

2017 LOCAL CAPACITY TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

REPORT AND STUDY RESULTS

January 30, 2013

Local Capacity Technical Analysis Overview and Study Results

I. Executive Summary

This Report documents the results and recommendations of the 2017 Long-Term Local Capacity Technical (LCT) Study. The LCT Study objectives, inputs, methodologies and assumptions are the same as those discussed in the 2013 LCT Study and already adopted by the CAISO and CPUC in their 2013 Local Resource Adequacy needs.

Overall, the LCR trended is downward by about 750 MW due to numerous transmission projects and reduced load forecast. It is worth mentioning the following areas: (1) LA Basin, Humboldt and Valley Electric, where the LCR was reduced mostly due to load forecast; (2) North Coast/North Bay and Bay Area, where the LCR was reduced mostly due to the Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV reconductoring project ; (3) Fresno, where the LCR was reduced mainly due to changes in the load distribution in the area as well as more efficient distribution of generation resources among sub-area needs; (4) Kern, where the LCR was reduced mostly due to the Kern 230 kV Reinforcement project that increased the rating of the Kern PP #4 230/115kV transformer and (5) San Diego, where the LCR deficiency was reduced mainly due to numerous new transmission projects.

The following areas do not conform to the overall trend: (1) Sierra area where LCR needs have increased mainly due to delay in implementation of South of Palermo Reinforcement transmission project; (2) Stockton where the LCR has increased due to load growth and (3) Big Creek/Ventura where the LCR needs have increased mostly due to LCR need changes in sub-areas as well as reduced output from renewable resources in the Whirlwind-Wind hub-Antelope 500 kV collectors stations coupled with new models for the Antelope 500/230 kV transformers.

For comparison below you will find the 2013 and 2017 total LCR needs.

2013 Local Capacity Needs

Local Area Name	Qualifying Capacity			2013 LCR Need Based on Category B			2013 LCR Need Based on Category C with operating procedure		
	QF/ Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Total (MW)	Existing Capacity Needed	Deficiency	Total (MW)	Existing Capacity Needed	Deficiency	Total (MW)
Humboldt	55	162	217	143	0	143	190	22*	212
North Coast/ North Bay	130	739	869	629	0	629	629	0	629
Sierra	1274	765	2039	1408	0	1408	1712	218*	1930
Stockton	216	404	620	242	0	242	413	154*	567
Greater Bay	1368	6296	7664	3479	0	3479	4502	0	4502
Greater Fresno	314	2503	2817	1786	0	1786	1786	0	1786
Kern	684	0	684	295	0	295	483	42*	525
LA Basin	4452	8675	13127	10295	0	10295	10295	0	10295
Big Creek/Ventura	1179	4097	5276	2161	0	2161	2241	0	2241
Greater San Diego/ Imperial Valley	158	3991	4149	2938	0	2938	2938	144*	3082
Total	9830	27632	37462	23376	0	23376	25189	580	25769

2017 Local Capacity Needs

Local Area Name	Qualifying Capacity			2017 LCR Need Based on Category B			2017 LCR Need Based on Category C with operating procedure		
	QF/ Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Total (MW)	Existing Capacity Needed	Deficiency	Total (MW)	Existing Capacity Needed	Deficiency	Total (MW)
Humboldt	70	162	232	112	0	112	165	0	165
North Coast/ North Bay	142	771	913	446	0	446	446	0	446
Sierra	1274	765	2039	1294	22*	1316	1793	176*	1969
Stockton	312	404	716	249	0	249	404	36*	440
Greater Bay	1378	6296	7674	4082	0	4082	4281	0	4281
Greater Fresno	314	2503	2817	2110	0	2110	2110	0	2110
Kern	592	78	670	0	0	0	392	42*	434
LA Basin	4452	9502	13954	9039	0	9039	10019	0	10019
Big Creek/Ventura	1124	4096	5220	2275	0	2275	2537	0	2537
Greater San Diego/ Imperial Valley	238	4687	4925	3057	0	3057	3057	98*	3155
Total	9242	29918	39160	22664	22	22686	25204	352	25556

* No local area is “overall deficient”. Resource deficiency values result from a few deficient sub-areas; and since there are no resources that can mitigate this deficiency the numbers are carried forward into the total area needs. Resource deficient sub-area implies that in order to comply with the criteria, at summer peak, load may be shed immediately after the first contingency.

The write-up for each Local Capacity Area lists important new projects included in the base cases as well as a description of reason for changes between the 2016 Long-Term LCR study and this 2017 Long-Term LCR study.

Table of Contents

- I. Executive Summary 1**
- II. Overview of the Study: Inputs, Outputs and Options 5**
 - A. Objectives..... 5*
 - B. Key Study Assumptions 5*
 - Inputs and Methodology 5
 - C. Grid Reliability 7*
 - D. Application of N-1, N-1-1, and N-2 Criteria..... 8*
 - E. Performance Criteria..... 8*
 - F. The Two Options Presented In This LCT Report..... 14*
 - 1. Option 1- Meet Performance Criteria Category B..... 15
 - 2. Option 2- Meet Performance Criteria Category C and Incorporate Suitable Operational Solutions 15
- III. Assumption Details: How the Study was Conducted 15**
 - A. System Planning Criteria..... 15*
 - 1. Power Flow Assessment: 17
 - 2. Post Transient Load Flow Assessment: 18
 - 3. Stability Assessment: 18
 - B. Load Forecast 18*
 - 1. System Forecast 18
 - 2. Base Case Load Development Method..... 19
 - C. Power Flow Program Used in the LCR analysis..... 20*
- IV. Locational Capacity Requirement Study Results 21**
 - A. Summary of Study Results 21*
 - B. Summary of Results by Local Area 23*
 - 1. Humboldt Area..... 23
 - 2. North Coast / North Bay Area 26
 - 3. Sierra Area 31
 - 4. Stockton Area..... 41
 - 5. Greater Bay Area 45
 - 6. Greater Fresno Area..... 53
 - 7. Kern Area..... 60
 - 8. LA Basin Area 64
 - 9. Big Creek/Ventura Area 79
 - 10. Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley Area 87
 - 11. Valley Electric Area..... 94

II. Overview of the Study: Inputs, Outputs and Options

A. Objectives

As was the objective of all previous LCT Studies, the intent of the 2017 Long-Term LCT Study is to identify specific areas within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area that have limited import capability and determine the minimum generation capacity (MW) necessary to mitigate the local reliability problems in those areas.

B. Key Study Assumptions

Inputs and Methodology

The CAISO used the same Inputs and Methodology as does agreed upon by interested parties previously incorporated into the 2013 LCR Study. The following table sets forth a summary of the approved inputs and methodology that have been used in the previous 2013 LCR Study as well as this 2017 LCR Study:

Summary Table of Inputs and Methodology Used in this LCR Study:

Issue:	HOW INCORPORATED INTO THIS LCR STUDY:
<u>Input Assumptions:</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transmission System Configuration 	The existing transmission system has been modeled, including all projects operational on or before June 1, of the study year and all other feasible operational solutions brought forth by the PTOs and as agreed to by the CAISO.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generation Modeled 	The existing generation resources has been modeled and also includes all projects that will be on-line and commercial on or before June 1, of the study year
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Load Forecast 	Uses a 1-in-10 year summer peak load forecast
<u>Methodology:</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Maximize Import Capability</u> 	Import capability into the load pocket has been maximized, thus minimizing the generation required in the load pocket to meet applicable reliability requirements.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>QF/Nuclear/State/Federal Units</u> 	Regulatory Must-take and similarly situated units like QF/Nuclear/State/Federal resources have been modeled on-line at qualifying capacity output values for purposes of this LCR Study.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Maintaining Path Flows</u> 	Path flows have been maintained below all established path ratings into the load pockets, including the 500 kV. For clarification, given the existing transmission system configuration, the only 500 kV path that flows directly into a load pocket and will, therefore, be considered in this LCR Study is the South of Lugo transfer path flowing into the LA Basin.
<u>Performance Criteria:</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Performance Level B & C, including incorporation of PTO operational solutions</u> 	This LCR Study is being published based on Performance Level B and Performance Level C criterion, yielding the low and high range LCR scenarios. In addition, the CAISO will incorporate all new projects and other feasible and CAISO-approved operational solutions brought forth by the PTOs that can be operational on or before June 1, of the study year. Any such solutions that can reduce the need for procurement to meet the Performance Level C criteria will be incorporated into the LCR Study.
<u>Load Pocket:</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Fixed Boundary, including limited reference to published effectiveness factors</u> 	This LCR Study has been produced based on load pockets defined by a fixed boundary. The CAISO only publishes effectiveness factors where they are useful in facilitating procurement where excess capacity exists within a load pocket.

Further details regarding the 2013 as well as 2017 LCR Study methodology and assumptions are provided in Section III, below.

C. Grid Reliability

Service reliability builds from grid reliability because grid reliability is reflected in the planning standards of the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (“WECC”) that incorporate standards set by the North American Electric Reliability Council (“NERC”) (collectively “NERC Planning Standards”). The NERC Planning Standards apply to the interconnected electric system in the United States and are intended to address the reality that within an integrated network, whatever one Balancing Authority Area does can affect the reliability of other Balancing Authority Areas. Consistent with the mandatory nature of the NERC Planning Standards, the CAISO is under a statutory obligation to ensure efficient use and reliable operation of the transmission grid consistent with achievement of the NERC Planning Standards.¹ The CAISO is further under an obligation, pursuant to its FERC-approved Transmission Control Agreement, to secure compliance with all “Applicable Reliability Criteria.” Applicable Reliability Criteria consists of the NERC Planning Standards as well as reliability criteria adopted by the CAISO, in consultation with the CAISO’s Participating Transmission Owners (“PTOs”), which affect a PTO’s individual system.

