# Threads in the Global Energy Transition

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The Laboratory for Energy And Power Solutions

# ASU Driving Innovation to Impact

ASU is a comprehensive public research university, measured not by whom it excludes but by **whom it includes and how they succeed**; advancing research and discovery of **public value**; and assuming fundamental responsibility for the economic, social, cultural, and overall health of the communities it serves. **Focus on use-inspired research and principled innovation** 

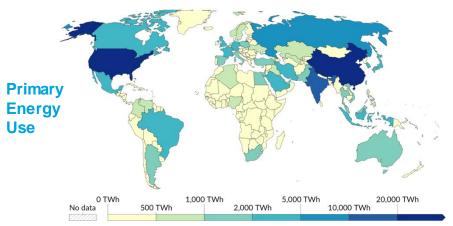
- Largest US university: 181,000 students including 73,000 online and 32,000 engineering students; 5,500 faculty + 5,300 research staff
- Over \$880M/yr in research to deployment; 1,550 patents and \$1.3B in investment capital over last 20 years
- Commitment to sustainability with world's 1st School of Sustainability
- \$6B in utilities infrastructure, own and operate
- 50 MW solar generation, 20 MW combustion turbine, 25 MW combined heat and power (CHP); largest thermal loop in AZ
- Many leading international centers and networks
- Public-private partnerships and networks with utilities, developers, federal and state entities, non-governmental, and non-profits

- **Breadth:** \$100M/yr and 1,500 pp in energy Research, Development, Technology Evaluation, Technical Transfer, Pilot Deployment, Policy
- Reach: 100+ countries; YouthMappers, DreamBuilder, others

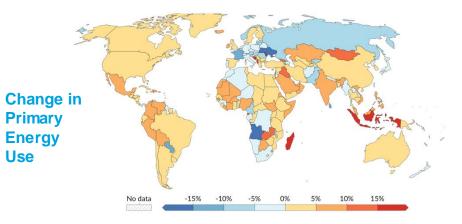


# Our Motivations (energy)



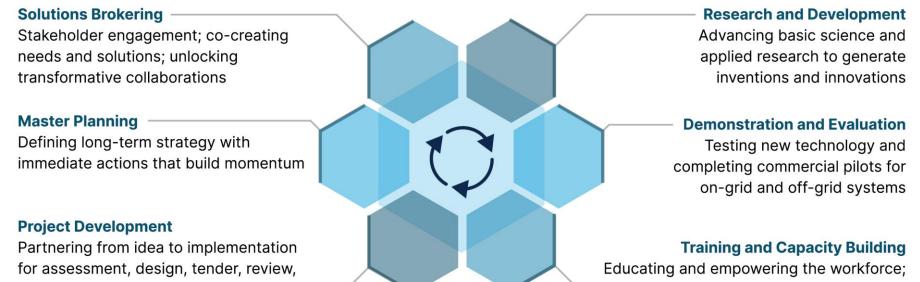


These trends underrepresent the inflection point the world is hastening through, which amplifies uncertainty of potential futures, and we have limited knowledge on how to meet all carbon, social, and economic goals



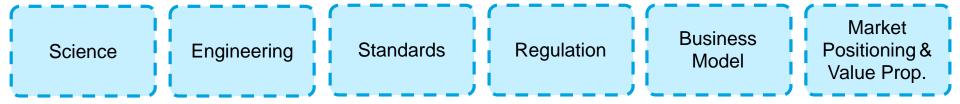
Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (2023); Energy Institute - Statistical Review of World Energy (2023)

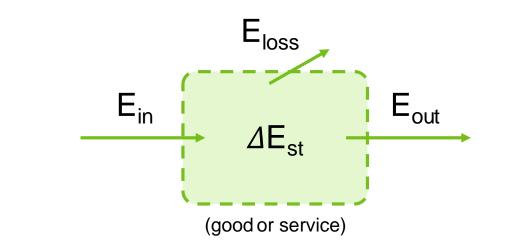
Education and research have a key role in universities, but humanity needs more to thrive

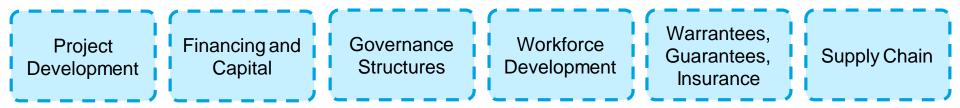


financial close, and construction

extension services for communities







# Planning for a Net Zero Future in Arizona

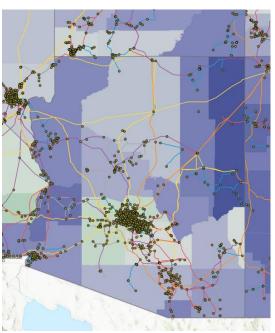
Supporting Arizona's economy while decarbonizing with faster, cheaper, and no-carbon energy sources

