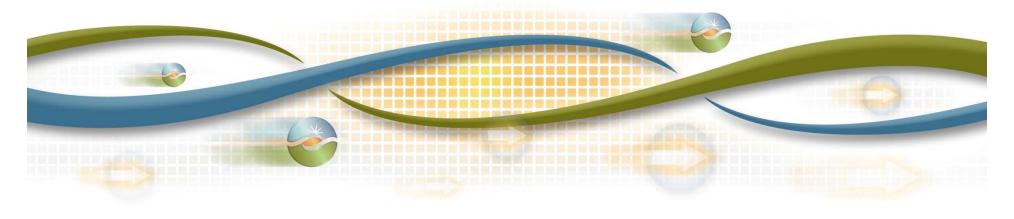


#### Decision on the 2014-2015 Transmission Plan

Neil Millar Executive Director, Infrastructure Development

Board of Governors Meeting General Session March 26-27, 2015

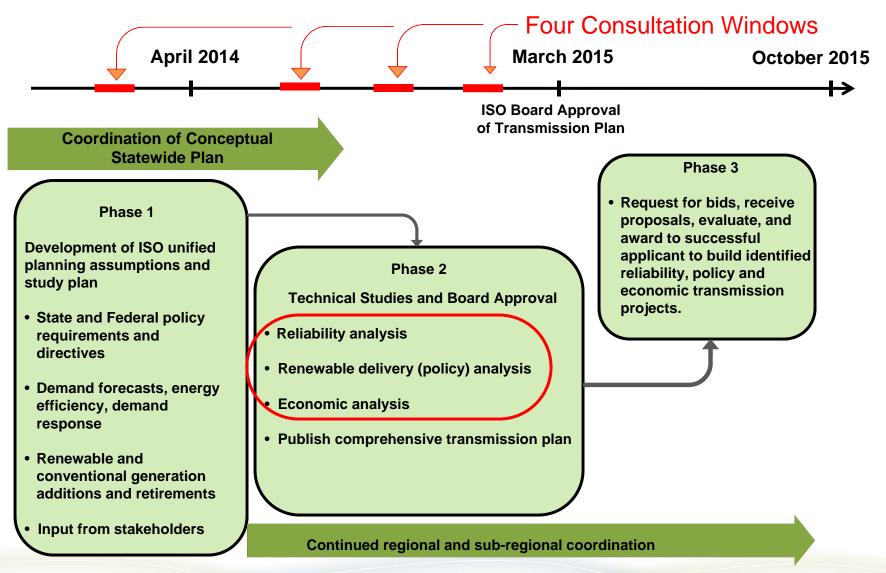


# Approving the plan means approving determinations and recommendations contained in the plan.

- Eight transmission projects:
  - 2 new reliability projects each of which is over \$50 million
  - no policy driven projects
  - 1 economically driven project
  - 5 new reliability projects less than \$50 million are described in the plan that have been previously approved by Management

No regional transmission solutions found to be needed are eligible for competitive solicitation

### The 2014-2015 Transmission Planning Process



The new reliability needs are reduced from prior cycles.

\$ millions

	2010-11		2011-12		2012-13		2013-14		2014-15	
	#	Cost	#	Cost	#	Cost	#	Cost	#	Cost
PG&E	23	\$683	22	\$610	31	\$1,168	15	\$536.4	2	\$254
SCE.	0	\$0	3	\$25	0	0	2	\$712.0	1	<b>\$</b> 5
SDG&E	9	\$515	5	\$56	5	\$175	11	\$584.0	4	\$93
VEA							1	0.1	0	0
Totals	32	\$1,198	30	\$691	36	\$1,343	29	\$1,832.5	7	\$352

# Management is recommending approval of 2 reliability driven projects more than \$50 million.

No.	Project Name	Project Cost	
1	<ul> <li>North East Kern 70 to 115 kV Voltage Conversion to improve local area reliability – thermal area overloads:</li> <li>Converting two existing 70 kV circuits in the area to 115 kV</li> <li>Reconductoring an existing 115 kV line with larger conductor</li> <li>Upgrading an existing substation to breaker-and-a-half configuration.</li> </ul>	\$85-125M	
2	<ul> <li>Martin 230 kV Bus Extension Project:</li> <li>Reconfiguring the existing 230 kV transmission terminating at Martin to provide one 230 kV path bypassing the Martin substation.</li> <li>Support PG&amp;E modernization of 230 kV buses and 115 kV cables inside the Peninsula – capital maintenance which does not require ISO approval (cost not shown)</li> </ul>	\$85-129M	



