HASP AS Delay Amendment
Fourth Replacement CAISO Tariff
November 24, 2009
8.1 Scope. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

The CAISO shall be responsible for ensuring that there are sufficient Ancillary Services available to maintain the reliability of the CAISO Controlled Grid consistent with NERC and WECC reliability standards, including any requirements of the NRC. The CAISO’s Ancillary Services requirements may be self-provided by Scheduling Coordinators as further provided in the Business Practice Manuals. Those Ancillary Services which the CAISO requires to be available but which are not being self-provided will be competitively procured by the CAISO from Scheduling Coordinators in the Day-Ahead Market, the HASP, and the RTM consistent with Section 8.3. The provision of Ancillary Services from the Interties with interconnected Balancing Authority Areas is limited to Ancillary Services bid into the competitive procurement processes in the IFM, HASP, and RTM. The CAISO will not accept Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services that are imports to the CAISO Balancing Authority Area over the Interties with interconnected Balancing Authority Areas, except from Dynamic System Resources certified to provide Ancillary Services or if provided pursuant to ETCs, TORs or Converted Rights. The CAISO will calculate payments for Ancillary Services supplied by Scheduling Coordinators and charge the cost of Ancillary Services to Scheduling Coordinators based on their Ancillary Service Obligations.

For purposes of this CAISO Tariff, Ancillary Services are: (i) Regulation Up and Regulation Down, (ii) Spinning Reserve, (iii) Non-Spinning Reserve, (iv) Voltage Support, and (v) Black Start capability. These services will be procured as stated in Section 8.3.5. Bids for Non-Spinning Reserve may be submitted by Scheduling Coordinators for Curtailable Demand as well as for Generation. Bids for Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, and Voltage Support may be submitted by a Scheduling Coordinator for other non-generation resources that are capable of providing the specific service and that meet applicable Ancillary Service standards and technical requirements, as set forth in Sections 8.1 through 8.4, and are certified by the CAISO to provide Ancillary Services. The provision of Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, and Voltage Support by other non-generation resources is subject to the same requirements applicable to other providers of these Ancillary Services, as set forth in Sections 8.5 through 8.11. Identification of specific services in this CAISO Tariff shall not
preclude development of additional interconnected operation services over time. The CAISO and Market Participants will seek to develop additional categories of these unbundled services over time as the operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid matures or as required by regulatory authorities.

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8.2.3.1 Regulation Service. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

The CAISO shall maintain sufficient Generating Units immediately responsive to AGC in order to provide sufficient Regulation service to allow the CAISO Balancing Authority Area to meet NERC and WECC reliability standards, including any requirements of the NRC by continuously balancing Generation to meet deviations between actual and scheduled Demand and to maintain Interchange Schedules. The quantity of Regulation Down and Regulation Up capacity needed for each Settlement Period of the Day-Ahead Market and in each fifteen (15) minute period in Real-Time shall be determined by the CAISO as a percentage of the applicable CAISO Forecast of CAISO Demand for the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Markets. In HASP, the amount of advisory Regulation from Dynamic System Resources required for each Settlement Period in the next Trading Hour is also determined based on the CAISO Forecast of CAISO Demand. The advisory awards of Regulation from Dynamic System Resources in HASP are not binding and re-optimized in the Real-Time Market. The CAISO’s determination is based upon its need to meet the NERC and WECC reliability standards, including any requirements of the NRC.

The CAISO will publish on OASIS the estimated quantity, or the percentage used to determine the estimated quantity, of Regulation Reserves required for each hour of the Day-Ahead Market and in each fifteen (15) minute period in Real-Time for the Trading Day.

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8.3.1 Procurement of Ancillary Services. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213, ALSO CLARIFYING EXISTING LANGUAGE IN THE TARIFF TO PROVIDE CLARITY OF PROVISIONS IN THIS SECTION.]

The CAISO shall operate competitive Day-Ahead Market, the HASP, and Real-Time Markets to procure Ancillary Services. The Security Constrained Unit Commitment (SCUC) and Security Constrained Economic Dispatch (SCED) applications used in the Integrated Forward Market (IFM), HASP, and the
Real-Time Market (RTM) shall calculate optimal resource commitment, Energy, and Ancillary Services Awards and Schedules at least cost to End-Use Customers consistent with maintaining System Reliability. Any Scheduling Coordinator representing Generating Units, System Units, Participating Loads or imports of System Resources may submit Bids into the CAISO's Ancillary Services markets provided that it is in possession of a current certificate for the Generating Units, System Units, imports of System Resources or Participating Loads concerned. Regulation Up, Regulation Down, and Operating Reserves necessary to meet CAISO requirements not met by self-provision will be procured by the CAISO as described in this CAISO Tariff. The amount of Ancillary Services procured in the IFM and in the Real-Time Market is based upon the CAISO Forecast of CAISO Demand and the forecasted plus HASP Intertie Schedules for the Operating Hour net of (i) Self-Provided Ancillary Services from Generating Units internal to the CAISO Balancing Authority Area and Dynamic System Resources certified to provide Ancillary Services and (ii) Ancillary Services self-provided pursuant to an ETC, TOR or Converted Right. 

The amount of additional Ancillary Services procured in the HASP is based on the CAISO Forecast of CAISO Demand, the Day-Ahead Schedules established net interchange, and the forecast of the Intertie Schedules for the Operating Hour in the HASP Intertie Schedules for the Operating Hour net of (i) available awarded Day-Ahead Ancillary Services, (ii) Self-Provided Ancillary Services from Generating Units internal to the CAISO Balancing Authority Area and Dynamic System Resources certified to provide Ancillary Services, and (iii) additional Operating Reserves procured in HASP, and (iv) Ancillary Services self-provided pursuant to an ETC, TOR or Converted Right.

The CAISO will manage the Energy from both CAISO procured and Self-Provided Ancillary Services as part of the Real-Time Dispatch. In the Day-Ahead Market, the CAISO procures one-hundred percent (100%) of its Ancillary Service requirements based on the Day-Ahead Demand Forecast net of Self-Provided Ancillary Services. After the Day-Ahead Market, the CAISO procures additional Ancillary Services needed to meet system requirements.
requirements from all resources, including imports from Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP, and Dynamic System Resources and Generation from internal resources in the Real-Time Market. The amount of Ancillary Services procured in the HASP and Real-Time Market is based upon the CAISO Forecast of CAISO Demand for the Operating Hour and RTUC Time Horizon, respectively, net of Self-Provided Ancillary Services.

