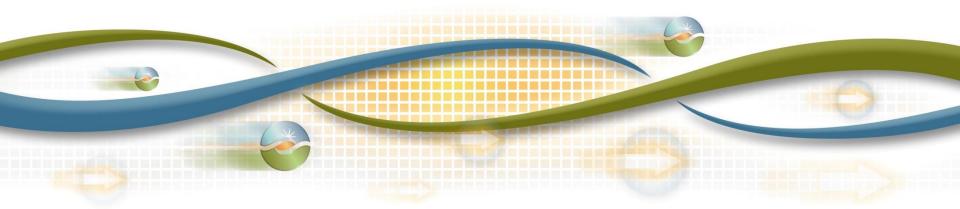


Modifications to the CRR clawback rule

Don Tretheway Sr. Advisor, Market Design and Regulatory Policy

Stakeholder Conference Call April 20, 2016

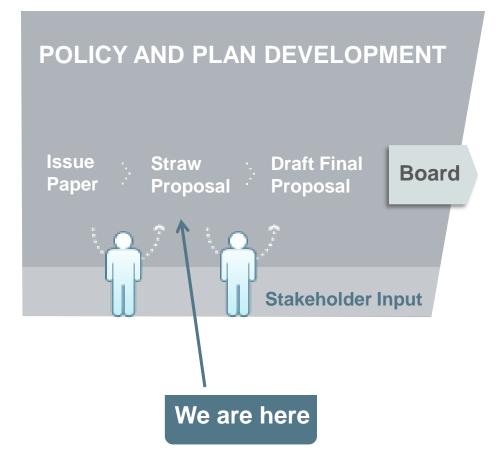


Agenda

| Time | Торіс | Presenter |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| 1:00 – 1:10 | Introduction | Kristina Osborne |
| 1:10 – 2:50 | Review Issue Paper/Straw Proposal | Don Tretheway |
| 2:50 - 3:00 | Next Steps | Kristina Osborne |



ISO Policy Initiative Stakeholder Process





FMM intertie liquidity workshop identified the following issues

- Limited generation that will sell 15-minute energy
- Difficult to include hourly transmission cost in FMM bid
 - Incremental FMM awards are not guaranteed to be the same in each 15-minute interval
 - But, up to your day-ahead schedule the transmission cost has been paid by the day-ahead settlement
- TAC and uplift charges to Exports create additional hurdle
- CRR clawback rule always applies to interties schedule changes



CRR clawback rule was implemented with convergence bidding

- If "virtual awards" result in significant CRR impact, then the CRR payments are clawed back
 - 1. Exceedance of 10% of the thermal limit of a given constraint, and
 - 2. Contribution to the shadow price is in the direction to increase the parent SC's CRR portfolio value
- Imports/Exports are considered "virtual awards"
 - To address concern of implicit virtual biddings
- Cleared convergence bids at trading hubs and load aggregation points are <u>NOT</u> considered a "virtual award"



How can bidding intertie schedules mimic a convergence bid?

- Virtual supply
 - Clear a day-ahead import
 - Bid into FMM at a high price so import does not clear
- Virtual demand
 - Clear a day-ahead export
 - Bid into FMM at a low price so export does not clear
- Don't tag your day-ahead schedule
 - HASP reversal rule created to incentivize tagging of day-ahead schedules



(1) If an intertie schedule is bid into real-time and meets the follow conditions, it is not considered a "virtual award"

- Import/export passes the HASP reversal rule test
 - E-tag supports day-ahead schedule prior to FMM
- Import bid <= day-ahead price
- Export bid >= day-ahead price
- Bid range is greater than or equal to the day-ahead schedule
 - If less than day-ahead, the difference is a "virtual award"



(2) Include convergence bids at trading hubs and LAPs when calculating the impact on CRR holdings

- Shift factor of the aggregation points can result in congestion
- There is a flow impact from aggregation points, just as there is at individual nodes
- CRR clawback rule test should treat all convergence bids in the system the same when calculating impact



Next Steps

| Item | Date |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Post Issue Paper & Straw Proposal | April 13, 2016 |
| Stakeholder Conference Call | April 20, 2016 |
| Stakeholder Comments Due | May 4, 2016 |
| Post Draft Final Proposal | May 16, 2016 |
| Stakeholder Conference Call | May 23, 2016 |
| Stakeholder Comments Due | June 3, 2016 |
| Board of Governors Decision | June 28-29, 2016 |

Please submit comments to InitiativeComments@caiso.com

