

California Independent System Operator Corporation

# **Competitive Path Assessment for Fall 2010**

#### **Department of Market Monitoring**

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# 1 Executive summary

The competitive path designations resulting from the competitive path assessment (CPA) are used to establish the set of transmission paths applied in the two market passes where local market power mitigation (LMPM) is applied. A description of the complete CPA procedure is provided in the previous white paper for initial competitive path designations.<sup>1</sup> Starting in April 2010, path designations are applied seasonally, at least four times per year. This white paper provides updated information on the CPA procedure, and the set of competitive path designations that will be in effect during the 2010 fall season (October, November, and December).

This current release of CPA results evaluates path competitiveness across three load scenarios (high, medium, and low), three hydroelectric production scenarios (high, medium, and low), and combinations of the nine largest suppliers' internal generation withdrawn from the model. The general methodology remains the same, with updates on transmission network model, candidate path list, and input data.

Results show that all candidate paths pass the test and will be deemed as competitive for purposes of local market power mitigation procedures. Non-candidate paths are deemed uncompetitive except for "grandfathered" paths (existing branch groups).

Changes in the simulation condition relative to the prior study include:

- The full network model is based on the 2010 release congestion revenue rights (CRR) model for DB47, while previous results are based on the CRR model for DB45.
- The candidate path list is updated based on 12 months of operating data from July 2009 to June 2010.

# 2 Background

Local Market Power Mitigation and Reliability Requirement Determination (LMPM-RRD) under the new market requires prior designation of network constraints (or paths)<sup>2</sup> into two classes, "competitive" and "non-competitive." Under the LMPM-RRD procedures, generation bids that are dispatched up to relieve congestion on transmission paths pre-designated as "noncompetitive" are subject to bid mitigation.<sup>3</sup> LMPM-RRD is applied in a two-step process to identify specific circumstances where local market power exists. This process occurs just prior to running the market (day-ahead or real-time) and applies mitigation to resources that have been identified as having local market power. All transmission facilities that are modeled in the FNM have a designation of "competitive" or "non-competitive." The first step of this process clears supply against forecast demand, with thermal limits enforced only on the set of competitive constraints (the Competitive Constraint Run (CCR)). This provides a benchmark dispatch that reflects competition among suppliers since only those transmission constraints deemed competitive are applied in the network model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>http://www.caiso.com/2365/23659ca314f0.pdf</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The term path is used synonymously with transmission constraints in this context, and includes all transmission constraints that are enforced in Pass 1 and Pass 2 of Pre-IFM. A path is by definition directional.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A detailed description of the LMPM-RRD procedures can be found in the tariff and Business Practice Manuals on the ISO web site at <a href="http://www.caiso.com/docs/2001/12/21/2001122108490719681.html">http://www.caiso.com/docs/2001/12/21/2001122108490719681.html</a>.

The second step applies all constraints, competitive and non-competitive, and re-dispatches all resources to meet forecast load. In this second step, the All Constraint Run (ACR), some resources will be dispatched further up (compared to the CCR) to relieve congestion on the non-competitive constraints now that they have been applied in the market solution. Those resources that have been dispatched up in the ACR relative to the competitive benchmark dispatch from the CCR are deemed to have local market power since they were needed to relieve congestion on a non-competitive constraint and will have their bid curve mitigated to their Default Energy Bid from the CCR dispatch point to the full bid-in output for that resource.

#### 2.1 Updated network model

The network model used for the competitive path assessment studies is the same as the congestion revenue rights full network model (CRR FNM). The network model used in the current CPA is the one released in late July, 2010 (DB47). This CRR FNM is a bus-branch oriented network model which is derived directly from FNM software using the CRR FNM exporting interface. This base PTI format bus-branch model was then imported into the PLEXOS simulation model for competitive path assessment effort.

#### 2.2 System conditions

#### 2.2.1 Demand forecast

The purpose of the studies is to assess the competitiveness of the candidate paths using a wide range of system supply and demand conditions. To do this, we construct three demand forecast scenarios as follows. First, actual historical load for Pacific Gas & Electric, Southern California Edison, and San Diego Gas & Electric transmission areas have been obtained from telemetry data. From this data, a seasonal ISO system-wide daily peak load duration curve is created to represent the peak load condition in that season. Four pairs of seasons/years are then selected based on seasonal peak load. Three load scenarios are then chosen for each season by selecting individual days within a season that corresponds to specific points on the daily peak hour load duration curve for that season. Currently, the high, medium, and low load scenarios are chosen based on the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile, 80<sup>th</sup> percentile, and 65<sup>th</sup> percentile, respectively, for the daily peak hour load duration curve for each season.