The NERC Planning Standards define reliability on interconnected electric systems using the terms “adequacy” and “security.” “Adequacy” is the ability of the electric systems to supply the aggregate electrical demand and energy requirements of their customers at all times, taking into account physical characteristics of the transmission system such as transmission ratings and scheduled and reasonably expected unscheduled outages of system elements. “Security” is the ability of the electric systems to withstand sudden disturbances such as electric short circuits or unanticipated loss of system elements. The NERC Planning Standards are organized by Performance Categories. Certain categories require that the grid operator not only ensure that grid integrity is maintained under certain adverse system conditions (e.g.,

¹ Pub. Utilities Code § 345

security), but also that all customers continue to receive electric supply to meet demand (e.g., adequacy). In that case, grid reliability and service reliability would overlap. But there are other levels of performance where security can be maintained without ensuring adequacy.

D. Application of N-1, N-1-1, and N-2 Criteria

The CAISO will maintain the system in a safe operating mode at all times. This obligation translates into respecting the Reliability Criteria at all times, for example during normal operating conditions (N-0) the CAISO must protect for all single contingencies (N-1) and common mode (N-2) double line outages. Also, after a single contingency, the CAISO must re-adjust the system to support the loss of the next most stringent contingency. This is referred to as the N-1-1 condition.

The N-1-1 vs N-2 terminology was introduced only as a mere temporal differentiation between two existing NERC Category C events. N-1-1 represents NERC Category C3 (“category B contingency, manual system adjustment, followed by another category B contingency”). The N-2 represents NERC Category C5 (“any two circuits of a multiple circuit tower line”) as well as WECC-S2 (for 500 kV only) (“any two circuits in the same right-of-way”) with no manual system adjustment between the two contingencies.

E. Performance Criteria

As set forth on the Summary Table of Inputs and Methodology, this LCR Report is based on NERC Performance Level B and Performance Level C criterion. The NERC Standards refer mainly to thermal overloads. However, the CAISO also tests the electric system in regards to the dynamic and reactive margin compliance with the existing WECC standards for the same NERC performance levels. These Performance Levels can be described as follows:

a. Performance Criteria- Category B

Category B describes the system performance that is expected immediately following the loss of a single transmission element, such as a transmission circuit, a generator, or a transformer.

Category B system performance requires that all thermal and voltage limits must be within their “Applicable Rating,” which, in this case, are the emergency ratings as generally determined by the PTO or facility owner. Applicable Rating includes a temporal element such that emergency ratings can only be maintained for certain duration. Under this category, load cannot be shed in order to assure the Applicable Ratings are met however there is no guarantee that facilities are returned to within normal ratings or to a state where it is safe to continue to operate the system in a reliable manner such that the next element out will not cause a violation of the Applicable Ratings.

b. Performance Criteria- Category C

The NERC Planning Standards require system operators to “look forward” to make sure they safely prepare for the “next” N-1 following the loss of the “first” N-1 (stay within Applicable Ratings after the “next” N-1). This is commonly referred to as N-1-1. Because it is assumed that some time exists between the “first” and “next” element losses, operating personnel may make any reasonable and feasible adjustments to the system to prepare for the loss of the second element, including, operating procedures, dispatching generation, moving load from one substation to another to reduce equipment loading, dispatching operating personnel to specific station locations to manually adjust load from the substation site, or installing a “Special Protection Scheme” that would remove pre-identified load from service upon the loss of the “next “

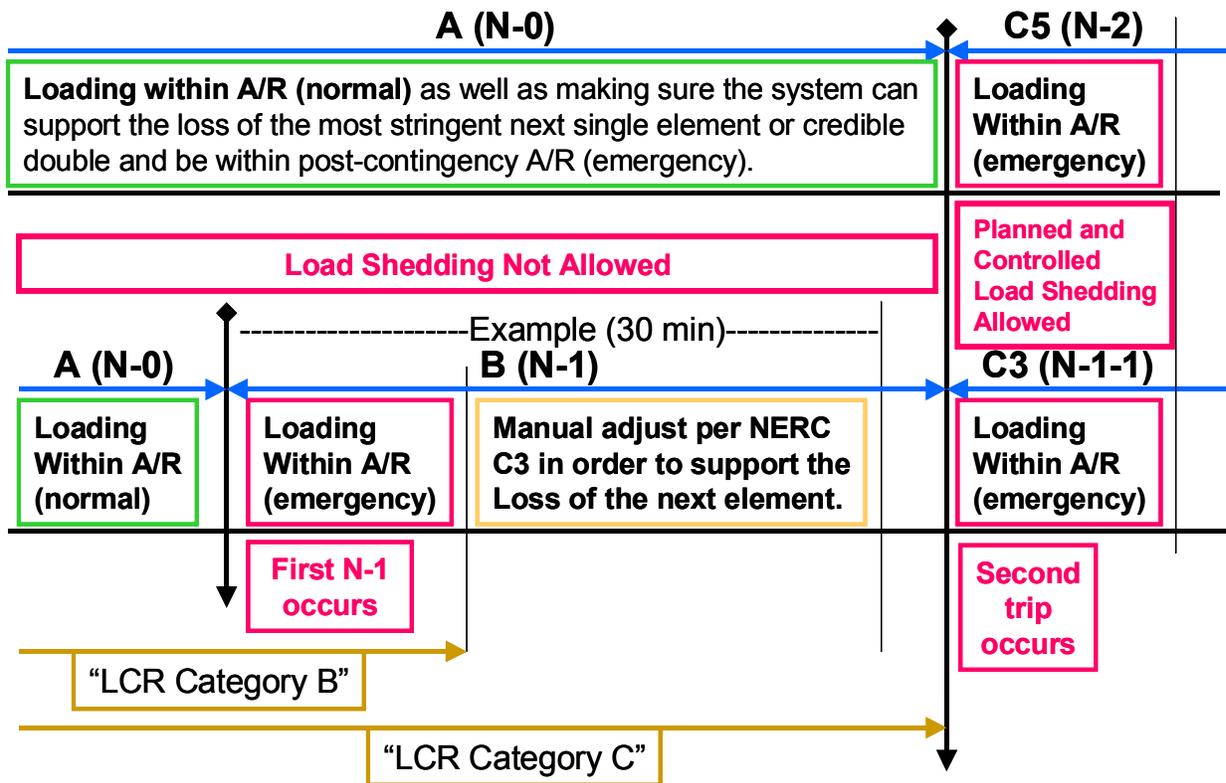
element.² All Category C requirements in this report refer to situations when in real time (N-0) or after the first contingency (N-1) the system requires additional readjustment in order to prepare for the next worst contingency. In this time frame, load drop is not allowed per existing planning criteria.

Generally, Category C describes system performance that is expected following the loss of two or more system elements. This loss of two elements is generally expected to happen simultaneously, referred to as N-2. It should be noted that once the “next” element is lost after the first contingency, as discussed above under the Performance Criteria B, N-1-1 scenario, the event is effectively a Category C. As noted above, depending on system design and expected system impacts, the **planned and controlled** interruption of supply to customers (load shedding), the removal from service of certain generators and curtailment of exports may be utilized to maintain grid “security.”

c. CAISO Statutory Obligation Regarding Safe Operation

The CAISO will maintain the system in a safe operating mode at all times. This obligation translates into respecting the Reliability Criteria at all times, for example during normal operating conditions **A (N-0)** the CAISO must protect for all single contingencies **B (N-1)** and common mode **C5 (N-2)** double line outages. As a further example, after a single contingency the CAISO must readjust the system in order to be able to support the loss of the next most stringent contingency **C3 (N-1-1)**.

² A Special Protection Scheme is typically proposed as an operational solution that does not require additional generation and permits operators to effectively prepare for the next event as well as ensure security should the next event occur. However, these systems have their own risks, which limit the extent to which they could be deployed as a solution for grid reliability augmentation. While they provide the value of protecting against the next event without the need for pre-contingency load shedding, they add points of potential failure to the transmission network. This increases the potential for load interruptions because sometimes these systems will operate when not required and other times they will not operate when needed.



The following definitions guide the CAISO’s interpretation of the Reliability Criteria governing safe mode operation and are used in this LCT Study:

Applicable Rating:

This represents the equipment rating that will be used under certain contingency conditions.

Normal rating is to be used under normal conditions.

Long-term emergency ratings, if available, will be used in all emergency conditions as long as “system readjustment” is provided in the amount of time given (specific to each element) to reduce the flow to within the normal ratings. If not available normal rating is to be used.

Short-term emergency ratings, if available, can be used as long as “system readjustment” is provided in the “short-time” available in order to reduce the flow to within the long-term emergency ratings where the element can be kept for another

length of time (specific to each element) before the flow needs to be reduced the below the normal ratings. If not available long-term emergency rating should be used.

Temperature-adjusted ratings shall not be used because this is a year-ahead study not a real-time tool, as such the worst-case scenario must be covered. In case temperature-adjusted ratings are the only ratings available then the minimum rating (highest temperature) given the study conditions shall be used.

CAISO Transmission Register is the only official keeper of all existing ratings mentioned above.

Ratings for future projects provided by PTO and agree upon by the CAISO shall be used.

Other short-term ratings not included in the CAISO Transmission Register may be used as long as they are engineered, studied and enforced through clear operating procedures that can be followed by real-time operators.

Path Ratings need to be maintained in order for these studies to comply with the Minimum Operating Reliability Criteria and assure that proper capacity is available in order to operate the system in real-time.