The CAISO procurement of Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP is for the entire next Operating Hour. The CAISO procurement of Ancillary Services from Dynamic System Resources and internal Generation in the Real-Time Market is for a fifteen (15) minute RTUC Time Horizon. The CAISO's procurement of Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources in HASP and from Dynamic System Resources and internal Generation in the Real-Time Market is based on the Ancillary Service Bids submitted or generated in the HASP consistent with the requirements in Section 30. The CAISO may also procure Ancillary Services pursuant to the requirements in Section 42.1 and as permitted under the terms and conditions of a Reliability Must-Run Contract.

As of the CAISO Operations Date, the CAISO will contract for long-term Voltage Support service with owners of Reliability Must-Run Units under Reliability Must-Run Contracts. Black Start capability will initially be procured by the CAISO through individual contracts with Scheduling Coordinators for Reliability Must-Run Units and other Generating Units which have Black Start capability. These requirements and standards apply to all Ancillary Services whether self-provided or procured by the CAISO.

8.3.2 Procurement Not Limited to CAISO Balancing Authority Area. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

The CAISO will procure Spinning Reserves and Non-Spinning Reserves from Generating Units operating within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area and from imports of System Resources. Scheduling Coordinators are allowed to bid Regulation from resources located outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area by dynamically scheduling such System Resources certified to provide Regulation. Each System Resource used to bid Regulation must comply with the Dynamic Scheduling Protocol in Appendix X. Scheduling Coordinators may submit Bids for Operating Reserves from Non-Dynamic System Resources but they may not submit Bids for Regulation from such resources because...
these resources cannot be dynamically scheduled consistent with Appendix X. When bidding to supply Ancillary Services in the IFM, HASP, or RTM, imports compete for use of Intertie transmission capacity when the requested use is in the same direction, e.g., imports of Ancillary Services compete with Energy on Interties in the import direction and exports of Ancillary Services (i.e., on demand obligations) compete with Energy on Interties in the export direction. To the extent there is Congestion, imports of Ancillary Services will pay Congestion costs in the IFM, HASP, and RTM markets pursuant to Section 11.

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8.3.3.3 Notice to Market Participants. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

Pursuant to Section 6.5.2.3.3, the CAISO will publish forecasted Ancillary Service requirements, regional constraints, and the minimum and/or maximum Ancillary Service Regional Limits for the Ancillary Service Regions and any Sub-Regions by 6:00p.m. prior to the Day-Ahead Market (two days prior to the Operating Day). After the completion of the DAM Day-Ahead Market for a given Trading Day, the CAISO will publish the limits that were used in the DAM IFM. If prior to the close of the HASP Real-Time Market for a Trading Hour the CAISO makes a substantial change to a minimum and/or maximum limit for an Ancillary Service Region or Sub-Region, it will issue a Market Notice as soon as reasonably practicable after the occurrence of the circumstances that led to the change. After the close of the HASP Real-Time Market for a Trading Hour, the CAISO will publish the limits that were used in the HASP and RTUC.

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8.3.5 The CAISO shall procure Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve on a daily, hourly and Real-Time basis in the IFM and RTM, respectively. The CAISO shall also procure Spinning and Non-Spinning Reserves on an hourly basis in the HASP. The CAISO shall procure Ancillary Services on a longer-term basis pursuant to Section 42.1.3 if necessary to meet Reliability Criteria. The CAISO shall contract for Voltage Support annually (or for such other period as the CAISO may determine is economically advantageous) and on a daily or hourly basis as required to maintain System Reliability. The CAISO shall contract annually (or for such other period as the CAISO may determine is economically advantageous) for Black Start Generation.
8.3.7 Bidding Requirements, Including Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service.

[NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

Scheduling Coordinators may submit Bids or Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service consistent with the rules specified in Section 30 and any further requirements in this Section 8.3.7. Scheduling Coordinators may (i) submit Bids or Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service from resources located within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area or Dynamic System Resources certified to provide Ancillary Services, (ii) submit Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service from System Resources located outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area if provided pursuant to ETCs, TORs, or Converted Rights, (iii) submit Bids for Ancillary Services from Dynamic and Non-Dynamic System Resources located outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area certified to provide Ancillary Services, or (iv) submit Inter-SC Trades of Ancillary Services. Ancillary Services procured in the Day-Ahead Market and in the Real-Time Market are comprised of the following: Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve. The HASP process evaluates the need for Energy, Regulation and Operating Reserves from System Resources and internal Generating Units and issues binding Ancillary Services awards only for Operating Reserves Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources. Each Generating Unit (including Physical Scheduling Plants), System Unit, Participating Load, or System Resource for which a Scheduling Coordinator wishes to submit Ancillary Service Bids must meet the requirements set forth in this CAISO Tariff. The same resource capacity may be offered for more than one CAISO Ancillary Services into the same CAISO Market auction at the same time. Ancillary Services Bids and Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service can be submitted up to seven (7) days in advance. Operating Reserve Ramp Rates will be only used by the CAISO for procuring capacity associated with the specific Ancillary Services. The CAISO will issue Real-Time Dispatch Instructions in the Real-Time Market for the Energy associated with the awarded capacity based upon the applicable Operational Ramp Rate submitted with the single Energy Bid Curve in accordance with Section 30.7.7. There is no ability to procure Ancillary Services for export. To the extent a Scheduling Coordinator has an on-demand obligation to serve loads outside the CAISO Balancing...
Authority Area, it can do so provided that (1) it is using export transmission capacity available in Real-Time, and (2) the resource capacity providing Energy to satisfy the on-demand obligation is not under an RMR Contract or Resource Adequacy Capacity obligation, and has not been paid a RUC Availability Payment for the Trading Hour. All resources subject to the Ancillary Services must offer requirements as specified in Section 40.6 must submit Bids consistent with the requirements specified therein and in Section 30.

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8.6.2 Right to Self-Provide. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

Each Scheduling Coordinator may choose to self-provide all, or a portion, of its Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve obligations in the Day-Ahead Market IFM, and, to the extent needed to satisfy CAISO’s additional requirement, HASP and the Real-Time Market, from resources eligible for self-provision, as may be permissible for any given Ancillary Service in these respective markets. The right to self-provide Ancillary Services from capacity that is under a contractual obligation to provide Energy, including but not limited to capacity subject to an RMR Contract and local Resource Adequacy Resources, shall be conditional; self-provision of Ancillary Services from such capacity will only be permitted to the extent that capacity is not needed for Energy as a result of the MPM-RRD process described in this CAISO Tariff. To self-provide Ancillary Services a Scheduling Coordinator must provide the CAISO with a Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service. Both Ancillary Service Bids and Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service can be provided to the CAISO for the same Ancillary Service and for the same hour in the same market. To the extent the Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service is from a resource that is a Partial Resource Adequacy Resource, and Energy is needed, including for purposes under Section 31.3.1.3, from that resource the CAISO shall only disqualify the self-provision of Ancillary Services from the portion of the resource’s capacity that has must-offer obligation, provided that the Scheduling Coordinator has not submitted an Energy Bid for the capacity that is not subject to a must-offer obligation. All resources subject to Resource Adequacy requirements will be treated consistent and must comply with the bidding requirements in Section 40.6. If there is an Energy Bid submitted for the capacity of a Partial Resource Adequacy Resource that is not
subject to a must-offer obligation the CAISO may disqualify the Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service for the portion of the resources capacity that is not under a must-offer obligation consistent with the principles of co-optimization under the CAISO Tariff.