Table 1 shows the historical peak load for the study season since 2002. Based on the daily peak load, the season/year is selected as the representing season in the studies. Table 2 shows the three specific days selected for the high load, medium load, and low load scenarios. Table 3 shows the assumed ISO system daily peak load for various load scenarios.

| OPR_YR | SEASON | DAILY_PEAK_LOAD |
|--------|--------|-----------------|
| 2009   | FALL   | 33,541          |
| 2007   | FALL   | 34,067          |
| 2006   | FALL   | 34,218          |
| 2004   | FALL   | 34,320          |
| 2002   | FALL   | 35,168          |
| 2005   | FALL   | 35,184          |
| 2003   | FALL   | 36,480          |
| 2008   | FALL   | 41,597          |

#### Table 1. Historical seasonal peak load

#### Table 2. Selection of typical day for seasonal load scenario

| Load Scenario | Fall       |
|---------------|------------|
| High          | 12/17/2008 |
| Medium        | 10/29/2008 |
| Low           | 11/13/2008 |

#### Table 3. System daily peak load for three load scenarios (megawatts)

| Load Scenario | Fall   |
|---------------|--------|
| High          | 34,191 |
| Medium        | 32,449 |
| Low           | 31,535 |

#### 2.2.2 Hydroelectric generation

For purposes of determining bids for hydro units used in the analysis, three hydro scenarios (wet, medium, and dry) were simulated based on California's historical hydroelectric production data. Figure 1 shows the hydroelectric production level of hydroelectric resources within the ISO control area from 2002 through 2009. As shown, 2008 is a low hydroelectric production year, 2005 is a medium production year, and 2006 is a high production year.

After the low, medium and high hydro years are identified, a hydro daily production duration curve was constructed for each season and each year. The 95<sup>th</sup> percentile date was then determined in each season as the hydro scenario date for the actual 24-hour simulation. Table 4 summarizes the days identified for various load scenarios in each season.

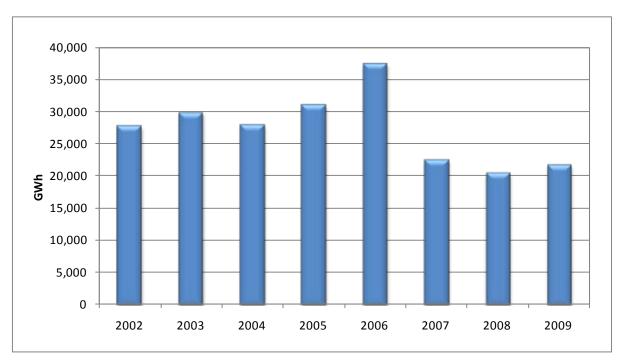


Figure 1. Annual total ISO hydroelectric production

#### Table 4. Selection of typical day for seasonal hydro scenario

| Hydro Scenario | Fall       |
|----------------|------------|
| High           | 11/30/2006 |
| Medium         | 12/26/2005 |
| Low            | 10/8/2008  |

#### 2.3 Generation ownership and portfolios

Generation resources with a tolling agreement are excluded from the owners' portfolio. A new round of tolling agreement surveys has been done in December 2009 for large generation companies and load serving entities, for the survey period between January and December 2010.

This study focuses specifically on the impact of withdrawn capacity by the nine largest owners in the ISO control area who are net sellers and have an installed generator capacity over 500 MW after consideration of tolling agreement adjustments. The CPA considers only net sellers in the selection of potentially pivotal suppliers since net buyers are less likely to benefit from increasing prices through withholding supply. The 9 largest suppliers are the same as the largest suppliers in the previous CPA.

| Supplier | Capacity |
|----------|----------|
| S1       | 4,388    |
| S2       | 2,582    |
| S3       | 1,898    |
| S4       | 1,892    |
| S5       | 1,119    |
| S6       | 1,036    |
| S7       | 713      |
| S8       | 625      |
| S9       | 552      |

# Table 5. Suppliers considered and their generation capacity concentration, adjusted for tolling agreements

#### 2.4 Identification of candidate competitive paths

In evaluating whether or not paths are competitive, the CPA focuses on the subset of all transmission paths for which this designation is most likely to impact market outcomes. The criteria for identifying candidate competitive paths (those that will be tested in this assessment), is based on the frequency of operational mitigation that has occurred in the most recent 12 months of operation.