### **Results:**

- > 4-year effort, 30% complete
- 5 working groups: electrification, transportation, buildings, industry, natural and working lands
- > 20+ stakeholder engagement events
- > 100+ measures evaluated in Net zero plans by 2050, with ambitious but attainable milestones
- Prioritized low-income and disadvantaged opportunities for cleaner air
- Cost-benefit analysis to prioritize public and private investments

Arizona and Southwest energy infrastructure (lines = transmission) (dots = substations)

LIDAC areas (shaded = income)





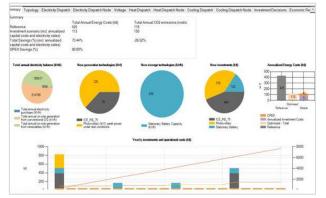




### Accelerating Microgrid and DER assessment to tender

Single process combines analysis of generation, distribution, loads, costs, revenues, financing, tariff analysis, etc. Up to 80% reduction in design time... and improving.





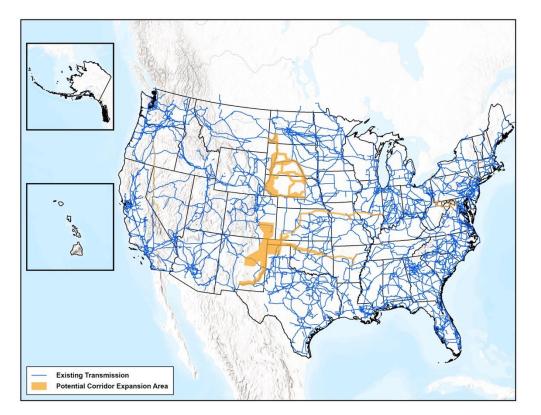
### By the Numbers

\$2 M to develop and demonstrate
200+ site designs completed
250+ more sites requested
\$134 M implementation funds
50 MW capacity planned
30,000 people to benefit
12 publications, reports, talks





# Rapid front-end engineering design for transmission planning



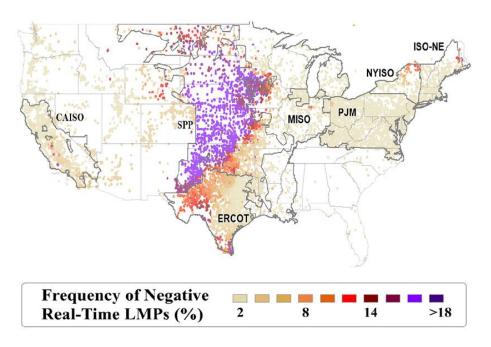
Electricity demand is growing faster than what the sector can (likely) handle

Climate and weather are placing increasing stress on the grid

Need innovation across the sector

Need more of everything - generation, transmission, distribution, retail services, distributed resources

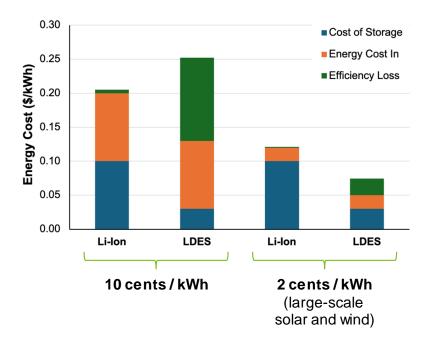
# Long Duration Energy Storage for Renewables and Low Cost



Frequency of negative real-time LMPs in 2021 | ABB Power Grids Velocity Suite

**SWSIE** 

The low efficiency of long duration energy storage (LDES) is less relevant when storage is inexpensive and input energy is cheap/free



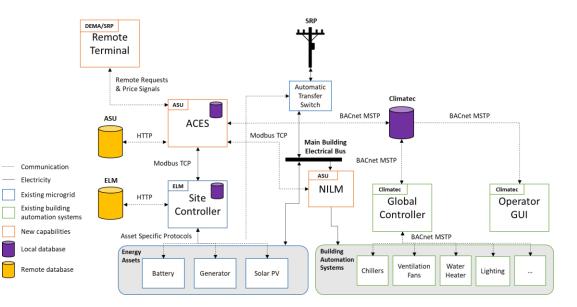
Assuming 95% efficiency Li-Ion, 45% efficiency LDES

# Microgrids and Virtual Power Plants for Critical Services

Creating "stacked value" by coupling building automation systems and distribution energy resources, and introducing learning algorithms to adapt controls and circumstances change

### **Results:**

- > Military base demonstration
- > 350 kW system
- > IEEE 2030.7 tests successful
- > 10-20% reduction in utility bills
- > 25% improvement in resilience
- No new capital equipment installed, just the supervisory controller