Prior to evaluating Ancillary Service Bids, the CAISO will determine whether Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services are feasible with regard to resource operating characteristics and regional constraints and are qualified to provide the Ancillary Services in the markets for which they were submitted.

If the total Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services exceed the maximum regional requirement for the relevant Ancillary Service in an Ancillary Service Region, the submissions that would otherwise be accepted by the CAISO as feasible and qualified will be awarded on a pro-rata basis among the suppliers offering to self-provide the Ancillary Service up to the amount of the Ancillary Services requirement. If a regional constraint imposes a limit on the total amount of Regulation Up, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve, and the total self-provision of these Ancillary Services in that region exceeds that limit, Self-Provided AS are qualified pro rata from higher to lower quality service in three tiers: Regulation Up first, followed by Spinning Reserve, and then by Non-Spinning Reserve. Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services in excess of the maximum regional requirement for the relevant Ancillary Service in an Ancillary Service Region will not be accepted and qualified by the CAISO as Self-Provided Ancillary Services.

The CAISO shall schedule Self-Provided Ancillary Services to the extent qualified in the Day-Ahead Market IFM, HASP, and the RTM and Dispatch Self-Provided Ancillary Services in the Real-Time. To the extent that a Scheduling Coordinator self-provides Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve, the CAISO shall correspondingly reduce the quantity of the Ancillary Services it procures from Bids submitted in the Day-Ahead Market IFM, HASP, and the Real-Time Market. To the extent a Scheduling Coordinator’s Self-Provided Ancillary Service for a particular Ancillary Service is greater than the Scheduling Coordinator’s obligation for that particular Ancillary Service in a Settlement Interval, the Scheduling Coordinator will receive the user rate for the Self-Provided Ancillary Service for the amount of the Self-Provided Ancillary Service in excess of the Scheduling Coordinator’s obligation.

Scheduling Coordinators may trade Ancillary Services so that any Scheduling Coordinator may reduce its Ancillary Services Obligation through purchase of Ancillary Services capacity from another Scheduling

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Coordinator, or self-provide in excess of its obligation to sell Ancillary Services to another Scheduling Coordinator.

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8.7 Scheduling of Units to Provide Ancillary Services. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

The CAISO shall provide Scheduling Coordinators with Ancillary Services Awards for the Day-Ahead, HASP and Real-Time Markets, consistent with the provisions of the CAISO Tariff. The CAISO shall post the Ancillary Service Awards and Ancillary Service Schedules for the applicable Day-Ahead Market notify each Scheduling Coordinator no later than the publication of the Day-Ahead Schedule for the applicable Day-Ahead Market 1:00 p.m. of the day prior to the Operating Day of their Ancillary Service Awards and Ancillary Service Schedules for the Day-Ahead Market; no later than approximately forty (40) minutes prior to the Operating Hour of their Ancillary Services Awards and Ancillary Service Schedules from Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP; and no later than approximately fifteen (15) minutes prior to the next Commitment Interval in the Real-Time Market. Where long-term contracts are involved, the information may be treated as standing information for the duration of the contract.

Once the CAISO has given Scheduling Coordinators notice of the Day-Ahead Market, HASP and Real-Time Market Ancillary Service Awards and Ancillary Service Schedules, these awards and Schedules represent binding commitments made in the markets between the CAISO and the Scheduling Coordinators concerned, subject to any amendments issued as described above.

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11.1.2 [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/31/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-918.] The CAISO shall settle the following charges in accordance with this CAISO Tariff: (1) Grid Management Charge; (2) Bid Cost Recovery; (3) IFM charges and payments, including Energy and Ancillary Services; (4) RUC charges and payments; (5) Real-Time Market charges and payments, including Energy and Ancillary Services; (6) HASP charges and payments for Energy and Ancillary Services; (7) High Voltage Access Charges and TAC Transition Charges; (8) Wheeling Access Charges; (9) Voltage Support and Black Start charges; (10) Excess Cost Payments; (11) default interest
charges; (12) CRR Charges and Payments; (13) Inter-SC Trades charges and payments; (14) neutrality adjustments; (15) FERC Annual Charges; (16) distribution of excess Marginal Losses; (17) miscellaneous charges and payments; and (18) Participating Intermittent Resource Fees.

11.10.1.2 Ancillary Services Provided in HASP.

The HASP optimization establishes Ancillary Services Awards and prices for Ancillary Services provided from Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP. The CAISO pays Scheduling Coordinators that supply Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources an amount equal to the product of the simple average of the ASMPs computed for four (4) fifteen (15) minute intervals of HASP for each Ancillary Service as described in Section 27.1.2, and the quantity of the capacity awarded for the Ancillary Service in the Settlement Period. The CAISO charges Scheduling Coordinators that receive an Ancillary Service Award or have qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Services at a Scheduling Point in HASP the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute Marginal Cost of Congestion as described in Section 11.10.1.2.1.

11.10.1.2.1 Congestion Charges for HASP Intertie Ancillary Service Awards.

If a Scheduling Coordinator receives an Ancillary Services Award or provides a qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Service at a congested Scheduling Point, the CAISO will charge the Scheduling Coordinator for Congestion. The charge for Congestion at such locations is equal to the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute applicable intertie constraint Shadow Price for the market that the Ancillary Service is award, multiplied by the quantity of Ancillary Services Award or the capacity of the qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Service for the Settlement Period. No such charge for Congestion will apply when Scheduling

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The HASP optimization establishes Ancillary Services Awards and prices for Ancillary Services provided from Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP. The CAISO pays Scheduling Coordinators that supply Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources an amount equal to the product of the simple average of the ASMPs computed for four (4) fifteen (15) minute intervals of HASP for each Ancillary Service as described in Section 27.1.2, and the quantity of the capacity awarded for the Ancillary Service in the Settlement Period. The CAISO charges Scheduling Coordinators that receive an Ancillary Service Award or have qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Services at a Scheduling Point in HASP the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute Marginal Cost of Congestion as described in Section 11.10.1.2.1.