For the fall 2010 designations, candidate paths were identified based on data for the 12 month period from July 2009 through June 2010. This represents the most recent 12 month period for which data were available at the time this study needed to be initiated.

Hours of congestion management were based on hours when congestion occurred in the dayahead or real-time market, as well as when congestion may have been managed in real time through reliability must-run (RMR) dispatches or exceptional dispatches.

- To identify hours when congestion occurred in the ISO's markets, every hour where a constraint's market flow equaled or exceeded its limit was counted as an hour of managed congestion for the constraint. A constraint was counted as being congested if it was binding during any part of an hour in the day-ahead LMPM run, day-ahead market run, real-time LMPM run, or the real-time market run.
- To identify hours when congestion on a constraint may have been managed in real-time using RMR resources, data were collected reflecting resources that received real-time RMR dispatch instructions. For any hour where an RMR dispatch was made to a specific resource, that hour was counted toward all lines that are mitigated using that RMR resource as identified in the ISO Operating Procedures. The line/resource relationships identified in the ISO Operating Procedures were used to create the specific mapping to count each hour of real-time RMR dispatch of a specific resource as an hour of operational mitigation for a specific line or path.
- To identify hours when congestion on a constraint may have been managed in real-time using exceptional dispatches, operator log entries were used to identify the reason for individual exceptional dispatches for real-time energy. In cases where the reason did not include a specific line or lines, but cited a specific transmission operating procedures, these transmission operating procedures were used to map the resource to a specific set of

transmission facilities. As with the real-time RMR dispatches, any hour where a resource was exceptionally dispatched for real-time energy was counted as an hour of operational mitigation for all lines for which that resource was identified as providing operational mitigation unless a specific subset of those lines was identified in the operator log for that particular exceptional dispatch.

Each hour during which this analysis indicated congestion occurred (a) in the market or may have been managed in real-time via (b) an RMR dispatch or (c) exceptional dispatch (or any combination of the three categories) was counted as one hour of congestion for the constraint.

Table 6 shows intra-zonal interfaces and individual transmission lines that had greater than 500 hours of congestions and consequently have been identified as candidate paths.

