

CAISO Straw Proposal for CRR Credit Policy

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Topics

- Credit requirement for participating in CRR allocation and auction
- Credit requirement for holding CRR
- Long-Term CRR credit requirement
- Compliance measures
- Market monitoring and mitigation
- Examples of CRR credit requirement
- Next steps



Credit Requirement to Participate in CRR Allocation

- CAISO will require no advance credit deposit to participate in CRR allocation
- However, holder of the CRRs allocated will be subject to credit requirements



Credit Requirement to Participate in CRR Auction

Bidding for positively priced CRRs:

- Credit deposit sufficient to cover bids
- No credit margin needed during auction

Bidding for negatively priced CRRs

- No credit requirement to participate
- No payment to auction winners until credit requirements for holding the CRRs are in place
- CRRs will be paid at the conclusion of the auction



Credit Requirement to Hold CRR

- Same credit requirement criteria apply to all CRR holders
- Overall credit requirement is assessed for the whole portfolio of CRRs of each holder
 - An option to consider: assessing credit requirements for each individual CRR, i.e. no netting. (will discuss later)



Two Components of CRR Credit Requirement

CRR expected value

- Credit coverage for the negative auction price of a CRR paid to the holder
- A deterministic value determined in the auction process

Credit margin

- Credit coverage that recognizes the potentially volatile nature of the CRR
- A percentile value determined on the probability distribution of the value of the CRR



Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement

 Credit requirement of a CRR with a term of 1 year or less

Credit Requirement = -*CRR Expected Value* + *Credit Margin*

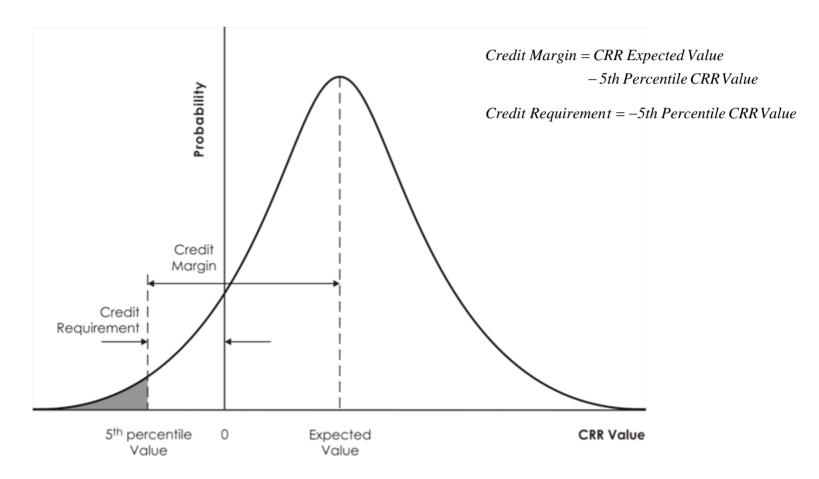
Credit Margin = CRR Expected Value – 5th Percentile CRR Value

That is

Credit Requirement = -5th Percentile CRR Value

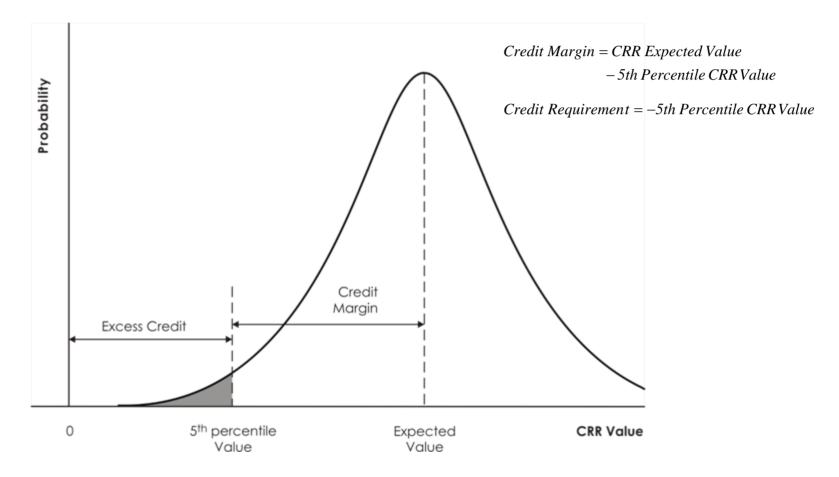


Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement – Low Positive Expected CRR Value