If a Scheduling Coordinator receives an Ancillary Services Award or provides a qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Service at a congested Scheduling Point, the CAISO will charge the Scheduling Coordinator for Congestion. The charge for Congestion at such locations is equal to the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute applicable intertie constraint Shadow Price for the market that the Ancillary Service is award, multiplied by the quantity of Ancillary Services Award or the capacity of the qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Service for the Settlement Period. No such charge for Congestion will apply when Scheduling

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The HASP optimization establishes Ancillary Services Awards and prices for Ancillary Services provided from Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP. The CAISO pays Scheduling Coordinators that supply Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources an amount equal to the product of the simple average of the ASMPs computed for four (4) fifteen (15) minute intervals of HASP for each Ancillary Service as described in Section 27.1.2, and the quantity of the capacity awarded for the Ancillary Service in the Settlement Period. The CAISO charges Scheduling Coordinators that receive an Ancillary Service Award or have qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Services at a Scheduling Point in HASP the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute Marginal Cost of Congestion as described in Section 11.10.1.2.1.

If a Scheduling Coordinator receives an Ancillary Services Award or provides a qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Service at a congested Scheduling Point, the CAISO will charge the Scheduling Coordinator for Congestion. The charge for Congestion at such locations is equal to the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute applicable intertie constraint Shadow Price for the market that the Ancillary Service is award, multiplied by the quantity of Ancillary Services Award or the capacity of the qualified Self-Provided Ancillary Service for the Settlement Period. No such charge for Congestion will apply when Scheduling
11.10.2 Settlement for User Charges for Ancillary Services. [NOTE - REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 3/31/2009, DOCKET NO. ER09-918]

The CAISO shall determine a separate hourly user rate for Regulation Down Reserve, Regulation Up Reserve, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve purchased for each Settlement Period. The hourly user rates for Regulation Down, Regulation Up, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve include the cost incurred by the CAISO across the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and the Real-Time Market to procure this service. In computing the user rate for each service the quantity (MW) and costs of any substituting Ancillary Service will be treated as if they are costs and MW associated with the Ancillary Service need they are being used to fulfill. Each rate will be charged to Scheduling Coordinators on a volumetric basis applied to each Scheduling Coordinator’s obligation for the specific Ancillary Service concerned which it has not self-provided, as adjusted by any Inter-SC Trades of Ancillary Services.

Each Scheduling Coordinator’s obligation for Regulation Down Reserve, Regulation Up Reserve, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve shall be calculated in accordance with this Section 11.10.2, notwithstanding any adjustment to the quantities of each Ancillary Service purchased by the CAISO in accordance with Section 8.2.3.5. The cost of Voltage Support and Black Start shall be allocated to Scheduling Coordinators as described in Sections 11.10.7 and 11.10.8.

Ancillary Services Obligations for an individual Scheduling Coordinator (before taking into account Self-Provided Ancillary Services) or Inter-SC Trades of Ancillary Services) may be negative. Credits for such negative obligations will be in accordance with the rates calculated in this Section 11.10.2, except that a Scheduling Coordinator’s credit shall be reduced pro rata to the extent the sum of the negative obligations of all Scheduling Coordinators with the negative Ancillary Services Obligation (before self-provision or Inter-SC Trade) exceeds the obligation of all Scheduling Coordinators with positive obligation net of Self-Provided Ancillary Services, as specified in Section 11.10.5 in any Settlement Period, the net procurement quantity of Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, or Non-Spinning Reserve...
purchased by the CAISO in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and the Real-Time Market due to the operation of Section 8.2.3.5 is zero, then the user rate for that Ancillary Service type will be zero.

With respect to each Settlement Period, in addition to the user rates determined in accordance with this Section 11.10.2, each Scheduling Coordinator shall be charged an additional amount equal to its proportionate share, based on total purchases by Scheduling Coordinators of Regulation Down, Regulation Up, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve of the amount, if any, by which (i) the total payments to Scheduling Coordinators pursuant to this Section 11.10.2 for the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and the Real-Time Market, exceed (ii) the total amounts charged to Scheduling Coordinators pursuant to this Section 11.10.2, for the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and the Real-Time Market. If total amounts charged to Scheduling Coordinators exceed the total payments to Scheduling Coordinators, each Scheduling Coordinator will be refunded its proportionate share, based on total purchases by Scheduling Coordinators of Regulation Down, Regulation Up, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve.

With respect to each Settlement Period, in addition to Ancillary Service charges at the applicable user rates determined in accordance with this Section 11.10.2, each Scheduling Coordinator shall be charged additional neutrality adjustment amounts for each Ancillary Service type pursuant to Sections 11.10.2.4, 11.10.2.2.3, 11.10.3.3, and 11.10.4.3 and a neutrality adjustment amount for upward Ancillary Service types pursuant to Section 11.14.

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11.10.3.1 Hourly User Rate for Spinning Reserves. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 3/31/2009, DOCKET NO. ER09-918.]

The hourly user rate for Spinning Reserves is the ratio of: (1) sum of the portion of Spinning Reserve Cost used to meet the spin requirement and the portion of Regulation Up cost that can substitute for Spinning Reserve and (2) the Net Procurement quantity of Spinning Reserves by the CAISO ($/MW). The cost of Regulation Up substituting for Spinning Reserve is the user rate for Regulation Up multiplied by the quantity of Regulation Up used to satisfy the Spinning Reserve requirement.

The CAISO’s Spinning Reserve Cost is equal to: (i) the revenues paid to the suppliers of the total awarded Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and Real-Time Market, minus, (ii)
the payments rescinded due to either the failure to conform to Dispatch Instructions or the unavailability of
the Spinning Reserves under Section 8.10.8. The Net Procurement of Spinning Reserves is equal to: (i)
the amount (MWs) of total awarded Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and
Real-Time Market, minus, (ii) the Spinning Reserve capacity associated with payments rescinded
pursuant to any of the provisions of Section 8.10.8. The amount (MW) of awarded Spinning Reserve
capacity includes the amounts (MW) associated with any Regulation Up Reserve capacity used as
Spinning Reserve under Section 8.2.3.5.

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11.10.4.1 Hourly User Rate for Non-Spinning Reserves. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE
PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 3/31/2009, DOCKET NO. ER09-918.]

The hourly user rate for Non-Spinning Reserves is calculated as the ratio of: i) the sum of the portion of
the Non-Spinning Reserve Cost used to meet the Non-Spinning requirement and a portion of the
Regulation Up and Spinning Reserve costs that can substitute for Non-Spinning Reserve and ii) the Net
Procurement quantity of Non-Spinning Reserves by the CAISO ($/MW). The CAISO’s Non-Spinning
Reserve Cost includes the costs associated with any Regulation Up Reserve or Spinning Reserve
capacity used as Non-Spinning Reserve under Section 8.2.3.5.