| CONSTRAINT_NAME   | HOUR |
|---|------|
| HUMBOLDT_BG   | 1730 |
| 31461_JESSTAP_115_31464_COTWDPGE_115_BR_1_1   | 1419 |
| 31452_TRINITY_115_31461_JESSTAP_115_BR_1_1  | 1419 |
| 31450_WILDWOOD_115_31464_COTWDPGE_115_BR_1_1  | 1389 |
| 31450_WILDWOOD_115_31011_FRSTGLEN_115_BR_1_1  | 1389 |
| 31010_LOWGAP1_115_31015_BRDGVLLE_115_BR_1_1   | 1389 |
| 31011_FRSTGLEN_115_31010_LOWGAP1_115_BR_1_1   | 1389 |
| 31580_CASCADE_60.0_31582_STLLWATR_60.0_BR_1_1   | 1377 |
| 31566_KESWICK_60.0_31582_STLLWATR_60.0_BR_1_1   | 1377 |
| 31092 MPLECRK 60.0 31093 HYMPOMJT 60.0 BR 1 1   | 1317 |
| 31556 TRINITY 60.0 31555 MSSTAP2 60.0 BR 1 1  | 1317 |
| 31555 MSSTAP2 60.0 31553 BIGBAR 60.0 BR 1 1   | 1317 |
| 31555_MSSTAP2_60.0_31557_MILSTSTA_60.0_BR_1_1   | 1317 |
| 31000_HUMBOLDT_115_31452_TRINITY_115_BR_1_1   | 1317 |
| 31093 HYMPOMJT 60.0 31553 BIGBAR 60.0 BR 1 1  | 1317 |
| 31000 HUMBOLDT 115 31001 HMBLTTM 1.0 XF 1   | 1309 |
| 31114 FRTSWRD 60.0 31116 GRBRVLLE 60.0 BR 1 1   | 1305 |
| 31112 FRUITLND 60.0 31114 FRTSWRD 60.0 BR 1 1   | 1305 |
| 31080 HUMBOLDT 60.0 31092 MPLECRK 60.0 BR 1 1   | 1305 |
| 31110 BRDGVLLE 60.0 31112 FRUITLND 60.0 BR 1 1  | 1305 |
| 31118 KEKAWAKA 60.0 31308 LYTNVLLE 60.0 BR 1 1  | 1305 |
| 31306 WILLITS 60.0 31308 LYTNVLLE 60.0 BR 1 1   | 1305 |
| 31080 HUMBOLDT 60.0 31001 HMBLTTM 1.0 XF 1  | 1305 |
| 31000 HUMBOLDT 115 31015 BRDGVLLE 115 BR 1 1  | 1305 |
| 31080 HUMBOLDT 60.0 31000 HUMBOLDT 115 XF 2   | 1305 |
| 31116 GRBRVLLE 60.0 31118 KEKAWAKA 60.0 BR 1 1  | 1305 |
| 33912_SPRNGGJ_115_33914_MI-WUK_115_BR_1_1   | 1216 |
| 30325 PALERMO 230 30327 COLGATE 230 BR 1 1  | 920  |
| 30325 PALERMO 230 30327 COLGATE 230 BR 1A 1   | 920  |
| 32308 COLGATE 60.0 30327 COLGATE 230 XF 3   | 879  |
|   | 8/3  |
| 30300_TABLMTN_230_30325_PALERMO_230_BR_1_1<br>31656 PALERMO 60.0 31658 BANGOR 60.0 BR 1 1 | 789  |
| 31658 BANGOR 60.0 32308 COLGATE 60.0 BR 1 1   | 789  |
| 30460 VACA-DIX 230 30478 LAMBIE 230 BR 1 1  |      |
|   | 785  |
| 38610_DELTAPMP_230_30580_ALTMMDW_230_BR_1_1   | 783  |
| 30460_VACA-DIX_230_30478_LAMBIE_230_BR_1A_1   | 783  |
| 30569_KELSO_230_30570_USWP-RLF_230_BR_1_1   | 783  |
| 30570_USWP-RLF_230_30625_TESLAD_230_BR_1_1  | 783  |
| 30580_ALTMMDW_230_30625_TESLAD_230_BR_1_1   | 783  |
| SCE_PCT_IMP_BG  | 763  |
| 30472_PEABODY_230_30529_BRDSLDNG_230_BR_1A_1  | 740  |
| 30472_PEABODY_230_30529_BRDSLDNG_230_BR_1_1   | 740  |
| IVALLYBANK_XFBG   | 709  |
| 33206_BAYSHOR1_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_1_1   | 686  |
| 33203_MISSON_115_33204_POTRERO_115_BR_1_1   | 659  |
| 32316_YUBAGOLD_60.0_32318_BRWNSVY_60.0_BR_1_1   | 633  |
| 32314_SMRTSVLE_60.0_32316_YUBAGOLD_60.0_BR_1_1  | 633  |
| 30300_TABLMTN_230_30066_TBMT1M_1.0_XF_1   | 633  |
| 32318_BRWNSVY_60.0_32320_MRYSVLLE_60.0_BR_1_1   | 633  |
| 99102_PIT-TES1_230_30567_TESJCT_230_BR_1_2  | 582  |
| 30567_TESJCT_230_30700_SANMATEO_230_BR_1_1  | 582  |
| 32212 E.NICOLS 115 32214 RIOOSO 115 BR 1 1  | 560  |

| Table 6. Candidate path list | Table 6. | Candidate | path | list |
|------------------------------|----------|-----------|------|------|
|------------------------------|----------|-----------|------|------|

