

## SABP APPENDICES A-C

### APPENDIX A

#### GRID MANAGEMENT CHARGE COMPUTATION

##### **A 1 Purpose of charge**

The purpose of the Grid Management Charge is to allocate to Scheduling Coordinators the ISO's startup, development, operation and maintenance costs as set out in Section 8 of the ISO Tariff.

##### **A 2 Fundamental formulae**

##### **A 2.1 Grid Management Price**

[The Grid Management Charge is determined in accordance with Appendix F, Schedule 1 of the ISO Tariff.](#)

The grid management price (GMP) is the figure (in \$/MWh) specified in Schedule 1 of the Section 35 Cost Statement filed in accordance with Section 8.1.2 of the ISO Tariff (as amended from time to time).

##### **A 2.2 Grid Management Charge**

The Grid Management Charge for each Scheduling Coordinator j is calculated using the following formula:

$$GMC_j = GMP * QCharge_j$$

##### **A 3 Meaning of terms of formulae**

##### **A 3.1 GMC<sub>j</sub> -- \$**

The monthly Grid Management Charge for a given Scheduling Coordinator j.

##### **A 3.2 QCharge<sub>j</sub> -- MWh**

The monthly metered consumption (including Wheeling Out and Wheeling Through the ISO Control Area) for the Scheduling Coordinator j whose Grid Management Charge is being calculated.

## APPENDIX B

### GRID OPERATIONS CHARGE COMPUTATION

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#### **B 2.6 Grid Operations Charge**

The Grid Operations Charge is the vehicle by which the ISO recovers the net redispatch costs. It is allocated to each Scheduling Coordinator in proportion to the Scheduling Coordinator's [consumptionDemand](#) in the Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion and Exports from the Zone with Intra-Zonal Congestion. The formula for calculating the Grid Operations Charge for Scheduling Coordinator<sub>j</sub> in Trading Interval<sub>t</sub> is:

$$GOC_{jt} = GOP_t * (QCharge_{jt} + EXPORT_{jt})$$

#### **B 3 Meaning of terms of formulae**

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##### **B 3.14 QCHARGE<sub>jt</sub> – MWh**

The Trading Interval metered [consumptionDemand](#) within a Zone for Trading Interval<sub>t</sub> for Scheduling Coordinator<sub>j</sub> whose Grid Operations Charge is being calculated.

##### **B 3.15 EXPORT<sub>jt</sub> – MWh**

The total Energy for Trading Interval<sub>t</sub> exported from the Zone to a neighboring Control Area by Scheduling Coordinator<sub>j</sub>.

## APPENDIX C

### ANCILLARY SERVICES CHARGES COMPUTATION

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**C 2                    Fundamental formulas**

**C 2.1                ISO payments to Scheduling Coordinators**

**C 2.1.1            Day-Ahead Market**

*(a) Regulation.* When the ISO purchases Regulation capacity in the Day-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units that provide this capacity will receive payments for each Trading Interval of the Day-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit which provides Regulation capacity over a given Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Regulation capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. The required Regulation capacity is defined in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol. Regulation Up and Regulation Down payments shall be calculated separately. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Regulation Up capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCUpPayDA_{ijxt} = AGCUpQDA_{ijxt} * PAGCUpDA_{xt}$$

This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Regulation Down capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCDownPayDA_{ijxt} = AGCDownQDA_{ijxt} * PAGCDownDA_{xt}$$

The total Regulation Up payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for a given Trading Interval in the Day-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCUpPayTotalDA_{jxt} = \sum_i AGCUpPayDA_{ijxt}$$

The total Regulation Down payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for a given Trading Interval in the Day-Ahead

Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCDownPayTotalDA_{jxt} = \sum_i AGCDownPayDA_{ijxt}$$

(b) Spinning Reserve. When ISO purchases Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market. Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units [and System Resources](#) that provide this capacity will receive payments for each Trading Interval of the Day-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit [or System Resource](#) which provides Spinning Reserve capacity over a given Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Spinning Reserve capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. The required Spinning Reserve capacity is defined in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Spinning Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$SpinPayDA_{ijxt} = SpinQDA_{ijxt} * PSpinDA_{xt}$$

The total Spinning Reserve payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for a given Trading Interval in the Day-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$SpinPayTotalDA_{jxt} = \sum_i SpinPayDA_{ixt}$$