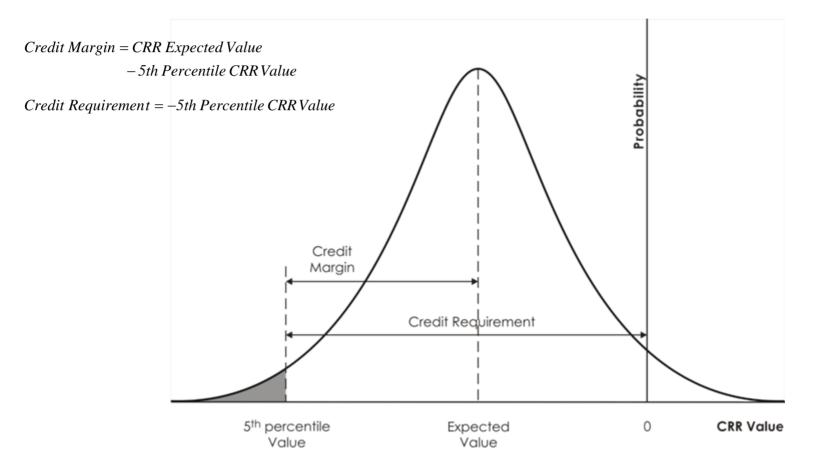


Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement – High Positive Expected CRR Value





Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement – Negative Expected CRR Value





Factors to Consider in Deciding Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement

- Options: also consider 2.5th and 1st percentile values
- Criteria: a balance between financial requirements and risk tolerance
 - Too low requirements may increase financial risk
 - As CRRs are settled with other market charges, a payment default by the holder could create a shortfall that would affect all net creditors in the month of settlement.
 - Too high requirements may discourage participation and reduce liquidity and effectiveness of the CRR market



Calculation of Short-Term CRR Credit Requirements

- Credit requirement for each CRR will be calculated
- Based on the CAISO LMP study data for the first year
- Actual historical LMP data will be used in the future
- Other ISO data will be used as references



Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement – Examples

| CRR | А | В | С | D | Portfolio | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Statistics | | | | | | | | |
| Expected Value | -6,807 | -13,556 | 21,298 | 316 | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | -8,281 | -19,786 | 19,919 | -290 | | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | -7,723 | -16,385 | 20,050 | -63 | | | | |
| 5 Percentile | -7,235 | -15,162 | 20,076 | 296 | | | | |
| Credit Margin (\$/MW-Year) | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 1,473 | 6,230 | 1,379 | 606 | | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 916 | 2,829 | 1,248 | 379 | | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 428 | 1,605 | 1,222 | 20 | | | | |
| Credit Requirement (\$/MW-Year) | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 8,281 | 19,786 | -19,919 | 290 | 8,438 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 7,723 | 16,385 | -20,050 | 63 | 4,121 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 7,235 | 15,162 | -20,076 | -296 | 2,025 | | | |



Four Options Proposed for Determining Long-Term CRR Credit Requirement

Option 1:

*n**(-1 year CRR Expected Value + 1 year Credit Margin)

Option 2:

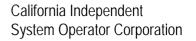
 $n^{*}(-1 \text{ year CRR Expected Value}) + \sqrt{n^{*}(1 \text{ year Credit Margin})}$

Option 3:

-1 year CRR Expected Value + 1 year Credit Margin

Option 4:

n*(-1 year CRR Expected Value)+1 year Credit Margin

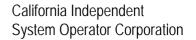




Factors to Consider in Deciding Long-Term CRR Credit Requirement

Of the four options:

- Option 1 is the most conservative, and Option 3 is the least
- The CAISO has preference toward Option 2 or 4
- Criteria: a balance between financial requirements and risk tolerance
 - Too low requirements may increase financial risk
 - Too high requirements may discourage participation and reduce liquidity and effectiveness of CRR market





