Schedule.

RMR Owner The provider of services under a Reliability Must-Run Contract.

Real-Time Dispatch ("RTD") Software

The security constrained optimal dispatch and ex post pricing

software used by the ISO to determine which Ancillary Service

and Supplementary Energy resources to Dispatch and to

calculate the Ex Post Prices.

RTG (Regional Transmission Group)

A voluntary organization approved by FERC and composed of

transmission owners, transmission users, and other entities,

organized to efficiently coordinate the planning, expansion and

use of transmission on a regional and inter-regional basis.

SCADA (Supervisory **Control and Data**

Acquisition)

A computer system that allows an electric system operator to

remotely monitor and control elements of an electric system.

SC Agreement An agreement between a Scheduling Coordinator and the ISO

whereby the Scheduling Coordinator agrees to comply with all

ISO rules, protocols and instructions, as those rules, protocols

and instructions may be amended from time to time.

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Original Sheet No. 345A

SC Applicant

An applicant for certification by the ISO as a Scheduling

Coordinator.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 348 Superseding Original Sheet No. 348

Settlement Process of financial settlement for products and services

purchased and sold undertaken by the ISO under Section 11 of

the ISO Tariff. Each Settlement will involve a price and a

quantity.

<u>Settlement Account</u> An Account held at a bank situated in California, designated by

a Scheduling Coordinator or a Participating TO pursuant to the

Scheduling Coordinator's SC Agreement or in the case of a

Participating TO, Section 2.2.1 of the TCA, to which the ISO

shall pay amounts owing to the Scheduling Coordinator or the

Participating TO under the ISO Tariff.

Settlement Interval The time period, which is equal to or a multiple of the Dispatch

Interval, over which the ISO settles deviations in Generation

and Demand from Final Hour-Ahead Schedules.

Settlement Period For all ISO transactions the period beginning at the start of the

hour, and ending at the end of the hour. There are twenty-four

Settlement Periods in each Trading Day, with the exception of

a Trading Day in which there is a change to or from daylight

savings time.

Settlement Quality Meter

<u>Data</u>

Meter Data gathered, edited, validated, and stored in a

settlement-ready format, for Settlement and auditing purposes.

Settlement Statement Either or both of a Preliminary Settlement Statement or Final

Settlement Statement.

Settlement Statement Re-

<u>run</u>

The re-calculation of a Settlement Statement in accordance

with the provisions of the ISO Tariff including any protocol of

the ISO.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 349

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 349

Severance Fee

The charge or periodic charge assessed to customers to recover the reasonable uneconomic portion of costs associated with Generation-related assets and obligations, nuclear decommissioning, and capitalized Energy efficiency investment programs approved prior to August 15, 1996 and as defined in the California Assembly Bill No. 1890 approved by the Governor on September 23, 1996.

Scheduling and Logging system for the ISO of California (SLIC) A logging application that allows Market Participants to notify the ISO when a unit's properties change due to physical problems. Users can modify the maximum and minimum output of a unit, as well as the ramping capability of the unit.

Spinning Reserve

The portion of unloaded synchronized generating capacity that is immediately responsive to system frequency and that is capable of being loaded in ten minutes, and that is capable of running for at least two hours.

Standard Ramp (ing)

A ramp calculated from two consecutive Final Hour Ahead
Schedules that results in a straight trajectory between 10
minutes before the start of an operating hour to 10 minutes
after the start of the operating hour

Standby Rate

A rate assessed a Standby Service Customer by the
Participating TO that also provides retail electric service, as
approved by the Local Regulatory Authority, or FERC, as
applicable, for Standby Service which compensates the
Participating TO, among other things, for costs of High Voltage
Transmission Facilities.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 349.01 Superseding Original Sheet No. 349.01

Standby Service

Service provided by a Participating TO that also provides retail electric service, which allows a Standby Service Customer, among other things, access to High Voltage Transmission Facilities for the delivery of backup power on an instantaneous basis to ensure that Energy may be reliably delivered to the Standby Service Customer in the event of an outage of a Generating Unit serving the customer's Load.

Standby Service Customer

A retail End-Use Customer of a Participating TO that also provides retail electric service that receives Standby Service and pays a Standby Rate.

Standby Transmission Revenue

The transmission revenues, with respect to cost of both High Voltage Transmission Facilities and Low Voltage Transmission Facilities, collected directly from Standby Service Customers through charges for Standby Service.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF First Revised Sheet No. 349A

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I Superseding Substitute Original Sheet No. 349A

Start-Up Fuel Cost Charge The charge determined in accordance with Section 2.5.23.3.7.

Start-Up Fuel Cost

Demand

Start-Up Fuel Cost Invoice The in

The level of Demand specified in Section 2.5.23.3.7.3.

The invoice submitted to the ISO in accordance with Section

2.5.23.3.7.6.

Start-Up Fuel Cost Trust

<u>Account</u>

The trust account established in accordance with Section

2.5.23.3.7.2.

Start-Up Fuel Costs The cost of the fuel consumed by a particular generating unit

from the time of first fire, the time of receipt of an ISO Dispatch

instruction, or the time the unit was last synchronized to the

grid, whichever is later, until the time the generating unit is

synchronized or re-synchronized to the grid and producing

Energy. Start-Up Fuel Costs are determined by multiplying the

actual amount of fuel consumed by the proxy gas price as

determined in accordance with Section 2.5.23.3.4 at the time

the fuel is consumed.

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

First Revised Sheet No. 352 Superseding Original Sheet No. 352

Take-Out Point The metering points at which a Scheduling Coordinator

Metered Entity or ISO Metered Entity takes delivery of Energy.

<u>Tax Exempt Debt</u> Municipal Tax Exempt Debt or Local Furnishing Bonds.

Tax Exempt Participating

TO

A Participating TO that is the beneficiary of outstanding Tax-

Exempt Debt issued to finance any electric facilities, or rights

associated therewith, which are part of an integrated system

including transmission facilities the Operational Control of

which is transferred to the ISO pursuant to the TCA.

TCA (Transmission Control Agreement)

The agreement between the ISO and Participating TOs

establishing the terms and conditions under which TOs will

become Participating TOs and how the ISO and each

Participating TO will discharge their respective duties and

responsibilities, as may be modified from time to time.

<u>Tie Point Meter</u> A revenue meter, which is capable of providing Settlement

Quality Meter Data, at a Scheduling Point or at a boundary

between UDCs within the ISO Controlled Grid.

TO (Transmission Owner)

An entity owning transmission facilities or having firm

contractual rights to use transmission facilities.

TO Tariff A tariff setting out a Participating TO's rates and charges for

transmission access to the ISO Controlled Grid and whose

other terms and conditions are the same as those contained in

the document referred to as the Transmission Owners Tariff

approved by FERC as it may be amended from time to time.

<u>Tolerance Band</u> The tolerance band expressed in terms of Energy (MWh) for

the performance requirement for Generating Units and System

Units for each Settlement Interval will equal the greater of the

absolute value of: 1) 5 MW divided by number of Settlement

Intervals per Settlement Period or 2) three percent

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. I

Original Sheet No. 352A

(3%) of the relevant Generating Unit's or System Unit's maximum output (Pmax), as registered in the Master File, divided by number of Settlement Intervals per Settlement Period.

The tolerance band expressed in terms of Energy (MWh) for the performance requirement for Participating Loads for each Settlement Interval will equal the greater of the absolute value of: 1) 5 MW divided by number of Settlement Intervals per Settlement Period or 2) three percent (3%) of the applicable Final Hour-Ahead Schedule or ISO Dispatch amount divided by number of Settlement Intervals per Settlement Period.

Trading Day

The twenty-four hour period beginning at the start of the hour ending 0100 and ending at the end of the hour ending 2400 daily, except where there is a change to and from daylight savings time.

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Original Sheet No. 357A

Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price The Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price in a Settlement Interval in each Zone will equal the absolute-value Energy-weighted average of the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices in each Zone, where the weights are the system total Instructed Imbalance Energy, except Regulation Energy, for the Dispatch Interval.

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DISPATCH PROTOCOL (DP)

DP 1 OBJECTIVES, DEFINITIONS AND SCOPE

DP 1.1 Objectives

The objectives of this Protocol are:

- (a) to implement those sections of the ISO Tariff which involve real time and emergency operations;
- (b) to describe the real time Dispatch of the Ancillary Services specified in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol (ASRP);
- to describe the operational activities of the ISO after all commitments have been made in the Hour-Ahead Market as described in the Scheduling Protocol (SP);
- (d) to describe the use of Supplemental Energy bids received by the ISO in accordance with the Schedules and Bids Protocol (SBP); and
- (e) to describe how the ISO will meet the operational requirements of NERC and WSCC guidelines.

DP 1.2 Definitions

DP 1.2.1 Master Definitions Supplement

Any word or expression defined in the Master Definitions Supplement to the ISO Tariff shall have the same meaning where used in this Protocol. A reference to a Section or an Appendix is a reference to a Section or an Appendix of the ISO Tariff. References to DP are to this Protocol or to the stated paragraph of this Protocol.

DP 1.2.2 Special Definitions for this Protocol

In this Protocol, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings set opposite them:

"Backup ISO Control Center" means the ISO Control Center located in Alhambra, California.

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DP 3 SCHEDULING AND REAL TIME INFORMATION

DP 3.1 Final Schedules

The scheduling process described in the SP will produce for the ISO real time dispatchers for each Settlement Period of the Trading Day a Final Schedule consisting of the combined commitments contained in the Final Day-Ahead Schedules and the Final Hour-Ahead Schedules for the relevant Settlement Period. The Final Schedule will include information with respect to:

- (a) Generation schedules;
- (b) Demand schedules:
- (c) Ancillary Services schedules based on the ISO's Ancillary Services auction:
- (d) Ancillary Services schedules, based on SCs' ISO accepted schedules and forecast load, for self-provided Ancillary Services;
- Interconnection schedules between the ISO Control Area and other Control Areas; and
- (f) Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Energy Trades.

DP 3.2 Supplemental Energy

In addition to the Final Schedules, Supplemental Energy bids will be available to the ISO real time dispatchers, as described in the SBP, by sixty (60) minutes prior to the start of the Settlement Period to which such Supplemental Energy bids apply.

DP 3.3 SC Intertie Schedules

In accordance with the SBP and the SP, SCs shall provide the ISO with Interconnection schedules prepared in accordance with all NERC, WSCC and ISO requirements. The provisions of the SBP and the SP shall apply to real time changes in Interconnection schedules under Existing Contracts.

DP 3.4 Information to be Supplied by SCs

DP 3.4.1 SC Dispatch

Each SC shall be responsible for the scheduling and Dispatch of Generation and Demand in accordance with its Final Schedule.

DP 3.4.2 Generator or Interconnection Schedule Change

Each SC shall keep the ISO appraised of any change or potential change in the current status of all Generating Units, Interconnection schedules and Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Energy Trades. This will

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include any changes in Generating Unit capacity that could affect planned Dispatch and conditions that could affect the reliability of a Generating Unit. Each SC shall immediately pass to the ISO any information which it receives from a Generator which the Generator provides to the SC pursuant to DP 3.7. Each SC shall immediately pass to the ISO any information it receives from a MSS Operator which the MSS Operator provides to the SC pursuant to DP 3.9.

DP 3.4.3 Verbal and Electronic Communication with Generators

Normal verbal and electronic communication of Dispatch Instructions between the ISO and Generators will be via the relevant SC. Each SC must immediately pass on to the Generator concerned any communication for the Generator which it receives from the ISO. If the ISO considers that there has been a failure at a particular point in time or inadequate response over a particular period of time by the Generating Units to the Dispatch Instruction, the ISO will notify the relevant SC. The ISO may, with the prior permissions of the Scheduling Coordinator concerned, communicate with and give Dispatch Instructions to the operators of Generating Units and Loads directly without having to communicate through their appointed Scheduling Coordinator. In situations of deteriorating system conditions or emergency, the ISO reserves the right to communicate directly with the Generator(s) as required to ensure System Reliability.

DP 3.4.4 Consequences of a Failure to Respond or Inadequate Response

The ISO may apply penalties, fines, economic consequences or the sanctions referred to in DP 9.5.2 for any failure or inadequate response under DP 3.4.3 to the SC representing the Generator responsible for such failure or inadequate response (which may be appropriately weighted to reflect its seriousness) subject to any necessary FERC approval.

DP 3.5 Information to be Supplied by UDCs

DP 3.5.1 UDC Status Change

Each UDC shall keep the ISO informed of any change or potential change in the status of its transmission lines and station equipment at the point of interconnection with the ISO Controlled Grid. Each UDC shall keep the ISO informed as to any event or circumstance in the UDC's service territory that could affect the reliability of the ISO Controlled Grid. This would include adverse weather conditions, fires, bomb threats, etc.

DP 3.5.2 UDC Outage Scheduling

Each UDC shall schedule all equipment Outages (or Outages of other equipment that could affect the ISO Controlled Grid) at the point of

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All provisions in this section DP 3.8 refer to information and data obtained from metering used for Control Area operations and not metering used for billing and settlement.

DP 3.9	[Not Used]
DP 3.9.1	[Not Used]
DP 3.9.2	[Not Used]
DP 3.9.3	[Not Used]
DP 3.9.4	[Not Used]
DP 3.9.5	[Not Used]
DP 4	METHODS OF COMMUNICATIONS
DP 4.1	Methods of Transmitting Dispatch Instructions
DP 4.1.1	Full-Time Communications Facility Requirement

Each Participant must provide a communications facility manned twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week capable of

receiving Dispatch Instructions issued by the ISO.

DP 4.2 Recording of Dispatch Instructions

The ISO shall maintain records of all electronic, fax and verbal communications related to a Dispatch instruction. The ISO shall maintain a paper or electronic copy of all Dispatch instructions delivered by fax and all Dispatch instructions delivered electronically. The ISO shall record all voice conversations that occur related to Dispatch instructions on the Dispatch Instruction communication equipment. These records, copies and recordings may be used by the ISO to audit the Dispatch Instruction, and to verify the response of the Participant concerned to the Dispatch Instruction.

DP 4.3 Contents of Dispatch Instructions

Dispatch Instructions shall include the following information as appropriate:

- (a) exchange of operator names;
- (b) specific resource being Dispatched;
- (c) specific MW value and price point of the resource being Dispatched;
- (d) specific type of instruction (action required);
- time the resource is required to begin initiating the Dispatch Instruction;
- (f) time the resource is required to achieve the Dispatch Instruction;

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Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 470

- (g) time of notification of the Dispatch Instruction; and
- (h) any other information which the ISO considers relevant.

DP 4.4 Acknowledgement of Dispatch Instructions

The recipient of a Dispatch Instruction shall confirm the Dispatch Instruction. Dispatch Instructions communicated by the ISO either electronically or by fax shall be confirmed electronically in accordance with ISO procedures. Dispatch instructions communicated verbally shall be confirmed by repeating the Dispatch instructions to the ISO.