(c) Non-Spinning Reserve. When the ISO purchases Non-Spinning Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, [and Loads](#) [and System Resources](#) that provide this capacity will receive payments for each Trading Interval of the Day-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit, [or Load](#) [or System Resource](#) which provides Non-Spinning Reserve capacity over a given Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Non-Spinning Reserve capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. The required Non-Spinning Reserve capacity is defined in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Non-Spinning Reserve

capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$NonSpinPayDA_{ijxt} = NonSpinQDA_{ijxt} * PNonSpinDA_{xt}$$

The total Non-Spinning Reserve payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for a given Trading Interval in the Day-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$NonSpinPayTotalDA_{jxt} = \sum_i NonSpinPayDA_{ijxt}$$

(d) Replacement Reserve. When the ISO purchases Replacement Reserve capacity in the Day-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, [and-Loads](#) [and System Resources](#) that provide this capacity will receive payments for each Trading Interval of the Day-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit, [or-Load](#) [or System Resource](#) which provides Replacement Reserve capacity over a given Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Replacement Reserve capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. The required Replacement Reserve capacity is defined in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Replacement Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$ReplPayDA_{ijxt} = ReplQDA_{ijxt} * PReplDA_{xt}$$

The total Replacement Reserve payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for a given Trading Interval in the Day-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$ReplPayTotalDA_{jxt} = \sum_i ReplPayDA_{ijxt}$$

## C 2.1.2

### Hour-Ahead Market

(a) Regulation. When the ISO purchases Regulation capacity in the Hour-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units that provide this capacity will receive payment for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit which provides Regulation capacity over the Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Regulation capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading

Interval in that Zone. The required Regulation capacity is defined in the Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol. Regulation Up and Regulation Down payments shall be calculated separately. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Regulation Up capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCUpPayHA_{ijxt} = AGCUpQIHA_{ijxt} * PAGCUpHA_{xt}$$

This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Regulation Down capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCDownPayHA_{ijxt} = AGCDownQIHA_{ijxt} * PAGCDownHA_{xt}$$

When a Scheduling Coordinator buys back, in the Hour-Ahead Market, Regulation capacity which it sold to the ISO in the Day-Ahead Market, the payment which the ISO receives will be the total quantity of Regulation capacity bought back times the zonal Hour-Ahead Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone.

This payment to the ISO from Scheduling Coordinator j to buy back Regulation Up capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCUpReceiveHA_{ijxt} = AGCUpQDHA_{ijxt} * PAGCUpHA_{xt}$$

This payment to the ISO from Scheduling Coordinator j to buy back Regulation Down capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCDownReceiveHA_{ijxt} = AGCDownQDHA_{ijxt} * PAGCDownHA_{xt}$$

The total Regulation payment for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market to each Scheduling Coordinator for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval and then deducting therefrom any amount payable by the Scheduling Coordinator to the ISO for Regulation bought back by the Scheduling Coordinator from the ISO in the Hour-Ahead Market for the Trading Interval on behalf of resources located in the Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$AGCDownPayTotalHA_{jxt} = \sum_i AGCDownPayHA_{ijxt} - \sum_i AGCDownReceiveHA_{ijxt}$$

$$AGCUpPayTotalHA_{jxt} = \sum_i AGCUpPayHA_{ijxt} - \sum_i AGCUpReceiveHA_{ijxt}$$

(b) Spinning Reserve. When the ISO purchases Spinning Reserve capacity in the Hour-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units [and System Resources](#) that provide this capacity will receive payments for the Trading

Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit [or System Resource](#) which provides Spinning Reserve capacity over the Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Spinning Reserve capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Spinning Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$SpinPayHA_{ijxt} = SpinQIHA_{ijxt} * PSpinHA_{xt}$$

When a Scheduling Coordinator buys back in the Hour-Ahead Market Spinning Reserve capacity which it sold to the ISO in the Day-Ahead Market, the payment which the ISO receives will be the total quantity of Spinning Reserve capacity bought back times the zonal Hour-Ahead Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone.

