ISSUE #	100000	RESOLUTION	
4.	Ancillary Services Requirements Protocol: Section 4.4.1 of the ASRP, Dynamic Schedules, is ambiguous and could be interpreted to exclude parties from the	Stakeholder process - Ancillary	
	ancillary services market. BPA I at 12-13.	Service Redesign	
30.	Section 6.1.2 of the ASRP should specify when the Replacement Reserve requirement will be determined and how it will be communicated to participants.	Stakeholder process - Ancillary	
	Southern Cities I at 12.	Service Redesign	
54.	The time allowed for SCs to review Preliminary Settlement Statements (discussed in Sections 11.6.1.2 and 11.7.2) is too brief. If the ISO requires additional time to consider comments regarding Preliminary Settlement Statements, it should add time at the end of the process and not reduce the time available for SC review. <b>Southern Cities I at 20</b> .		
	Section 11.6.1 - There is not adequate time for SCs and PX participants to reconcile daily disputes and month end invoices. Review ISO calendar. <b>PG&amp;E PX comm 8/5</b> .		
	SP 3 (a) provides the ISO with broad latitude to modify its scheduling timelines. For instance, the ISO may implement "temporary" variations to the timing requirements "for reliability purposes or <u>due to error or delay caused by the ISO's inability to meet its own timing requirements</u> ." The fact that the ISO is unable to meet its own timing requirements, thus causing a "delay," by no means justifies the ISO's ability to re-write the rules, and more importantly, provides little incentive for the ISO to meet its own timing requirements. <b>ECI compliance filing protest at 27-28</b> .		
	The Ancillary Services Requirements Protocols suffer from the ISO's back-pedaling in order to justify the short-comings of the software instead of providing ground rules to foster a reasonable market for such products. SMUD's primary concern is the constant use of the reference to Zonal determination in the need for various Ancillary Services. The ISO makes no commitments to the resolution of this issue. <b>SMUD I at 24</b> .	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign	
83.	The balkanization of the Ancillary Services markets creates a situation where Ancillary Services cannot be competitively supplied across Zones and thereby potentially creates thinner, less competitive markets. <b>SMUD I at 24-25</b> .	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign	

107.	The SP and SBP should recognize that losses may be absorbed internally in a scheduling party's system. TANC I Appendix A at 1 and 5.	Stakeholder process - Metered Subsystem
	SBP 2.2.2 should recognize that losses may be absorbed internally in a scheduling party's system. TANC I, Appendix A at 5.	
118.	SBP section 2.1.1(c) should include a reference to System Units where Generating Units are referenced. TANC I Appendix A at 4.	Stakeholder process - Metered Subsystem
120.	Section 2.1.2(c) of the SBP should recognize that an MSS or other existing operating entity will be measured by net load. TANC I Appendix A at 4.	Stakeholder process - Metered Subsystem
	The provisions (sections 2.2.4.3 and 2.3.5 of the MP) prohibiting the netting of Generating Unit output and Demand should be clarified as inapplicable to an MSS. <b>TANC I Appendix A at 9.</b>	
178.	The short review period should not affect an SC's rights to challenge improper billing after the conclusion of the billing period. Sections 11.6.1.2 and 11.7.2 should be revised. <b>TANC I Appendix B at 3</b> .	Stakeholder process - Settlements Improvement Project
190.	Tariff Amendment No. 4: Opposes elimination of capacity payments for Black Start Generators. <b>DWR II at 5</b> .	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign
222.	Tariff Amendment No. 6: Guidelines to assure reasonable results for BEEP should be proposed including audit procedures. Motion to Intervene and Limited Protest of Pacific Gas and Electric Company to Amendment No. 6 to the ISO Operating Agreement and Tariff, Docket Nos. EC96-19-021 and ER96-1663-022, filed April 9, 1998, ("PG&E") at 4.	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign
223.	Tariff Amendment No. 6: The consideration of Supplemental Energy and Ancillary Services bids should undergo stakeholder review after commencement of ISO operations. <b>PG&amp;E at 5-6</b> .	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign

	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Stakeholder process - Market Redesign
	Section 2.2.14; 7.2.6; DP 4.1.2; 2.3.1.2.1; 2.5.6.2 - How does the ISO communicate with generators? How complete are 2.5.22.10 dispatch instructions"? PG&E 8/5; BPA issue #19.	
	Dispatch Protocol section 4.1.2: The provision states that the ISO will access all Ancillary Services by use of the telephone. This provision could hinder operations in the WSCC because the time necessary to make the calls in real time could exceed the time available. <b>BPA I Table 3 at 3</b> .	
	Tariff Amendment No. 6: When ISO does call on a Generating Unit, either directly or through SC, for Imbalance Energy or other resources support necessary to meet the ISO's real time requirements, the Settlement for Instructed Imbalance Energy, Tariff section 11.2.4.1.1, should apply rather than the Net Settlements for Uninstructed Imbalance Energy, Tariff section 11.2.4.1. <b>PG&amp;E at 8</b> .	Stakeholder process - Generator Roundtable
	Tariff Amendment No. 6: There needs to be close coordination between the ISO, PX and other SCs on changes affecting settlements and billing to assure that all necessary information to complete and review settlements is available, and that adequate lead time to make necessary program changes is provided after changes and FERC orders. <b>PG&amp;E at 8-9</b> .	Stakeholder process - Settlement Improvement Project
	Adequate billing and settlement information must be made available on a timely basis. Edison's August 5, 1998 Protest to the ISO's Compliance Filing at 9-11. (ER96-1663-030; EC96-19-029)	
246.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign

265.		Stakeholder process - Settlement Improvement Project
	Tariff Amendment No. 6: The latitude in use of a neutrality adjustment should only be a temporary aspect of ISO operation. CPUC at 6.	
357.	09/02/1997.	Stakeholder process - Transmission Access Charge Development
358.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign
376.		Stakeholder process - Settlement Improvement Project
	Edison: Interruptible exports should be able to provide ancillary services. Section 5.4.1 of the ISO's ASRP Protocol identifies interruptible exports as a provider of Non-Spinning Reserves. The ISO should modify its software to implement this provision because the software currently does not permit interruptible exports to provide Ancillary Services. The ISO has failed to make a commitment to correct its software deficiency. <b>September 8, 1998 Comments of Turlock Irrigation District (ER96-1663-036; EC96-19-035).</b>	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign
400.	Ancillary services should be allowed to compete with energy for the use of congested interzonal interfaces in the congestion management process. <b>TURN/UCAN</b> 8/15/98 protest in ER98-3760 at 10-11.	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign

401.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign	
413.	, i	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign	
417.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign	
418.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign	
424.		Stakeholder process - Settlement Improvement Project	
490.		Stakeholder process - Market Redesign	
545.		Stakeholder process - Access Charge	

559.	Allow imports and exports to set incremental/decremental prices at interties. The current ISO software apparently does not permit instructed deviations at	Stakeholder process - Market
	interties to set the ten minute inc. and dec. market clearing prices when there is real-time congestion. This introduces market inefficiencies because market	Redesign
	participants do not always see the true value of their transactions. For example, if there is real-time North to South congestion on the Pacific Intertie and a	
	supplier in NP-15 has a competitive inc. and a supplier at NW1 has submitted a competitive supplemental dec. bid, real-time prices should rise in NP-15 and drop	
	at NW1 based on BEEP exercising these two bids (i.e., instructed deviations). What happens today in these situations is unclear but we have never seen a real-	
	time price at an intertie point different from the zone to which the intertie point is connected. Necessarily, then, market participants are not seeing efficient prices	
	and some market participants are subsidizing other market participants. It is unclear, for example, whether this creates a bias for entities outside the control area	
	to move their transactions from day-ahead into the real-time market to avoid the consequences of congestion, or if it creates a bias in the opposite direction. The	
	ability to set unique real-time prices at interties is especially important as ancillary service imports from out of the control area increase in volume. Such capacity	
	imports will presumably expand the size of the ISO's BEEP stack and increase the probability that the ISO will encounter real-time congestion between an intertie	
	point and the zone to which the intertie point is connected. SDG&E	
583.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary
		Service Redesign
	appears that ISO will now prohibit market participants from scheduling Ancillary Services across Zones. In order to foster the development of a liquid market in	
	Ancillary Services, transfers of Ancillary Services from one Scheduling Coordinator to another across Zones should be permitted. If the ISO's software cannot	
	accomplish this, then the ISO should be required to modify its software accordingly.	
	ECI compliance filing protest at 9.	

605.	participant to both self-provide Ancillary Services and bid any remaining generation available for Ancillary Services from the same unit. Rather than a strict prohibition in the Tariff, however, this appears to be a limitation of the ISO's software. Second, the ISO prohibits Scheduling Coordinators from selling Ancillary Services to other Scheduling Coordinators inside the California ISO grid and to others outside the California ISO grid. Again, in order to promote competition in the Ancillary Services market, such Ancillary Service trades should be permitted.	Stakeholder process - Ancillary Service Redesign
606.	ECI compliance filing protest at 18-19.  ASRP 5.1.2 provides that Spinning Reserves and Regulation may be provided as separate services from the same Generating Unit. ECI supports this flexibility,	Stakeholder process - Ancillary
000.		Service Redesign
	should modify its Tariff to permit market participants to bid for multiple Ancillary Services from the same Generating Unit. ECI compliance filing protest at 19-	
	20.	
627.		Stakeholder process - Ancillary
	undue constraint on the marketplace and is another example of the ISO's software dictating the structure of the market, rather than the reverse. The ISO should	Service Redesign
	amend this provision to allow a specific resource to both bid and self-provide a specific Ancillary Service in the same Settlement Period and to make any appropriate software changes. <b>ECI compliance filing protest at 29</b> .	
628.	SP 9.2(b): The subsection provides for a Scheduling Coordinator to specify different reserve prices and different Energy prices for each Ancillary Service it bids,	Stakeholder process - Ancillary
		Service Redesign
	differentiated bids is there, the ISO software is not. As with Section SP 9.1 above, the inability of market participants to engage in such transactions in	-
	accordance with this provision results in an undue constraint on the marketplace and is another example of the ISO's software dictating the structure of the	
	market, rather than the reverse. ECI compliance filing protest at 29-30.	

654.	Section 5.7.3 of the ISO Tariff should specifically provide for compensation to Parties providing Critical Protective Systems. Metropolitan 12/1 Rehearing	Stakeholder process - Market
	Request at 18-20.	Redesign