DP 5 ISO FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

DP 5.1 ISO Facility and Equipment Outages

The ISO has installed redundant control centers, communication systems and computer systems. Most, but not necessarily all, equipment problems or failures should be transparent to Participants. This DP 5 addresses some situations when Participants could be affected, but it is impossible to identify and plan for every type of equipment problem or failure. Real time situations will be handled by the real time ISO dispatchers. The ISO control room in Folsom is the Primary ISO Control Center and the ISO control room in Alhambra is the Backup ISO Control Center.

DP 5.2 WEnet Unavailable

DP 5.2.1 Unavailable Critical Functions of WEnet

During a total disruption of the WEnet several critical functions of the ISO will not be available including:

- the Scheduling Infrastructure (SI) computer will not be able to communicate with SCs to receive any type of updated Schedule information;
- (b) the SI computer will not be able to communicate Congestion Management information and Schedule changes to the SCs;
- (c) the ISO will not be able to communicate general information, including emergency information, to any Participants.

DP 5.2.2 Communications during WEnet Unavailability

During any period of WEnet unavailability, the ISO shall:

 make all reasonable efforts to keep Participants aware of current ISO Controlled Grid status using voice communications;

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Security Monitoring

First Revised Sheet No. 475 Superseding Original Sheet No. 475

DP 6.9

The ISO shall be the Security Coordinator for the California Area. As Security Coordinator, the ISO, in conjunction with the other WSCC Security Coordinators, will be responsible for the stable and reliable operation of the Western Interconnection in accordance with the WSCC Regional Security Plan.

DP 6.9.1 Security Coordinator

As Security Coordinator, the ISO may direct activities as appropriate to curtail Schedules, Dispatch Generation or impose transfer limitations as necessary to relieve grid Congestion, mitigate potential overloads or eliminate operation outside of existing nomogram criteria.

DP 6.9.2 Authority of WSCC Security Coordinators

- (a) The Security Coordinator has the final authority to direct operations before, during and after problems or disturbances that have regional impacts. The WSCC security monitoring plans include collaboration with sub-regional Security Coordinators and control area operators to determine actions for anticipated problems. If there is insufficient time, or mutual concurrence is not reached, the Security Coordinator is authorized to direct actions and the control area operators must comply.
- (b) In the event of any situation occurring which is outside those problems already identified in the list of known problems, the Security Coordinator shall have the responsibility and authority to implement whatever measures are necessary to maintain system reliability. Those actions include but are not limited to; interchange curtailment, generation Dispatch adjustment (real power, reactive power and voltage), transmission configuration adjustments, special protection activation, load curtailment and any other action deemed necessary to maintain system reliability.
- (c) The Security Coordinator shall also have the responsibility and authority to take action in its sub-region for problems in another sub-region that it may help resolve. This must be accomplished at the request of and in coordination with the Security Coordinators of the other sub-regions.

DP 7 REAL TIME OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES – THE HOUR PRIOR TO THE SETTLEMENT PERIOD

DP 7.1 Schedule Confirmation

In the hour prior to the beginning of the Settlement Period, the ISO will review and evaluate the current system operating conditions to ensure sufficient Energy and Ancillary Services resources are available for the next Settlement Period. The ISO will:

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 476

- verify that each SC's Ancillary Services obligations are scheduled as required. The ISO will procure additional Ancillary Services if insufficient resources are scheduled;
- (b) verify any Supplemental Energy bids received up to thirty (30) minutes prior to the Settlement Period, for increases or decreases in Energy output which it may require for the Settlement Period; and
- (c) verify that with currently anticipated operating conditions there is sufficient transfer capacity on the ISO Controlled Grid to implement all Final Schedules.

DP 7.2 Confirm Interchange Transaction Schedules (ITSs)

Also in the hour prior to the beginning of the Settlement Period the ISO will:

- adjust interchange transaction schedules (ITSs) as required under Existing Contracts in accordance with the procedures in the SBP and the SP for the management of Existing Contracts;
- (b) adjust ITSs as required by changes in transfer capability of transmission paths occurring after close of the Hour-Ahead Market; and
- (c) agree on ITS changes with adjacent Control Area Operators.

DP 7.3 Supplemental Energy Bids

Supplemental Energy bids may be submitted to the ISO no later than sixty (60) minutes prior to the beginning of the Settlement Period in accordance with the format and content requirements of the SBP. These Supplemental Energy bids cannot be withdrawn after sixty (60) minutes prior to the beginning of the Settlement Period. A System Resource that identifies its bid as a Hourly Pre-Dispatch bid will only be pre-dispatched and will not be subject to any intra-hour Redispatch except as necessary to maintain inter-Control Area transmission reliability.

DP 7.4 Intra-Zonal Congestion Management

In the hour prior to the beginning of the Settlement Period the ISO may adjust SCs' Final Schedules to alleviate Intra-Zonal Congestion. Except in those instances where the ISO calls Reliability Must-Run Units as provided in Section 5.2 of the ISO Tariff, the ISO will adjust resources in accordance with DP 8.4 and DP 8.5.

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DP 8 REAL TIME OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES – THE SETTLEMENT PERIOD

DP 8.1 Settlement Period

DP 8.1.1 Responsibility of the ISO in Real Time Dispatch

During Real Time Dispatch, the ISO, using RTD Software will be responsible for Dispatching Generating Units, Curtailable Demands and Interconnection schedules to meet real time imbalances between actual and scheduled Demand and Generation and to relieve Congestion, if necessary, to ensure System Reliability and to maintain Applicable Reliability Criteria.

DP 8.1.2 [Not Used]

DP 8.2 Generating Units, Loads and Interconnection Schedules Dispatched for Congestion

The ISO will use the RTD Software to alleviate Inter-Zonal Congestion as described in DP 8.3. The ISO will manage Intra-Zonal Congestion in real-time as set forth in Section 7.2.6.

DP 8.3 Inter-Zonal Congestion

DP 8.3.1 Treatment by Zone

If there is Inter-Zonal Congestion in real time, the ISO's RTD software shall increase Generation and/or reduce Demand separately for each Zone to optimally Dispatch available resources to resolve the Congestion.

DP 8.3.2 Selection of Generating Unit or Load to Increase Generation or Reduce Demand

Where the ISO determines that it is necessary to increase Generation or reduce Demand in a Zone in order to relieve Inter-Zonal Congestion the ISO shall select in merit order, the Generating Unit within the Zone (or the Interconnection schedule in a Control Area adjacent to the Zone) with a non-zero capacity remaining to increment which has the lowest incremental bid price (\$/MWh) or the Curtailable Demand located within the Zone (or the Interconnection schedule in a Control Area adjacent to the Zone) with a non-zero capacity remaining to reduce which has the lowest Demand reduction bid price.

DP 8.3.3 Selection of Generating Unit to Reduce Generation

Where the ISO determines that it is necessary to reduce Generation in a Zone in order to relieve Inter-Zonal Congestion, the ISO shall select in merit order the Generating Unit within the Zone with a non-zero capacity remaining to decrement which has the highest decremental bid price.

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DP 8.4 Intra-Zonal Congestion

Except as provided in Section 5.2 of the ISO Tariff, in the event of Intra-Zonal Congestion, the ISO shall adjust Generating Units and Curtailable Demands (or Interconnection schedules of System Resources in the Control Areas) to alleviate the constraints as described in Section 7.2.6.

DP 8.5 Additional Congestion Relief

In the event that there are insufficient resources which provide financial bids to mitigate Inter-Zonal and Intra-Zonal Congestion, Final Schedules which do not rely on Existing Contracts will be adjusted in real time by allocating transmission capacity on a pro rata basis. Final Schedules which rely on Existing Contracts will be adjusted in real time by allocating transmission capacity in accordance with the operating instructions submitted under SBP 3.3. With respect to facilities financed with Local Furnishing Bonds the ISO shall adjust Final Schedules in real time in a fashion consistent with Section 2.1.3 and 7.1.6.3 of the ISO Tariff, Appendix B of the TCA, and Operating Procedures governing the use of such facilities.

DP 8.6 Real Time Dispatch Application

DP 8.6.1 Real Time Dispatch

During real time, the ISO shall Dispatch Generating Units, Curtailable Demands and Interconnection schedules to meet imbalances between actual and scheduled Demand and Generation.

In addition, the ISO may need to purchase additional Ancillary Services if Ancillary Services arranged in advance are used to provide balancing Energy, and such depletion needs to be recovered to meet System Reliability contingency requirements.

DP 8.6.2 Utilization of the Energy Bids

The ISO will use the Energy Bids to Dispatch Supplemental Energy and Ancillary Services to procure balancing Energy for:

- (a) satisfying needs for Imbalance Energy;
- (b) mitigating Inter-Zonal Congestion;
- (c) allowing resources providing Regulation service to return to the preferred operating point within their regulating ranges;
- (d) allowing recovery of Operating Reserves utilized in real time operations;
- (e) procuring additional Voltage Support required from resources beyond their power factor ranges in real time; and

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Third Revised Sheet No. 479

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II Superseding Sub. Second Revised Sheet No. 479

(f) Dispatching System Resources and Dispatchable Loads and increasing Generating Units' output to manage Intra-Zonal Congestion in real time using Energy Bids Dispatched out of sequence.

DP 8.6.3 Basis for Real Time Dispatch

The ISO shall base real time Dispatch of Generating Units, Curtailable Demands and Interconnection schedules on the following principles:

- (a) the ISO shall Dispatch Generating Units and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules providing Regulation service to meet WSCC and NERC Area Control Error (ACE) performance criteria;
- (b) in each Dispatch Interval, following the loss of a resource and once ACE has returned to zero, the ISO shall determine if the Regulation Generating Units and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules are operating at a point away from their Set Point. The ISO shall then adjust the output of Generating Units, Curtailable Demands, and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules (either providing Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, Replacement Reserve, or Supplemental Energy) to return the Regulation Generating Units and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules to their Set Points to restore their full regulating margin;
- (c) in each Dispatch Interval, the ISO shall Dispatch Generating Units, Curtailable Demands and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules to meet its balancing Energy requirements and eliminate any Price Overlap between Energy Bids, thereby, Dispatching the relevant resources in real time for economic trades either between SCs or within a SC's portfolio;
- (d) the ISO shall select the Generating Units, Curtailable Demands and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules to be Dispatched to meet its balancing Energy requirements in merit order according to their Energy Bids;
- (e) the ISO shall not discriminate between Generating Units, Curtailable Demands and Dispatchable Interconnection schedules other than based on price, and the effectiveness (location and ramp rate) of the resource concerned to respond to the fluctuation in Demand or Generation, or to resolve Inter-Zonal Congestion;
- (f) Generating Units, Curtailable Demands or Dispatchable Interconnection schedules shall be Dispatched during the Settlement Period only until the next variation in Generation or Demand or the end of the Settlement Period, whichever is sooner. In Dispatching such resources, the ISO may make commitments beyond the current Settlement Period;
- (g) The ISO will not differentiate between Ancillary Services procured by the ISO and Ancillary Services which are being self-provided;

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF Second Revised Sheet No. 479A FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

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Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 480

- (i) The operational ramp rate(s) of a resource will be considered by the RTD software in determining the amount of Instructed Imbalance Energy by Dispatch Interval, and such consideration may result in Instructed Imbalance Energy in Dispatch Intervals prior to or subsequent to the Dispatch Interval to which the Dispatch Instruction applies;
- System Resources identified as Dispatchable within the operating hour pursuant to SBP Section 6.1.3 shall be Dispatched optimally through the RTD Software. Such bids will be settled pursuant to Section 11.2.4.1.1.2;
- (k) The ISO will pre-dispatch Energy Bids from System Resources, subject to Hourly Pre-Dispatch as indicated in SBP 6.1.3, prior to the beginning of each hour consistent with applicable WSCC interchange scheduling practices, assuring that any Price Overlap between such decremental and incremental Energy Bids will be eliminated. Such bids will be settled pursuant to Section 11.2.4.1.1.2.

DP 8.7 Ancillary Services Requirements

The following requirements apply to the Dispatch of Ancillary Services in real time:

DP 8.7.1 Regulation

 (a) Regulation provided from Generating Units or System Resources must meet the standards specified in the ASRP;

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First Revised Sheet No. 480A Superseding Original Sheet No. 480A

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- (b) the ISO will Dispatch Regulation in merit order of Energy bid prices as determined by the EMS;
- (c) in the event of an unscheduled increase in system Demand or a shortfall in Generation output and Regulation margin drops below a predetermined value, the ISO will use scheduled Operating Reserve, Replacement Reserve or Supplemental Energy to restore Regulation margin; and
- (d) when scheduled Operating Reserve is used for restoration of Regulation reserve, the ISO shall arrange for the replacement of that Operating Reserve (see DP 8.7.4);

DP 8.7.2 Operating Reserve

- (a) Spinning Reserve:
 - Spinning Reserve provided from Generating Units and Interconnection schedules must meet the standards specified in the ASRP;
 - the ISO will Dispatch Spinning Reserve as may be required to meet the Applicable Reliability Criteria;
 - (iii) the ISO may Dispatch Spinning Reserve as balancing Energy to return Regulation Generating Units to their Set Points and restore full Regulation margin; and
 - (iv) the ISO will Dispatch Spinning Reserve in merit order of Energy bid prices as determined by the RTD Software;

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(b) Non-Spinning Reserve:

- Non-Spinning Reserve provided from Generating Units, Demands, and external imports of System Resources must meet the standards specified in the ASRP;
- the ISO may Dispatch Non-Spinning Reserve in place of Spinning Reserve to meet Applicable Reliability Criteria;
- the ISO will Dispatch Non-Spinning Reserve in merit order of Energy bid prices as determined by the RTD Software; and
- the ISO may Dispatch Non-Spinning Reserve to replace Spinning Reserve if there is a shortfall in Spinning Reserve because of a deficiency of balancing Energy;

DP 8.7.3 Replacement Reserve

- (a) Replacement Reserve provided from Generating Units,
 Curtailable Demands and Interconnection schedules must meet the standards specified in the ASRP;
- (b) the ISO will utilize Replacement Reserve to replace Operating Reserve that has been Dispatched due to a shortfall in Generation or an increase in Demand;
- (c) the ISO may Dispatch Replacement Reserve to replace Operating Reserve that has been Dispatched for balancing Energy; and
- the ISO will Dispatch Replacement Reserve in merit order of Energy bid prices as determined by RTD;

DP 8.7.4 Replacement of Operating Reserve

- in the event of an un-forecasted increase in system Demand or a shortfall in Generation output, the ISO shall utilize Replacement Reserve to restore Operating Reserve;
- (b) if pre-arranged Operating Reserve is used to meet balancing Energy requirements, the ISO may replace such Operating Reserve by Dispatch of additional balancing Energy available from Supplemental Energy bids;
- any additional Operating Reserve needs may also be met the same way;
- (d) where the ISO elects to rely upon Supplemental Energy bids, the ISO shall select the resources with the lowest incremental Energy bid price as established by RTD; and
- (e) if the ISO restores Operating Reserve through utilization of Replacement Reserve, the ISO is not required to replace the utilized Replacement Reserve;

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DP 8.7.5 Voltage Support

- (a) Voltage Support provided from Generating Units shall meet the standards specified in the ASRP;
- (b) the ISO may Dispatch Generating Units to increase or decrease MVar output within the power factor limits of 0.9 lagging to 0.95 leading (or within other limits specified by the ISO in any exemption granted pursuant to Section 2.5.3.4 of the ISO Tariff) at no cost to the ISO when required for System Reliability;
- (c) may Dispatch each Generating Unit to increase or decrease MVar output outside of established power factor limits, but within the range of the Generating Unit's capability curve, at a price calculated in accordance with ISO Tariff;
- (d) If Voltage Support is required in addition to that provided pursuant to DP 8.7.5 (b) and (c), the ISO will reduce output of Participating Generators certified in accordance with the ASRP. The ISO will select Participating Generators in the vicinity where such additional Voltage Support is required; and
- (e) the ISO will monitor voltage levels at Interconnections to maintain them in accordance with the applicable Inter-Control Area Agreements.