Controlled load drop:

This is achieved with the use of a Special Protection Scheme.

Planned load drop:

This is achieved when the most limiting equipment has short-term emergency ratings AND the operators have an operating procedure that clearly describes the actions that need to be taken in order to shed load.

Special Protection Scheme:

All known SPS shall be assumed. New SPS must be verified and approved by the CAISO and must comply with the new SPS guideline described in the CAISO Planning Standards.

System Readjustment:

This represents the actions taken by operators in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone after any given contingency in the system.

Actions that can be taken as system readjustment after a single contingency (Category B):

1. System configuration change – based on validated and approved operating procedures
2. Generation re-dispatch
 - a. Decrease generation (up to 1150 MW) – limit given by single contingency SPS as part of the CAISO Grid Planning standards (ISO G4)
 - b. Increase generation – this generation will become part of the LCR need

Actions, which shall not be taken as system readjustment after a single contingency (Category B):

1. Load drop – based on the intent of the CAISO/WECC and NERC criteria for category B contingencies.

This is one of the most controversial aspects of the interpretation of the existing NERC criteria because the NERC Planning Standards footnote mentions that load shedding can be done after a category B event in certain local areas in order to maintain compliance with performance criteria. However, the main body of the criteria spells out that no dropping of load should be done following a single contingency. All stakeholders and the CAISO agree that no involuntary interruption of load should be done immediately after a single contingency. Further, the CAISO and stakeholders now agree on the viability of dropping load as part of the system readjustment period – in order to protect for the next most limiting contingency. After a single contingency, it is understood that the system is in a Category B condition and the system should be planned based on the body of the criteria with no shedding of load regardless of whether it is done immediately or in 15-30 minute after the original contingency. Category C conditions only arrive after the second contingency has happened; at that point in time, shedding load is allowed in a planned and controlled manner.

A robust California transmission system should be, and under the LCT Study is being, planned based on the main body of the criteria, not the footnote regarding Category B contingencies. Therefore, if there are available resources in the area, they are looked to meet reliability needs (and included in the LCR requirement) before resorting to involuntary load curtailment. The footnote may be applied for criteria compliance issues only where there are no resources available in the area.

Time allowed for manual readjustment:

This is the amount of time required for the operator to take all actions necessary to prepare the system for the next contingency. This time should be less than 30 minutes, based on existing CAISO Planning Standards.

This is a somewhat controversial aspect of the interpretation of existing criteria. This item is very specific in the CAISO Planning Standards. However, some will argue that 30 minutes only allows generation re-dispatch and automated switching where remote control is possible. If remote capability does not exist, a person must be dispatched in the field to do switching and 30 minutes may not allow sufficient time. If approved, an exemption from the existing time requirements may be given for small local areas with very limited exposure and impact, clearly described in operating procedures, and only until remote controlled switching equipment can be installed.

F. The Two Options Presented In This LCT Report

This LCT Study sets forth different solution “options” with varying ranges of potential service reliability consistent with CAISO’s Reliability Criteria. The CAISO applies Option 2 for its purposes of identifying necessary local capacity needs and the corresponding potential scope of its backstop authority. Nevertheless, the CAISO continues to provide Option 1 as a point of reference for the CPUC and Local Regulatory Authorities in considering procurement targets for their jurisdictional LSEs.

1. Option 1- Meet Performance Criteria Category B

Option 1 is a service reliability level that reflects generation capacity that must be available to comply with reliability standards immediately after a NERC Category B given that load cannot be removed to meet this performance standard under Reliability Criteria. However, this capacity amount implicitly relies on load interruption as the **only means** of meeting any Reliability Criteria that is beyond the loss of a single transmission element (N-1). These situations will likely require substantial load interruptions in order to maintain system continuity and alleviate equipment overloads prior to the actual occurrence of the second contingency.³

2. Option 2- Meet Performance Criteria Category C and Incorporate Suitable Operational Solutions

Option 2 is a service reliability level that reflects generation capacity that is needed to readjust the system to prepare for the loss of a second transmission element (N-1-1) using generation capacity *after* considering all reasonable and feasible operating solutions (including those involving customer load interruption) developed and approved by the CAISO, in consultation with the PTOs. Under this option, there is no expected load interruption to end-use customers under normal or single contingency conditions as the CAISO operators prepare for the second contingency. However, the customer load may be interrupted in the event the second contingency occurs.

As noted, Option 2 is the local capacity level that the CAISO requires to reliably operate the grid per NERC, WECC and CAISO standards. As such, the CAISO recommends adoption of this Option to guide resource adequacy procurement.

III. Assumption Details: How the Study was Conducted

A. System Planning Criteria

³ This potential for pre-contingency load shedding also occurs because real time operators must prepare for the loss of a common mode N-2 at all times.

The following table provides a comparison of system planning criteria, based on the NERC performance standards, used in the study:

Table 1: Criteria Comparison

Contingency Component(s)	ISO Grid Planning Criteria	Old RMR Criteria	Local Capacity Criteria
<u>A – No Contingencies</u>	X	X	X
<u>B – Loss of a single element</u>			
1. Generator (G-1)	X	X	X ¹
2. Transmission Circuit (L-1)	X	X	X ¹
3. Transformer (T-1)	X	X ²	X ^{1,2}
4. Single Pole (dc) Line	X	X	X ¹
5. G-1 system readjusted L-1	X	X	X
<u>C – Loss of two or more elements</u>			
1. Bus Section	X		
2. Breaker (failure or internal fault)	X		
3. L-1 system readjusted G-1	X		X
3. G-1 system readjusted T-1 or T-1 system readjusted G-1	X		X
3. L-1 system readjusted T-1 or T-1 system readjusted L-1	X		X
3. G-1 system readjusted G-1	X		X
3. L-1 system readjusted L-1	X		X
3. T-1 system readjusted T-1	X		
4. Bipolar (dc) Line	X		X
5. Two circuits (Common Mode) L-2	X		X
6. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for G-1	X		
7. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for L-1	X		
8. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for T-1	X		
9. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for Bus section	X		
WECC-S3. Two generators (Common Mode) G-2	X ³		X
<u>D – Extreme event – loss of two or more elements</u>			
Any B1-4 system readjusted (Common Mode) L-2	X ⁴		X ³
All other extreme combinations D1-14.	X ⁴		
<p>1 System must be able to readjust to a safe operating zone in order to be able to support the loss of the next contingency.</p> <p>2 A thermal or voltage criterion violation resulting from a transformer outage may not be cause for a local area reliability requirement if the violation is considered marginal (e.g. acceptable loss of facility life or low voltage), otherwise, such a violation will necessitate creation of a requirement.</p> <p>3 Evaluate for risks and consequence, per NERC standards. No voltage collapse or dynamic instability allowed.</p> <p>4 Evaluate for risks and consequence, per NERC standards.</p>			

A significant number of simulations were run to determine the most critical contingencies within each Local Capacity Area. Using power flow, post-transient load flow, and stability assessment tools, the system performance results of all the contingencies that were studied were measured against the system performance requirements defined by the criteria shown in Table 4. Where the specific system performance requirements were not met, generation was adjusted such that the minimum amount of generation required to meet the criteria was determined in the Local Capacity Area. The following describes how the criteria were tested for the specific type of analysis performed.

1. Power Flow Assessment:

<u>Contingencies</u>	<u>Thermal Criteria</u> ³	<u>Voltage Criteria</u> ⁴
Generating unit ^{1, 6}	Applicable Rating	Applicable Rating
Transmission line ^{1, 6}	Applicable Rating	Applicable Rating
Transformer ^{1, 6}	Applicable Rating ⁵	Applicable Rating ⁵
(G-1)(L-1) ^{2, 6}	Applicable Rating	Applicable Rating
Overlapping ^{6, 7}	Applicable Rating	Applicable Rating

- ¹ All single contingency outages (i.e. generating unit, transmission line or transformer) will be simulated on Participating Transmission Owners' local area systems.
- ² Key generating unit out, system readjusted, followed by a line outage. This overlapping outage is considered a single contingency within the ISO Grid Planning Criteria. Therefore, load dropping for an overlapping G-1, L-1 scenario is not permitted.
- ³ Applicable Rating – Based on CAISO Transmission Register or facility upgrade plans including established Path ratings.
- ⁴ Applicable Rating – CAISO Grid Planning Criteria or facility owner criteria as appropriate including established Path ratings.
- ⁵ A thermal or voltage criterion violation resulting from a transformer outage may not be cause for a local area reliability requirement if the violation is considered marginal (e.g. acceptable loss of facility life or low voltage), otherwise, such a violation will necessitate creation of a requirement.
- ⁶ Following the first contingency (N-1), the generation must be sufficient to allow the operators to bring the system back to within acceptable (normal) operating range (voltage and loading) and/or appropriate OTC following the studied outage conditions.
- ⁷ During normal operation or following the first contingency (N-1), the generation must be sufficient to allow the operators to prepare for the next worst N-1 or common mode N-2 without pre-contingency interruptible or firm load shedding.

SPS/RAS/Safety Nets may be utilized to satisfy the criteria after the second N-1 or common mode N-2 except if the problem is of a thermal nature such that short-term ratings could be utilized to provide the operators time to shed either interruptible or firm load. T-2s (two transformer bank outages) would be excluded from the criteria.

2. Post Transient Load Flow Assessment:

<u>Contingencies</u> Selected ¹	<u>Reactive Margin Criteria</u> ² Applicable Rating
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- ¹ If power flow results indicate significant low voltages for a given power flow contingency, simulate that outage using the post transient load flow program. The post-transient assessment will develop appropriate Q/V and/or P/V curves.
- ² Applicable Rating – positive margin based on the higher of imports or load increase by 5% for N-1 contingencies, and 2.5% for N-2 contingencies.