| CONSTRAINT_NAME                              | HOUR |
|--|------|
| 33204_POTRERO_115_33206_BAYSHOR1_115_BR_1_1  | 558  |
| 33207_BAYSHOR2_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_2_1  | 553  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_33315_RAVENSWD_115_BR_1_1 | 552  |
| 33200 LARKIN 115 33204 POTRERO 115 BR 2 1    | 552  |
| 33204_POTRERO_115_33207_BAYSHOR2_115_BR_2_1  | 552  |
| SDGEIMP BG                                   | 545  |
| 30703 RAVENSWD 230 30700 SANMATEO 230 BR 1 1 | 544  |
| 30705_MONTAVIS_230_30712_SLACTAP2_230_BR_2_1 | 544  |
| 30712 SLACTAP2 230 30715 JEFFERSN 230 BR 2 1 | 544  |
| 30703 RAVENSWD 230 30700 SANMATEO 230 BR 2 1 | 544  |
| 30705 MONTAVIS 230 30710 SLACTAP1 230 BR 1 1 | 544  |
| 30710 SLACTAP1 230 30715 JEFFERSN 230 BR 1 1 | 544  |
|  | 540  |
| 30875_MCCALL_230_30880_HENTAP2_230_BR_1_1    |      |
| SDGE_CFEIMP_BG                               | 534  |
| 33208_MARTINC_115_30695_MARTINC_230_XF_7     | 529  |
| 33205_HNTRSPT_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_1_1   | 528  |
| 30015_TABLEMT_500_30040_TESLA_500_BR_1_3     | 526  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_7_S | 524  |
| 33208_MARTINC_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_3_1  | 523  |
| 99106_SAN-MAR1_230_99104_MAR-SAN1_230_BR_1_3 | 523  |
| 30685_EMBRCDR_230_99158_MAR-EMBD_230_BR_2_1  | 522  |
| 30685_EMBRCDR_230_99160_MAR-EMBE_230_BR_1_1  | 522  |
| 33200_LARKIN_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_1_1    | 522  |
| 33204_POTRERO_115_33205_HNTRSPT_115_BR_1_1   | 522  |
| 33205_HNTRSPT_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_3_1   | 522  |
| 33208_MARTINC_115_33303_ESTGRND_115_BR_2_1   | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_33312_BELMONT_115_BR_1_1  | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_5_T | 522  |
| 30560_E.SHORE_230_30700_SANMATEO_230_BR_1_1  | 522  |
| 33310 SANMATEO 115 30700 SANMATEO 230 XF 5 S | 522  |
| 33208 MARTINC 115 33322 UALTAP 115 BR 5 1    | 522  |
| 33322 UALTAP 115 33306 SFIA 115 BR 5 1       | 522  |
|  | 522  |
| 33208_MARTINC_115_30695_MARTINC_230_XF_8     | 522  |
| 33307 MILLBRAE 115 33310 SANMATEO 115 BR 1 1 | 522  |
| 33310 SANMATEO 115 30700 SANMATEO 230 XF 5 P | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_6_T | 522  |
| 33208_MARTINC_115_33307_MILLBRAE_115_BR_1_1  | 522  |
| 30717 TRAN230B 230 99170 MAR-JEF1 230 BR 1 1 | 522  |
| 3310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_6_S  |      |
|  | 522  |
| 33356_BURLNGME_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_4_1 | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_33305_SHAWROAD_115_BR_6_1 | 522  |
| 33305_SHAWROAD_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_6_1  | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_7_T | 522  |
| 33203_MISSON_115_33205_HNTRSPT_115_BR_2_1    | 522  |
| 33306_SFIA_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_5_1     | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_33308_SFIA-MA_115_BR_2_1  | 522  |
| 33308_SFIA-MA_115_33303_ESTGRND_115_BR_2_1   | 522  |
| 33200_LARKIN_115_33203_MISSON_115_BR_1_1     | 522  |
| 33200_LARKIN_115_33204_POTRERO_115_BR_1_1    | 522  |
| 33203_MISSON_115_33205_HNTRSPT_115_BR_1_1    | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_6_P | 522  |
| 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_7_P | 522  |
| 24074_LAFRESA_230_24065_HINSON_230_BR_1_1    | 500  |

## 3 Competitive path assessment

As described above, the CPA is based on typical days in the season being examined. For each typical day, various potentially pivotal supplier combinations are evaluated for each of the nine load and hydro scenarios. The following section presents the hourly system conditions for the base case, medium load, and medium hydro scenario in the spring without any suppliers' capacity removed.

#### 3.1 2010 fall season results

#### 3.1.1 Base case results

The base case results for fall are presented in Table 7 below for medium load, medium hydro, and no supplier capacity withdrawn. General simulation characteristics are presented, including load, total generation internal to the ISO, net import values,<sup>4</sup> and internal path flows (Path 15 and Path 26) for each of the 24 hours of the fall medium load medium hydro base case.

#### 3.1.2 CPA results

All candidate paths pass under fall conditions, and are therefore deemed competitive for the 2010 fall season.

All of the candidate paths examined in the CPA passed under fall conditions, and are therefore deemed competitive for the 2010 fall season.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The net imports into NP26 are calculated as the net intertie from Cascade and Malin. The net imports in the SP26 are calculated as the sum of NOB, BLYTHE, ELDORADO, Four Corner, .MCCLUG, MEAD, Palo Verde, Merchant, Parker, and TJUANA.