DP 8.7.6 Black Start

- Black Start shall meet the standards specified for Black Start in the ASRP; and
- (b) the ISO will Dispatch Black Start as required in accordance with the applicable Black Start Agreement.

DP 8.8 Real Time Management of Overgeneration Conditions

In the event that Overgeneration conditions occur during real time, the ISO will direct the SCs to take the steps described in Section 2.3.4 of the ISO Tariff and SCs shall implement ISO directions without delay.

DP 9 DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS

DP 9.1 ISO Dispatch Authority

DP 9.1.1 Range of ISO Authority

The ISO has full authority to:

- (a) direct the physical operation of the ISO Controlled Grid, including (without limitation) circuit breakers, switches, voltage control equipment, protective relays, metering and Load Shedding equipment;
- (b) commit Reliability Must-Run Generation, except that the ISO shall only commit Reliability Must-Run Generation for Ancillary Services capacity according to Section 5.2 of the Tariff;

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- (c) order a change in operating status of voltage control equipment;
- take required action to prevent against uncontrolled losses of load or Generation;
- (e) control the output of Generating Units and Interconnection schedules scheduled to provide Ancillary Services or offering Supplemental Energy;
- (f) Dispatch Curtailable Demand which has been scheduled to provide Non-Spinning Reserve or Replacement Reserve; and
- (g) require the operation of resources which are at the ISO's disposal in a System Emergency, as described in DP 10.

DP 9.1.2 Exercise of the ISO's Authority

The ISO will exercise its authority under DP 9.1.1 by issuing Dispatch Instructions to the relevant Participants using the relevant communications method described in DP 4.

DP 9.2 Participant Responsibilities

DP 9.2.1 Compliance with Dispatch Instructions

All Participants within the ISO Control Area shall comply fully and promptly with the ISO's Dispatch Instructions unless such operation would impair public health or safety. Shedding Load for a System Emergency does not constitute impairment to public health or safety.

DP 9.2.2 Notification of Non-Compliance with a Dispatch Instruction

In the event that, in carrying out the Dispatch Instruction, an unforeseen problem arises (relating to plant operations or equipment, personnel or the public safety), the recipient of the Dispatch Instruction must notify the ISO or, in the case of a Generator, the relevant SC immediately. The relevant SC shall notify the ISO of the problem immediately.

DP 9.3 Dispatch Instructions for Generating Units and Curtailable Demand

The ISO may issue Dispatch Instructions covering:

- (a) Ancillary Services;
- (b) Supplemental Energy, which may be used for:
 - (i) Congestion Management:
 - (ii) provision of Imbalance Energy; or
 - (iii) replacement of an Ancillary Service;
- (c) agency operation of Generating Units, Curtailable Demands or Interconnection schedules, for example:
 - output or Demand that can be Dispatched to meet Applicable Reliability Criteria;
 - (ii) Generating Units that can be Dispatched for Black Start;

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- (iii) Generating Units that can be Dispatched to maintain governor control regardless of their Energy schedules; or
- (d) the operation of voltage control equipment applied on Generating Units as described in the ASRP.

DP 9.4 Response Required by Generators to ISO Dispatch Instructions

DP 9.4.1 Action Required by Generators

Generators must:

- (a) comply with Dispatch Instructions immediately upon receipt and shall respond in accordance with Good Utility Practice;
- (b) meet voltage criteria in accordance with the provisions specified in the ISO Tariff and ASRP;
- (c) meet the applicable operational ramp rates as provided for in SBP 6.5;
- (d) respond to Dispatch Instructions for Ancillary Services within the time periods required by ASRP except in a System Emergency, when DP 10 will apply; and (in the case of Generating Units providing Regulation) respond to electronic signals from the EMS; and
- (e) respond to a Dispatch Instruction issued for the start-up or shut down of a Generating Unit, within the time frame stated in the Instruction.

DP 9.4.2 Qualifying Facilities

Where a Qualifying Facility ("QF") has entered into an agreement with a PTO before March 31, 1997 for the supply of Energy to the PTO (an "Existing Agreement"), the ISO will follow the instructions provided by the parties to the Existing Agreement regarding the provisions of the Existing Agreement in the performance of its functions relating to Outage Coordination, and not require a QF to take any action that would interfere with the QF's obligations under the Existing Agreement. Each QF will make reasonable efforts to comply with the ISO's instructions during a System Emergency without penalty for failure to do so.

DP 9.5 Failure to Comply with Dispatch Instructions

DP 9.5.1 Obligation to Comply

All entities providing Ancillary Services (whether self-provided or procured by the ISO) or whose Supplemental Energy bids have been accepted by the ISO shall be obligated to respond to the ISO's Dispatch Instructions in accordance with their terms. If a Dispatched Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand or System Resource fails to respond to a Dispatch Instruction in accordance with its terms, the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand or System Resource:

(a) shall be declared and labeled as non-conforming to the Dispatch Instruction;

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(b) shall not be eligible to set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price.

DP 9.5.2 Sanctions

The ISO will develop additional mechanisms to deter Generating Units and Loads in the ISO or other Control Areas from failing to respond at a particular time or adequately respond over a particular period of time to a Dispatch Instruction or failing to perform according to Dispatch Instructions, for example, reduction in payments to SCs or suspension of the SC's Ancillary Services certificate for the Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand or System Resource concerned.

DP 10 EMERGENCY OPERATIONS

DP 10.1 Notifications by ISO

The ISO will provide the following notifications to Participants to communicate unusual system conditions or emergencies.

DP 10.1.1 System alert

ISO will give a system alert notice when the operating requirements of the ISO Controlled Grid are marginal because of Demand exceeding forecast, loss of major Generation or loss of transmission capacity that has curtailed imports into the ISO Control Area, or if the Hour-Ahead Market is short on scheduled Energy and Ancillary Services for the ISO Control Area.

DP 10.1.2 System warning

The ISO will give a system warning notice when the operating requirements for the ISO Controlled Grid are not being met in the Hour-Ahead Market, or the quantity of Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, Replacement Reserve and Supplemental Energy available to the ISO is not acceptable for the Applicable Reliability Criteria. This system warning notice will notify Participants that the ISO will, acting in accordance with Good Utility Practice, take such steps as it considers necessary to ensure compliance with Applicable Reliability Criteria, including the negotiation of Generation through processes other than competitive bids.

DP 10.1.3 System Emergency

When, in the judgement of the ISO, the System Reliability of the ISO Controlled Grid is in danger of instability, voltage collapse or underfrequency caused by transmission or Generation trouble in the ISO Control Area, or events outside of the ISO Control Area that could result in a cascade of events throughout the WSCC grid, the ISO will declare a System Emergency. This declaration may include a notice to suspend the Day-Ahead, Hour-Ahead and Real Time Markets, authorize full use of Black Start Generation, initiate full control of manual Load Shedding, authorize the curtailment of Curtailable Demand (even though not scheduled as an Ancillary Service). The ISO will reduce the System Emergency declaration to a lower alert status when it is satisfied, after conferring with Security Coordinators within the WSCC that the major contributing factors have been corrected, all

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(c) UDC Disconnect Load

The ISO shall have the authority to direct a UDC to disconnect Load from the ISO Controlled Grid if necessary to avoid an anticipated System Emergency or to regain Operational Control over the ISO Controlled Grid during an actual System Emergency.

(d) UDC Load Curtailment Programs

As an additional resource for maintaining reliability and managing System Emergencies, the ISO may notify UDCs when the conditions exist which require the UDCs to implement their Load curtailment programs. The UDCs will exercise their best efforts, including seeking any necessary regulatory approvals, to enable the ISO to rely on their curtailment rights at specified levels of Operating Reserve.

DP 10.4.2 Load Curtailment

A SC may specify that Load will be reduced at specified Market Clearing Prices or offer the right to exercise Load curtailment to the ISO as an Ancillary Service or utilize Load curtailment itself (by way of self provision of Ancillary Services) as Non-Spinning Reserve or Replacement Reserve. The ISO, at its discretion, may require direct control over such Curtailable Demand to assume response capability for managing System Emergencies. The ISO may establish standards for automatic communication of curtailment instructions to implement Load curtailment as a condition for accepting any offered Load curtailment as an Ancillary Service.

DP 11 ALGORITHMS TO BE USED

The ISO shall develop Dispatch algorithms for use by the ISO for Dispatching Generating Units and Curtailable Demands in accordance with the ISO Tariff.

DP 12 INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

The ISO shall provide all Participants with non-discriminatory access to information concerning the status of the ISO Controlled Grid by posting such information on the WEnet, or other similar computer communications device, or by telephone or facsimile in the event of computer systems failure.

DP 13 AMENDMENTS TO THE PROTOCOL

If the ISO determines a need for an amendment to this Protocol, the ISO will follow the requirements as set forth in Section 16 of the ISO Tariff.

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 508B

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 508B

2 CONDUCT WARRANTING MITIGATION

2.1 Definitions

The following definitions are applicable to this Appendix A:

"Economic Market Clearing Prices" are the market clearing prices for a particular

resource at the location of that particular resource at the time the resource was either

Scheduled or was Dispatched by the ISO. Economic Market Clearing Prices may

originate from the Day-ahead Energy market, the Hour-ahead Energy market (when these

markets are in place), or ISO Real-time Imbalance Energy market. The Economic Market

Clearing Price for the ISO Real Time Imbalance Energy Market shall be the Dispatch

Interval Ex Post Price, unless the resource cannot change output level within the hour

(i.e., the resource is not amenable to intra-hour real-time Dispatch instructions), or it is a

System Resource. Economic Market Clearing Prices for the ISO Real Time Imbalance

Energy Market for resources that cannot change output level within one Dispatch Interval

and System Resources shall be the simple average of the relevant Dispatch Interval Ex

Post Prices for each hour.

"Electric Facility" shall mean an electric resource, including a Generating Unit, System

Unit, or a Participating Load.

2.2 Conduct Subject to Mitigation

Mitigation Measures may be applied: (i) to the bidding, scheduling, or operation of an "Electric

Facility"; or (ii) as specified in section 2.4 below.

2.3 Conditions for the Imposition of Mitigation Measures

2.3.1 In general, the ISO shall consider a Market Participant's conduct to be inconsistent with

competitive conduct if the conduct would not be in the economic interest of the Market Participant in the

absence of market power. The categories of conduct that are inconsistent with competitive conduct

include, but may not be limited to, the three categories of conduct specified in Section 2.4 below.

Effective: Upon Notice After September 6, 2003

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Third Revised Sheet No. 508D Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 508D

procedure, design feature, or known software imperfection of an ISO Market that allows a Market

Participant to manipulate market prices or otherwise impair the efficient operation of that market, pending

Mitigation Measures may also be imposed to mitigate the market effects of a rule, standard,

the revision of such rule, standard, procedure design feature, or software defect to preclude such

manipulation of prices or impairment of efficiency.

2.4.3 Taking advantage of opportunities to sell at a higher price or buy at a lower price in a market other

than an ISO Market shall not be deemed a form of withholding or otherwise inconsistent with competitive

conduct.

2.4.2

2.4.4 The ISO shall monitor ISO Markets for other categories of conduct, whether by a single firm or by

multiple firms acting in concert, that have material effects on prices in an ISO Market or other payments.

The ISO shall: (i) seek to amend the foregoing list as may be appropriate to include any such conduct that

would substantially distort or impair the competitiveness of any of the ISO Markets; and (ii) seek such

other authorization to mitigate the effects of such conduct from the FERC as may be appropriate.

3 CRITERIA FOR IMPOSING MITIGATION MEASURES

3.1 Identification of Conduct Inconsistent with Competition

Conduct that may potentially warrant the imposition of a mitigation measure includes the

categories described in Section 2.4 above. The thresholds listed in section 3.1.1 below shall be used to

identify substantial departures from competitive conduct indicative of an absence of workable competition.

3.1.1 Conduct Thresholds for Identifying Economic Withholding

The following thresholds shall be employed by the ISO to identify economic withholding that may

warrant the mitigation of the bid from a resource and shall be determined with respect to a reference level

determined as specified in Section 3.1.1.1:

For Energy Bids to be Dispatched as Imbalance Energy through the RTD Software: the lower of a

200 percent increase or \$100/MWh increase in the bid with respect to its Reference Level.

Effective: Upon Notice After September 6, 2003

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Third Revised Sheet No. 508G

Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 508G

3.2 **Material Price Effects**

3.2.1 **Market Impact Thresholds**

In order to avoid unnecessary intervention in the ISO Market, Mitigation Measures for economic

withholding shall not be imposed unless conduct identified as specified above causes or contributes to a

material change in one or more of the ISO market-clearing prices (MCPs). Initially, the thresholds to be

used by the ISO to determine a material price effect shall be as follows:

For Energy Bids to be Dispatched as Imbalance Energy through the RTD Software: the lower of

an increase of 200 percent or \$50 per MWh in the projected Hourly Ex Post Price at any location (zone or

node) commensurate with the relevant pricing structure in effect in accordance with the ISO Tariff.

For Energy Bids to be Dispatched out of economic merit order to manage Intra-Zonal Congestion:

if the price of the bid is \$50/MWh or 200 percent greater than the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price at that

location (zone or node) commensurate with the relevant pricing structure in effect in accordance with the

ISO Tariff.

Accepted and justified bids above the applicable soft cap, as set forth in Section 28.1.2 of this Tariff, will

not be eligible to set the Market Clearing Price. Such bids shall be included in the Market Impact test,

however, and, for purposes of this test only, shall be assumed to be eligible to set the Market Clearing

Price.