3. Stability Assessment:

<u>Contingencies</u> Selected ¹	<u>Stability Criteria</u> ² Applicable Rating
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- ¹ Base on historical information, engineering judgment and/or if power flow or post transient study results indicate significant low voltages or marginal reactive margin for a given contingency.
- ² Applicable Rating – CAISO Grid Planning Criteria or facility owner criteria as appropriate.

B. Load Forecast

1. System Forecast

The California Energy Commission (CEC) derives the load forecast at the system and Participating Transmission Owner (PTO) levels. This relevant CEC forecast is then distributed across the entire system, down to the local area, division and substation level. The PTOs use an econometric equation to forecast the system load. The predominant parameters affecting the system load are (1) number of households, (2) economic activity (gross metropolitan products, GMP), (3) temperature and (4) increased energy efficiency and distributed generation programs.

2. Base Case Load Development Method

The method used to develop the base case loads is a melding process that extracts, adjusts and modifies the information from the system, distribution and municipal utility forecasts. The melding process consists of two parts: Part 1 deals with the PTO load and Part 2 deals with the municipal utility load. There may be small differences between the methodologies used by each PTO to disaggregate the CEC load forecast to their level of local area as well as bar-bus model.

a. PTO Loads in Base Case

The methods used to determine the PTO loads are, for the most part, similar. One part of the method deals with the determination of the division⁴ loads that would meet the requirements of 1-in-5 or 1-in-10 system or area base cases and the other part deals with the allocation of the division load to the transmission buses.

i. Determination of division loads

The annual division load is determined by summing the previous year division load and the current division load growth. Thus, the key steps are the determination of the initial year division load and the annual load growth. The initial year for the base case development method is based heavily on recorded data. The division load growth in the system base case is determined in two steps. First, the total PTO load growth for the year is determined, as the product of the PTO load and the load growth rate from the system load forecast. Then this total PTO load growth is allocated to the division, based on the relative magnitude of the load growth projected for the divisions by the distribution planners. For example, for the 1-in-10 area base case, the division load growth determined for the system base case is adjusted to the 1-in-10 temperature using the load temperature relation determined from the latest peak load and temperature data of the division.

⁴ Each PTO divides its territory in a number of smaller area named divisions. These are usually smaller and compact areas that have the same temperature profile.

ii. Allocation of division load to transmission bus level

Since the base case loads are modeled at the various transmission buses, the division loads developed must be allocated to those buses. The allocation process is different depending on the load types. For the most part, each PTO classifies its loads into four types: conforming, non-conforming, self-generation and generation-plant loads. Since the non-conforming and self-generation loads are assumed to not vary with temperature, their magnitude would be the same in the system or area base cases of the same year. The remaining load (the total division load developed above, less the quantity of non-conforming and self-generation load) is the conforming load. The remaining load is allocated to the transmission buses based on the relative magnitude of the distribution forecast. The summation of all base case loads is generally higher than the load forecast because some load, i.e., self-generation and generation-plant, are behind the meter and must be modeled in the base cases. However, for the most part, metered or aggregated data with telemetry is used to come up with the load forecast.

b. Municipal Loads in Base Case

The municipal utility forecasts that have been provided to the CEC and PTOs for the purposes of their base cases were also used for this study.

C. Power Flow Program Used in the LCR analysis

The technical studies were conducted using General Electric's Power System Load Flow (GE PSLF) program version 18.0. This GE PSLF program is available directly from GE or through the Western System Electricity Council (WECC) to any member.

To evaluate Local Capacity Areas, the starting base case was adjusted to reflect the latest generation and transmission projects as well as the one-in-ten-year peak load forecast for each Local Capacity Area as provided to the CAISO by the PTOs.

Electronic contingency files provided by the PTOs were utilized to perform the numerous contingencies required to identify the LCR. These contingency files include remedial action and special protection schemes that are expected to be in operation

during the year of study. An CAISO created EPCL (a GE programming language contained within the GE PSLF package) routine was used to run the combination of contingencies; however, other routines are available from WECC with the GE PSFL package or can be developed by third parties to identify the most limiting combination of contingencies requiring the highest amount of generation within the local area to maintain power flows within applicable ratings.

IV. Locational Capacity Requirement Study Results

A. Summary of Study Results

LCR is defined as the amount of generating capacity that is needed within a Local Capacity Area to reliably serve the load located within this area. The results of the CAISO's analysis are summarized in the Executive Summary Tables.

Table 2: 2013 Local Capacity Needs vs. Peak Load and Local Area Generation

	2013 Total LCR (MW)	Peak Load (1 in 10) (MW)	2013 LCR as % of Peak Load	Total Dependable Local Area Generation (MW)	2013 LCR as % of Total Area Generation
Humboldt	212	210	101%	217	98%**
North Coast/North Bay	629	1479	43%	869	72%
Sierra	1930	1738	111%	2039	95%**
Stockton	567	1109	51%	620	91%**
Greater Bay	4502	10233	44%	7664	59%
Greater Fresno	1786	3032	59%	2817	63%
Kern	525	1311	40%	584	90%**
LA Basin	10295	19460	53%	13127	78%
Big Creek/Ventura	2241	4596	49%	5276	42%
San Diego	3082	5114	60%	4149	74%**
Total	25,769	48282*	53%*	37,362	69%

Table 3: 2017 Local Capacity Needs vs. Peak Load and Local Area Generation

	2017 Total LCR (MW)	Peak Load (1 in10) (MW)	2017 LCR as % of Peak Load	Total Dependable Local Area Generation (MW)	2017 LCR as % of Total Area Generation
Humboldt	165	206	80%	232	71%
North Coast/North Bay	446	1538	29%	913	49%
Sierra	1969	2144	92%	2039	97%**
Stockton	440	967	46%	716	61%**
Greater Bay	4281	10497	41%	7674	56%
Greater Fresno	2110	3364	63%	2817	75%
Kern	434	1307	33%	670	65%**
LA Basin	10019	20599	49%	13954	72%
Big Creek/Ventura	2537	4632	55%	5220	49%
Greater San Diego/Imperial Valley	3155	5506	57%	4925	64%**
Total	25556	50760*	50%*	39160	65%

* Value shown only illustrative, since each local area peaks at a different time.

** Generation deficient LCA (or with sub-area that are deficient) – deficiency included in LCR. Generator deficient area implies that in order to comply with the criteria, at summer peak, load must be shed immediately after the first contingency.

Tables 2 and 3 shows how much of the Local Capacity Area load is dependent on local generation and how much local generation must be available in order to serve the load in those Local Capacity Areas in a manner consistent with the Reliability Criteria. These tables also indicate where new transmission projects, new generation additions or demand side management programs would be most useful in order to reduce the dependency on existing, generally older and less efficient local area generation.

The term “Qualifying Capacity” used in this report is the “Net Qualifying Capacity” (“NQC”) posted on the CAISO web site at:

<http://www.caiso.com/1796/179688b22c970.html>

The NQC list includes the area (if applicable) where each resource is located for units already operational. Neither the NQC list nor this report incorporates Demand Side Management programs and their related NQC. Units scheduled to become

operational before June 1 of 2017 have been included in this 2017 Long-Term LCR Report and added to the total NQC values for those respective areas (see detail write-up for each area).

Regarding the main tables up front (page 2), the first column, “Qualifying Capacity,” reflects two sets of generation. The first set is comprised of generation that would normally be expected to be on-line such as Municipal generation and Regulatory Must-take generation (state, federal, QFs, wind and nuclear units). The second set is “market” generation. The second column, “YEAR LCR Requirement Based on Category B” identifies the local capacity requirements, and deficiencies that must be addressed, in order to achieve a service reliability level based on Performance Criteria- Category B. The third column, “YEAR LCR Requirement Based on Category C with Operating Procedure”, sets forth the local capacity requirements, and deficiencies that must be addressed, necessary to attain a service reliability level based on Performance Criteria- Category C with operational solutions.

B. Summary of Results by Local Area

Each Local Capacity Area’s overall requirement is determined by also achieving each sub-area requirement. Because these areas are a part of the interconnected electric system, the total for each Local Capacity Area is not simply a summation of the sub-area needs. For example, some sub-areas may overlap and therefore the same units may count for meeting the needs in both sub-areas.

