Key Selection Factors in Selection of Successful Project Sponsors Relating to the 2013-2014 Transmission Plan







Key Qualification Criteria and Selection Factors

Pursuant to Section 24.5.1 of the ISO's tariff, the ISO is posting its key qualification criteria and selection factors for each of the transmission facilities recommended for approval in its draft 2013-2014 Transmission Plan released on February 3, 2014 which are eligible for the ISO's competitive solicitation process.

Section 24.5.1 states:

Within 30 days after the CAISO posts the draft comprehensive Transmission Plan to its website, for each Regional Transmission Facility identified in the comprehensive Transmission Plan that is subject to competitive solicitation, the CAISO will post, for informational purposes only, those existing qualification criteria and selection factors, in addition to any binding cost containment commitments, which the CAISO believes are key for purposes of selecting an Approved Project Sponsor for the particular transmission solution, consistent with the comparative analysis described in section 24.5.4 and the project sponsor qualification and selection criteria specified in sections 24.5.3.1 and 24.5.4, respectively.

As stated in Section 24.5.1, it is important to note that these key criteria and factors are identified for the purpose of assisting Project Sponsors in the preparation of their applications and to highlight specific topics to which particular attention should be paid in the application given the importance of certain factors in connection with a particular Regional Transmission Facility. The posting of the key selection criteria is not a replacement or substitute for the qualification and selection criteria set forth in sections 24.5.3.1 and 24.5.4, and in its comparative analysis conducted in accordance with section 24.5.4, the ISO is required to comparatively assess all of the qualification and selection criteria, not just those listed as key selection criteria.

Imperial Valley Flow Control Device: back to back HVDC Converter:

This is a reliability-driven transmission solution, where the timing is critical to ensure reliability in a major portion of the ISO controlled grid. The key qualification criteria and selection factors are:

- Selection factor section 24.5.4(b) the Project Sponsor's existing rights of way and substations that would contribute to the transmission solution in question;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4(d) the proposed schedule for development and completion of the transmission solution and demonstrated ability to meet that schedule of the Project Sponsor and its team;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (f) The technical and engineering qualifications and experience of the Project Sponsor and its team;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4(j) demonstrated cost containment capability of the Project
 Sponsor and its team, specifically, binding cost control measures the Project Sponsor agrees to
 accept, including any binding agreement by the Project Sponsor and its team to accept a cost
 cap that would preclude costs for the transmission solution above the cap from being recovered
 through the CAISO's Transmission Access Charge, and, if none of the competing Project

Sponsors proposes a binding cost cap, the authority of the selected siting authority to impose binding cost caps or cost containment measures on the Project Sponsor, and its history of imposing such measures.

Please note that the parameters affecting selection of the preferred technology that will constitute the transmission element will be discussed further and subsequent steps will be as stated in the draft 2013-2014 Transmission Plan.

Dynamic reactive support at Suncrest: SVC or synchronous condenser

This is a policy-driven transmission solution, where the timing is critical to ensure viability of renewable generation resources. The key qualification criteria and selection factors are:

- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (b) the Project Sponsor's existing rights of way and substations that would contribute to the transmission solution in question;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (d) the proposed schedule for development and completion of the transmission solution and demonstrated ability to meet that schedule of the Project Sponsor and its team;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (j) demonstrated cost containment capability of the Project Sponsor and its team, specifically, binding cost control measures the Project Sponsor agrees to accept, including any binding agreement by the Project Sponsor and its team to accept a cost cap that would preclude costs for the transmission solution above the cap from being recovered through the CAISO's Transmission Access Charge, and, if none of the competing Project Sponsors proposes a binding cost cap, the authority of the selected siting authority to impose binding cost caps or cost containment measures on the Project Sponsor, and its history of imposing such measures.

Reactive support at Miguel

This is a reliability-driven transmission solution, where the timing is critical to ensure the reliable operation of the system and reliable service to load. The key qualification criteria and selection factors are:

- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (b) the Project Sponsor's existing rights of way and substations that would contribute to the transmission solution in question;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (d) the proposed schedule for development and completion of the transmission solution and demonstrated ability to meet that schedule of the Project Sponsor and its team;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4 (j) demonstrated cost containment capability of the Project Sponsor and its team, specifically, binding cost control measures the Project Sponsor agrees to accept, including any binding agreement by the Project Sponsor and its team to accept a cost

cap that would preclude costs for the transmission solution above the cap from being recovered through the CAISO's Transmission Access Charge, and, if none of the competing Project Sponsors proposes a binding cost cap, the authority of the selected siting authority to impose binding cost caps or cost containment measures on the Project Sponsor, and its history of imposing such measures.

Spring substation, Estrella substation and Wheeler Ridge substation:

These three substation projects are similar in that they are all urgently needed reliability-driven transmission solutions that are heavily integrated into and must be coordinated with existing transmission facilities as an integral part of ensuring reliable supply to local load areas.

The key qualification criteria and selection factors are:

- Qualification Factor section 24.5.3.1(a) whether the Project Sponsor has assembled a sufficiently-sized team with the manpower, equipment, knowledge and skill required to undertake the design, construction, operation and maintenance of the transmission solution;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4(c) the experience of the Project Sponsor and its team in acquiring rights of way, if necessary, that would facilitate approval and construction, and in the case of a Project Sponsor with existing rights of way, whether the Project Sponsor would incur incremental costs in connection with placing new or additional facilities associated with the transmission solution on such existing right of way;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4(d) the proposed schedule for development and completion of the transmission solution and demonstrated ability to meet that schedule of the Project Sponsor and its team;
- Selection factor section 24.5.4(j) demonstrated cost containment capability of the Project Sponsor and its team, specifically, binding cost control measures the Project Sponsor agrees to accept, including any binding agreement by the Project Sponsor and its team to accept a cost cap that would preclude costs for the transmission solution above the cap from being recovered through the CAISO's Transmission Access Charge, and, if none of the competing Project Sponsors proposes a binding cost cap, the authority of the selected siting authority to impose binding cost caps or cost containment measures on the Project Sponsor, and its history of imposing such measures.