3.2.2 Price Impact Analysis

3.2.2.1 Bids to be Dispatched as Imbalance Energy.

The ISO shall determine the effect on prices of questioned conduct through automated computer

modeling and analytical methods. An Automatic Mitigation Procedure (AMP) shall identify bids that have

exceeded the conduct thresholds and shall compute the change in projected Hourly Ex Post Prices as a

result of simultaneously setting all such bids to their Reference Levels. If a change in the projected Hourly

Ex Post Price exceeds the Impact threshold stated in Section 3.2.1, those bids would be kept mitigated at

their default bid levels as specified in Section 4.2.2 below.

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION
FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF
Second Rev

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Second Revised Sheet No. 508G.01

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 508G.01

3.2.2.2 Bids to be Dispatched out of economic merit order to manage Intra-Zonal Congestion. If

the price of the bid is \$50/MWh or 200 percent greater than the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price at that

location (zone or node) commensurate with the relevant pricing structure in effect in accordance with the

ISO Tariff, the bid price shall be mitigated to the reference price and the Scheduling Coordinator for that

resource shall be paid the greater of the reference price or the relevant Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price.

Bids mitigated in accordance with this section 3.2.2.2 shall not set the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Price.

3.2.3 Section 205 Filings

In addition, the ISO shall make a filing under Section 205 of the Federal Power Act with the

Commission seeking authorization to apply an appropriate mitigation measure to conduct that departs

significantly from the conduct that would be expected under competitive market conditions but does not

rise to the thresholds specified in section 3.1.1 above, unless the ISO determines, from information

provided by the Market Participant or Parties that would be subject to mitigation or other information

available to the ISO that the conduct is attributable to legitimate competitive market forces or incentives.

The following are examples of conduct that are deemed to depart significantly from the conduct that would

be expected under competitive market conditions:

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Third Revised Sheet No. 508J Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 508J

4

(e) The Mitigation Measures shall not be applied to Energy bids projected to be Dispatched

as Imbalance Energy through the RTD Software in the hours in which all Zonal Ex Post

Prices are projected to be below \$91.87/MWh. If the zonal Dispatch Interval Ex Post

Price is projected to be above \$91.87/MWh in any ISO zone, the Mitigation Measures

shall be applied to all bids, except those from System Resources, in all ISO zones. The

ISO will apply Mitigation Measures to all bids taken out of merit order to address Intra-

Zonal Congestion.

(f) The Mitigation Measures shall not be applied to bids below \$25/MWh.

(g) The posting of the MCP may be delayed if necessary for the completion of automated

mitigation procedures.

(h) Bids not mitigated under these Mitigation Measures shall remain subject to mitigation by

other procedures specified in the ISO Tariff as may be appropriate.

4.3 Sanctions for Physical Withholding

The ISO may report a Market Participant the ISO believes to have engaged in physical

withholding, including providing the ISO false information regarding the derating or outage of an Electric

Facility, to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in accordance with Section 2.3.3.9.5 of the ISO

Tariff. In addition, a Market Participant that fails to operate a Generating Unit in conformance with ISO

dispatch instructions shall be subject to the penalties set forthin Section 11.2.4.1.2 of the ISO Tariff.

4.4 Duration of Mitigation Measures

Bids will be mitigated only in the specific hour that they violate the price and market impact

thresholds.

5 FERC-ORDERED MEASURES

In addition to any mitigation measures specified above, the ISO shall administer, and apply when

appropriate in accordance with their terms, such other mitigation measures as it may be directed to

implement by order of the FERC.

6 DISPUTE RESOLUTION

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- (c) The captions and headings in this Protocol are inserted solely to facilitate reference and shall have no bearing upon the interpretation of any of the terms and conditions of this Protocol.
- (d) This Protocol shall be effective as of the ISO Operations Date.
- (e) References to time are references to the prevailing Pacific Time.

SBP 1.3 Scope

SBP 1.3.1 Scope of Application to Parties

The SBP applies to the following entities:

- (a) Scheduling Coordinators (SCs);
- (b) Participating Transmission Owners (PTOs); and
- (c) the Independent System Operator (ISO).

SBP 1.3.2 Liability of the ISO

Any liability of the ISO arising out of or in relation to this Protocol shall be subject to Section 14 of the ISO Tariff as if references to the ISO Tariff were references to this Protocol.

SBP 2 SCHEDULES AND NOTIFICATIONS

SBP 2.1 Contents of Schedules and Adjustment Bid Data

SCs must comply with the ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document, which contains the format for submission of Schedules and bid. Except as noted, each of the following data sections can be submitted up to seven (7) days in advance.

SBP 2.1.1 Generation Section of a Balanced Schedule and Adjustment Bid Data

The Generation section of a Balanced Schedule will include the following information for each Generating Unit:

- (a) SC's ID code;
- (b) type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day;
- (c) name of Generating Unit scheduled;
- (d) type of Schedule: Preferred or Revised (refer to the SP for details);
- (e) priority type, if applicable, to the Settlement Period (use OTHER if scheduling the use of Existing Contract rights or RLB_MUST_RUN) for Reliability Must-Run Generation:
- (f) contract reference number for Reliability Must-Run Generation;
- (g) transmission loss self-provision flag (LOSS CMP FLG): "Yes" indicates that Dispatch Instructions provided to the Generating

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Original Sheet No. 541A

Unit will include transmission losses associated with the unit's Final Hour-Ahead Schedule as determined by the relevant GMM;

(h) Congestion Management flag – "Yes" indicates that any Adjustment Bid submitted under item (I) below should be used in the Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead market;

- (i) publish Adjustment Bid flag, which will not be functional on the ISO Operations Date. In the future, "Yes" will indicate that the SC wishes the ISO to publish its Adjustment Bids;
- (j) Generating Unit ramp rate in MW/minute;
- (k) hourly scheduled Generating Unit output in MWh (the ISO will multiply these values by the hourly Generation Meter Multipliers), including any zero values, for each Settlement Period of the Trading Day (in the case of a Day-Ahead Schedule) and for the relevant Settlement Period (in the case of an Hour-Ahead Schedule); and
- (I) the MW and \$/MWh values for each Generating Unit for which an Adjustment Bid is being submitted consistent with SBP 4.

SBP 2.1.2 Demand Section of a Balanced Schedule and Adjustment Bid Data

The Demand section of a Balanced Schedule will include the following information for each Demand location:

- (a) SC's ID code;
- (b) type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day;
- (c) Demand ID Demand location (which must be the name of a Demand Zone, Load group or bus);
- (d) type of Schedule: Preferred or Revised (refer to the SP for details);
- (e) hourly scheduled MWh for each Settlement Period of the Trading Day that uses the Existing Contract indicated in (e) above (which values should be less than or equal to the values indicated in (i) below);
- (f) Congestion Management flag "Yes" indicates that any Adjustment Bid submitted for a Dispatchable Load under item
 (i) below should be used;
- (g) publish Adjustment Bid flag, which will not be functional on the ISO Operations Date. In the future, "Yes" will indicate that the SC wishes the ISO to publish its Adjustment Bids:
- (h) hourly scheduled MWh, including any zero values, for each Settlement Period of the Trading Day (in the case of a Day-Ahead Schedule) and for the relevant Settlement Period (in the case of an Hour-Ahead Schedule);
- the MW and \$/MWh values for each Dispatchable Load for which an Adjustment Bid is being submitted consistent with SBP 4; and
- (j) requisite NERC tagging data.

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SBP 2.1.3 External Import/Export Section of a Balanced Schedule and Adjustment Bid Data

The external import/export section of a Balanced Schedule will include the following information for each import or export:

- (a) SC's ID code:
- (b) type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day:
- (c) Scheduling Point (the name);
- (d) type of Schedule: Preferred or Revised (refer to the SP for details);
- (e) interchange ID (the name of the selling entity, the buying entity, and a numeric identifier);
- (f) Energy type firm (FIRM), non-firm (NFRM) or dynamic (DYN) or Wheeling (WHEEL);
- (g) external Control Area ID;
- (h) priority type, if applicable, to the Settlement Period (use OTHER if scheduling the use of Existing Contract rights or RLB_MUST_RUN for Reliability Must-Run Generation);
- contract reference number for Reliability Must-Run Generation or Existing Contract (or set of interdependent Existing Contracts);
- (j) contract type transmission (TRNS), Energy (ENGY) or both (TR EN);
- (k) Schedule ID (NERC ID number);
- (I) Congestion Management flag "Yes" indicates that any Adjustment Bid submitted for an external import/export in item (g) below should be used:
- (m) publish Adjustment Bid flag, which will not be functional on the ISO Operations Date. In the future, "Yes" will indicate that the SC wishes the ISO to publish its Adjustment Bids;
- (n) complete WSCC tag;
- (o) hourly scheduled external imports/exports in MWh (the ISO will multiply these values by the hourly Generation Meter Multipliers), including any zero values, for each Settlement Period of the Trading Day (in the case of a Day-Ahead Schedule) and for the relevant Settlement Period (in the case of an Hour-Ahead Schedule) and with external imports into the ISO Controlled Grid reported as negative quantities and external exports from the ISO Controlled Grid reported as positive quantities;

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- (p) the MW and \$/MWh values for each external import/export for which an Adjustment Bid is being submitted consistent with SBP 4; and
- (q) for dynamically scheduled imports only, the transmission loss self-provision flag (LOSS_CMP_FLG): "Yes" indicates that Dispatch Instructions provided to the resource will include transmission losses associated with the resource's Final Hour-Ahead Schedule as determined by the relevant GMM.

SBP 2.1.4 Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Energy Trades ("Internal Imports/Exports") Section of a Balanced Schedule

In the event of an Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Energy Trade, the SCs who are parties to that trade must agree on a Zone in which the trade will be deemed to take place ("Trading Zone") and notify the ISO accordingly. The purpose of designating a Trading Zone is to provide for the allocation of Usage Charges which may arise in connection with the trade. The Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Energy Trades section of a Schedule will include the following information for each Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Trade:

- (a) SC's ID code;
- (b) type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day:
- (c) trading SC (buyer or seller);
- (d) type of Schedule: Preferred or Revised (refer to the SP for details);
- (e) Trading Zone;
- (f) Schedule type Energy (ENGY);
- (g) hourly scheduled MWh, including any zero values, for each Settlement Period of the Trading Day (in the case of a Day-Ahead Schedule) and for the relevant Settlement Period (in the case of an Hour-Ahead Schedule), with internal imports into the SC reported as negative quantities and internal exports from the SC reported as positive quantities;
- (h) Congestion Management flag "Yes" indicates that Adjustment Bid submitted under (k) below should be used;
- publish Adjustment Bid flag "Yes" indicates that the SC wishes the ISO to publish its Adjustment Bid.
- the Generating Unit or Dispatchable Load that is the source or recipient of Energy traded; and
- (k) the MW and \$/MWh values for each Generating Unit or Dispatchable Load that is the source or recipient of Energy traded.

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Original Sheet No. 544A

SBP 2.1.5 Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Ancillary Service Trades ("Internal Imports/Exports") Section of a Balanced Schedule

In the event of an Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Ancillary Service Trade, the SCs who are parties to that trade must agree on a Trading Zone in which the trade is deemed to take place and notify the ISO accordingly. The Ancillary Service obligations in the Trading Zone of each

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II Superseding Original Sheet No.

cannot be found in the ISO's scheduling applications table of contract reference numbers), the scheduled use will be invalidated and the SC notified by the ISO's issuance of an invalidated usage information template.

SBP 4 ADJUSTMENT BIDS

Adjustment Bids will be used by the ISO for Inter-Zonal Congestion Management as described in the SP and are initially valid only for the markets into which they are bid, being the Day-Ahead Market or the Hour-Ahead Market. These Adjustment Bids will <u>not</u> be transformed into Supplemental Energy bids.

SBP 4.1 Content of Adjustment Bids

Adjustment Bids are contained in Preferred Schedules and Revised Schedules submitted by SCs for particular Generating Units (including Physical Scheduling Plants), Dispatchable Loads, external imports/exports, and Generating Units and Dispatchable Loads supporting Inter-Scheduling Coordinator Energy Trades.

Each SC is required to submit a preferred operating point for each Generating Unit, Dispatchable Load and external import/export (these quantities are presented in the SC's submitted Schedule as "Hourly MWh"). The SC's preferred operating point for each Generating Unit, Dispatchable Load and external import/export must be within the range of any Adjustment Bids to be used by the ISO. The minimum MW output level, which may be zero MW (or negative for pumped storage resources), and the maximum MW output level must be physically achievable.

SBP 4.2 Format of Adjustment Bids

Adjustment Bids will be presented in the form of a monotonically non-decreasing staircase function for Generating Units and external imports. Adjustment Bids will be presented in the form of a monotonically non-increasing staircase function for Dispatchable Loads and external exports. These staircase functions will be composed of up to eleven (11) ordered pairs (i.e., ten (10) steps or price bands) of quantity/price information. Adjustment Bids are submitted as an integral part of the SC's Balanced Schedule and must be related to each Generating Unit, Dispatchable Load and external import/export. SCs must comply with the ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document, which contains the format for submission of Adjustment Bids.

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SBP 5 ANCILLARY SERVICES

SCs must comply with the ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document, which contains the format for submission of Ancillary Services schedules and bids. Additionally, SCs should refer to the Ancillary Services bid evaluation and scheduling principles contained in the SP. As also described in the SP, the resources constituting a System Unit which submitted Ancillary Services bids or schedules and which, as a result, has been accepted by the ISO to supply Ancillary Services in a Settlement Period must be disclosed to the ISO one (1) hour prior to the start of the Settlement Period.

SBP 5.1 Content of Ancillary Services Schedules and Bids

Ancillary Services in the Day-Ahead Market and the Hour-Ahead Market are comprised of the following: Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve and Replacement Reserve. Each Generating Unit (including Physical Scheduling Plants), System Unit, Curtailable Demand or System Resource for which a SC wishes to submit Ancillary Services Schedules and bids must meet the requirements set forth in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol (ASRP). The same resource capacity may be offered into more than one ISO Ancillary Service auction at the same time (the sequential evaluation of such multiple offers between Ancillary Services markets to eliminate double counting of capacity is described in the SP). In each category of Ancillary Service, the reference to "Revised" types of Schedules indicates a submittal which is part of a Revised Day-Ahead Schedule as described in the SP. Each of the following data sections can be submitted up to seven (7) days in advance. Ramp rates submitted as detailed below will be only used by the ISO for procuring capacity associated with the specific Ancillary Services. The ISO will issue realtime Dispatch Instructions for the Energy associated with the awarded capacity based upon the applicable operational ramp rate submitted with the single Energy Bid curve in accordance with SBP Section 6.5. There is no provision for external exports with regard to Ancillary Services bids. The functionality necessary to accept such bids does not exist in the ISO scheduling software.

SCs with Ancillary Services awards must submit a single Energy Bid curve in the Real Time Market to correspond to any awarded capacity for the relevant resources as described in SBP Section 6.