1. Humboldt Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the area include:

- 1) Bridgeville-Cottonwood 115 kV line #1
- 2) Humboldt-Trinity 115 kV line #1
- 3) Willits-Garberville 60 kV line #1

4) Trinity-Maple Creek 60 kV line #1

The substations that delineate the Humboldt Area are:

- 1) Bridgeville and Low Gap are in, Cottonwood is out
- 2) Humboldt is in Trinity is out
- 3) Willits is out, Kekawaka and Garberville are in
- 4) Trinity is out, Ridge Cabin and Maple Creek are in

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 196 MW with 10 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 206 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
BLULKE_6_BLUELK	31156	BLUELKPP	12.5	0.00	1	Energy Only	Market
BRDGLV_7_BAKER				0.00		Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
FAIRHV_6_UNIT	31150	FAIRHAVN	13.8	14.69	1	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
FTSWRD_7_QFUNTS				0.51		Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HUMBPP_1_UNITS3	31180	HUMB_G1	13.8	16.27	1		Market
HUMBPP_1_UNITS3	31180	HUMB_G1	13.8	16.27	2		Market
HUMBPP_1_UNITS3	31180	HUMB_G1	13.8	16.27	3		Market
HUMBPP_1_UNITS3	31180	HUMB_G1	13.8	16.27	4		Market
HUMBPP_6_UNITS1	31181	HUMB_G2	13.8	16.27	5		Market
HUMBPP_6_UNITS1	31181	HUMB_G2	13.8	16.27	6		Market
HUMBPP_6_UNITS1	31181	HUMB_G2	13.8	16.27	7		Market
HUMBPP_6_UNITS2	31182	HUMB_G2	13.8	16.27	8		Market
HUMBPP_6_UNITS2	31182	HUMB_G2	13.8	16.27	9		Market
HUMBPP_6_UNITS2	31182	HUMB_G2	13.8	16.27	10		Market
HUMBSB_1_QF				0.00		Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KEKAWK_6_UNIT	31166	KEKAWAK	9.1	0.00	1	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
LAPAC_6_UNIT	31158	LP SAMOA	12.5	20.00	1		QF/Selfgen
PACLUM_6_UNIT	31152	PAC.LUMB	13.8	7.47	1	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PACLUM_6_UNIT	31152	PAC.LUMB	13.8	7.47	2	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PACLUM_6_UNIT	31153	PAC.LUMB	2.4	4.48	3	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
WLLWCR_6_CEDRFL				0.02		Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
New Unit	31161	RPSP1016	34.5	8	1	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New Unit	31161	RPSP1016	34.5	7	2	No NQC - est. data	Wind

Major new projects modeled:

1. Humboldt Reactive Support
2. Humboldt 115/60 kV Transformers Replacement project
3. Maple Creek Reactive Support
4. Garberville Reactive Support
5. Bridgeville 115/60 kV transformer replacement – PG&E maintenance project

6. One small renewable power plant

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Humboldt overall:

The most critical contingency for the Humboldt area is the outage of the Cottonwood-Bridgeville 115 kV line overlapping with an outage of the gen-tie from Humboldt Bay Power Plant to units 1-4. The local area limitation is potential overload on the Humboldt -Trinity 115 kV Line. This contingency establishes a local capacity need of 165 MW in 2017 (includes 55 MW of QF/Selfgen resources) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The single most critical contingency for the Humboldt area is the outage of the Cottonwood-Bridgeville 115 kV line with one of the Humboldt Bay Power Plant units already out of service, which could potentially overload the Humboldt -Trinity 115 kV line. This contingency establishes a local capacity need of 112 MW in 2017 (includes 55 MW of QF/Selfgen resources).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
31152	PAC.LUMB	1	92
31152	PAC.LUMB	2	92
31180	HUMB_G1	1	94
31180	HUMB_G1	2	94
31180	HUMB_G1	3	94
31180	HUMB_G1	4	94
31181	HUMB_G2	5	94
31181	HUMB_G2	6	94
31181	HUMB_G2	7	94
31182	HUMB_G3	8	94
31182	HUMB_G3	9	94
31182	HUMB_G3	10	94
31150	FAIRHAVN	1	93
31158	LP SAMOA	1	94
31156	BLUELKPP	1	95
31153	PAC.LUMB	3	92
31166	KEKAWAK	1	62

Changes compared to last year's results:

The load and losses have decreased by about 21 MW from 2016 to 2017. This has resulted in a decrease in the LCR for the Humboldt area by about 33 MW.

Humboldt Overall Requirements:

	QF/Selfgen (MW)	Wind (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	55	15	162	232

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ⁵	112	0	112
Category C (Multiple) ⁶	165	0	165

2. North Coast / North Bay Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie facilities coming into the North Coast/North Bay area are:

- 1) Cortina-Mendocino 115 kV Line
- 2) Cortina-Eagle Rock 115 kV Line
- 3) Willits-Garberville 60 kV line #1
- 4) Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV line #1
- 5) Tulucay-Vaca Dixon 230 kV line #1
- 6) Lakeville-Sobrante 230 kV line #1
- 7) Ignacio-Sobrante 230 kV line #1

The substations that delineate the North Coast/North Bay area are:

- 1) Cortina is out, Mendocino and Indian Valley are in
- 2) Cortina is out, Eagle Rock, Highlands and Homestake are in
- 3) Willits and Lytonville are in, Kekawaka and Garberville are out
- 4) Vaca Dixon is out, Lakeville is in

⁵ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

⁶ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

- 5) Tulucay is in, Vaca Dixon is out
- 6) Lakeville is in, Sobrante is out
- 7) Ignacio is in, Sobrante and Crocket are out

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 1496 MW with 42 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 1538 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
ADLIN_1_UNITS	31435	GEO.ENGY	9.1	8.00	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
ADLIN_1_UNITS	31435	GEO.ENGY	9.1	8.00	2	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
BEARCN_2_UNITS	31402	BEAR CAN	13.8	6.50	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
BEARCN_2_UNITS	31402	BEAR CAN	13.8	6.50	2	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
FULTON_1_QF				0.06		Fulton, Lakeville	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GEYS11_7_UNIT11	31412	GEYSER11	13.8	65.00	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GEYS12_7_UNIT12	31414	GEYSER12	13.8	50.00	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GEYS13_7_UNIT13	31416	GEYSER13	13.8	56.00	1	Lakeville		Market
GEYS14_7_UNIT14	31418	GEYSER14	13.8	50.00	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GEYS16_7_UNIT16	31420	GEYSER16	13.8	49.00	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GEYS17_2_BOTRCK	31421	BOTTLERK	13.8	14.70	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GEYS17_7_UNIT17	31422	GEYSER17	13.8	53.00	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GEYS18_7_UNIT18	31424	GEYSER18	13.8	45.00	1	Lakeville		Market
GEYS20_7_UNIT20	31426	GEYSER20	13.8	40.00	1	Lakeville		Market
GYS5X6_7_UNITS	31406	GEYSR5-6	13.8	40.00	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GYS5X6_7_UNITS	31406	GEYSR5-6	13.8	40.00	2	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GYS7X8_7_UNITS	31408	GEYSER78	13.8	38.00	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GYS7X8_7_UNITS	31408	GEYSER78	13.8	38.00	2	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville		Market
GYSRVL_7_WSPRNG				1.68		Fulton, Lakeville	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HIWAY_7_ACANYN				0.92		Lakeville	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
IGNACO_1_QF				0.00		Lakeville	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
INDVLY_1_UNITS	31436	INDIAN V	9.1	0.54	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MONTPH_7_UNITS	32700	MONTICLO	9.1	3.88	1	Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MONTPH_7_UNITS	32700	MONTICLO	9.1	3.88	2	Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MONTPH_7_UNITS	32700	MONTICLO	9.1	0.92	3	Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
NAPA_2_UNIT				0.01		Lakeville	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

NCPA_7_GP1UN1	38106	NCPA1GY1	13.8	31.00	1	Lakeville	Aug NQC	MUNI
NCPA_7_GP1UN2	38108	NCPA1GY2	13.8	28.00	1	Lakeville	Aug NQC	MUNI
NCPA_7_GP2UN3	38110	NCPA2GY1	13.8	0.00	1	Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	MUNI
NCPA_7_GP2UN4	38112	NCPA2GY2	13.8	52.73	1	Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	MUNI
POTTER_6_UNITS	31433	POTTRVLY	2.4	4.70	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	Market
POTTER_6_UNITS	31433	POTTRVLY	2.4	2.25	3	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	Market
POTTER_6_UNITS	31433	POTTRVLY	2.4	2.25	4	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	Market
POTTER_7_VECINO				0.02		Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SANTFG_7_UNITS	31400	SANTA FE	13.8	30.00	1	Lakeville		Market
SANTFG_7_UNITS	31400	SANTA FE	13.8	30.00	2	Lakeville		Market
SMUDGO_7_UNIT 1	31430	SMUDGE01	13.8	37.00	1	Lakeville		Market
SNMALF_6_UNITS	31446	SONMA LF	9.1	4.60	1	Fulton, Lakeville	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UKIAH_7_LAKEMN				1.70		Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	Not modeled	MUNI
WDFRDF_2_UNITS	31404	WEST FOR	13.8	12.51	1	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
WDFRDF_2_UNITS	31404	WEST FOR	13.8	12.49	2	Fulton, Lakeville		Market
New Unit	31447	RPSP1008	4.2	0	1	Lakeville	Energy Only	Market
New Unit	31405	RPSP1014	13.8	32	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New Unit	31439	RPSP1015	13.8	12	1	Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville	No NQC - est. data	Wind

Major new projects modeled:

1. Lakeville-Ignacio #2 230 kV line
2. Fulton-Fitch Mountain 60 kV Line reconductoring
3. Clear Lake 60 kV System Reinforcement Project (Middle Town 115 kV Project)
4. Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV Reconductoring
5. One new small geothermal project
6. One new small biomass project
7. One new small wind project

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Eagle Rock Sub-area

The most critical overlapping contingency is an outage of the Geysers #3 - Cloverdale 115 kV line and the Cortina-Mendocino 115 kV line. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of the Eagle Rock-Cortina 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 235 MW in 2017 (includes 1 MW of QF, 12 MW of

Wind and 2 MW of MUNI generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is an outage of the Cortina-Mendocino 115 kV transmission line with Geysers 11 unit out of service. The sub-area limitation is thermal overloading of the parallel Eagle Rock-Cortina 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 214 MW in 2017 (includes 1 MW of QF, 12 MW of Wind and 2 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The units within the Eagle-Rock pocket have the same effectiveness to the above-mentioned constraint. Units outside this area are not effective.