This payment to the ISO from Scheduling Coordinator j to buy back Spinning Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$SpinReceiveHA_{ijxt} = SpinQDHA_{ijxt} * PSpinHA_{xt}$$

The total Spinning Reserve payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval and then deducting therefrom any amount payable by the Scheduling Coordinator to the ISO for Spinning Reserve bought back by the Scheduling Coordinator from the ISO in the Hour-Ahead Market for the Trading Interval on behalf of resources located in the Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$SpinPayTotalHA_{jxt} = \sum_i SpinPayHA_{ijxt} - \sum_i SpinReceiveHA_{ijxt}$$

(c) Non-Spinning Reserve. When the ISO purchases Non-Spinning Reserve capacity in the Hour-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, [and Loads](#) [and System Resources](#) that provide this capacity will receive payment for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit, [or Load](#) [or System Resource](#) which provides Non-Spinning Reserve capacity over the Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Non-Spinning Reserve capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Non-Spinning Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$NonSpinPayHA_{ijxt} = NonSpinQIHA_{ijxt} * PNonSpinHA_{xt}$$

When a Scheduling Coordinator buys back in the Hour-Ahead Market Non-Spinning Reserve capacity which it sold to the ISO in the Day-Ahead Market, the payment which the ISO receives will be the total quantity of Non-Spinning Reserve capacity bought back times the zonal Hour-Ahead Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone.

This payment to the ISO from Scheduling Coordinator j to buy back Non-Spinning Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$NonSpinReceiveHA_{ijxt} = SpinQDHA_{ijxt} * PNonSpinHA_{xt}$$

The total Non-Spinning Reserve payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval and then deducting therefrom any amount payable by the Scheduling Coordinator to the ISO for Non-Spinning Reserve bought back by the Scheduling Coordinator from the ISO in the Hour-Ahead Market for the Trading Interval on behalf of resources located in the Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$NonSpinPayTotalHA_{jxt} = \sum_i NonSpinPayHA_{ijxt} - \sum_i NonSpinReceiveHA_{ijxt}$$

(d) Replacement Reserve. When the ISO purchases Replacement Reserve capacity in the Hour-Ahead Market, Scheduling Coordinators for Generating Units, and Loads and System Resources that provide this capacity will receive payments for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market. The payment for a given Generating Unit, or Load or System Resource which provides Replacement Reserve capacity over the Trading Interval will be the total quantity of Replacement Reserve capacity provided times the zonal Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Replacement Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$ReplPayHA_{ijxt} = ReplQIHA_{ijxt} * PReplHA_{xt}$$

When a Scheduling Coordinator buys back in the Hour-Ahead Market Replacement Reserve capacity which it sold to the ISO in the Day-Ahead Market, the payment which the ISO receives will be the total quantity of Replacement Reserve capacity bought back times the zonal Hour-Ahead Market Clearing Price for that Trading Interval in that Zone.

This payment to the ISO from Scheduling Coordinator j to buy back Replacement Reserve capacity from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$ReplReceiveHA_{ijxt} = ReplQDHA_{ijxt} * PReplHA_{xt}$$

The total Replacement Reserve payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for the Trading Interval of the Hour-Ahead Market for all the resources that it represents in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval and then deducting therefrom any amount payable by the Scheduling Coordinator to the ISO for Replacement Reserve bought back by the Scheduling Coordinator from the ISO in the Hour-Ahead Market for the Trading Interval on behalf of resources located in the Zone. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$ReplPayTotalHA_{jxt} = \sum_i ReplPayHA_{ijxt} - \sum_i ReplReceiveHA_{ijxt}$$

### C 2.1.3 Real Time Market

~~Each Scheduling Coordinator will be paid for the real time instructed Energy output from Dispatched Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, and Replacement Reserve<sup>1</sup> resources which it represents at the real time Hourly Ex Post Price. Each Scheduling Coordinator will also be paid for Supplemental Energy Dispatched from resources which it represents at the same Hourly Ex Post Price. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing Energy output from a resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:~~

~~$$EnQPay_{ijxt} = EnQ_{ijxt} * P_{xt}$$~~

The total payment to each Scheduling Coordinator for real time Instructed Imbalance Energy output from all resources which it represents for a given Trading Interval in a given Zone is calculated by summing all the payments for the resources of the Scheduling Coordinator in the Zone for the Trading Interval. This payment for Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$EnQPayTotal_{jxt} = \sum_i EnQPay_{ijxt}$$