SBP 5.1.1 Regulation

SBP 5.1.1.1 Regulation: Generating Units or System Units

Each SC desiring to self-provide Regulation or to participate in the ISO's Regulation auction will submit the following information for each relevant Generating Unit or System Unit for each Settlement Period of the relevant Trading Day:

- type of schedule: Regulation Ancillary Service (ANC_SRVC) or Revised Regulation Ancillary Service (REVISED_ANC_SRVC);
- (b) SC's ID code;

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- (g) Schedule ID (NERC ID number);
- (h) complete WSCC tag;
- (i) preferred bid flag, which must be set to "NO", indicating a selfprovided schedule, until such time as the ISO's scheduling system is able to support Ancillary Services bids from external imports/exports;
- (j) export flag, a "YES" indicates an external export and a "NO" indicates an external import;
- (k) In the case of Existing Contracts, the applicable contract reference number:
- (I) Spinning Reserve capacity (MW);
- (m) ramp rate (MW/minute); and
- (n) bid price for Spinning Reserve capacity (\$/MW).

SBP 5.1.3 Non-Spinning Reserve

SBP 5.1.3.1 Non-Spinning Reserve: Generating Units or System Units

Each SC desiring to self-provide Non-Spinning Reserve or to participate in the ISO's Non-Spinning Reserve auction will submit the following information for each relevant Generating Unit or System Unit for each Settlement Period of the relevant Trading Day:

- type of schedule: Non-Spinning Reserve Ancillary Service (ANC_SRVC) or Revised Non-Spinning Reserve Ancillary Service (REVISED_ANC_SRVC);
- (b) SC's ID code;
- (c) type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day:
- (d) Generating Unit or System Unit ID code;
- (e) preferred bid flag, a "YES" indicates a bid and a "NO" indicates a self-provided schedule;
- (f) time to synchronize following notification (less than ten (10) minutes mandatory);
- (g) Non-Spinning Reserve capacity available within ten (10) minutes following notification (MW);
- Generating Unit or System Unit operating limits (high and low MW);
- (i) Generating Unit or System Unit ramp rate (MW/minute); and
- (j) bid price for Non-Spinning Reserve capacity (\$/MW).

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 560 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 560

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

- export flag, a "YES" indicates an external export and a "NO" indicates an external import;
- (k) In the case of Existing Contracts, the applicable contract reference number;
- (I) time to synchronize following notification (less than ten (10) minutes mandatory);
- (m) Non-Spinning Reserve capacity (MW);
- (n) ramp rate (MW/minute); and
- (o) bid price for Non-Spinning Reserve capacity.

SBP 5.1.4 Replacement Reserve

SBP 5.1.4.1 Replacement Reserve: Generating Units or System Units

Each SC desiring to self-provide Replacement Reserve or to participate in the ISO's Replacement Reserve auction will submit the following information for each relevant Generating Unit or System Unit for each Settlement Period of the relevant Trading Day:

- type of schedule: Replacement Reserve Ancillary Service (ANC_SRVC) or Revised Replacement Reserve Ancillary Service (REVISED_ANC_SRVC);
- (b) SC's ID code;
- (c) type of market (Day-Ahead or Hour-Ahead) and Trading Day;
- (d) Generating Unit or System Unit ID code;
- (e) preferred bid flag, a "YES" indicates a bid and a "NO" indicates a self-provided schedule;
- (f) time to synchronize following notification (less than sixty (60) minutes mandatory);
- (g) Generating Unit or System Unit operating limits (high and low MW);
- (h) Replacement Reserve capacity available within sixty (60) minutes following notification (MW);
- (i) Generating Unit or System Unit ramp rates (MW/minute); and
- (j) bid price for Replacement Reserve capacity (\$/MW).

- (i) preferred bid flag, which must be set to "NO", indicating a selfprovided schedule, until such time as the ISO's scheduling system is able to support Ancillary Services bids from external imports;
- in the case of Existing Contracts, the applicable contract reference number;
- (k) time to synchronize following notification (less than sixty (60) minutes mandatory);
- (I) Replacement Reserve capacity (MW);
- (m) ramp rate (MW/minute); and
- (n) bid price for Replacement Reserve capacity (\$/MW).

SBP 5.2 Validation of Ancillary Services Bids

The ISO will verify that each Ancillary Services Schedule or bid conforms to the format specified for the relevant service. If the Ancillary Services Schedule or bid does not so conform, the ISO will send a notification to the SC notifying the SC of the errors in the Schedules and/or bids. SCs will comply with the ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document, which contains the validation criteria for Ancillary Services Schedules and bids. Shown below are the two stages of validation carried out by the ISO:

SBP 5.2.1 Stage One Validation

During stage one validation, each incoming Ancillary Services schedule or bid will be validated to verify proper content, format and syntax. A technical validation will be performed to verify that a schedule or bid quantity of Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve or Replacement Reserve does not exceed the available capacity for Regulation, Operating Reserves and Replacement Reserve on the Generating Units, System Units, Curtailable Demands and external imports/exports scheduled or bid. The SC will be notified immediately through WEnet of any validation errors. For each error detected, an error message will be generated by the ISO in the SC's notification screen which will specify the nature of the error. The SC can then look at the notification messages to review the detailed list of errors, make changes, and resubmit if it is still within the timing requirements of the SP. The SC is also notified of successful validation via WEnet.

SBP 5.2.2 Stage Two Validation

Stage two validation will be conducted by the ISO in accordance with Appendix E of the ISO Tariff.

SBP 5.2.3 Validation Checks

The ISO's stage one validation checks are performed automatically whenever Ancillary Services Schedules and bids are submitted, as described in the SP. The ISO's stage two validation is performed automatically in accordance with the timing requirements described in the SP. A SC can also check whether its Ancillary Services Schedules and bids will pass the ISO's stage two validation by manually initiating validation of its Ancillary Services Schedules and bids, as described in the SP, at any time prior to the deadline for submission of Ancillary Services Schedules and bids. It is a SC's responsibility to perform such checks.

SBP 5.3 Buy Back of Ancillary Services

A Scheduling Coordinator who has sold or self-provided Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve or Replacement Reserve capacity to the ISO in the Day-Ahead Market shall be required to replace such capacity to the extent scheduled self-provision is decreased between the Day-Ahead and Hour-Ahead Markets, or to the extent the Ancillary Service associated with a Generating Unit, Curtailable Demand, or System Resoruce successfully bid in a Day-Ahead Ancillary Service Market is reduced in the Hour-Ahead market, for any reason (other than the negligence or willful misconduct of the ISO, or a Scheduing Coordinator's involuntary decrease in such sold capacity or scheduled self-provision on the instruction of the ISO). The price for such replaced Ancillary Service shall be at the Market Clearing Price in the Hour-Ahead Market for the same Settlement Period for the Ancillary Service capacity concerned.

SBP 6 ENERGY BIDS

SCs must submit Energy Bids for resources providing Spinning, Non-Spinning, or Replacement Reserves. The upper portion of the Energy Bid that corresponds to the resource's available capacity up to the highest operating limit, shall be allocated to any awarded or self-provided Ancillary Services in the following order from higher to lower capacity: a) Regulation Up; b) Spinning Reserve; c) Non-Spinning Reserve; and d) Replacement Reserve. For resources providing Regulation Up, the upper regulating limit shall be used if it is lower than the highest operating limit. The remaining portion of the Energy Bid, if there is any, shall constitute Supplemental Energy. Supplemental Energy bids are available to the ISO for procurement and use for Imbalance Energy, additional Voltage Support and Congestion Management in the Real Time Market.

SBP 6.1 Content of Energy Bids

SBP 6.1.1 Generation Section of Energy Bid Data

Each SC offering Spinning, Non-Spinning, or Replacement Reserve, or Supplemental Energy to the ISO will submit the following information for each Generating Unit for each Settlement Period:

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FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 563A

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 563A

- (a) SC's ID code;
- (b) name of Generating Unit;
- (c) Generating Unit operating limits (high and low MW);
- (d) Generating Unit operational ramp rate in MW/minute;
- (e) Generating Unit startup time function in minutes;
- (f) Generating Unit startup cost function in \$/start;
- (g) Generating Unit minimum load cost in \$/hr; and

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Third Revised Sheet No. 564 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 564

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

(h) the MW and \$/MWh values for each Generating Unit for which a Supplemental Energy bid is being submitted consistent with this SBP 6.

A Physical Scheduling Plant shall be treated as a single Generating Unit for Supplemental Energy bid purposes.

SBP 6.1.2 Demand Section of Energy Bid Data

Each SC offering Spinning, Non-Spinning, or Replacement Reserve, or Supplemental Energy to the ISO will submit the following information for each Demand for each Settlement Period:

- (a) SC's ID code;
- (b) name of Demand;
- (c) Demand shutdown time in minutes:
- (d) Demand shutdown cost in \$/start;
- (e) Demand minimum curtailed load cost in \$/hr; and
- (f) the MW and \$/MWh values for each Demand for which a Supplemental Energy bid is being submitted consistent with this SBP 6.

SBP 6.1.3 External Import Section of Energy Bid Data

Each SC offering Spinning, Non-Spinning, or Replacement Reserve, or Supplemental Energy to the ISO will submit the following information for each external import for each Settlement Period;

- (a) SC's ID code:
- (b) name of Scheduling Point;
- (c) interchange ID (the name of the selling entity, the buying entity, and a numeric identifier);
- (d) external Control Area ID;
- (e) Schedule ID (NERC ID number);
- (f) complete WSCC tag;
- (g) operational ramp rate (MW/minute); and
- (h) the MW and \$/MWh values for each external import for which a Supplemental Energy bid is being submitted consistent with this SBP 6; and
- (i) minimum block of hours that bid must be dispatched; and
- (j) Flag indicating the bid must is capable available for intra-hour redispatch. If this flag is set to no then the bid is indicating that the bid must be pre-dispatched and not re-dispatched during the real-time operating hour.

SBP 6.2 Format of Energy Bids

The SC's Final Hour-Ahead Schedule for each resource must be within the range of the Energy Bids. The minimum MW output level specified for a resource, which may be zero MW (or negative for pumped storage resources), and the maximum MW output level specified for a resource must be physically achievable by the resource. All submitted Energy Bids must be in the form of a monotonically increasing staircase

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II Supersection Supersection of the Control of the Cont

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 564A

Second Revised Sheet No. 564A

function for Demands. These staircase functions will be composed of up to eleven (11) ordered pairs (i.e., ten (10) steps or price bands) of quantity/price information, with an operational ramp rate associated with the

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entire MW range as provided for in SBP Section 6.5. SCs must comply with the ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document, which contains the format for submission of Energy Bids.

SBP 6.3 Timing of Submission of Energy Bids

For specific timeline requirements for the submission of Energy Bids see the Dispatch Protocol.

SBP 6.4 Validation of Energy Bids

The ISO will check whether Energy Bids comply with the format requirements and will notify a SC if its bid does not so comply. A SC can check whether its Energy Bids will pass the ISO's validation by manually initiating validation of its Energy Bids at any time prior to the deadline for submission of Energy Bids. It is the SC's responsibility to perform such checks. SCs must comply with the ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document, which contains the validation criteria for Energy Bids.

SBP 6.5 Format and Validation of Operational Ramp Rates

The submitted operational ramp rate expressed in megawatts per minute (MW/min) as a function of the operating level, expressed in megawatts (MW), must be a staircase function with up to 10 segments defined by a set of 1 to 11 pairs, e.g., (50,1),(100,3),(200,2),(300,2). There is no monotonicity requirement for the operational ramp rate. The submitted operational ramp rate shall be validated as follows:

- The range of the submitted operational ramp rate must cover the entire capacity of the resource, from the minimum to the maximum operating capacity, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource.
- The operating level entries must match exactly (in number, sequence, and value) the corresponding minimum and maximum operational ramp rate breakpoints, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource.
- The last ramp rate entry shall be equal to the previous ramp rate entry and represent the maximum operating capacity of the resource as registered in the Master File. The resulting operational ramp rate segments must lie between the minimum and maximum operational ramp rates, as registered in the Master File.
- The submitted operational ramp rate must be the same for each hour of the Trading Day, i.e., the operational ramp rate submitted for a given hour must be the same with the one(s) submitted earlier for previous hours in the same Trading Day.
- Outages that affect the submitted operational ramp rate must be due to physical constraints, reported in SLIC and are subject to ISO approval. All approved changes to the submitted operational ramp rate will be used in determination of

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Dispatch Instructions for the shorter period of the balance of the Trading Day or duration of reported Outage.

 For all ISO Dispatch Instructions of Reliability Must Run resources the operational ramp rate will be the ramp rate declared in the Reliability Must Run Contract Schedule A.

SBP 6.6 Format and Validation of Startup and Shutdown Times

For a Generating Unit, the submitted startup time expressed in minutes (min) as a function of down time expressed in minutes (min) must be a staircase function with up to 10 segments defined by a set of 1 to 10 down time and startup time pairs. The startup time is the time required to start the resource if it is offline longer than the corresponding down time. The last segment will represent the time to start the unit from a cold start and will extend to infinity. The submitted startup time function shall be validated as follows:

- The first down time must be 0 min.
- The down time entries must match exactly (in number, sequence, and value) the corresponding down time breakpoints of the maximum startup time function, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource.
- The startup time for each segment must not exceed the startup time of the corresponding segment of the maximum startup time function, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource.
- The startup time function must be strictly monotonically increasing, i.e., the startup time must increase as down time increases.

For Curtailable Demand, a single shutdown time in minutes is the time required for the resource to shut down after receiving a Dispatch Instruction.

SBP 6.7 Format and Validation of Startup and Shutdown Costs

For a Generating Unit, the submitted startup cost expressed in dollars (\$) as a function of down time expressed in minutes (min) must be a staircase function with up to 10 segments defined by a set of 1 to 10 down time and startup cost pairs. The startup cost is the cost incurred to start the resource if it is offline longer than the corresponding down time. The last segment will represent the cost to start the resource from cold startup and will extend to infinity. The submitted startup cost function shall be validated as follows:

- The first down time must be 0 min.
- The down time entries must match exactly (in number, sequence, and value) the corresponding down time breakpoints of the costbased startup cost function, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource.

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- The startup cost for each segment must not be negative and must not exceed the startup cost of the corresponding segment of the cost-based startup cost function, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource. For gas-fired resources, the cost-based startup cost function shall be derived from the startup fuel function, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource, and the applicable gas price index as approved by FERC.
- The startup cost function must be strictly monotonically increasing, i.e., the startup cost must increase as down time increases.

For Curtailable Demand, a single shutdown cost in \$ is the cost incurred to shut down the resource after receiving a dispatch instruction. The submitted shutdown cost must not be negative.

SBP 6.8 Format and Validation of Minimum Load Costs

For a Generating Unit, the submitted minimum load cost expressed in dollars per hour (\$/hr) is the cost incurred for operating the unit at minimum load. The submitted minimum load cost must not be negative and must not exceed the cost-based minimum load cost, as registered in the Master File for the relevant resource. For gas-fired resources, the cost-based minimum load cost shall be derived pursuant to Section 5.11.6.1.2.