Fulton Sub-area

The most critical overlapping contingency is the outage of the Fulton-Ignacio 230 kV line #1 and the Fulton-Lakeville 230 kV line #1. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of Santa Rosa - Corona 115 kV line #1. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 325 MW in 2017 (includes 16 MW of QF, 12 MW of Wind and 54 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. All of the units required to meet the Eagle Rock pocket count towards the Fulton total requirement.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Fulton pocket as well as units outside the pocket that are at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
38112	NCPA2GY2	1	55
38110	NCPA2GY1	1	55
31422	GEYSER17	1	56
31421	BOTTLERK	1	55
31420	GEYSER16	1	56
31418	GEYSER14	1	56
31414	GEYSER12	1	55
31404	WEST FOR	2	56

31404	WEST FOR	1	56
31402	BEAR CAN	1	56
31402	BEAR CAN	2	56
31435	GEO.ENGY	1	34
31435	GEO.ENGY	2	34
31412	GEYSER11	1	34
31408	GEYSER78	1	34
31408	GEYSER78	2	34
31406	GEYSR5-6	1	34
31406	GEYSR5-6	2	34

Lakeville Sub-area

The most limiting contingency is the outage of Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV line with Geysers 11 unit out of service. The sub-area limitation is thermal overloading of the Vaca Dixon-Tulucay 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 446 MW (includes 17 MW of QF, 12 MW of Wind and 113 MW of Muni generation) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. The local capacity need for Eagle Rock and Fulton sub-areas can be counted toward fulfilling the need of Lakeville sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
31400	SANTA FE	2	36
31430	SMUDGE01	1	36
31400	SANTA FE	1	36
31416	GEYSER13	1	36
31424	GEYSER18	1	36
31426	GEYSER20	1	36
38106	NCPA1GY1	1	36
38108	NCPA1GY2	1	36
31421	BOTTLERK	1	33
31404	WEST FOR	2	33
31402	BEAR CAN	1	33
31402	BEAR CAN	2	33
31404	WEST FOR	1	33
31414	GEYSER12	1	33
31418	GEYSER14	1	33
31420	GEYSER16	1	33
31422	GEYSER17	1	33
38110	NCPA2GY1	1	33

38112	NCPA2GY2	1	33
31406	GEYSR5-6	1	17
31406	GEYSR5-6	2	17
31408	GEYSER78	1	17
31408	GEYSER78	2	17
31412	GEYSER11	1	17
31435	GEO.ENGY	1	17
31435	GEO.ENGY	2	17

Changes compared to last year’s results:

Overall the load and losses forecast went down by 83 MW, or about 5%. Three new renewable projects were modeled. The Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV reconductoring project was modeled and the overall result is a decrease by about 455 MW of LCR need in North Coast/North Bay.

North Coast/North Bay Overall Requirements:

	QF/Selfgen (MW)	Wind (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	17	12	113	771	913

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ⁷	446	0	446
Category C (Multiple) ⁸	446	0	446

3. Sierra Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the Sierra Area are:

- 1) Table Mountain-Rio Oso 230 kV line
- 2) Table Mountain-Palermo 230 kV line

⁷ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

⁸ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

- 3) Table Mt-Pease 60 kV line
- 4) Caribou-Palermo 115 kV line
- 5) Drum-Summit 115 kV line #1
- 6) Drum-Summit 115 kV line #2
- 7) Spaulding-Summit 60 kV line
- 8) Brighton-Bellota 230 kV line
- 9) Rio Oso-Lockeford 230 kV line
- 10) Gold Hill-Eight Mile Road 230 kV line
- 11) Lodi-Eight Mile Road 230 kV line
- 12) Gold Hill-Lake 230 kV line
- 13) Vaca Dixon–Davis #1 115kV line
- 14) Vaca Dixon–Davis #2 115kV line

The substations that delineate the Sierra Area are:

- 1) Table Mountain is out Rio Oso is in
- 2) Table Mountain is out Palermo is in
- 3) Table Mt is out Pease is in
- 4) Caribou is out Palermo is in
- 5) Drum is in Summit is out
- 6) Drum is in Summit is out
- 7) Spaulding is in Summit is out
- 8) Brighton is in Bellota is out
- 9) Rio Oso is in Lockeford is out
- 10) Gold Hill is in Eight Mile is out
- 11) Lodi is in Eight Mile is out
- 12) Gold Hill is in Lake is out
- 13) Vaca Dixon is out Vaca Dixon Junction 1 is in
- 14) Vaca Dixon is out Vaca Dixon Junction 2 is in

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 2039 MW with 105 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 2144 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
BELDEN_7_UNIT 1	31784	BELDEN	13.8	115.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
BIOMAS_1_UNIT 1	32156	WOODLAND	9.1	22.80	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
BNNIEN_7_ALTAPH	32376	BONNIE N	60	0.67		Weimer, Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
BOGUE_1_UNITA1	32451	FREC	13.8	45.00	1	Bogue, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
BOWMN_6_UNIT	32480	BOWMAN	9.1	2.68	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table	Aug NQC	MUNI

						Mountain		
BUCKCK_7_OAKFLT				0.87		South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
BUCKCK_7_PL1X2	31820	BCKS CRK	11	29.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
BUCKCK_7_PL1X2	31820	BCKS CRK	11	29.00	2	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
CHICPK_7_UNIT 1	32462	CHI.PARK	11.5	38.00	1	Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
COLGAT_7_UNIT 1	32450	COLGATE1	13.8	161.65	1	South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
COLGAT_7_UNIT 2	32452	COLGATE2	13.8	161.68	1	South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
CRESTA_7_PL1X2	31812	CRESTA	11.5	35.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
CRESTA_7_PL1X2	31812	CRESTA	11.5	35.00	2	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DAVIS_7_MNMETH				2.04		Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
DEADCK_1_UNIT	31862	DEADWOOD	9.1	0.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
DEERCR_6_UNIT 1	32474	DEER CRK	9.1	3.61	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DRUM_7_PL1X2	32504	DRUM 1-2	6.6	13.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DRUM_7_PL1X2	32504	DRUM 1-2	6.6	13.00	2	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DRUM_7_PL3X4	32506	DRUM 3-4	6.6	13.70	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DRUM_7_PL3X4	32506	DRUM 3-4	6.6	13.70	2	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DRUM_7_UNIT 5	32454	DRUM 5	13.8	49.50	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DUTCH1_7_UNIT 1	32464	DTCHFLT1	11	22.00	1	Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
DUTCH2_7_UNIT 1	32502	DTCHFLT2	6.9	26.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
ELDORO_7_UNIT 1	32513	ELDRADO1	21.6	11.00	1	Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain		Market
ELDORO_7_UNIT 2	32514	ELDRADO2	21.6	11.00	1	Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain		Market
FMEADO_6_HELLHL	32486	HELLHOLE	9.1	0.54	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
FMEADO_7_UNIT	32508	FRNCH MD	4.2	16.01	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
FORBST_7_UNIT 1	31814	FORBSTWN	11.5	39.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of	Aug NQC	MUNI

						Table Mountain		
GOLDHL_1_QF				0.00		Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
GRNLF1_1_UNITS	32490	GRNLEAF1	13.8	5.47	1	Bogue, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GRNLF1_1_UNITS	32490	GRNLEAF1	13.8	27.97	2	Bogue, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GRNLF2_1_UNIT	32492	GRNLEAF2	13.8	34.00	1	Pease, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HALSEY_6_UNIT	32478	HALSEY F	9.1	7.01	1	Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
HAYPRS_6_QFUNTS	32488	HAYPRES+	9.1	0.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HAYPRS_6_QFUNTS	32488	HAYPRES+	9.1	0.00	2	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HIGGNS_7_QFUNTS				0.11		Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KANAKA_1_UNIT				0.00		Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
KELYRG_6_UNIT	31834	KELLYRDG	9.1	10.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
MDFKRL_2_PROJCT	32456	MIDLFORK	13.8	62.18	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
MDFKRL_2_PROJCT	32456	MIDLFORK	13.8	62.18	2	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
MDFKRL_2_PROJCT	32458	RALSTON	13.8	84.32	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
NAROW1_2_UNIT	32466	NARROWS1	9.1	6.29	1	South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
NAROW2_2_UNIT	32468	NARROWS2	9.1	22.59	1	South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
NWCSTL_7_UNIT 1	32460	NEWCASTLE	13.2	0.03	1	Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
OROVIL_6_UNIT	31888	OROVILLE	9.1	4.61	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
OXBOW_6_DRUM	32484	OXBOW F	9.1	6.00	1	Weimer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
PACORO_6_UNIT	31890	PO POWER	9.1	7.56	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PACORO_6_UNIT	31890	PO POWER	9.1	7.57	2	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PLACVL_1_CHILIB	32510	CHILIBAR	4.2	2.18	1	Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
PLACVL_1_RCKCRE				0.00		Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
PLSNTG_7_LNCLND	32408	PLSNT GR	60	1.24		Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market