The CAISO’s Non-Spinning Reserve Cost is equal to: (i) the revenues paid to the suppliers of the total
awarded Non-Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and Real-Time Market, minus,
(ii) the payments rescinded due to either the failure to conform to CAISO Dispatch Instructions or the
unavailability of the Non-Spinning Reserves under Section 8.10.8. The Net Procurement of Non-Spinning
Reserves is equal to: (i) the amount (MWs) of total awarded Non-Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-
Ahead Market, HASP, and Real-Time Market, minus, (ii) the Non-Spinning Reserve capacity associated
with payments rescinded pursuant to any of the provisions of Section 8.10.8. The amount (MW) of
awarded Non-Spinning Reserve capacity includes the amounts (MW) associated with any Regulation Up
Reserve or Spinning Reserve capacity used as Non-Spinning Reserve under Section 8.2.3.5.

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11.10.9 Settlements of Rescission of Payments for Ancillary Services Capacity that is Undispatchable, Unavailable, and Undelivered Capacity. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 3/31/2009, DOCKET NO. ER09-918.]

The rescission of payments for Ancillary Services for Undispatchable, Unavailable, and Undelivered Capacity applies to Ancillary Services that are awarded in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, or Real-Time Market and the rescission will be the weighted average of the Ancillary Service Marginal Prices (ASMPs) and Ancillary Services Award amounts for a resource across the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and Real-Time Market. For Self-Provided Ancillary Service capacity that becomes Undispatchable Capacity, Unavailable Capacity, or Undelivered Capacity, the rescission of Ancillary Services self-provision in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, and Real-Time Market reduces the relevant Scheduling Coordinator’s effective Ancillary Services self-provision in the Ancillary Services cost allocation, effectively resulting in a charge back at the relevant Ancillary Services rate. The rescission of payments in this Section 11.10.9 shall not apply to a capacity payment for any particular Ancillary Service if the Ancillary Service Marginal Price (ASMP) is less than or equal to zero.

11.10.9.1 Rescission of Payments for Undispatchable Ancillary Service Capacity. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 3/31/2009, DOCKET NO. ER09-918.]

If a Scheduling Coordinator has Undispatchable Capacity that it is obligated to supply to the CAISO during a Settlement Interval, the Ancillary Service capacity payment for the amount of Energy that cannot be delivered from the Generating Unit, Participating Load, System Unit or System Resource for the Settlement Interval shall be rescinded; provided, however, that To the extent an Ancillary Service procured in the IFM from a System Resource becomes Undispatchable Capacity due to an Intertie transmission derate before the Operating Hour for which it was procured, in rescinding the Ancillary Service capacity payment, the CAISO shall credit back to the Scheduling Coordinator any charge for Congestion assessed pursuant to Section 11.10.1.1.1, but If the Ancillary Services was procured from a Dynamic System Resource, the CAISO will rescind the payments at the lower of the Day-Ahead LMP and the simple average of the fifteen (15) minute Real-Time Shadow Price over the applicable Trading Hour on the corresponding Intertie. If the CAISO procured the Ancillary Service from a Non-Dynamic System Resource, the CAISO will rescind the payments at the lower of the Day-Ahead LMP or, the HASP Shadow Price on the corresponding Intertie.
11.16.1 Order of Payment Rescission for Resources with More Than One Capacity Obligation in a Settlement Interval. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 3/31/2009, DOCKET NO. ER09-918.]

If the Generating Unit, Participating Load, System Unit or System Resource is scheduled to provide more than one capacity obligation in a Settlement Interval, the order in which the non-compliant Ancillary Service and RUC Capacity will be apportioned to the various services under Section 8.10.8 is as follows. For Undispatchable Capacity the non-compliant capacity is first apportioned to RUC Capacity and then to any Non-Spinning Reserves. If the amount of Undispatchable Capacity exceeds the amount of Non-Spinning Reserves, then the payment shall be eliminated for Spinning Reserves. For Unavailable Capacity or Undelivered Capacity the non-compliant capacity is first apportioned to any Non-Spinning Reserves. If the amount of non-compliant Ancillary Service capacity exceeds the amount of Non-Spinning Reserves, then the payment shall be eliminated for Spinning Reserves. If the same Ancillary Service is scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market, HASP, or Real-Time Market, then the payments shall be rescinded in proportion to the amount of each Ancillary Service scheduled in each market. If the same Ancillary Service is self-provided and Bid, the order of rescission will be first the amount of Ancillary Service amounts submitted in Bids and then the Self-Provided Ancillary Service.

27.1.2.1 Ancillary Service Marginal Prices.

As provided in Section 8.3, Ancillary Services are procured and awarded through the IFM, HASP, and the Real-Time Market. The IFM calculates hourly Day-Ahead Ancillary Service Awards and establishes Ancillary Service Marginal Prices (ASMPs) for the accepted Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve and Non-Spinning Reserve Bids. The IFM co-optimizes Energy and Ancillary Services subject to resource, network and regional constraints. In the HASP, the CAISO procures Ancillary Services from Non-Dynamic System Resources for the next Trading Hour as described in Section 33.7. The CAISO calculates the HASP settlement Ancillary Services price as described herein and further described in Section 33.8. In the Real-Time Market, the RTUC process that is performed every fifteen (15) minutes establishes fifteen (15) minute Ancillary Service Schedules, Awards, and prices for the upcoming quarter of the given Trading Hour. ASMPs are determined by first calculating the Ancillary Services shadow...
prices for each Ancillary Service type and the applicable Ancillary Services Regions. The Ancillary Services shadow prices are produced as a result of the co-optimization of Energy and Ancillary Services for each Ancillary Service Region through the IFM, HASP, and the Real-Time Market, subject to resource, network, and requirements constraints. The Ancillary Services shadow prices represent the cost sensitivity of the relevant binding regional constraint at the optimal solution, or the marginal reduction of the combined Energy and Ancillary Service procurement cost associated with a marginal relaxation of that constraint. If the regional constraint is not binding for an Ancillary Services Region, then the corresponding Ancillary Services shadow price in the Ancillary Services Region is zero. The ASMP for a particular Ancillary Service type and Ancillary Services Region is then the sum of the Ancillary Services shadow prices for the specific type of Ancillary Service and all the other types of Ancillary Services for which the subject Ancillary Service can substitute, as described in Section 8.2.3.5, and for the given Ancillary Service Region and all the other Ancillary Service Regions that include that given Ancillary Service Region.

27.1.2.2 Opportunity Cost in Ancillary Services Marginal Prices. [NOTE – THIS IS ADDED AS A RESULT OF THE NEW RULE TO DESCRIBE THE IMPACT IT HAS ON THE OPPORTUNITY COST FOR ASMP.]