For Curtailable Demand, the submitted minimum load cost (\$/hr) is the cost incurred while operating the resource at reduced consumption after receiving a Dispatch Instruction. The submitted minimum load cost must not be negative.

SBP 7 INTERFACE REQUIREMENTS

SBP 7.1 WEnet

WEnet provides the backbone on which any of three communications mechanisms will be utilized. These are:

- (a) use of a web browser such as Netscape;
- (b) use of File Transfer Protocol (FTP); or
- (c) use of an Application Programming Interface (API).

Details of the technical aspects of each of these mechanisms, including information on how to change mechanisms and back-up procedures for individual SC failures, will be made available by the ISO to SCs on request. It is assumed that each SC has made application for and signed a Scheduling Coordinator Agreement. As such, each SC will already be familiar with and have arranged the mechanism, including security arrangements, by which it will initially communicate with the ISO.

SBP 7.2 Templates

The ISO Data Templates and Validation Rules document provides a description of the templates which will be utilized to enter data into the ISO's systems. For each of the three communications mechanisms, data entry is as follows:

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Original Sheet No. 565C

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- direct entry of data into the template screens through the use of (a) a browser;
- upload of ASCII delimited text through use of an upload button (b) on the template screens which activates the FTP mechanism;

APPENDIX B

GRID OPERATIONS CHARGE COMPUTATION

B 1 Purpose of charge

The Grid Operations Charge is a charge which recovers redispatch costs incurred due to Intra-Zonal Congestion pursuant to Section 7.3.2 of the ISO Tariff. The Grid Operations Charge is paid by or charged to Scheduling Coordinators in order for the ISO to recover and properly redistribute the costs of adjusting the Balanced Schedules submitted by Scheduling Coordinators.

B 2 Fundamental formulae

B 2.1 Payments to SCs with incremented schedules

When it becomes necessary for the ISO to increase the output of a Scheduling Coordinator's Generating Uniti or System Resource, or reduce a Curtailable Demand; in order to relieve Congestion within a Zone, the ISO will pay the Scheduling Coordinator. The amount that ISO pays the Scheduling Coordinator; is the price specified in the Scheduling Coordinator's Imbalance Energy bid for the Generating Uniti or System Resource, or Curtailable Demand; multiplied by the quantity of Energy Dispatched. The formula for calculating the payment to Scheduling Coordinator; for each blockb of Energy of its bid curve in Trading Intervalt is:

$$INC_{bijt} = adjinc_{bijt} * \Delta inc_{bijt}$$

B 2.1.1 Total Payment for Trading Interval

The formula for calculating payment to Scheduling Coordinator_j whose Generating Unit_i or System Resource_i has been increased or Curtailable Demand_i reduced for all the relevant blocks_b of Energy in the Imbalance Energy bid curve of that Generating Unit or System Resource or Curtailable Demand in the same Trading Interval_t is:

$$PayTI_{ijt} = \sum_{b} INC_{bijt}$$

B 2.2 Charges to Scheduling Coordinators with decremented schedules

When it becomes necessary for the ISO to decrease the output of a Scheduling Coordinator's Generating Unit; or System Resource; in order to relieve Congestion within a Zone, the ISO will make a charge to the Scheduling Coordinator. The amount that the ISO will charge Scheduling Coordinator; for decreasing the output of Generating Unit; is

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FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II Supersec

First Revised Sheet No. 657A Superseding Sub. Original Sheet No. 657A

the decremental reference price specified for the Scheduling Coordinator as determined in accordance with Section 7.2.6.1 multiplied by the quantity of Energy Dispatched. The amount that the ISO will charge Scheduling Coordinator; for decreasing the output of System Resource; is the price specified in the Scheduling Coordinator's Imbalance Energy Bid for System Resource; multiplied by the quantity of Energy Dispatched. The formula for calculating the

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charge to Scheduling Coordinatorj for each blockb of Energy in its decremental reference price or Imbalance Energy bid in Trading Intervalt is:

$$DEC_{biit} = adjdec_{biit} * \Delta dec_{bijt}$$

B 2.2.1 Total Charge for Trading Interval

The formula for calculating the charge to Scheduling Coordinator; whose Generating Unit; or System Resource; has been decreased for all the relevant blocks_b of Energy at the decremental reference price for Generating Unit;, or Imbalance Energy bid for System Resource; in the same Trading Interval; is:

$$ChargeTI_{ijt} = \sum_{b} DEC_{bijt}$$

B 2.3 Not Used

B 2.4 Net ISO redispatch costs

The Trading Interval net redispatch cost encountered by ISO to relieve Intra-Zonal Congestion is the sum of the amounts paid by the ISO to those Scheduling Coordinators whose Generation or System Resource was increased or Curtailable Demand was decreased during the Trading Interval less the sum of the amounts received by the ISO from those Scheduling Coordinators whose Generating Units or System Resource were decreased during the Trading Interval. The fundamental formula for calculating the net redispatch cost is:

$$REDISP_{CONGt} = \sum_{i} PayTI_{ijt} - \sum_{i} ChargeTI_{ijt}$$

Note that *REDISPCONGt* can be either positive or negative. This means that it is possible for the ISO to generate either a net cost or a net income, for any given Trading Interval. In the event the ISO does not make use of equal amounts of incremental and decremental dispatched MWHs, then the net redispatch cost becomes the sum of the amounts paid (or charged) by the ISO to those Scheduling Coordinators whose Generation or System Resource was increased (or decreased) or Curtailable Demand was decreased (or increased) during the Trading Interval less the sum of the amounts received by the ISO from Scheduling Coordinators through the Imbalance Energy Market.

B 2.5 Grid Operations Price

The grid operations price is the Trading Interval rate used by the ISO to apportion net Trading Interval redispatch costs to Scheduling Coordinators within the Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion. The grid operations price is calculated using the following formula:

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Superseding Sub. First Revised Sheet No. 659

$$GOP_{t} = \frac{REDISPconG_{t}}{\sum_{j} QCharge_{jt} + \sum_{j} Export_{jt}}$$

B 2.6 Grid Operations Charge

The Grid Operations Charge is the vehicle by which the ISO recovers the net redispatch costs. It is allocated to each Scheduling Coordinator in proportion to the Scheduling Coordinator's Demand in the Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion and Exports from the Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion. The formula for calculating the Grid Operations Charge for Scheduling Coordinator; in Trading Intervalt is:

$$GOC_{jt} = GOP_t * (QCharge_{jt} + EXPORT_{jt})$$

Meaning of terms of formulae **B** 3

B 3.1 INCbiit - \$

The payment from the ISO due to Scheduling Coordinator; whose Generating Unit; or System Resource; is increased or Curtailable Load; is reduced within a blockh of Energy in its Imbalance Energy bid in Trading Intervalt in order to relieve Intra-Zonal Congestion.

B 3.2 adjincbiit - \$/MWh

The incremental cost for the rescheduled Generating Unit; or System Resource; or Curtailable Load; taken from the relevant blockh of Energy in the Imbalance Energy bid submitted by the Scheduling Coordinator; or generated by the ISO for the Trading Intervalt.

B 3.3 ∆incbijt - MW

The amount by which the Generating Unit; or System Resource; or Curtailable Load; of Scheduling Coordinator; for Trading Intervalt is increased by the ISO within the relevant blockb of Energy in its Imbalance Energy bid.

B 3.4 PayTliit - \$

The Trading Interval payment to Scheduling Coordinator; whose Generating Unit; has been increased or System Resource; or Curtailable Load; reduced in Trading Interval, of the Trading Day.

B 3.5 DECbiit - \$

The charge to Scheduling Coordinator; whose Generating Unit; or System Resource; is decreased for Trading Intervalt within a blockb of Energy at the decremental reference price for Generating Unit; or in the Imbalance Energy bid for System Resourcei.

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Superseding Sub. First Revised Sheet No. 660

B 3.6 adjdecbiit - \$/MWh

The decremental cost for the rescheduled Generating Unit; or System Resource, taken from the relevant blockb of Energy at the decremental reference price for Generating Unit; or Imbalance Energy bid for System Resource, submitted by Scheduling Coordinator; or generated by the ISO for the Trading Intervalt.

B 3.7 ∆dec_{bijt} - MW

The amount by which the Generating Uniti or System Resourcei of Scheduling Coordinatorj for Trading Intervalt is decreased by ISO within the relevant blockb of Energy at the decremental reference price for Generating Uniti or Imbalance Energy bid for System Resourcei.

B 3.8 ChargeTl_{iit} - \$

The Trading Interval charge to Scheduling Coordinatorj whose Generating Uniti or System Resource, has been decreased in Trading Interval of the Trading Day.

B 3.9 Not Used

B 3.10 Not Used

B 3.10.1 Not Used

B 3.10.2 Not Used

B 3.11 REDISPCONGt - \$

The Trading Interval net cost to ISO to redispatch in order to relieve Intra-Zonal Congestion during Trading Interval_t.

B 3.12 GOP_t - \$/MWh

The Trading Interval grid operations price for Trading Interval_t used by the ISO to recover the costs of redispatch for Intra-Zonal Congestion Management.

B 3.13 GOC_{it} - \$

The Trading Interval Grid Operations Charge by the ISO for Trading Intervalt for Scheduling Coordinator; in the relevant Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion.

B 3.14 QCHARGE_{it} – MWh

The Trading Interval metered Demand within a Zone for Trading Intervalt for Scheduling Coordinator; whose Grid Operations Charge is being calculated.

B 3.15 EXPORT_{it} – MWh

The total Energy for Trading Intervalt exported from the Zone to a neighboring Control Area by Scheduling Coordinatorj.

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Second Revised Sheet No. 689 Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 689

APPENDIX D

IMBALANCE ENERGY CHARGE COMPUTATION

D 1 Purpose of charge

The Imbalance Energy charge is the term used for allocating the cost of not only the Imbalance Energy (the differences between scheduled and actual Generation and Demand), but also any Unaccounted for Energy (UFE) and any errors in the forecasted Transmission Losses as represented by the GMMs. Any corresponding cost of Dispatched Replacement Reserve Capacity that is not allocated as an Ancillary Service is also included along with the Imbalance Energy charge.

D 2 Fundamental formulae

D 2.1.1 Uninstructed Imbalance Energy Charges on Scheduling Coordinators

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy attributable to each Load Take-Out Point, Generating Unit, System Unit, or System Resource for which a Scheduling Coordinator has a Final Hour-Ahead Schedule or Metered Quantity, for each Settlement Interval shall be deemed to be sold or purchased, as the case may be, by the ISO and charges or payments for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy shall be settled by debiting or crediting, as the case may be, the Scheduling Coordinator with an amount for each Settlement Interval.

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy within a Settlement Interval shall be settled in two tiers that are defined in relation to the expected Energy associated with the Final Hour-Ahead Schedule, if any, and the Dispatch Instruction as follows:

- 1) Deviations from the expected Energy associated with a Dispatch Instruction resulting in: 1) under delivery of Instructed Imbalance Energy that is also equal to or greater than the Final Hour-Ahead Schedule, or 2) over delivery of Instructed Imbalance Energy that is also less than or equal to the Final Hour-Ahead Schedule constitutes tier 1 Uninstructed Imbalance Energy that shall be settled at a Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price as described in Appendix D 2.4.
- 2) Deviations from the expected Energy associated with a Dispatch Instruction resulting in: 1) over delivery of Instructed Imbalance Energy that is also greater than the Final Hour-Ahead Schedule, or 2) under delivery of Instructed Imbalance Energy that is also less than the Final Hour-Ahead Schedule constitutes tier 2 Uninstructed Imbalance Energy and shall be settled at the Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price as described in Appendix D 2.5.

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Second Revised Sheet No. 690

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 690

Imbalance Energy is calculated as follows:

Generator Calculation for ISO Metered Entities:

$$IE_{i,h,o} = ME_{i,h,o} - SE_{i,h,o}$$

Load Calculation:

$$IE_{i,h,o} = SE_{i,h,o} - ME_{i,h,o}$$

where.

$$SE_{i,h,o} = \frac{HAfin_{i,h}}{6}$$

 $ME_{i,h,o}$ actual meter data for each resource i of each Settlement Interval o for each hour h.

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy is calculated as follows:

$$UIE_{i,h,o} = E_{i,h,o} - IIE_REG_{i,h,o}$$

where:

$$\begin{split} E_{i,h,o} &= IE_{i,h,o} - \sum_{l}^{k} IIE_LOSS_{i,h,o,k} - \sum_{l}^{k} IIE_ML_{i,h,o,k} - \\ & \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{m} IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} - \sum_{l=1}^{k} RE_STANDARD_{i,h,o,k} - \sum_{l=1}^{k} RED_{i,h,o,k} \\ & - \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{m} IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} - \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{L} OOS_P_{i,h,o,k,L} - \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{L} OOS_N_{i,h,o,k,L} - \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} \\ & - \sum_{l=1}^{k} IIE_RERATE_{i,h,o,k} \end{split}$$

 $I\!I\!E_REG_{i,h,o}$ is the Regulating Energy for resource i during Settlement Interval o in hour h

$$UIE_1_{i,h,o} = \begin{cases} min \bigg(UIE_{i,h,o}, -min \bigg(0, \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{m} IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{m} IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} \\ + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{L} OOS_P_{i,h,o,k,L} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{L} OOS_N_{i,h,o,k,L} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} RED_{i,h,o,k} & \therefore UIE_{i,h,o} \ge 0 \\ + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} IIE_ML_{i,h,o,k} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} RERATE_{i,h,o,k} \bigg) \bigg) \\ max \bigg(UIE_{i,h,o}, -max \bigg(0, \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \prod\limits_{l=1}^{m} IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \prod\limits_{l=1}^{m} IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} \\ + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{m} OOS_P_{i,h,o,k,L} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{L} OOS_N_{i,h,o,k,L} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} RED_{i,h,o,k} & \therefore UIE_{i,h,o} < 0 \\ + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} \sum\limits_{l=1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} IIE_ML_{i,h,o,k} + \sum\limits_{l=1}^{k} RERATE_{i,h,o,k} \bigg) \bigg) \end{aligned}$$

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Second Revised Sheet No. 691 Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 691

$$UIE_2_{i,h,o} = UIE_{i,h,o} - UIE_1_{i,h,o}$$

$$UIEC_{i,h,o} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 * UIE _1_{i,h,o} * STLMT _PRICE_{i,h,o} \end{pmatrix} + \\ \begin{pmatrix} -1 * UIE _2_{i,h,o} * ZONAL _EX _POST _PRICE_{j,h,o} \end{pmatrix}$$

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Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 692

Instructed Imbalance Energy Charges on Scheduling Coordinators D 2.1.2

Standard Ramping Energy is Energy associated with a Standard Ramp and shall be deemed delivered and settled at a price of zero dollars per MWh.