Each Scheduling Coordinator will be paid a Regulation Energy Payment Adjustment for real time incremental or decremental Energy

<sup>1</sup>—~~For Regulation, differences between instructed and metered Energy shall be settled as Imbalance Energy in accordance with Appendix G2.1.~~

provided from Regulation resources as a result of the ISO's control of those resources. The payment for Scheduling Coordinator j for providing incremental or decremental Energy from resource i in Zone x for Trading Interval t is calculated as follows:

$$REPA_{ijxt} = [(RUP_{ijxt} * CUP) + (RDN_{ijxt} * CDN)] * \max(\$20/MWh, P_{xt})$$

REPA shall not be payable unless the Generating Unit is available and capable of being controlled and monitored by the ISO Energy Management System over the full range of its Scheduled Regulation capacity for the entire Settlement Period at at least the ramp rates (increase and decrease in MW/minute) stated in its bid. In addition, the total Energy available (R<sub>UP</sub> plus R<sub>DN</sub>) may be adjusted to be only R<sub>UP</sub> or only R<sub>DN</sub>, a percentage of R<sub>UP</sub> or R<sub>DN</sub>, or the sum of R<sub>UP</sub> and R<sub>DN</sub>, depending on the needs of the ISO for each direction of Regulation service.

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#### **C 2.2.5 Real-Time Market**

- (a) The ISO will charge the costs of purchasing real-time Instructed Imbalance Energy output from Dispatched Regulation, Spinning Reserve, Non-Spinning Reserve, Replacement Reserve and Supplemental Energy resources through the Instructed Imbalance Energy settlement process.
- (b) The ISO will charge the costs of purchasing Uninstructed Imbalance Energy (including incremental and decremental Energy from Generating Units providing Regulation) through the Uninstructed Imbalance Energy settlement process.
- (c) The ISO will charge the costs of Regulation Energy Payment Adjustments as calculated in accordance with Section 2.5.27.1 of the ISO Tariff, in accordance with SABP 3.1.1(d)

#### **C 3 Meaning of terms of formulae**

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#### **C 3.20 SpinQDA<sub>ijxt</sub> – MW**

The total quantity of Spinning Reserve capacity provided in the Day-Ahead Market by resource i represented by Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x for Trading Interval t.

#### **C 3.20A REPA<sub>ijxt</sub> - \$**

The Regulation Energy Payment Adjustment payable for real time incremental or decremental Energy provided from Regulation resource i of Scheduling Coordinator j in Zone x in Trading Interval t.

**C 3.20B**      **RUP<sub>ijxt</sub> – MW**

The upward Regulation capacity of Regulation resource i in Zone x included in the Final Schedule for Ancillary Services of Scheduling Coordinator j for Trading Interval t, weighted in proportion to the ISO's need for upward Regulation.

**C3.20C**      **RDN<sub>ijxt</sub> – MW**

The downward Regulation capacity of Regulation resource i in Zone x included in the Final Schedule for Ancillary Services of Scheduling Coordinator j for Trading Interval t, weighted in proportion to the ISO's need for downward Regulation.

**C 3.20D**      **CUP – number**

The constant established by the ISO and subject to change by resolution of the ISO Governing Board. Initially this shall be set at 1. The ISO may modify the value of CUP within a range of 0-1 either generally in regard to all hours or specifically in regard to particular times of the day, after the ISO Governing Board approves such modifications, by a notice issued by the Chief Executive Officer of the ISO and posted on the ISO Internet "Home Page," at <http://www.caiso.com>, or such other Internet address as the ISO may publish from time to time, specifying the date and time from which the modification shall take effect, which shall be not less than seven (7) days after the Notice is issued.

**C 3.20E**      **CDN – number**

The constant established by the ISO and subject to change by resolution of the ISO Governing Board. Initially this shall be set at 1. The ISO may modify the value of CDN within a range of 0-1 either generally in regard to all hours or specifically in regard to particular times of the day, after the ISO Governing Board approves such modifications, by a notice issued by the Chief Executive Officer of the ISO and posted on the ISO Internet "Home Page," at <http://www.caiso.com>, or such other Internet address as the ISO may publish from time to time, specifying the date and time from which the modification shall take effect, which shall be not less than seven (7) days after the Notice is issued.

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