						Mountain		
POEPH_7_UNIT 1	31790	POE 1	13.8	60.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
POEPH_7_UNIT 2	31792	POE 2	13.8	60.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
RCKCRK_7_UNIT 1	31786	ROCK CK1	13.8	56.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
RCKCRK_7_UNIT 2	31788	ROCK CK2	13.8	56.00	1	South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
RIOOSO_1_QF				1.12		Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ROLLIN_6_UNIT	32476	ROLLINSF	9.1	11.09	1	Weimer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
SLYCRK_1_UNIT 1	31832	SLY.CR.	9.1	10.36	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
SPAULD_6_UNIT 3	32472	SPAULDG	9.1	5.80	3	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
SPAULD_6_UNIT12	32472	SPAULDG	9.1	4.96	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
SPAULD_6_UNIT12	32472	SPAULDG	9.1	4.96	2	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
SPI LI_2_UNIT 1	32498	SPILINCF	12.5	10.49	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
STIGCT_2_LODI	38114	Stig CC	13.8	49.50	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain		MUNI
ULTRCK_2_UNIT	32500	ULTR RCK	9.1	20.74	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
WDLEAF_7_UNIT 1	31794	WOODLEAF	13.8	55.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	MUNI
WHEATL_6_LNDFIL	32350	WHEATLND	60	1.20		South of Table Mountain	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
WISE_1_UNIT 1	32512	WISE	12	10.82	1	Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
WISE_1_UNIT 2	32512	WISE	12	0.34	1	Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	Market
YUBACT_1_SUNSWT	32494	YUBA CTY	9.1	24.80	1	Pease, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
YUBACT_6_UNITA1	32496	YCEC	13.8	46.00	1	Pease, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain		Market
CAMPFW_7_FARWST	32470	CMP.FARW	9.1	4.60	1	South of Table Mountain	No NQC - hist. data	MUNI
NA	32162	RIV.DLTA	9.11	0.00	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
UCDAVS_1_UNIT	32166	UC DAVIS	9.1	3.50	1	Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen

						Mountain		
STIGCT_2_LODIEC	38123	Q267CT1	18	166.00	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	No NQC - Pmax	MUNI
STIGCT_2_LODIEC	38124	Q267ST1	18	114.00	1	South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain	No NQC - Pmax	MUNI

Major new projects modeled:

1. Table Mountain-Rio Oso Reconductor and Tower Upgrade
2. Palermo-Rio Oso 115 kV Reconductoring
3. Gold Hill-Missouri Flat #1 and #2 115 kV line Reconductoring
4. Rio Oso #1 and #2 230/115 kV Transformer Replacement
5. Gold Hill-Horseshoe 115 kV line Reconductoring
6. Vaca Dixon-Davis Voltage Conversion
7. New Rio Oso-Atlantic 230 kV line
8. Lodi Energy Center

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Placerville Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Gold Hill-Clarksville 115 kV line followed by loss of the Gold Hill-Missouri Flat #2 115 kV line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Gold Hill-Missouri Flat #1 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 11 MW (includes 0 MW of QF and Muni generation) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area have the same effectiveness factor.

Placer Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Gold Hill-Placer #2 115 kV line followed by loss of the Gold Hill-Placer #1 115 kV line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Drum-Higgins 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity

need of 116 MW (includes 38 MW of QF and Muni generation as well as 34 MW of deficiency) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is the loss of the Gold Hill-Placer #2 115 kV line followed with Chicago Park unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Drum-Higgins 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 109 MW (includes 38 MW of QF and Muni generation as well as 22 MW of deficiency) in 2017 .

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Pease Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Palermo-East Nicolaus 115 kV line with Yuba City Energy Center unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Palermo-Pease 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 97 MW (includes 59 MW of QF generation) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area have the same effectiveness factor.

Bogue Sub-area

No requirements due to the Palermo-Rio Oso 115 kV reconductoring project.

Drum-Rio Oso Sub-area

No requirements due to the Rio Oso 230/115 kV transformers replacement project.

South of Rio Oso Sub-area

No requirements due to the addition of the new Rio Oso-Atlantic 230 kV line.

South of Palermo Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Double Circuit Tower Line Table Mountain-Rio Oso and Colgate-Rio Oso 230 kV lines. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Pease-Rio Oso 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 1637 MW (includes 59 MW of QF and 639 MW of Muni generation as well as 156 MW of deficiency) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is the loss of the Palermo- East Nicolaus 115 kV line with Belden unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Pease-Rio Oso 115 kV line. This contingency establishes in 2017 a LCR of 1294 MW (includes 59 MW of QF and 639 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

South of Table Mountain Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Table Mountain-Rio Oso and Table Mountain-Palermo 230 kV double circuit tower line outage. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Caribou-Palermo 115 kV line. This limitation establishes a local capacity need of 1793 MW in 2017 (includes 171 MW of QF and 1103 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The units required for the South of Palermo sub-area satisfy the single contingency requirement for this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has effectiveness factor to the most critical contingency.

Gen Bus #	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
31814	FORBSTWN	1	7

31794	WOODLEAF	1	7
31832	SLY.CR.	1	7
31862	DEADWOOD	1	7
31890	PO POWER	1	6
31890	PO POWER	2	6
31888	OROVILLE	1	6
31834	KELLYRDG	1	6
32450	COLGATE1	1	4
32466	NARROWS1	1	4
32468	NARROWS2	1	4
32452	COLGATE2	1	4
32470	CMP.FARW	1	4
32451	FREC	1	4
32490	GRNLEAF1	1	4
32490	GRNLEAF1	2	4
32496	YCEC	1	4
32494	YUBA CTY	1	4
32492	GRNLEAF2	1	4
32498	SPILINCF	1	2
31788	ROCK CK2	1	2
31812	CRESTA	1	2
31812	CRESTA	2	2
31820	BCKS CRK	1	2
31820	BCKS CRK	2	2
31786	ROCK CK1	1	2
31790	POE 1	1	2
31792	POE 2	1	2
31784	BELDEN	1	2
32500	ULTR RCK	1	2
32156	WOODLAND	1	2
32510	CHILIBAR	1	2
32513	ELDRADO1	1	2
32514	ELDRADO2	1	2
32478	HALSEY F	1	2
32460	NEWCSTLE	1	1
32458	RALSTON	1	1
32512	WISE	1	1
32456	MIDLFORK	1	1
32456	MIDLFORK	2	1
32486	HELLHOLE	1	1
32508	FRNCH MD	1	1
32162	RIV.DLTA	1	1
32502	DTCHFLT2	1	1

32462	CHI.PARK	1	1
32464	DTCHFLT1	1	1
32454	DRUM 5	1	1
32476	ROLLINSF	1	1
32484	OXBOW F	1	1
32474	DEER CRK	1	1
32504	DRUM 1-2	1	1
32504	DRUM 1-2	2	1
32506	DRUM 3-4	1	1
32506	DRUM 3-4	2	1
32166	UC DAVIS	1	1
32472	SPAULDG	1	1
32472	SPAULDG	2	1
32472	SPAULDG	3	1
32480	BOWMAN	1	1
32488	HAYPRES+	1	1
32488	HAYPRES+	2	1
38124	LODI ST1	1	1
38123	LODI CT1	1	1
38114	STIG CC	1	1

Changes compared to last year's results:

The load forecast went up by 217 MW or about 11% as compared to 2016. Overall the total LCR for 2017 for the Sierra area has increased by 882 MW for category C and by 736 MW for category B as compared to the 2016 LCR mainly due to delay in implementation of South of Palermo Reinforcement transmission project.

Sierra Overall Requirements:

	QF (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	171	1103	765	2039

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ⁹	1294	22	1316
Category C (Multiple) ¹⁰	1793	176	1969

⁹ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

4. Stockton Area

Area Definition

The transmission facilities that establish the boundary of the Tesla-Bellota sub-area are:

- 1) Bellota 230/115 kV Transformer #1
- 2) Bellota 230/115 kV Transformer #2
- 3) Tesla-Tracy 115 kV Line
- 4) Tesla-Salado 115 kV Line
- 5) Tesla-Salado-Manteca 115 kV line
- 6) Tesla-Schulte #1 115 kV Line
- 7) Tesla-Schulte #2 115kV line
- 8) Tesla-Vierra 115 kV Line

The substations that delineate the Tesla-Bellota Sub-area are:

- 1) Bellota 230 kV is out Bellota 115 kV is in
- 2) Bellota 230 kV is out Bellota 115 kV is in
- 3) Tesla is out Tracy is in
- 4) Tesla is out Salado is in
- 5) Tesla is out Salado and Manteca are in
- 6) Tesla is out Schulte is in
- 7) Tesla is out Schulte is in
- 8) Tesla is out Thermal Energy is in

The transmission facilities that establish the boundary of the Lockeford sub-area are:

- 1) Lockeford-Industrial 60 kV line
- 2) Lockeford-Lodi #1 60 kV line
- 3) Lockeford-Lodi #2 60 kV line
- 4) Lockeford-Lodi #3 60 kV line

The substations that delineate the Lockeford Sub-area are:

- 1) Lockeford is out Industrial is in
- 2) Lockeford is out Lodi is in
- 3) Lockeford is out Lodi is in
- 4) Lockeford is out Lodi is in

Total 2016 busload within the defined area: 952 MW with 15 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 967 MW.