Long-Term CRR Credit Requirement – Examples (\$/MW)

| CRR | А | В | С | D | Portfolio | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Statistics | | | | | | | | |
| 1-Year Expected Value | -6,807 | -13,556 | 21,298 | 316 | 1,251 | | | |
| Option 1: <i>n</i> *(<i>-1 year CRR Expected Value + 1 year Credit Margin</i>) | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 82,809 | 197,861 | -199,194 | 2,901 | 84,377 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 77,231 | 163,854 | -200,501 | 626 | 41,209 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 72,347 | 151,619 | -200,761 | -2,957 | 20,249 | | | |
| Option 2: $n*(-1 \text{ year CRR Ex})$ | epected Value) + | \sqrt{n} *(1 year Cred | it Margin) | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 72,734 | 155,264 | -208,624 | -1,243 | 18,131 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 70,970 | 144,510 | -209,037 | -1,963 | 4,480 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 69,421 | 140,641 | -209,119 | -3,096 | 0 | | | |
| Option 3: <i>– 1 yearCRRExpect</i> | ted Value + 1 year | rCreditMargin | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 8,281 | 19,786 | -19,919 | 290 | 8,438 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 7,723 | 16,385 | -20,050 | 63 | 4,121 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 7,235 | 15,162 | -20,076 | -296 | 2,025 | | | |
| Option 4: $n*(-1 \text{ year CRR Expected Value}) + 1 \text{ year Credit Margin}$ | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 69,548 | 141,794 | -211,605 | -2,554 | 0 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 68,990 | 138,393 | -211,736 | -2,781 | 0 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 68,497 | 137,170 | -211,762 | -3,140 | 0 | | | |



Long-Term CRR Credit Requirement Adjustment

- Adjust no less than annually
- Account for change in remaining terms
- Reflect changes of CRR ownership
- Update expected value and credit margin based on actual market operation data



Additional Credit Requirements for LT-CRRs Held by External LSEs

- Maintain one year credit coverage for WAC prepayment
 - One year of WAC commitment is added to the EAL
 - No need to post additional credit as long as ACL is greater than EAL including WAC prepayment
 - Entities would then prepay the WAC on a monthly basis
 - Consistent with FERC April 20 Order



Compliance Measures for Failure to Meet Credit Requirements

- Terminate all CRR agreements with the default holder
- Retain all payments due to the CRRs and resell the CRRs in subsequent auctions
- Retain financial security sufficient to cover default
- Exclude the holder from future CRR allocation and auctions
- Prohibit the holder from subsequently acquiring CRRs



Market Monitoring and Mitigation Measures

- FERC and CAISO market rules prohibit Market Manipulation
- CAISO DMM will monitor unusual activities in CRR allocation and auction processes
- For misconduct, the CAISO will
 - Require disclosure of affiliations
 - Explicitly warn participants
 - Refer to FERC



Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement without Credit Offset (i.e. no netting)

 Credit requirements assessed for each individual CRR in a portfolio separately

Credit Margin:

Credit Margin = CRR Expected Value – 5th Percentile CRR Value

Credit Requirement

Credit Requirement = max(0, -5th Percentile CRR Value)



Four Options for L-T CRR Credit Requirement without Credit Offset

Option 1:

*n** max(0, – 1 year CRR Expected Value + 1 year Credit Margin)

Option 2:

 $n * \max(0, -1 \text{ year CRR Expected Value}) + \sqrt{n^*(1 \text{ year Credit Margin})}$

Option 3:

max(0,-1 year CRR Expected Value + 1 year Credit Margin)

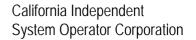
Option 4:

*n**max(0,-1 year CRR Expected Value)+1 year Credit Margin



Short-Term CRR Credit Requirement without Offset – Examples

| CRR | А | В | С | D | Portfolio |
|--------------------|--------|---------|--------|------|-----------|
| Statistics | | | | | |
| Expected Value | -6,807 | -13,556 | 21,298 | 316 | |
| 1 Percentile | -8,281 | -19,786 | 19,919 | -290 | |
| 2.5 Percentile | -7,723 | -16,385 | 20,050 | -63 | |
| 5 Percentile | -7,235 | -15,162 | 20,076 | 296 | |
| Credit Margin | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 1,473 | 6,230 | 1,379 | 606 | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 916 | 2,829 | 1,248 | 379 | |
| 5 Percentile | 428 | 1,605 | 1,222 | 20 | |
| Credit Requirement | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 8,281 | 19,786 | 0 | 290 | 28,357 |
| 2.5 Percentile | 7,723 | 16,385 | 0 | 63 | 24,171 |
| 5 Percentile | 7,235 | 15,162 | 0 | 0 | 22,397 |