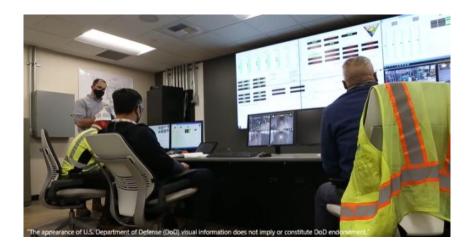




# Monetizing the Public Value of Microgrids

Evaluating the "public value" of microgrids and distributed resources to support creation of policy and business models with additional revenue streams for owners/customers













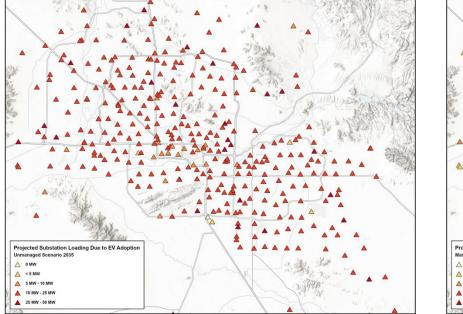


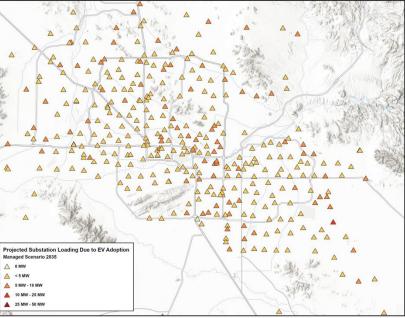
# Using managed EV charging to defer infrastructure upgrades

Reducing substation and overall system loading through managed charging, deferring capital upgrades

**Unmanaged Charging** 

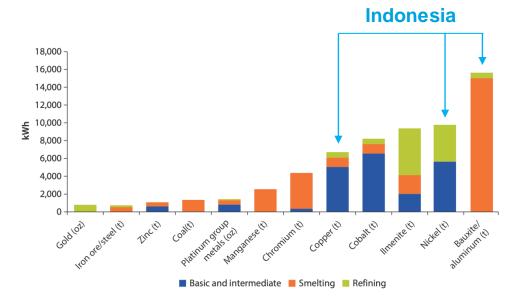
Managed Charging (50% of total)





# **Decarbonizing Minerals Processing**

Energy needed for mineral extraction and processing



### Decarbonizing process heat (smelting, manufacturing, and more)



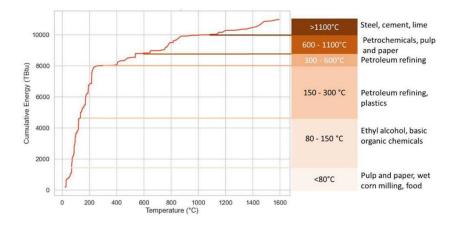
Source: Shutterstock

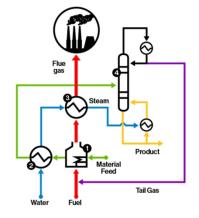
Source: USGS 2011, figure from The Power of the Mine by The World Bank



Electrified Processes for Industry without Carbon

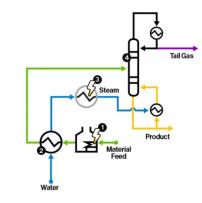
ASU's EPIXC (<u>https://epixc.org</u>) is a catalyst for overcoming key barriers to the implementation of electric heating in manufacturing processes and aims to reduce manufacturing carbon emissions by advancing electric heating technologies, at a systems level, by reducing the levelized cost of electric heat.





#### **Traditional process**

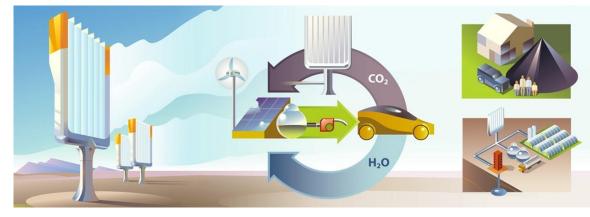
- 1. Fired furnace reactor
- 2. Feed effluent heat exchanger
- 3. Heat recovery
- 4. Separator



#### EPIXC process

- 1. Electrified reactor
- 2. Feed effluent heat exchanger
- 3. Electric boiler
- 4. Separator

### Capturing the carbon we cannot mitigate





### Carbon Collect Ltd MechanicalTree<sup>™</sup>



Passive capture from wind Tonnage scale, 150 disks

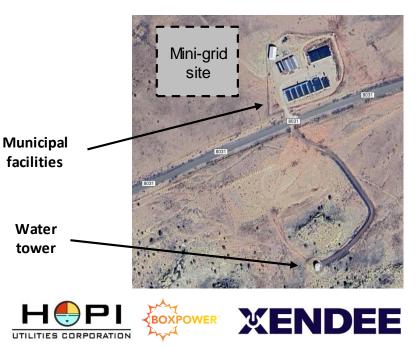
# Supporting a Just Energy Transition for Tribes

Coal plants are often in small, disadvantaged communities that loose significant revenue when the plant shuts down. Traditional methods of powering indigenous people's remote critical infrastructure with diesel generation is costly, intermittent, complicated, and dirty.