|      | Load ( | MWh)   | Generation (MWh) |        | Net Import (MWh) |       | Internal Path Flow (N->S) |         |
|------|--------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|-------|---------------------------|---------|
| Hour | NP26   | SP26   | NP26             | SP26   | NP26             | SP26  | Path 15                   | Path 26 |
| 1    | 10,131 | 12,089 | 11,437           | 7,706  | -100             | 4,239 | -2,482                    | 682     |
| 2    | 10,138 | 11,552 | 11,455           | 7,756  | -891             | 4,232 | -3,206                    | 4       |
| 3    | 9,995  | 11,279 | 11,419           | 6,979  | -648             | 4,349 | -2,783                    | 365     |
| 4    | 10,046 | 11,243 | 11,573           | 7,720  | -891             | 3,711 | -2,948                    | 225     |
| 5    | 10,327 | 11,647 | 11,969           | 7,857  | -891             | 3,879 | -2,859                    | 325     |
| 6    | 11,237 | 12,666 | 13,218           | 7,789  | -998             | 4,792 | -2,658                    | 499     |
| 7    | 12,413 | 14,062 | 14,227           | 9,191  | -846             | 4,434 | -2,692                    | 711     |
| 8    | 12,818 | 14,336 | 14,598           | 9,238  | -306             | 4,324 | -2,338                    | 1,153   |
| 9    | 13,030 | 15,292 | 14,858           | 9,647  | -251             | 4,293 | -2,788                    | 1,430   |
| 10   | 12,904 | 16,252 | 15,022           | 9,880  | -1               | 4,405 | -2,253                    | 2,020   |
| 11   | 12,758 | 17,146 | 15,099           | 10,010 | 399              | 4,826 | -1,712                    | 2,487   |
| 12   | 12,784 | 17,749 | 13,543           | 11,525 | 261              | 5,665 | -3,644                    | 811     |
| 13   | 13,161 | 18,320 | 13,981           | 12,240 | -1               | 5,679 | -3,794                    | 652     |
| 14   | 13,278 | 18,907 | 13,934           | 12,368 | 494              | 5,905 | -3,586                    | 886     |
| 15   | 13,008 | 19,201 | 14,378           | 12,439 | -106             | 5,961 | -3,418                    | 1,053   |
| 16   | 12,962 | 19,198 | 14,131           | 12,437 | 301              | 5,699 | -3,185                    | 1,288   |
| 17   | 12,899 | 18,608 | 15,934           | 10,793 | 340              | 4,745 | -803                      | 3,296   |
| 18   | 13,028 | 18,002 | 15,451           | 9,849  | 801              | 5,049 | -949                      | 3,055   |
| 19   | 13,870 | 18,579 | 14,840           | 10,858 | 1,446            | 5,415 | -2,146                    | 2,207   |
| 20   | 13,629 | 17,838 | 15,035           | 10,159 | 1,251            | 5,128 | -1,417                    | 2,465   |
| 21   | 13,011 | 16,859 | 14,378           | 9,772  | 695              | 5,196 | -1,380                    | 1,880   |
| 22   | 11,960 | 15,351 | 13,453           | 9,336  | 125              | 4,756 | -1,873                    | 1,436   |
| 23   | 11,223 | 13,823 | 12,134           | 8,352  | -117             | 5,075 | -2,018                    | 573     |
| 24   | 10,639 | 12,760 | 11,340           | 7,886  | -194             | 4,756 | -2,303                    | 296     |