Ramping Energy Deviation is Energy produced or consumed due to hourly schedule changes in excess of Standard Ramping Energy and shall be paid or charged, as the case may be, at a Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price calculated using the applicable Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices as described in this Appendix D 2.4. For Scheduling Coordinators scheduling a MSS that has elected to follow its Load, this Ramping Energy Deviation will account for the units following Load.

Ramping Energy Deviation shall be settled as an explicit component of Instructed Imbalance Energy for each resource i in Dispatch Interval k of Settlement Interval o for hour h, and calculated as follows:

$$REDC_{i,h,o} = \left(\sum_{1}^{k} RED_{i,h,o,k}\right)^{*} STLMT _PRICE_{i,h,o}$$

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The amount of Instructed Imbalance Energy that will be deemed delivered in each Dispatch Interval will be based on Dispatch Instructions, as provided for in Section 2.5.22.6, and Final Hour Ahead Schedules. The amount of Instructed Imbalance Energy to be settled in a Settlement Interval will be equal to the sum of all Instructed Imbalance Energy for all Dispatch Intervals within the relevant Settlement Interval. Instructed Imbalance Energy for each Settlement Interval shall be settled at the relevant Resource Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price. Generating Units, Participating Loads, and System Units may be eligible to recover their Energy Bid costs in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1.1.1. Instructed Imbalance Energy from System Resources shall be settled in accordance with Section 11.2.4.1.1.2.

The Instructed Imbalance Energy amount for each resource *i* in Settlement Interval *o* for hour *h* shall be determined as follows:

$$IIEC_{i,h,o} = \begin{pmatrix} \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{m} IIE - ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{m} IIE - PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{l=1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{l=1}^$$

* $STLMT _PRICE_{i,h,o}$ * $(-1) + IIEC _OOS_{i,h,o} + REDC_{i,h,o} + IIEC _REG_{i,h,o}$

Uninstructed Imbalance Energy is Imbalance Energy due to noncompliance with a Dispatch Instruction and shall be settled as provided for in SABP Appendix D Section 2.1.1.

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D 2.2 Unaccounted for Energy Charge

The Unaccounted for Energy Charge on Scheduling Coordinator g in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for each relevant Zone j is calculated in the following manner:

The UFE for each utility Service Area s, for which separate UFE calculation is performed, is calculated as follows,

$$UFE_{UDC,s,h,o} = \sum_{a \in UDC_s} I_{a,q,j,h,o} - \sum_{q \in UDC_s} E_{a,q,j,h,o} + \sum_{i \in UDC_s} G_{a,i,j,h,o} - \sum_{i \in UDC_s} L_{a,i,j,h,o} - TL_{s,h,o}$$

The Transmission Loss $TL_{s,h,o}$ in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for utility Service Area s is calculated as follows:

$$TL_{s,h,o} = \left(\sum_{i} \left[G_{a,i,j,h,o} * (1 - GMM_{a,i,h})\right] + \sum_{q} \left[I_{a,q,j,h,o} * (1 - GMM_{a,q,h})\right]\right) * \frac{PFL_{s,h}}{\sum_{s} PFL_{s,h}}$$

Where $PFL_{s,h}$ are the transmission losses for utility Service Area s as calculated by a power flow solution for Settlement Period h, consistent with the calculation of final forecasted Generation Meter Multipliers.

Each metered demand point *z* in utility Service Area *s*, either ISO grid connected or connected through UDC *s*, is allocated a portion of the UFE as follows:

$$UFE_{i,j,h,o} = UFE_{UDC,s,h,o} * \frac{L_{i,j,h,o}}{\sum\limits_{i \in UDC_s} L_{i,j,h,o}}$$

The UFE charge for Scheduling Coordinator g for Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h in Zone j is calculated as a charge or payment using the applicable Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price as follows:

$$UFEC_{g,j,h,o} = \left(\sum_{i \in SCg} UFE_{i,j,h,o.}\right) * ZONAL_EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o}$$

D 2.3 Hourly Ex Post Price

The Hourly Ex Post Price is the Energy-weighted average of the Dispatch Interval Ex Post prices in each Zone *j* during each Settlement Period using the absolute value of Instructed Imbalance Energy procured from all Participating Generators, Participating Load, System Units, and System Resources in each applicable Dispatch Interval. The Hourly Ex Post Price may vary between Zones if Congestion is present.

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$$HP_{j,h} = \frac{\sum\limits_{j=1}^{p}\sum\limits_{j=1}^{i}\left|IIE_TOTAL_{j,i,h,p}\right|*EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o,p}}{\sum\limits_{j=1}^{p}\sum\limits_{j=1}^{i}\left|IIE_TOTAL_{j,i,h,p}\right|}$$

where

p is the Dispatch Interval index for hour h.

D 2.4 Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price

The Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price is the weighted-average of the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices in each Settlement Interval using the Instructed Imbalance Energy from the respective Participating Generator, Participating Load, or System Resource, in each applicable Dispatch Interval. If there is no Instructed Imbalance Energy from a Participating Generator, Participating Load, or System Resource, in any of the applicable Dispatch Intervals, the Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price for that resource would be the simple average of the applicable Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices in the Settlement Interval.

The Resource-Specific Settlement Interval Ex Post Price is calculated as follows:

$$STLMT_PRICE_{i,h,o} = \frac{\sum\limits_{1}^{k} IIE_TOTAL_{i,h,o,k} * EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o,k}}{\sum\limits_{1}^{k} IIE_TOTAL_{i,h,o,k}}$$

Where:

$$\begin{split} & IIE_TOTAL_{i,h,o,k} = \\ & \sum_{1}^{m} IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{1}^{m} IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} + \\ & IIE_ML_{i,h,o,k} + \sum_{1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{1}^{L} OOS_P_{i,h,o,k,L} + \\ & \sum_{1}^{L} OOS_N_{i,h,o,k,L} + IIE_LOSS_{i,h,o,k} + RED_{i,h,o,k} + \sum_{1}^{k} IIE_RERATE_{i,h,o,k} \end{split}$$

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D 2.5 Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price

The Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price is the weighted-average of the Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices in each Settlement Interval using the absolute value of Instructed Imbalance Energy procured from all Participating Generators, Participating Load, System Units, and System Resources in each applicable Dispatch Interval. If there is no Instructed Imbalance Energy from a Participating Generator, Participating Load, or System Resource, in any of the applicable Dispatch Intervals, the Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price for that Zone would be the simple average of the applicable Dispatch Interval Ex Post Prices in the Settlement Interval.

The Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post Price is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\sum\limits_{p=1}^{2}\sum\limits_{l}^{i}\left|IIE_TOTAL_{i,h,p}\right|*EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o,p}}{\sum\limits_{p=1}^{2}\sum\limits_{l}^{i}\left|IIE_TOTAL_{i,h,p}\right|}$$

where p is the Dispatch Interval index for hour h.

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D 2.6 Calculation of Unrecovered Cost Payment for Generators

As set forth in 11.2.4.1.1.1, Generator resources will be eligible to recover their bid costs (less than or equal to the Maximum Bid Level) for extra-marginal Energy dispatched above Pmin, if such costs are not recovered from the net of expected revenues earned through participation in the ISO's real-time market during the Trade Day (24-hour period). The expected market revenue deficits will only be included in the calculation for Settlement Intervals the resource operates within its relevant Tolerance Band. Additionally, resources will not recover the amount of these bid recovery costs allocated to each Settlement Interval in those Settlement Intervals in which the resource is operating outside of its relevant Tolerance Band.

The Unrecovered Cost Payment for each resource i shall be determined for the Trade Day *d* then evenly divided over n-Settlement Intervals as follows:

COST_RECOVERY_{i,d} =
$$min(0, \sum_{i=1}^{h} \sum_{j=1}^{o} \left(PERF_STAT_{i,h,o} * MR_DEFICIT_{i,h,o} + MR_SURPLUS_{i,h,o}\right)$$
where

 $MR_DEFICIT_{i,h,o}$ = Market Revenue deficit for resource i in hour h for Settlement interval o based on the difference between the expected revenues earned in the Settlement Interval and and/or its bid cost; $MR_SURPLUS_{i,h,o}$ = Market Revenue surplus for resource i in hour h for Settlement interval o based on the difference between the expected revenues earned in the Settlement Interval and/or its bid cost.

Resource i shall receive a share of its total cost recovery in each Settlement Interval o that is included in the COST_RECOVERY_{i,d} calculation above if it operates within its relevant Tolerance Band during the relevant Settlement Interval o.

$$COST_RECOVERY_{i,h,o} = PERF_STAT_{i,h,o} * COST_RECOVERY_{i,d} / n$$
 where.

n is the number of Settlement Intervals o that are included in the COST_RECOVERY_{i,d} calculation for resource i in Trade Day d.

Calculation of Market Revenue Surplus or Deficit

The market revenue surplus or deficit for each resource i will be computed for each Settlement Interval o based on the difference between the revenues earned in the Settlement Interval at the relevant 10-minute Ex Post price and the resource's bid cost (less than or equal to the Maximum Bid Level) as follows:

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$$\begin{split} MR_DIFF_{i,h,o} &= \\ \left(\sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{i=1}^{m} IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{i=1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m}\right) * STLMT_PRICE_{i,h,o} \\ &- BID_COST_{i,h,o} - BID_COST_RIE_{i,h,o} \end{split}$$

for all incremental energy bid segments m with $IIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m}$ and $RIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m}$ less than or equal to the Maximum Bid Level and all decremental energy bid segments m with $IIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m}$ and $RIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m}$ greater than or equal to the Bid Floor.

$$MR_DEFICIT_{i,h,o} = min(0, MR_DIFF_{i,h,o})$$

$$MR_SURPLUS_{i,h,o} = \max(0, MR_DIFF_{i,h,o})$$

where,

$$BID_COST_{i,h,o} = \left(\sum_{1}^{k} \sum_{1}^{m} IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} * IIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m}\right)$$

$$BID_COST_RIE_{i,h,o} = \sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{i,h,o,k,m}^{m} * RIE _PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m}$$

D 2.6.1 Tolerance Band and Performance Check

The ISO shall determine the Tolerance Band for each Settlement Interval *o* for PGA resources based on the data from the Master File as follows:

TOLERANCE_BAND_{i,h,o} =
$$\pm \max(FIX \ LIM \ , TOL \ PERCENT * P \max_i) / 6$$

where,

FIX_LIM is a fixed MW limit and is initially equal to 5 MW.

TOL_PERCENT is a fixed percentage and is initially equal to

3%.Pmax_i is the maximum operating capacity in

MW of resource i specified in the Master File.

The ISO shall determine the Tolerance Band for each Settlement Interval *o* for PLA resources as follows:

$$TOLERANCE_BAND_{i,h,o} = \pm max(FIX_LIM, TOL_PERCENT*HAfin_{i,h})/6$$
 where $HAfin_{i,h}$ is the Final Hour Ahead Energy Schedule.

Resources must operate within their relevant Tolerance Band in order to receive any above-Ex Post price payments. The ISO shall determine the performance status of the resource for each Settlement Interval o.

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A resource shall have met its performance requirement if its UIE_{i,h,o} is within its relevant Tolerance Band. A resource meeting its performance requirement in Settlement Interval o will have a PERF_STAT_{i,h,o} = 1. A resource that has not met its performance requirement in Settlement Interval o will have a PERF_STAT_{i,h,o} = 0. System Resources do not have a Tolerance Band. Non- Participating Load Agreement (PLA) load resources are not subject to the performance requirement.

D 2.6.2 Unrecovered Costs Neutrality Allocation

For each Settlement Interval o, the total Unrecovered Costs for Trade Day d shall be allocated pro-rata to each Scheduling Coordinator g based on its Metered Demand, calculated as follows:

$$URC_ALLOC_{g,h,o} = M_{g,h,o} * Per Unit Price$$

where,

 $M_{g,h,o}$ = the Metered Demand in the ISO control area for Scheduling Coordinator g in Settlement Interval o for hour h;

Per Unit Price =
$$\frac{-1 * \sum_{i}^{i} COST_RECOVERY_{i,h,o}}{\sum_{i}^{g} M_{g,h,o}}$$

D 2.6.3 Calculation of Unrecovered Cost Payment for System Resources

As set forward in Section 11.2.4.1.1.2, System Resources that are dispatched and deliver hourly-predispatched Instructed Imbalance Energy will be paid the higher of the simple average of the twelve Dispatch Interval Ex Post prices for the hour or their Energy bid costs for the quantity of Energy delivered in each hour. The determination of the hourly uplift payment shall be determined as follows: (1) Market deficits or surpluses are calculated as the difference between the resource-specific price and the resource's (hourly) bid cost; (2) An hourly uplift payment will be determined for any amount less than zero; (3) This hourly amount will then be divided evenly by the relevant number of *n*-Settlement Intervals and paid this portion for each Settlement Interval of the hour.

The hourly-predispatched uplift payment is calculated as follows:

$$PREDISPATCH_UPLIFT_{i,h} = \left(\sum_{k=1}^{2} \sum_{1}^{m} IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} \right) * STMLT_PRICE_{i,h,o} - \left(\sum_{k=1}^{2} \sum_{1}^{m} IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} * IIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m} \right)$$

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$$PREDISPATCH _PMT_{i,h,o} = PREDISPATCH _UPLIFT_{i,h} / n$$

where,

n is the relevant number of Settlement Intervals o in the relevant hour h for resource i.

for the portion of incremental energy bid segments with

IIE PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m} less than or equal to the Maximum Bid Level and all decremental energy bid segments with IIE PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m} greater than or equal to the Bid Floor.

D 2.6.4 Allocation of Unrecovered Cost Payments for Hourly Predispatched System Resources

For each Settlement Interval o, the total uplift payments (PREDISPATCH_PMT_{i,h,o}) for all hourly pre-dispatched System Resources will be included in the Excess Cost Payments to be allocated to a Scheduling Coordinator's Net Negative Deviation through allocation of excess costs and/or ISO metered Demand through excess cost neutrality allocation.

D 2.6.5 Excess Cost Payments for Instructed Incremental Energy Bids above the Maximum Bid Level

Incremental Instructed Imbalance Energy above the Maximum Bid Level will receive an additional Excess Cost Payment subject to operating within a resource's Tolerance Band.

Excess cost payments are calculated as follows:

$$EXCESS _COST_{i,h,o} = \left[\left(\sum_{1}^{k} \sum_{1}^{m} IIE _ECON_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{1}^{k} \sum_{1}^{m} IIE _PREDISPATCH_{i,h,o,k,m} + \sum_{1}^{k} \sum_{1}^{m} RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} \right) * STLMT _PRICE_{i,h,o} - BID _COST_{i,h,o} - BID _COST _RIE_{i,h,o} \right]$$

$$* PERF _STAT_{i,h,o}$$

for the portion of energy bid segments with IIE PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m} and RIE PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m} greater than the Maximum Bid Level.

