

California Independent System Operator Corporation

Options for the Design and Release of Long Term Transmission Rights

Lorenzo Kristov Principal Market Architect

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Implementation Alternatives

• Focus effort on developing the preferred "endstate" design rather than the highly simplified Release 1 approach discussed on 11/9

And either ...

- 1. Implement the end-state design for CRR Year 2 (effective 1/1/09), with no new specific LT-CRR provisions for MRTU Release 1, or
- 2. Delay MRTU start-up somewhat to incorporate most of the end-state design into Release 1.



Proposed Process

- F 12/8 stakeholders submit written comments on preferred alternative
- Tu 12/19 conference call with stakeholders
- Tu 1/9/07 all-day meeting at CAISO
- Tu 1/16 conference call with stakeholders
 - Final pre-filing round of stakeholder comments



Proposed LT-CRR Framework

• Annual "Tier Zero" process for LT-CRR

- Allocation to LSEs followed by auction open to all creditworthy parties
- Prior to annual release of seasonal CRR

LT-CRR is comprised of a series of 1-year CRR obligations

- Differentiated by TOU (on-peak, off-peak)
- Requires 20 sets of nominations/bids and 20 SFTs for allocation; another 20 for auction
- "Multi-period constraint" feature could be available for CRR Year 2.



- Limit amount of grid capacity available for LT-CRR to X% for allocation, +Y% for auction
- Limit LSE nominations in allocation to X% of annual eligible quantities
 - Allocations of LT-CRR count towards eligibility for Seasonal CRR
- Open issues:
 - Should X and Y be constant over a 10-year horizon, or staggered?
 - What should be the maximum values of X and Y?



- Eligible sinks for LSE nomination must correspond to load settlement
- Open Issues: Eligible sources for LSE nomination
 - Should LSEs be free to nominate any sources they choose?
 - Should source linkage to supply arrangements be a requirement for eligibility for allocation of LT-CRR?
 - Should source linkage to supply arrangements be optional and provide a priority in allocation?



- Open issue: How would linkage to supply arrangements work?
 - Which supply arrangements qualify?
 - Ownership of supply resource?
 - Minimum contract term length?
 - Contract origination prior to a past date?
 - New contracts, or contracts starting in the future?



- Treat all CRR the same with respect to Full Funding
 - Utilize CRR Balancing Account to accumulate surplus revenues to cover revenue shortfalls
 - Open issue: Should Balancing Account include auction revenues and rollover of annual surplus?
 - Open issue: Should full funding mean zero risk for CRR holders? If so, who pays this cost? Or should any end-of-year shortfall be borne by all CRR regardless of term length?



- Open issues: Allocation of LT-CRR to LSEs serving external load
 - Should OCAL proposal for seasonal CRR be extended to LT-CRR?
 - Should OCAL be allowed to nominate imports as CRR sources to enable wheel-through to be allocated LT-CRR?



- Retain Priority Nomination Tier (PNT) in the allocation of seasonal CRR
 - Allocation of LT-CRR would count towards LSE's eligibility to nominate in the PNT
 - Open issue: Should the PNT upper bound for CRR Year 2 be increased to 66% of seasonal eligible quantity?
- Are other changes needed to the release of seasonal CRR once there are LT-CRR?



Features Available Only in Year 2

- Multi-period constraint, to allow parties to nominate or bid for equal MW quantities over multiple years
- Ability of holders of CRR to offer them for sale in auction (addressed in MRTU Tariff)
- Ability of CAISO to "fine tune" amount of grid capacity available in the auction by adding an increment above the capacity encumbered in the allocation process.



Other Issues

• Impact of withdrawal of a PTO from CAISO

- What to do about CRRs that source or sink at points no longer part of CAISO grid?
- Bilateral trades of LT-CRR
- Reassignment of LT-CRR to reflect load migration between LSEs
- Moving to greater granularity of load settlement during the term of LT-CRR
 - LSE's holdings of LT-CRR may not sink where the load is settled