The Ancillary Services shadow price, which as described above, is a result of the Energy and Ancillary Service co-optimization, includes the forgone opportunity cost of the marginal resource, if any, for not providing Energy or other types of Ancillary Services the marginal resource is capable of providing in the relevant market. The ASMPs determined by the IFM or RTUC optimization process for each resource whose Ancillary Service Bid is accepted will be no lower than the sum of (i) the Ancillary Service capacity Bid price submitted for that resource, and (ii) the foregone opportunity cost of Energy in the IFM or RTUC for that resource. The foregone opportunity cost of Energy for this purpose is measured as the positive difference between the IFM or RTUC LMP at the resource’s Pricing Node and the resource’s Energy Bid price. If the resource’s Energy Bid price is higher than the LMP, the opportunity cost measured for this calculation is $0. If a resource has submitted an Ancillary Service Bid but no Energy Bid and is under an obligation to offer Energy in the Day-Ahead Market (e.g. a non-hydro Resource Adequacy Resource), its Default Energy Bid will be used, and its opportunity cost will be calculated accordingly.
submitted an Ancillary Service Bid but no Energy Bid and is not under an obligation to offer Energy in the Day-Ahead Market, its Energy opportunity cost measured for this calculation is $0 since it cannot be dispatched for Energy. For System Resources that receive Ancillary Services Awards in HASP, the opportunity cost measured for this purpose is $0 because, as provided in Section 33.7, the CAISO cannot Schedule Energy in HASP from the Energy Bid under the same Resource ID as the submitted Ancillary Service Bid.

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30.5.2.6 Ancillary Services Bids. [NOTE: THIS IS BEING ADDED BECAUSE OF THE NEW RULE REGARDING THE TREATMENT OF THE ENERGY BID.]

There are four distinct Ancillary Services: Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve and Non-Spinning Reserve. Participating Generators are eligible to provide all Ancillary Services. Dynamic System Resources are eligible to provide Operating Reserves and Regulation. Non-Dynamic System Resources are eligible to provide Operating Reserves only. Scheduling Coordinators may use Dynamic No System Resources (including Non-Dynamic Resource-Specific System Resources) can be used for self-provision of Ancillary Services, except for Dynamic System Resources which can be used for self-provision of Ancillary Services as specified in Section 8. Scheduling Coordinators may not use Non-Dynamic System Resources to Self-Provide Ancillary Services. All System Resources, including Dynamic Resource-Specific System Resources and Non-Dynamic Resource-Specific System Resources, will be charged the Shadow Price as prescribed in Section 11.10, for any awarded Ancillary Services.

Participating Loads are eligible to provide Non-Spinning Reserve only. A Scheduling Coordinator may submit Ancillary Services Bids for Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve for the same capacity by providing a separate price in $/MW per hour as desired for each Ancillary Service. The Bid for each Ancillary Services is a single Bid segment. Only resources certified by the CAISO as capable of providing Ancillary Services are eligible to provide Ancillary Services and submit Ancillary Services Bids. In addition to the common elements listed in Section 30.5.2.1, all Ancillary Services Bid components of a Supply Bid must contain the following: (1) the type of Ancillary Service for which a Bid is being submitted; (2) Ramp Rate (Operating Reserve Ramp Rate and Regulation Ramp Rate, if applicable); and (3) Distribution Curve for Physical Scheduling Plant or System Unit. An Ancillary
Services Bid submitted to the Day-Ahead Market when submitted to the Day-Ahead Market may be, but is not required to be, accompanied by an Energy Bid that covers the capacity offered for the Ancillary Service. Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Services submitted to the Day-Ahead Market when submitted to the Day-Ahead Market may be, but are not required to be, accompanied by an Energy Bid that covers the capacity to be self-provided; if a Scheduling Coordinator’s Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service is qualified as specified in Section 8.6, provided, however, that the Scheduling Coordinator must submit such an Energy Bid that covers the self-provided capacity shall be submitted prior to the close of the Real-Time Market for the day immediately following the Day-Ahead Market in which the Ancillary Service Bid was submitted if the Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service is qualified as specified in Section 8.6. Submissions to Self-Provide an Ancillary Services submitted in the Day-Ahead Market must be accompanied by a Self-Schedule to which the Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service is related. [NOTE: Deleted prior sentence because it is merged by subsequent sentences] Except as provided below, the Self-Schedule for Energy need not include a Self-Schedule for Energy from the resource that will be self-providing the Ancillary Service. If a Scheduling Coordinator is self-providing an Ancillary Service from a Fast Start Unit, no Self-Schedule for Energy for that resource is required. If a Scheduling Coordinator proposes to self-provide Spinning Reserve, the Scheduling Coordinator is obligated to submit a Self-Schedule for Energy for particular resource, unless as discussed above the particular resource is a Fast Start Unit. When submitting Ancillary Service Bids in the HASP and Real-Time Market, Scheduling Coordinators for resources that either have been awarded or self-provide Spinning Reserve or Non-Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market must submit an Energy Bid for at least the awarded or self-provided Spinning Reserve or Non-Spinning Reserve capacity, otherwise the CAISO will apply the Bid validation rules described in Section 30.7.6.1. As provided in Section 30.5.2.6.4, a Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service shall contain all of the requirements of a Bid for Ancillary Services with the exception of Ancillary Service Bid price information. In addition, Scheduling Coordinators must comply with the Ancillary Services requirements of Section 8. Scheduling Coordinators submitting Ancillary Services Bids for System Resources in the HASP or Real-Time Market must also submit an Energy Bid for the associated Ancillary Services Bid under the same Resource ID, otherwise the bid validation rules in Section 30.7.6.1 will apply to cover any portion of the Ancillary
Services Bid not accompanied by an Energy Bid. As described in Section 33.7, if the resource is a Non-
Dynamic Hourly System Resource, the CAISO will only use the Ancillary Services Bid in the HASP
optimization and will not use the associated Energy Bid for the same Resource ID to schedule Energy
from the Non-Dynamic Hourly System Resource in the HASP. Scheduling Coordinators must also
comply with the bidding rules associated with the must offer requirements for Ancillary Services specified
in Section 40.6.