### **Results (1 of 7 projects with Hopi):**

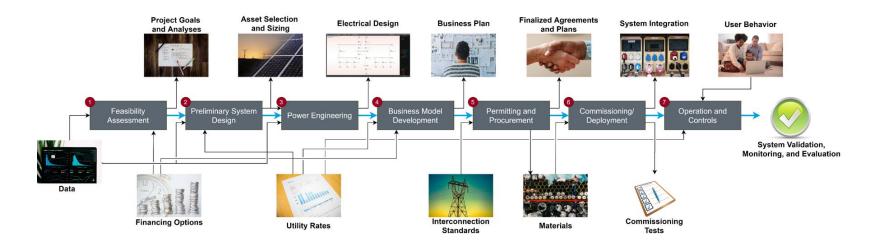
- Municipal services for 6,300 people
- > 45% annual cost savings (\$716,800 / year)
- 1,250 kW solar + 2,200 kWh / 550 kW battery + 130 kW diesel (replacing 650 kW diesel)
- Stakeholder engagement to understand all community needs and goals
- > Mini-grid design for costing and power engineering
- > Procurement and construction of solar-battery mini-grid
- Workforce development for managers, installers, technicians, and operators





### Workforce Development Programs for the New Energy Economy

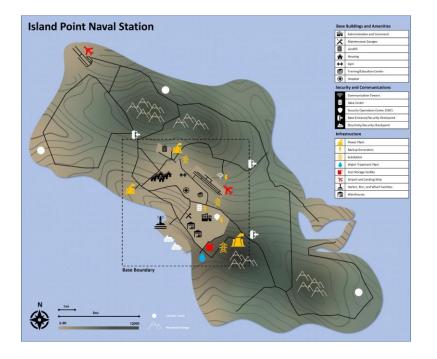
Provide training for managers, engineers, operators, and technicians in advanced energy technologies and cybersecurity, with options for certifications and CEUs. 1000 pp/yr Microgrid Development Process:



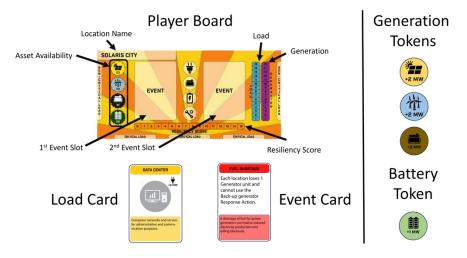




### **Table top exercises**



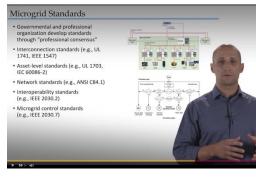
### **Interactive game-based training**



### Hand-on training and simulation



### Virtual real-time or self-paced





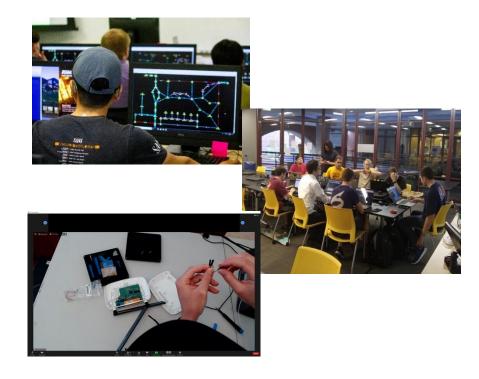


The hardware shown in the image above is used for... (Select all that apply.)

- Bringing the output of several strings of solar panels together to be connected to an inverter
- Connecting multiple loads to a power source
- Protecting expensive transmission equipment from excessive current
- Integrating large systems with three or more inputs
- Small or remote connections

### Cybersecurity

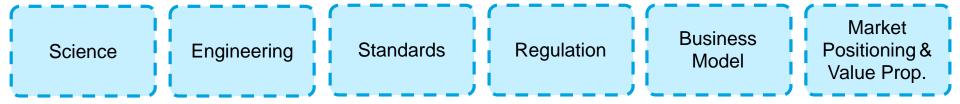
### K-12 engagement

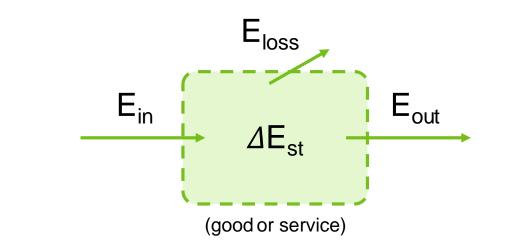
















# LEAPS

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