

# **KEY STATISTICS**

### Peaks for May 2018



32,464 MW

Peak demand May 29



Demand served by renewables May 26 at 2:12 p.m.



6,835 MW

Renewables served peak May 18



Demand served by solar May 27 at 12:54 p.m.



10,634 MW

Solar peak May 28



4,808 MW

Wind peak May 19

### **Energy Imbalance Market** (as of guarter one 03/01/2018)





Q1 2018 AVOIDED CURTAILMENTS

65,860 MWh

in 1st quarter 2018

TOTAL GHG SAVINGS

**250,845** mTCO<sub>2</sub>

from avoided curtailment since 2014

# Historical stats (as of 06/14/2018)



Historical peak demand

**50,270 MW** - July 24, 2006 at 2:44 p.m.

#### PREVIOUS RECORDS

**50,116 MW** - September 1, 2017 at 3:58 p.m. 48,615 MW - August 31, 2007 at 3:27 p.m.



Renewables served demand **73.9**% - May 26, 2018 at 2:12 p.m.

#### **PREVIOUS RECORDS**

**72.7**% - April 28, 2018 at 1:25 p.m. 70.5% - February 18, 2017 at 2:09 p.m.

California Independent System Operator

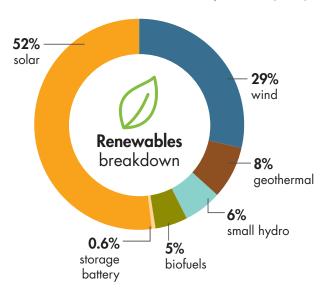


# KEY STATISTICS

#### **Demand & resources** (as of 06/01/2018)

Resource adequacy net qualifying capacity (NQC) = 55,830 MW Does not include current outages

### Installed renewable resources (as of 06/01/2018)

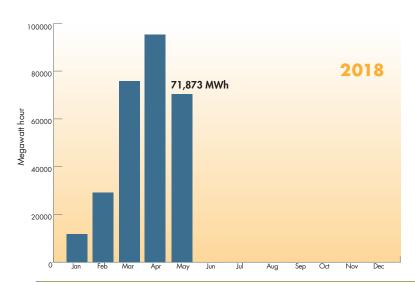


	Megawatts
🌣 Solar	11,482
⇒ Wind	6,295
Small hydro	1,238
₩ Geothermal	1,790
♣ Biofuels	1,013
Storage battery	134*
TOTAL	21,952

<u>Click here</u> for Today's Outlook

NOTE — Reporting Net Dependable Capacity only (numbers are rounded). Only fully commercial units are counted, not partials or test energy, as reported via the Master Generating File and captured in the Master Control Area Generating Capability List found on <u>OASIS</u> under "Atlas Reference".

# Key curtailment totals



# Record peaks





#### PREVIOUS SOLAR RECORD

10,723 MW - June 1, 2018 at 1:06 p.m.

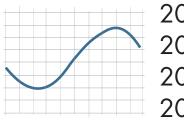
California Independent System Operator

<sup>\*</sup>Includes 20 MW of storage integrated with power plants



# KEY STATISTICS

# Annual peak demand



2016 2015 2014

2017 | **50,116 MW** 46,232 MW 47,358 MW 45,089 MW

SEPTEMBER 1, 2017, 3:58 P.M.

JULY 27, 2016, 4:51 P.M.

SEPTEMBER 10, 2015, 4:53 P.M.

SEPTEMBER 15, 2014, 4:53 P.M.

<u>Click here</u> to see historical peak demand

**2017 Energy use (NEW)** as percentage of total resources available



Natural gas = 28% Down 5% from previous year



Net imports = 21%

Down 3% from previous year



Nuclear = 10%
Slightly less from previous year



Total hydro = 15%
Up 11% from previous year



Non-hydro renewables = 24% Up 22% from previous year



Solar increased 22% and accounted for 11%



Wind increased 3% and accounted for 6%



96 Geothermal = 4%, about the same from previous year



Biofuels = 2%, a slight increase from to previous year

# Other mostly evergreen facts

- 30 million California consumers
- 1 MW serves about 750-1,000 homes
- 25,685 (or about 26,000) circuit miles of transmission
- 9,696 Pnodes (pricing nodes) (ISO & all EIM entities as of Apr. 4, 2018) ISO only Pnodes = 4,119
- Serve ~80% of California demand
- ISO serves ~33% of WECC demand
- 202 market participants
- 17 participating transmission owners
- Market transactions for 2017 = 31,208 (2016 = 29,651) daily average
- MWh of demand served for 2017 = 239M
- Total estimated wholesale cost of serving demand in 2017 = \$9.4 billion or about \$42 MWh\*
- Total estimated wholesale cost of serving demand in 2016 = \$7.4 billion or about \$34 MWh

California Independent System Operator

<sup>\*</sup>Note higher cost mostly due to higher natural gas prices. After normalizing for natural gas prices and greenhouse gas compliance costs, total wholesale energy costs decreased by about 4 percent.