* * *

30.7.6.1 Validation of Ancillary Services Bids.
Throughout the validation process described in Section 30.7, the CAISO will verify that each Ancillary
Services Bid conforms to the content, format and syntax specified for the relevant Ancillary Service. If the
Ancillary Services Bid does not so conform, the CAISO will send a notification to the Scheduling
Coordinator notifying the Scheduling Coordinator of the errors in the Bids as described in Section 30.7.
When the Bids are submitted, a technical validation will be performed to verify that the bid quantity of
Regulation, Spinning Reserve, or Non-Spinning Reserve does not exceed the certified Ancillary Services
capacity for Regulation, or Operating Reserves on the Generating Units, System Units, Participating
Loads and external imports/exports bid. The Scheduling Coordinator will be notified within a reasonable
time of any validation errors. For each error detected, an error message will be generated by the CAISO
in the Scheduling Coordinator’s notification screen, which will specify the nature of the error. The
Scheduling Coordinator can then look at the notification messages to review the detailed list of errors,
make changes, and resubmit if it is still within the CAISO’s timing requirements. The Scheduling
Coordinator is also notified of successful validation. If a resource is awarded or has qualified Self-
Provided Ancillary Services in the Day-Ahead Market, if no Energy Bid is submitted to cover the awarded
or Self-Provided Ancillary Services by the Market Close of HASP and the RTM, the CAISO will generate
or extend an Energy Bid as necessary to cover the awarded or Self-Provided Ancillary Services capacity
using the registered values in the Master File and relevant fuel prices as described in the Business
Practice Manuals for use in the HASP and IFM. If an AS Bid or Submission to Self-Provide an AS is
submitted in the Real-Time for Spinning Reserve or Non-Spinning Reserve without an accompanying
Energy Bid at all, the AS Bid or Submission to Self-Provide an Ancillary Service will be erased. If an AS
Bid or Submission to Self-Provide an AS is submitted in the Real-Time Market for Spinning Reserve and Non-Spinning Reserve with only a partial Energy Bid for the AS capacity bid in, the CAISO will generate an Energy Bid for the uncovered portions. Scheduling Coordinators whose resources are subject to the must offer requirements for Ancillary Services as provided in Section 40 must also comply with the bidding requirements in Section 40.6 and the CAISO will apply the bid validation rules to generate necessary Bids consistent with that same section. As provided in Section 33.7, for Non-Dynamic System Resources the CAISO will not use the associated submitted or Generated Bid for the same Resource ID in the HASP optimization. For Generating Units with certified Regulation capacity, if there no Bid for Regulation in the Real-Time Market, but there is a Day-Ahead award for Regulation Up or Regulation Down or a submission to self-provide Regulation Up or Regulation Down, respectively, the CAISO will generate a Regulation Up or Regulation Down Bid at the default Ancillary Service Bid price of $0 up to the certified Regulation capacity for the Generating Unit minus any Regulation awarded or self-provided in the Day-Ahead. If there is a Bid for Regulation Up or Regulation Down in the Real-Time Market, the CAISO will increase the respective Bid up to the certified Regulation capacity for the Generating Unit minus any Regulation awarded or self-provided in the Day-Ahead. If a Self-Schedule amount is greater than the Regulation Limit for Regulation Up, the Regulation Up Bid will be erased.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions of Section 30.7.6.1 set forth above, the CAISO will not insert or extend any Bid for a Resource Adequacy Resource that is a Use-Limited Resource.

30.7.6.2 Treatment of Ancillary Services Bids. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

When Scheduling Coordinators bid into the Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve, and Non-Spinning Reserve markets, they may submit Bids for the same capacity into as many of these markets as desired at the same time by providing the appropriate Bid information specified in Section 30 to the CAISO. The CAISO optimization will evaluate AS Bids simultaneously with Energy Bids. In the HASP, the CAISO will not consider Energy Bids submitted in association with Ancillary Services Bids under the same Resource ID in the HASP optimization. A Scheduling Coordinator may specify that its Bid applies only the markets it desires. A Scheduling Coordinator shall also have the ability to specify different capacity prices for the Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, and Regulation markets. A
Scheduling Coordinator providing one or more Regulation Up, Regulation Down, Spinning Reserve or Non-Spinning Reserve services may not change the identification of the Generating Units offered in the Day-Ahead Market or in the Real-Time Market for such services unless specifically approved by the CAISO (except with respect to System Units, if any, in which case Scheduling Coordinators are required to identify and disclose the resource specific information for all Generating Units and Participating Loads constituting the System Unit for which Bids and Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services are submitted into the CAISO’s Day-Ahead Market and Real-Time Market.

The following principles will apply in the treatment of Ancillary Services Bids in the CAISO Markets:

(a) The CAISO Market will not differentiate between bidders for Ancillary Services and Energy other than through cost, price, effectiveness, and capability to provide the Ancillary Service or Energy, and the required locational mix of Ancillary Services;

(b) The CAISO Market will select the bidders with most cost effective Bids for Ancillary Service capacity which meet its technical requirements, including location and operating capability to minimize the costs to users of the CAISO Controlled Grid;

(c) The CAISO Market will evaluate the Day-Ahead Bids over the twenty-four (24) Settlement Periods of the following Trading Day along with Energy, taking into transmission constraints and AS Regional Limits;

(d) The CAISO Market will evaluate Bids (of System Resources and Generating Units) in the HASP and establish Ancillary Services Awards from Non-Dynamic System Resources by approximately forty (40) minutes prior to the hour of operation;

(e) The CAISO Market will establish Real-Time Ancillary Service Awards through RTUC from imports and generation internal to the CAISO Balancing Authority Area at fifteen (15) minutes intervals to the hour of operation; and
(f) The CAISO Market will procure sufficient Ancillary Services in the Day-Ahead, HASP, and Real-Time Markets to meet its forecasted requirements.

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33.7 [NOT USED] Ancillary Services in the HASP [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

After establishing the Day-Ahead Ancillary Services Awards, the CAISO will procure additional Ancillary Services needed to meet Reliability Criteria to maintain required Ancillary Services arising from changes in forecasts of Demand and resource Outages. The CAISO utilizes the HASP (for Spinning and Non-Spinning Reserve) and the RTUC to procure additional Ancillary Services needed for this purpose for the next Trading Hour. The HASP optimization will consider the optimal mix of Ancillary Services from System Resources and from Generating Units, but only the Ancillary Service from Non-Dynamic System Resources awarded in HASP are binding. These binding Ancillary Services Awards are for the full Trading Hour for which the given HASP run applies. Generating Units and System Resources designated in the HASP to provide Ancillary Services for the same Trading Hour receive non-binding advisory Ancillary Services awards because the CAISO will re-optimize the use of these Generating Units and Dynamic System Resources to provide Ancillary Services in a subsequent RTUC run, as described in Section 34.2. The CAISO settles the HASP Ancillary Services Awards for Non-Dynamic System Resources as provided in Section 11.10.1.2. All Operating Reserves procured in HASP are Contingency Only Operating Reserves, as described in Section 30.5.2.6. Scheduling Coordinators submitting Ancillary Services Bids for Non-Dynamic System Resources in the HASP must also submit an Energy Bid under the same Resource ID for the associated Ancillary Services Bid. For these Non-Dynamic System Resources, the CAISO will only use the Ancillary Services Bid in the HASP optimization and will not Schedule Energy in HASP from the Energy Bid provided under the same Resource ID as the Ancillary Services Bid. The CAISO may dispatch Energy from the Contingency Only Operating Reserves awarded to Non-Dynamic System Resources in HASP through the Real-Time Contingency Dispatch as described in Section 34.3.2.