D 2.7 Transmission Loss Obligation

The transmission loss obligation charge shall be determined as follows: For Generators:

$$TL_{i,h,o} = (ME_{i,h,o} - \sum_{i=1}^{k} IIE _LOSS_{i,h,o,k})^* (1 - GMMa_h)$$

For System Resources, the transmission loss obligation shall be determined as follows:

$$TL_{i,h,o} = \left(\sum_{l=1}^{k} \sum_{i=1}^{v} REAL_TIME_FLOW_{i,h,o,k,v} - \sum_{l=1}^{k} IIE_LOSS_{i,h,o,k}\right)^{*} (1 - GMMa_{h})$$

For System Resources, self-provision of transmission losses applies only to Dynamically Scheduled System Resources. Otherwise,

 $\sum_{l}^{k} IIE_LOSS_{i,h,o,k}$ shall be assumed to equal 0 for all other System Resource schedules.

The transmission loss charge will be calculated based on the following formulation:

$$TLC_{i,h,o} = -\sum_{1}^{k} IIE_LOSS_{i,h,o,k} * STLMT_PRICE_{i,h,o} + TL_{i,h,o} * STLMT_PRICE_{i,h,o}$$

D 2.8 Uninstructed Deviation Penalty Charges

For negative Uninstructed Deviation Penalty billable quantities where $UDP_BQ_{h,o} < 0$ and $ZONAL_EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o} > 0$, $UDP_NEG_Amt_i AMT_{ih,o} = -1 * UDP_BQ_{i,h,o} * ZONAL_EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o} * .5$

For positive UDP billable quantities where $UDP_BQ_{i,h,o} > 0$ and $ZONAL_EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o} > 0$, then $UDP_POS_AMT_{i,h,o} = UDP_BQ_{i,o,h} * ZONAL_EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o}$

where,

 $UDP_BQ_{i,o,h}$ is the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty (UDP) billable quantity in MWh for a resource, or aggregated resource, denoted by i for Settlement Interval o of hour h.

UDP_POS_AMT_{i,o,h} or UDP_NEG_AMT_{i,o,h} are the penalty amounts in Dollars for either an aggregated or individual resource *i* for Settlement Interval *o* of hour *h*.

The ISO will not calculate UDP settlement amounts for Settlement Intervals when the corresponding Zonal Settlement Interval Ex Post price is negative or zero.

For an MSS that has elected to follow its own Load, the Scheduling Coordinator for the MSS Operator will be assessed the Uninstructed Deviation Penalty charges based on the Deviation Band and Deviation Price in Section 23.12.2 of the ISO Tariff.

D 3 Meaning of terms in the formulae

D 3.1 [Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Third Revised Sheet No. 695 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 695

D 3.2	[Not Used]
D 3.3	[Not Used]
D 3.4	[Not Used]
D 3.5	[Not Used]
D 3.6	[Not Used]
D 3.6.1	[Not Used]
D 3.6.2	[Not Used]
D 3.6.3	[Not Used]
D 3.7	$G_{a,i,j,h,o}$ — MWh
	The total actual metered Generation of Generator i in Zone j during Settlement Interval o during Settlement Period h.
D 3.8	[Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 696 Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 696

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

D 3.9	[Not Used]
D 3.9.1	[Not Used]
D 3.10	[Not Used]
D 3.11	[Not Used]
D 3.12	GMM _{a,i,h} – fraction
	The final forecasted Generation Meter Multiplier (GMM) for a Generator i in Settlement Period h as calculated by the ISO at the hour-ahead stage (but after close of the Hour-Ahead Market).
D 3.13	GMM _{a,j,h} – fraction
	The forecasted Generation Meter Multiplier for an Energy import at Scheduling Point q in Settlement period h as provided to the Scheduling Coordinator by the ISO after close of the Hour-Ahead Market.
D 3.14	[Not Used]
D 3.15	$L_{a,i,j,h,o}$ – MWh
	The actual metered Demand of Demand i in Zone j in Settlement Interval o during Settlement Period h.
D 3.15.1	[Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 697 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 697

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

D 3.15.2	[Not Used]
D 3.16	[Not Used]
D 3.17	[Not Used]
D 3.17.1	[Not Used]
D 3.18	[Not Used]
D 3.19	$I_{a,q,j,h,o}$ – MWh
	The total actual Energy import of Scheduling Coordinator g through Scheduling Point q in Settlement Interval o during Settlement Period h. This is deemed to be equal to the scheduled Energy over the same interval.
D 3.20	[Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF First Revised Sheet No. 697A FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II Superseding Original Sheet No. 697A

D 3.21 [Not Used]

D 3.22 [Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Third Revised Sheet No. 698 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 698

D 3.23 $E_{a,q,j,h,o} - MWh$

The total actual Energy export of Scheduling Coordinator g through Scheduling Point q in Settlement Interval o for Settlement Period *h*. This is deemed to be equal to the total scheduled Energy export during the same interval.

D 3.24 [Not Used]

D 3.25 [Not Used]

D 3.25.1 [Not Used]

D 3.26 UFEC_{jxt} - \$

The Unaccounted for Energy Charge for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x in Settlement Period t. It is the cost for the Energy difference between the net Energy delivered into each UDC Service Area, adjusted for UDC Service Area Transmission Losses (calculated in accordance with ISO Tariff Section 7.4.3), and the total metered Demand within that UDC Service Area adjusted for distribution losses using Distribution System loss factors approved by the Local Regulatory Authority.

This Energy difference (UFE) is attributed to meter measurement errors, power flow modeling errors, energy theft, statistical Load profile errors, and distribution loss deviations.

D 3.27 UFE_{UDC.bkt} – MWh

The Unaccounted for Energy (UFE) for utility Service Area k.

D 3.28 UFE – MWh

The portion of Unaccounted for Energy (UFE) allocated to metering point z.

D 3.29 [Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Third Revised Sheet No. 699 Superseding Second Revised Sheet No. 699

FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

D 3.30	[Not Used]
D 3.31	[Not Used]
D 3.32	[Not Used]
D 3.33	[Not Used]
D 3.34	[Not Used]
D 3.35	[Not Used]
D 3.36	[Not Used]
D 3.37	TLs,h,o – MWh
	The Transmission Losses per Settlement Interval <i>o</i> in Settlement Period hour h in utility Service Area <i>s</i> .
D 3.38	[Not Used]
D 3.39	[Not Used]
D 3.40	[Not Used]

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION

FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF

Second Revised Sheet No. 700

Superseding First Revised Sheet No. 700 FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

D 3.41	[Not Used]
D 3.42	[Not Used]
D 3.43	[Not Used]
D 3.44	[Not Used]
D 3.45	[Not Used]
D 3.46	[Not Used]
D 3.47	[Not Used]
D 3.48	[Not Used]
D 3.49	$EX_{POST_{PRICE_{j,h,o,k}} - \$/MWh$
	The Ex-Post price in Dispatch Interval k of Settlement Interval o in Settlement Period h in zone j .
D 3.50	HRLY_EX_POST_PRICE _{j,h} – \$/MWh
	The energy-weighted Ex Post price for Settlement Period h in zone j .
D 3.51	$STLMT_PRICE_{i,h,o} - $/MWh$
	The 10-minute Settlement price (resource-specific Ex Post price) for resource i in the Settlement Interval o for the Settlement Period h .
D 3.52	SE _{i,h,o} – MWh
	The Scheduled Energy from resource $\it i$ during Settlement interval $\it o$ of Settlement Period $\it h$.
D 3.53	TOLERANCE_BAND _{i,h,o} – MWh
	The Tolerance Band limit for resource \emph{i} during Settlement Interval \emph{o} of Settlement Period \emph{h} .
D 3.54	IIE_ECON _{i,h,o,k,m} - MWh
	The dispatched incremental or decremental Instructed Imbalance Energy (IIE) for resource <i>i</i> during Dispatch Interval <i>k</i> in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period <i>h</i> for bid segment <i>m</i> . Decremental Energy shall be represented as a negative quantity. IIE_ECON _{1,h,o,k,m} shall be comprised of any of the four IIE_TYPE's: SUPP, SPIN, NSPN or RPLC and be associated with its respective IIE_PRICE _{i,h,o,k,m}
D 3.55	IIE_PRICE _{i,h,o,k,m} – \$/MWh
	The bid price for energy bid segment m for resource i during Dispatch Interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for bid segment m
D 3.56	IIE_PREDISPATCH _{i,h,o,k,m} - MWh
	The Settlement Periodly pre-dispatched Energy for resource i during Dispatch Interval k of Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for bid segment m (MWh).

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D 3.57 RIE_{i,h,o,k,m} – MWh

The Residual Energy for resource i during Dispatch Interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for bid segment m.

D 3.58 $RIE_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,m} - $/MWh$

The reference bid price for the Residual Energy for resource i during Dispatch interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for bid segment m.

D 3.59 OOS_PRICE_{i,h,o,k,L} - \$/MWh

The settlement price for the Instructed Out of Stack Energy for resource i during Dispatch interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for index number L.

D 3.60 IIE_REG_{i,h,o} – MWh

The Regulating Energy for resource i during Settlement Interval o in Settlement Period h.

D 3.61 IIE_PREDISPATCH_{i,h,p} - MWh

The Settlement Periodly pre-dispatched Energy for resource i during Dispatch interval p of Settlement Period h.

D 3.62 $E_{i,h,o}$ – MWh

Calculated as the difference of $IE_{i,h,o}$ and $IIE_TOTAL_{i,h,o,k}$ and is equal to the sum of Uninstructed Imbalance Energy and Regulating Energy of resource i during Settlement Interval o in Settlement Period h.

D 3.63 IIEC_{i,h,o} - \$

The Instructed Imbalance Energy payment (charge) for resource *i* during Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.64 IIEC_OOS_{i,h,o} - \$

The total OOS Energy payment (charge) for resource *i* during Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.65 IIEC OOS Piho - \$

The incremental Instructed OOS Imbalance Energy payment (charge) for resource i during Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h.

D 3.66 IIEC OOS Niho-\$

The decremental Instructed OOS Imbalance Energy payment (charge) for resource i during Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h.

D 3.67 IIE_LOSS_{i,h,o,k} – MWh

The transmission loss self-provided Energy from resource i during Dispatch Interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h.

D 3.68 IIE_ML_{i,h,o,k} – MWh

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Original Sheet No. 700A

The Imbalance Energy due to Minimum Load from resource i during Dispatch Interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period o.

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D 3.69 IIE TOTAL_{i,h,o,k} – MWh

The total Instructed Imbalance Energy from all energy sources except Regulation for resource i during Dispatch Interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h.

D 3.70 IIE RERATE_{i,h,o,k} – MWh

The SLIC derated Pmin or Pmax value as a result of an SC modifying its operating output level for a given resource *i* during Dispatch Interval *k* in Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.71 UIE_{i,h,o} – MWh

The total Uninstructed Imbalance Energy from resource *i* during Settlement interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.72 UIE_1_{i,h,o} – MWh

The Uninstructed Imbalance Energy attributed to non-compliance of *IIE_ECON* from resource *i* during Settlement interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.73 UIE_2_{i,h,o} – MWh

The Uninstructed Imbalance Energy exclusive of UIE_1 from resource *i* during Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.74 UIEC_{i,h,o} - \$

The Uninstructed Imbalance Energy payment (charge) for resource *i* during Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.75 ZONAL_EX_POST_PRICE_{j,h,o} - \$/MWh

The energy weighted average ex post price for Imbalance Energy for Zone j in Settlement Interval o for Settlement Period h.

D 3.76 $ME_{i,h,o}$ – MWh

The Metered Energy from resource *i* during Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.77 $RED_{i,h,o,k}-MWh$

The Ramping Energy Deviation from resource *i* during Dispatch Interval *k* in Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.78 REDC_{i,h,o} - \$

The Ramping Energy Deviation payment (charge) for resource *i* during Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.79 $MR_ML_{i,h,o}$ – \$

The expected real-time market revenue from Minimum Load Energy for resource *i* in Settlement Interval *o* for Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.80 COST_RECOVERY_{i,d} - \$

The Unrecovered Cost Payment for resource i for Trading Day d.

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D 3.81	$MR_DIFF_{i,h,o}$
	is the market revenue surplus or deficit for resource <i>i</i> in Settlement Period <i>h</i> for Settlement Interval <i>o</i> .
D 3.82	MR_DEFICIT _{i,h,o} - \$
	The market revenue deficit for resource i in Settlement Period h for Settlement Interval o .
D 3.83	MR_SURPLUS _{i,h,o} - \$
	The market revenue surplus for resource \emph{i} in Settlement Period \emph{h} for Settlement Interval \emph{o} .
D 3.84	PERF_STAT _{i,h,o} – True/False
	The performance status of resource i for Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h . The performance status is equal to 1 (compliant) or 0 (non-compliant).
D 3.85	BID_COST i,h,o -\$
	The bid costs for IIE, except OOS Energy and RIE, for resource i in Settlement Period h for Settlement interval o .
D 3.86	BID_COST_RIE i,h,o - \$
	The bid costs for RIE for resource i in Settlement Period h for Settlement interval o .
D 3.87	PREDISPATCH_PMT _{i,h,o} - \$
	The unrecovered bid cost payment for an Settlement Periodly pre- dispatched System Resource <i>i</i> in Settlement Interval <i>o</i> for Settlement Period <i>h</i> .
D 3.88	EXCESS_COST _{i,h,o} - \$
	The excess cost payment for resource i in Settlement Interval o for Settlement Period h .
D 3.89	TL _{i,h,o} – MWh
	The Transmission Loss Obligation for resource \emph{i} during Settlement Interval \emph{o} of Settlement Period \emph{h} .
D 3.90	EXCESS_COST_ALLOC _{g,h,o} -\$
	The excess cost allocation for Scheduling Coordinator g in Settlement Period h for Settlement Interval o .
D 3.91	$REAL_TIME_FLOW_{i,h,o,k,v} - MW \boldsymbol{h}$
	The real-time actual flow for intertie resource i during Dispatch Interval k during Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for Real Time Flow Type index v .
D 3.92	$RE_STANDARD_{i,h,o,k} - MWh$

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CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION FERC ELECTRIC TARIFF FIRST REPLACEMENT VOLUME NO. II

Original Sheet No. 700D

The Standard Ramping Energy from resource *i* during Dispatch Interval *k* of Settlement Interval *o* of Settlement Period *h*.

D 3.93 OOS_P_{i,h,o,k,L} – MWh

The incremental Out of sStack Energy for resource i during Dispatch interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for index number L.

D 3.94 OOS $_N_{i,h,o,k,L}$ – MWh

The decremental Out of Stack Energy for resource i during Dispatch interval k in Settlement Interval o of Settlement Period h for index number L.

D 3.95 URC_ALLOC_{g,h,o} -\$

The unrecovered cost neutrality allocation for Scheduling Coordinator g in Settlement Interval o for Settlement Period h.

D 3.96 IIE_TYPE_{i,h,o,k,m}

is the energy type for $IIE_ECON_{i,h,o,k,m}$. Energy type is one of the following: Supplemental, Spin, Non-Spin or Replacement Reserve Energy.

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