LT-CRR Credit Requirement without Offset – Examples (\$/MW)

| CRR | А | В | С | D | Portfolio | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Statistics | | | | | | | | |
| 1-Year Expected Value | -6,807 | -13,556 | 21,298 | 316 | 3,251 | | | |
| Option 1: $n*\max(0,-1 \text{ year CRR Expected Value }+1 \text{ year Credit Margin})$ | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 82,809 | 197,861 | 0 | 2,901 | 283,571 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 77,231 | 163,854 | 0 | 626 | 241,710 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 72,347 | 151,619 | 0 | 0 | 223,966 | | | |
| Option 2: $n * \max(0, -1 \text{ year CRR Expected Value}) + \sqrt{n} * (1 \text{ year Credit Margin})$ | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 72,734 | 155,264 | 4,361 | 1,917 | 234,276 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 70,970 | 144,510 | 3,948 | 1,197 | 220,625 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 69,421 | 140,641 | 3,866 | 64 | 213,992 | | | |
| Option 3: max(0, -1 year CRF | Expected Value | +1 yearCreditM | (argin) | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 8,281 | 19,786 | 0 | 290 | 28,357 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 7,723 | 16,385 | 0 | 63 | 24,171 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 7,235 | 15,162 | 0 | 0 | 22,397 | | | |
| Option 4: $n * \max(0, -1 \text{ year CRR Expected Value}) + 1 \text{ year Credit Margin}$ | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 69,548 | 141,794 | 1,379 | 606 | 213,327 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 68,990 | 138,393 | 1,248 | 379 | 209,010 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 68,497 | 137,170 | 1,222 | 20 | 206,909 | | | |



ST-CRR Credit Requirement Comparison – With and without Credit Offset

| CRR | А | В | С | D | Portfolio | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|---------|------|-----------|--|--|
| Credit Margin (\$/MW-Year) | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 1,473 | 6,230 | 1,379 | 606 | | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 916 | 2,829 | 1,248 | 379 | | | |
| 5 Percentile | 428 | 1,605 | 1,222 | 20 | | | |
| Credit Requirement (\$/MW-Year, with Credit Offset) | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 8,281 | 19,786 | -19,919 | 290 | 8,438 | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 7,723 | 16,385 | -20,050 | 63 | 4,121 | | |
| 5 Percentile | 7,235 | 15,162 | -20,076 | -296 | 2,025 | | |
| Credit Requirement (\$/MW-Year, without Credit Offset) | | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | 8,281 | 19,786 | 0 | 290 | 28,357 | | |
| 2.5 Percentile | 7,723 | 16,385 | 0 | 63 | 24,171 | | |
| 5 Percentile | 7,235 | 15,162 | 0 | 0 | 22,397 | | |



LT-CRR Credit Requirement Comparison – With and without Credit Offset

| (\$/MW) | With Credit Offset | | | Witho | out Credit (| Offset |
|----------------|--------------------|--------|-----------|-------|--------------|-----------|
| CRR | С | D | Portfolio | С | D | Portfolio |
| Option 1 | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | -199,194 | 2,901 | 84,377 | 0 | 2,901 | 283,571 |
| 2.5 Percentile | -200,501 | 626 | 41,209 | 0 | 626 | 241,710 |
| 5 Percentile | -200,761 | -2,957 | 20,249 | 0 | 0 | 223,966 |
| Option 2 | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | -208,624 | -1,243 | 18,131 | 4,361 | 1,917 | 234,276 |
| 2.5 Percentile | -209,037 | -1,963 | 4,480 | 3,948 | 1,197 | 220,625 |
| 5 Percentile | -209,119 | -3,096 | 0 | 3,866 | 64 | 213,992 |
| Option 3 | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | -19,919 | 290 | 8,438 | 0 | 290 | 28,357 |
| 2.5 Percentile | -20,050 | 63 | 4,121 | 0 | 63 | 24,171 |
| 5 Percentile | -20,076 | -296 | 2,025 | 0 | 0 | 22,397 |
| Option 4 | | | | | | |
| 1 Percentile | -211,605 | -2,554 | 0 | 1,379 | 606 | 213,327 |
| 2.5 Percentile | -211,736 | -2,781 | 0 | 1,248 | 379 | 209,010 |
| 5 Percentile | -211,762 | -3,140 | 0 | 1,222 | 20 | 206,909 |



Next Steps

- Stakeholder written comments requested by May 11 (<u>CRRComments@caiso.com</u>)
- Second stakeholder conference call to discuss final policy proposal in mid May
- Presentation to the CAISO Board for decision in late May
- FERC filing in early June