33.8 HASP Prices for HASP Intertie Schedules. [NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]
The RTUC will produce fifteen- (15) minute LMPs for the four (4) fifteen- (15) minute RTUC intervals for the applicable Trading Hour. The fifteen- (15) minute LMPs corresponding to the Scheduling Points are then used to derive a simple average hourly price for the Settlement of hourly Intertie Schedules at each Scheduling Point. The RTUC also produces fifteen (15) minute ASMPs for the four (4) fifteen (15) minute intervals for the next Trading Hour. The CAISO uses these fifteen (15) minute ASMPs to derive an average hourly price for the Settlement of hourly HASP AS Awards. The RTUC run will also produce fifteen (15) minute Shadow Prices for each of the Intertie constraint for the four (4) fifteen (15) minute intervals for the applicable Trading Hour. These fifteen (15) minute Shadow Prices are then used to derive an average hourly price for charging hourly Intertie AS Awards providers for Congestion at the applicable intertie. HASP Intertie Schedules and HASP AS Awards are settled in accordance with Section 11.4 and 11.10.1.2, respectively.

34.2.2 Real-Time Ancillary Services Procurement. NOTE – REINSERTING LANGUAGE PREVIOUSLY DEFERRED ON 10/30/2008, DOCKET NO. ER09-213.]

If the CAISO determines that additional Ancillary Services are required, other than those procured in the DAM IFM, HASP, and the RTUC will procure Ancillary Services on a fifteen- (15)minute basis as necessary to meet reliability requirements and will determine Real-Time Ancillary Service interval ASMPs for such AS for the next Commitment Period. All Operating Reserves procured in the RTM are considered Contingency Only Operating Reserves. Any Ancillary Service awarded in RTUC will be taken as fixed for the three (3) five- (5) minute RTD intervals of its target fifteen- (15) minute interval. In the RTUC, all resources certified and capable of providing Operating Reserves that have submitted Real-Time Energy Bids shall also submit applicable Spinning or Non-Spinning Reserves Bids, respectively, depending on whether the resource is online or offline. The CAISO will utilize the RTUC to procure Operating Reserves to restore its Operating Reserve requirements in cases when: (1) Operating Reserves awarded in DAM IFM, HASP or RTUC have been dispatched to provide Energy, (2) resource(s) awarded to provide Operating Reserves in the DAM IFM, HASP or RTUC are no longer capable of providing such awarded Operating Reserves, or (3) the Operator determines that additional Operating Reserves are necessary to maintain Operating Reserves within NERC and WECC reliability standards,
including any requirements of the NRC. The CAISO will utilize the RTUC to procure additional Regulation capacity in Real-Time in cases when: (1) resource(s) awarded to provide Regulation in the DAM-IFM, HASP or RTUC are no longer capable of providing such awarded Regulation, or (2) the Operator determines that additional Regulation is necessary to maintain sufficient control consistent with NERC and WECC reliability standards, including any requirements of the NRC and Good Utility Practice. The RTUC will produce fifteen-(15) minute ASMPs for the four (4) binding fifteen-(15) minute intervals for the applicable Trading Hour. These fifteen-(15) minute ASMPs are then used for the Settlement of the fifteen (15) minute AS Awards. The RTUC run will also produce fifteen-(15) minute Shadow Prices for each of the Interties for the four (4) fifteen-(15) minute intervals for the applicable Trading Hour. These fifteen-(15) minute Shadow Prices are then used to charge for Intertie Real-Time AS Award providers for Congestion on the Interties. RTUC AS Awards are settled in accordance with 11.10.1.3.

34.3 Real-Time Dispatch. [NOTE – THE SUBSEQUENT LANGUAGE IS ADDED BECAUSE OF THE NEW DISPATCH LOGIC.]

The RTD can operate in three modes: RTED, RTCD and RTMD. The RTED uses a Security Constrained Economic Dispatch (SCED) algorithm every five (5) minutes throughout the Trading Hour to determine optimal Dispatch Instructions to balance Supply and Demand. The CAISO will use the Real-Time Economic Dispatch (RTED) under most circumstances to optimally dispatch resources based on their Bids. The RTED can be used to Dispatch Contingency Only Operating Reserves, pursuant to Section 34.8, when needed to avoid an imminent System Emergency. The Real-Time Contingency Dispatch (RTCD) can be invoked in place of the RTED when a transmission or generation contingency occurs and will include all Contingency Only Operating Reserves in the optimization. If the CAISO awards a Non-Dynamic System Resource Ancillary Services in the IFM or HASP and issues a Dispatch Instruction in the middle of the Trading Hour for Energy associated with its Ancillary Services (Operating Reserve) capacity, the CAISO will Dispatch the Non-Dynamic System Resource to operate at a constant level until the end of the Trading Hour. If the CAISO dispatches a Non-Dynamic System Resource such that the binding interval of the Dispatch is in the next Trading Hour, the CAISO will dispatch Energy from the Non-Dynamic System Resource at a constant level until the end of the next Trading Hour. The dispatched Energy will not exceed the awarded Operating Reserve capacity for the next Trading Hour and will be at a
constant level for the entire next Trading Hour. The Real Time Manual Dispatch (RTMD) will be invoked as a fall-back mechanism only when the RTED or RTCD fails to provide a feasible Dispatch. These three modes of the RTD are described in Sections 34.3.1 to 34.3.3.


Resource Adequacy Resources required to offer their Resource Adequacy Capacity in accordance with Section 40 shall be required to submit Energy Bids for: (1) all such Resource Adequacy Capacity and (2) any Ancillary Services capacity awarded or self-provided in the IFM, HASP, or Real-Time Market. In the absence of submitted Bids, as part of the validation described in 30.7, Generated Bids will be used for Resource Adequacy Resources required to offer their Resource Adequacy Capacity in accordance with Section 40. For any capacity from a Resource Adequacy Resource not required to offer Resource Adequacy Capacity in accordance with Section 40 that was awarded or is self-providing Operating Reserves capacity in the Day-Ahead IFM, Scheduling Coordinators must submit an Energy Bid for no less than the amount of awarded or self-provided Operating Reserves capacity above their Day-Ahead Schedule. Resource Adequacy Resources that are not required to offer their Resource Adequacy Capacity in accordance with Section 40 may voluntarily submit Energy Bids or Ancillary Services Bids. Submitted Energy Bids shall be subject to the maximum and minimum Bid requirements and Mitigation Measures as set forth in Section 39.

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