# Table 7. Base case: Model output for fall, medium hydro, medium load, and<br/>no supply withdrawn

| CONSTRAINT_NAME  | CONSTRAINT_NAME   |
|--|---|
| 24074_LAFRESA_230_24065_HINSON_230_BR_1_1  | 32308_COLGATE_60.0_30327_COLGATE_230_XF_3   |
| 30015_TABLEMT_500_30040_TESLA_500_BR_1_3   | 32314_SMRTSVLE_60.0_32316_YUBAGOLD_60.0_BR_1_1  |
| 30300_TABLMTN_230_30066_TBMT1M_1.0_XF_1  | 32316_YUBAGOLD_60.0_32318_BRWNSVY_60.0_BR_1_1   |
| 30300_TABLMTN_230_30325_PALERMO_230_BR_1_1   | 32318_BRWNSVY_60.0_32320_MRYSVLLE_60.0_BR_1_1   |
| 30325_PALERMO_230_30327_COLGATE_230_BR_1_1   | 33200_LARKIN_115_33203_MISSON_115_BR_1_1  |
| 30325_PALERMO_230_30327_COLGATE_230_BR_1A_1  | 33200_LARKIN_115_33204_POTRERO_115_BR_1_1   |
| 30460_VACA-DIX_230_30478_LAMBIE_230_BR_1_1   | 33200_LARKIN_115_33204_POTRERO_115_BR_2_1   |
| 30460 VACA-DIX 230 30478 LAMBIE 230 BR 1A 1  | 33200 LARKIN 115 33208 MARTINC 115 BR 1 1   |
| 30472_PEABODY_230_30529_BRDSLDNG_230_BR_1_1  | 33203_MISSON_115_33204_POTRERO_115_BR_1_1   |
| 30472_PEABODY_230_30529_BRDSLDNG_230_BR_1A_1   | 33203_MISSON_115_33205_HNTRSPT_115_BR_1_1   |
| 30560_E.SHORE_230_30700_SANMATEO_230_BR_1_1  | 33203_MISSON_115_33205_HNTRSPT_115_BR_2_1   |
| 30567_TESJCT_230_30700_SANMATEO_230_BR_1_1   | 33204_POTRERO_115_33205_HNTRSPT_115_BR_1_1  |
| 30569_KELSO_230_30570_USWP-RLF_230_BR_1_1  | 33204_POTRERO_115_33206_BAYSHOR1_115_BR_1_1   |
| 30570_USWP-RLF_230_30625_TESLAD_230_BR_1_1   | 33204 POTRERO 115 33207 BAYSHOR2 115 BR 2 1   |
| 30580_ALTMMDW_230_30625_TESLAD_230_BR_1_1  | 33205_HNTRSPT_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_1_1  |
| 30685_EMBRCDR_230_99158_MAR-EMBD_230_BR_2_1  | 33205_HNTRSPT_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_3_1  |
| 30685_EMBRCDR_230_99160_MAR-EMBE_230_BR_1_1  | 33206_BAYSHOR1_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_1_1   |
| 30703_RAVENSWD_230_30700_SANMATEO_230_BR_1_1   | 33207_BAYSHOR2_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_2_1   |
| 30703_RAVENSWD_230_30700_SANMATEO_230_BR_2_1   | 33208_MARTINC_115_30695_MARTINC_230_XF_7  |
| 30705_MONTAVIS_230_30710_SLACTAP1_230_BR_1_1   | 33208_MARTINC_115_30695_MARTINC_230_XF_8  |
| 30705_MONTAVIS_230_30712_SLACTAP2_230_BR_2_1   | 33208_MARTINC_115_33303_ESTGRND_115_BR_2_1  |
| 30710_SLACTAP1_230_30715_JEFFERSN_230_BR_1_1   | 33208_MARTINC_115_33307_MILLBRAE_115_BR_1_1   |
| 30712_SLACTAP2_230_30715_JEFFERSN_230_BR_2_1   | 33208_MARTINC_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_3_1   |
| 30717_TRAN230B_230_99170_MAR-JEF1_230_BR_1_1   | 33208_MARTINC_115_33322_UALTAP_115_BR_5_1   |
| 30875_MCCALL_230_30880_HENTAP2_230_BR_1_1  | 33208_MARTINC_115_33356_BURLNGME_115_BR_4_1   |
| 31000_HUMBOLDT_115_31001_HMBLTTM_1.0_XF_1  | 33305_SHAWROAD_115_33208_MARTINC_115_BR_6_1   |
| 31000_HUMBOLDT_115_31015_BRDGVLLE_115_BR_1_1   | 33306_SFIA_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_5_1  |
| 31000_HUMBOLDT_115_31452_TRINITY_115_BR_1_1  | 33307_MILLBRAE_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_1_1  |
| 31010_LOWGAP1_115_31015_BRDGVLLE_115_BR_1_1  | 33308_SFIA-MA_115_33303_ESTGRND_115_BR_2_1  |
| 31011_FRSTGLEN_115_31010_LOWGAP1_115_BR_1_1  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_5_P  |
| 31080_HUMBOLDT_60.0_31000_HUMBOLDT_115_XF_2  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_5_S  |
| 31080_HUMBOLDT_60.0_31001_HMBLTTM_1.0_XF_1   | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_5_T  |
| 31080_HUMBOLDT_60.0_31092_MPLECRK_60.0_BR_1_1  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_6_P  |
| 31092_MPLECRK_60.0_31093_HYMPOMJT_60.0_BR_1_1  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_6_S  |
| 31093_HYMPOMJT_60.0_31553_BIGBAR_60.0_BR_1_1   | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_6_T  |
| 31110_BRDGVLLE_60.0_31112_FRUITLND_60.0_BR_1_1   | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_7_P  |
| 31112_FRUITLND_60.0_31114_FRTSWRD_60.0_BR_1_1  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_7_S  |
| 31114_FRTSWRD_60.0_31116_GRBRVLLE_60.0_BR_1_1  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_30700_SANMATEO_230_XF_7_T  |
| 31116_GRBRVLLE_60.0_31118_KEKAWAKA_60.0_BR_1_1   | 33310_SANMATEO_115_33305_SHAWROAD_115_BR_6_1  |
| 31118_KEKAWAKA_60.0_31308_LYTNVLLE_60.0_BR_1_1   | 33310_SANMATEO_115_33308_SFIA-MA_115_BR_2_1   |
| 31306_WILLITS_60.0_31308_LYTNVLLE_60.0_BR_1_1  | 33310_SANMATEO_115_33312_BELMONT_115_BR_1_1   |
| 31450_WILDWOOD_115_31011_FRSTGLEN_115_BR_1_1   | 33310_SANMATEO_115_33315_RAVENSWD_115_BR_1_1  |
| 31450_WILDWOOD_115_31464_COTWDPGE_115_BR_1_1   | 33322_UALTAP_115_33306_SFIA_115_BR_5_1  |
| 31452_TRINITY_115_31461_JESSTAP_115_BR_1_1   | 33356_BURLNGME_115_33310_SANMATEO_115_BR_4_1  |
| 31461_JESSTAP_115_31464_COTWDPGE_115_BR_1_1<br>31555_MSSTAP2_60.0_31553_BIGBAR_60.0_BR_1_1   | 33912_SPRNGGJ_115_33914_MI-WUK_115_BR_1_1<br>38610_DELTAPMP_230_30580_ALTMMDW_230_BR_1_1  |
| 31555 MSSTAP2_00.0_31555_DIGBAR_00.0_BR_1_1<br>31555 MSSTAP2 60.0 31557 MILSTSTA 60.0 BR 1 1 | 99102 PIT-TES1 230 30567 TESJCT 230 BR 1 2  |
| 31556_TRINITY_60.0_31555_MSSTAP2_60.0_BR_1_1   | 99102_F111ES1_230_30507_1E33C1_230_BR_1_2<br>99106_SAN-MAR1_230_99104_MAR-SAN1_230_BR_1_3 |
| 31566_KESWICK_60.0_31582_STLLWATR_60.0_BR_1_1  | HUMBOLDT_BG   |
| 31580_CASCADE_60.0_31582_STLLWATR_60.0_BR_1_1  | IVALLYBANK XFBG   |
| 31656_PALERMO_60.0_31658_BANGOR_60.0_BR_1_1  | SCE_PCT_IMP_BG  |
| 31658_BANGOR_60.0_32308_COLGATE_60.0_BR_1_1  | SDGE CFEIMP BG  |
| 32212_E.NICOLS_115_32214_RIOOSO_115_BR_1_1   | SDGELOFEIMF_BG  |
|  |   |