## Five of the seven reliability-driven projects are less than \$50 million.

- These projects were reviewed individually at the November 19-20 stakeholder meeting
- Management's approval took effect after the December 17-18 Board of Governors meeting

No.	Project Name		
1	2nd Pomerado - Poway 69kV Circuit		
2	Mission-Penasquitos 230 kV Circuit		
3	Reconductor TL692: Japanese Mesa - Las Pulgas		
4	TL632 Granite Loop-In and TL6914 Reconfiguration		
5	Laguna Bell Corridor Upgrade		



# The LA Basin/San Diego area was studied to determine the effectiveness of previously approved mitigations.

- No resource deficiencies were identified <u>if</u> all authorized resources, all approved transmission solutions, and all forecast demand side preferred resources materialize
- Resource deficiencies exist in studying contingency conditions if any of the above fail to materialize
- Transmission mitigations were studied for informational purposes in case they are needed in the future:
  - involve challenging rights of way and lengthy permitting and construction timelines
  - other short term mitigations plans would need to be considered

# The ISO's policy-driven analysis focused on the 33% Renewables Portfolio Standard and further study of the Imperial area.

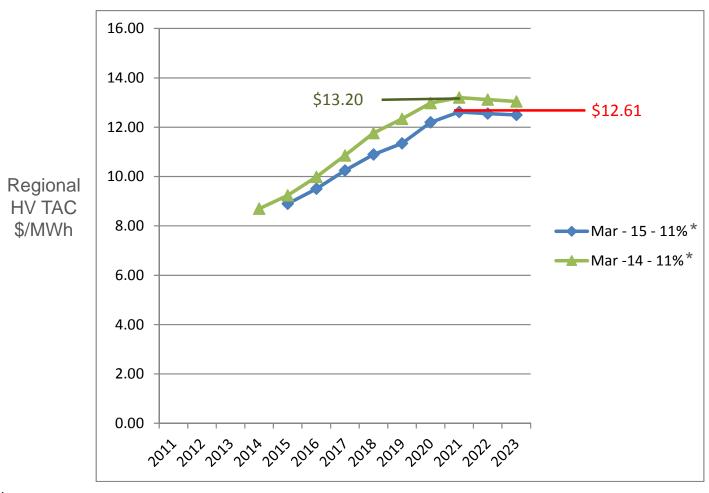
- No policy-driven requirements were identified to achieve the 33%
- Forecast deliverability from the Imperial area restored to pre-SONGS-retirement levels:
  - Enables more that 1700 MW of new generation to receive deliverability
  - After taking into account projects already moving forward, approximately 500 to 750 MW is available for additional generation.

# Economic driven solutions were also explored in the planning process focusing on areas of congestion.

- Consistent with past findings, most congestion was not sufficient to warrant capital upgrades
- Lodi-Eight Mile 230 kV line reconductoring was identified as economically driven:
  - \$7 million capital cost
  - Economic benefits from alleviating thermal generation congestion
  - Benefit to cost ratio of greater than 4 to 1
- Management is continuing its review of the Buck-Colorado River-Julian Hinds proposal



# The regional high voltage transmission access charge has been projected based on the recommended plan.



<sup>\*</sup> Existing returns are maintained for existing PTO rate base, and 11% return on equity is assumed for new transmission capital.



### Stakeholder feedback provided a wide range of views:

- Concerns about specific projects, and the ISO's basis for moving forward
  - San Francisco Peninsula
  - North East Kern Voltage Conversion
  - Buck Lake Colorado River-Julian Hinds proposal
  - San Luis Transmission Project
  - Lake Elsinore Advanced Pumped Storage project
- ISO analysis of the LA Basin and San Diego area needs
- The continued analysis of preferred resources

## Management recommends the Board approve the 2014-2015 ISO Transmission Plan.

- Continues to pursue low emissions strategies in addressing reliability needs of the ISO controlled grid
- Enables the state's 33% RPS goals and sets a foundation for higher renewable energy goals
- Provides for prudent and economic development of the transmission system