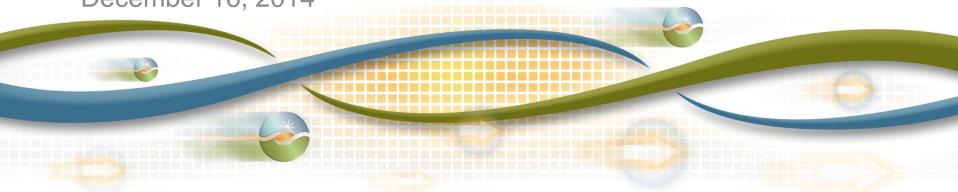


### Defining future flexibility needs

Karl Meeusen, Ph.D. Market Design and Regulatory Policy Lead

Market Surveillance Committee Meeting General Session December 16, 2014



#### Upcoming flexible capacity items

- Flexible capacity for intertie resources
- Determining future flexible capacity operational needs



#### Background on flexible capacity for intertie resources

- The ISO's recently approved FRAC-MOO tariff filing established eligibility criteria and offer obligations for flexible capacity resources.
  - Focused on resources capable of five minute dispatch
- FERC required the ISO to "assess the feasibility of permitting static import resources to provide flexible resource adequacy capacity"
- There are currently no LRAs that have provisions that allow for flex capacity from intertie resources



## 15 minute intertie resources can address three hour ramps and some intra-hour variability

- ISO must be able to ensure there is adequate flexible capacity to address all inter-hour variability
  - Too many flexible capacity intertie resources may degrade the ISO's ability to manage all variability scenarios
  - May be a need to limit the quantity of intertie resources providing flexible capacity
- The ISO will conduct an assessment to determine if it is possible to allow 15-minute static intertie resources to provide flexible capacity
  - Based on an analysis of 15-minute granularity and 5-minute granularity of net load variations



# The ISO's future operational needs for flexible capacity will expand beyond the current 3-hour product

- 1) Continuous ramping needs\*
  - Inform the CAISO of how long and at what rate the system would need to be able to maintain
- 2) Load following needs\*
- 3) Ramp rate needs\*
- 4) Minimum load burden
  - The amount of minimum load online for ramping needs



<sup>\*</sup> Operational need may be for both upward and downward flexibility

### The ISO is developing methodologies to assess future operational needs for flexible capacity

- The ISO is initiating study processes to determine the operational needs for flexible capacity in the future:
  - Production simulations (Similar to LTPP)
  - Net load forecasting (Similar to FRAC-MOO)
  - Fleet assessment