### Table 8. Competitive path list

# 4 Concluding comments

The simulation results and competitive test outcomes presented in this paper represent the competitive path designations that will be incorporated in the market software for fall 2010. These designations reflect updates introduced in the last version of the CPA, updated input data and network model, as well as adjustments to supplier portfolios to account for transfer of operational and bidding control of generation resources within the ISO control area.

Incorporating results from the season studied, all candidate paths passed the competitiveness test. Note that there are a total of roughly 4,800 individual line segments in the FNM and several aggregated constraints, and 106 of these were included in the testing as candidate paths.

There are still factors that may require periodic review and update of the CPA. Such factors include:

- **Update of full network model.** The FNM is updated periodically to reflect new transmission facilities, adjustments of major transmission limits, seasonal switching, and other factors. Temporary network changes such as outages may have a significant impact on market congestion.
- **Market clearing model and optimization**. Currently the CPA is done by a simulation tool different from the market software. To further align the simulations used for path designations with the actual market model and software, developing the CPA within a simulation tool that more closely reflects the market software will be reviewed.
- Impact of relatively small generation owners. The 3-pivotal supplier tests are computationally intensive, and there are an extremely large number of potential combinations of suppliers that could withdraw. It impractical to simulate all potential combinations for all suppliers. The reason for the threshold of 500 MW is to identify larger suppliers that can more easily influence market prices. However, there may be cases where, in a relatively small congested area, a small generation owner whose generation capacity is less than the selection threshold may be pivotal to relieve the constraint. While this analysis does not consider such cases, the Department of Market Monitoring has developed tools to analyze the effectiveness of LMPM in local areas and will monitor market outcomes for the purpose of detecting potentially uncompetitive circumstances in local areas. In cases where uncompetitive outcomes are observed and the competitive path designations for that area do not appear to be consistent with the market outcomes, DMM will evaluate both the path designations as well as the application of LMPM in that area.