¹⁰ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
BEARDS_7_UNIT 1	34074	BEARDSLY	6.9	8.36	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	MUNI
CURIS_1_QF				0.84		Tesla-Bellota	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DONNLS_7_UNIT	34058	DONNELLS	13.8	72.00	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	MUNI
LODI25_2_UNIT 1	38120	LODI25CT	9.11	22.70	1	Lockeford		MUNI
PHOENX_1_UNIT				1.41		Tesla-Bellota	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
SCHLTE_1_PL1X3	33805	GWFTRCY1	13.8	83.56	1	Tesla-Bellota		Market
SCHLTE_1_PL1X3	33807	GWFTRCY2	13.8	82.88	1	Tesla-Bellota		Market
SNDBAR_7_UNIT 1	34060	SANDBAR	13.8	12.02	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	MUNI
SPIFBD_1_PL1X2	33917	FBERBORD	115	1.91	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SPRGAP_1_UNIT 1	34078	SPRNG GP	6	0.04	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	Market
STANIS_7_UNIT 1	34062	STANISLS	13.8	91.00	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	Market
STNRES_1_UNIT	34056	STNSLSRP	13.8	15.98	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
STOKCG_1_UNIT 1	33814	CPC STCN	12.5	34.91	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TULLCK_7_UNITS	34076	TULLOCH	6.9	8.23	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	MUNI
TULLCK_7_UNITS	34076	TULLOCH	6.9	8.24	2	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	MUNI
ULTPCH_1_UNIT 1	34050	CH.STN.	13.8	15.17	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VLYHOM_7_SSJID				1.39		Tesla-Bellota	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CAMCHE_1_PL1X3	33850	CAMANACHE	4.2	3.50	1	Tesla-Bellota	No NQC - hist. data	MUNI
CAMCHE_1_PL1X3	33850	CAMANACHE	4.2	3.50	2	Tesla-Bellota	No NQC - hist. data	MUNI
CAMCHE_1_PL1X3	33850	CAMANACHE	4.2	3.50	3	Tesla-Bellota	No NQC - hist. data	MUNI
NA	33687	STKTN WW	60	1.50	1	Weber	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	33830	GEN.MILL	9.11	2.50	1	Lockeford	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
COGNAT_1_UNIT	33818	COG.NTNL	12	0.00	1	Weber	Retired	QF/Selfgen
SCHLTE_1_PL1X3	33811	GWFTRCY3	13.8	145	1	Tesla-Bellota	No NQC - Pmax	Market
SANJOA_1_UNIT 1	33808	SJ COGEN	13.8	48	1	Tesla-Bellota		QF/Selfgen
SMPRIP_1_SMPSON	33810	SP CMPNY	13.8	30.31	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
THMENG_1_UNIT 1	33806	TH.E.DV.	13.8	17.09	1	Tesla-Bellota	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

Major new projects modeled:

1. Weber 230/60 kV Transformer Nos. 2 & 2A Replacement Project
2. Weber-Stockton "A" #1 and #2 60 kV Reconductoring
3. Three QF/Selfgen units that are now within the local area due to looping of Tesla-Stockton Co-gen Junction 115 kV line into Vierra

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Stockton overall

The requirement for this area is driven by the sum of requirements for the sub-areas.

Tesla-Bellota Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Tesla-Bellota pocket is the loss of Tesla-Vierra 115 kV and the new Tesla-Schulte #2 115 kV lines. The area limitation is thermal overload of the Tesla-Schulte #1 115 kV line above its emergency rating. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 379 MW (includes 166 MW of QF and 119 MW of Muni generation) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area

The most critical single contingency for the Tesla-Bellota pocket is the loss of the Tesla-Schulte #2 115 kV line and the loss of the GWF Tracy unit #3. The area limitation is the thermal overload of the Tesla-Schulte #1 115 kV line. This single contingency establishes a local capacity need of 249 MW (includes 166 MW of QF and 119 MW of Muni generation) in 2017.

Effectiveness factors:

The effectiveness factors for the most critical contingency are listed below:

Gen Bus#	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
33805	GWFTRCY1	1	71.23
33807	GWFTRCY2	1	71.23
33811	Q268ST1	1	71.22
33808	SJ COGEN	1	34.59
33810	SP CMPNY	1	30.68
34062	STANISLS	1	27.95
34050	CH.STN.	1	22.61
33917	FBERBORD	1	22.28
34078	SPRNG GP	1	20.29
34060	SANDBAR	1	20.09
34074	BEARDSLY	1	19.93
34058	DONNELLS	1	19.75
34076	TULLOCH	1	17.66
34076	TULLOCH	2	17.66
33806	TH.E.DV.	1	8.72
34056	STNSLSRP	1	8.14
33814	CPC STCN	1	3.37
33850	CAMANCHE	1	3.35
33850	CAMANCHE	2	3.35
33850	CAMANCHE	3	3.35
33804	BELLTA T	1	0.49

Lockeford Sub-area

The critical contingency for the Lockeford area is the loss of Lockeford-Industrial 60 kV circuit and Lockeford-Lodi #2 60 kV circuit. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Lockeford-Lodi Jct. section of the Lockeford-Lodi #3 60 kV circuit. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 61 MW (including 25 MW of QF and Muni as well as a deficiency of 36 MW) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Weber Sub-area

No requirement due to the Weber 230/60 kV Transformer Nos. 2 & 2A Replacement and Weber-Stockton “A” #1 and #2 60 kV Reconductoring projects.

Changes compared to last year’s results:

The load forecast went up by 14 MW or about 1.5% as compared to 2016. Overall the total LCR for 2017 for the Stockton area has increased by 69 MW as compared to the 2016 LCR mainly due to load increase and identification of new limiting contingency.

Stockton Overall Requirements:

	QF (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	170	142	404	716

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ¹¹	249	0	249
Category C (Multiple) ¹²	404	36	440

¹¹ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

5. Greater Bay Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the Greater Bay Area are:

- 1) Lakeville-Sobrante 230 kV
- 2) Ignacio-Sobrante 230 kV
- 3) Parkway-Moraga 230 kV
- 4) Bahia-Moraga 230 kV
- 5) Lambie SW Sta-Vaca Dixon 230 kV
- 6) Peabody-Contra Costa P.P. 230 kV
- 7) Tesla-Kelso 230 kV
- 8) Tesla-Delta Switching Yard 230 kV
- 9) Tesla-Pittsburg #1 230 kV
- 10) Tesla-Pittsburg #2 230 kV
- 11) Tesla-Newark #1 230 kV
- 12) Tesla-Newark #2 230 kV
- 13) Tesla-Ravenswood 230 kV
- 14) Tesla-Metcalf 500 kV
- 15) Moss Landing-Metcalf 500 kV
- 16) Moss Landing-Metcalf #1 230 kV
- 17) Moss Landing-Metcalf #2 230 kV
- 18) Oakdale TID-Newark #1 115 kV
- 19) Oakdale TID-Newark #2 115 kV

The substations that delineate the Greater Bay Area are:

- 1) Lakeville is out Sobrante is in
- 2) Ignacio is out Sobrante is in
- 3) Parkway is out Moraga is in
- 4) Bahia is out Moraga is in
- 5) Lambie SW Sta is in Vaca Dixon is out
- 6) Peabody is out Contra Costa P.P. is in
- 7) Tesla is out Kelso is in
- 8) Tesla is out Delta Switching Yard is in
- 9) Tesla is out Pittsburg is in
- 10) Tesla is out Pittsburg is in
- 11) Tesla is out Newark is in
- 12) Tesla is out Newark is in

¹² Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

- 13) Tesla is out Ravenswood is in
- 14) Tesla is out Metcalf is in
- 15) Moss Landing is out Metcalf is in
- 16) Moss Landing is out Metcalf is in
- 17) Moss Landing is out Metcalf is in
- 18) Oakdale TID is out Newark is in
- 19) Oakdale TID is out Newark is in

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 10026 MW with 207 MW of losses and 264 MW of pumps resulting in total load + losses + pumps of 10497 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
ALMEGT_1_UNIT 1	38118	ALMDACT1	13.8	23.80	1	Oakland		MUNI
ALMEGT_1_UNIT 2	38119	ALMDACT2	13.8	24.40	1	Oakland		MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38760	DELTA E	13.2	28.00	10	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38760	DELTA E	13.2	28.00	11	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38765	DELTA D	13.2	28.00	8	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38765	DELTA D	13.2	28.00	9	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38770	DELTA C	13.2	28.00	6	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38770	DELTA C	13.2	28.00	7	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38815	DELTA B	13.2	28.00	4	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38815	DELTA B	13.2	28.00	5	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38820	DELTA A	13.2	9.00	1	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38820	DELTA A	13.2	9.00	2	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BANKPP_2_NSPIN	38820	DELTA A	13.2	22.00	3	Contra Costa	Pumps	MUNI
BLHVN_7 MENLOP				1.06		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
BRDSLD_2_HIWIND	32172	HIGHWINDS	34.5	35.09	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
BRDSLD_2_MTZUMA	32171	HIGHWIND3	34.5	5.95	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
BRDSLD_2_SHILO1	32176	SHILOH	34.5	36.85	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
BRDSLD_2_SHILO2	32177	SHILOH 2	34.5	33.87	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
CALPIN_1_AGNEW	35860	OLS-AGNE	9.11	22.43	1	San Jose	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CARDCG_1_UNITS	33463	CARDINAL	12.5	10.67	1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CARDCG_1_UNITS	33463	CARDINAL	12.5	10.68	2	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CLRMTK_1_QF				0.00		Oakland	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
COCOPP_7_UNIT 6	33116	C.COS 6	18	0.00	1	Contra Costa	Energy Only	Market
COCOPP_7_UNIT 7	33117	C.COS 7	18	0.00	1	Contra Costa	Energy Only	Market
CONTAN_1_UNIT	36856	CCA100	13.8	25.80	1	San Jose	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CROKET_7_UNIT	32900	CRCKTCOG	18	194.00	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CSCCOG_1_UNIT 1	36854	Cogen	12	3.00	1	San Jose		MUNI
CSCCOG_1_UNIT 1	36854	Cogen	12	3.00	2	San Jose		MUNI
CSCGNR_1_UNIT 1	36858	Gia100	13.8	24.00	1	San Jose		MUNI
CSCGNR_1_UNIT 2	36895	Gia200	13.8	24.00	2	San Jose		MUNI
DELTA_2_PL1X4	33107	DEC STG1	24	269.61	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market
DELTA_2_PL1X4	33108	DEC CTG1	18	181.13	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market
DELTA_2_PL1X4	33109	DEC CTG2	18	181.13	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market
DELTA_2_PL1X4	33110	DEC CTG3	18	181.13	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market

DUANE_1_PL1X3	36863	DVRaGT1	13.8	49.27	1	San Jose		MUNI
DUANE_1_PL1X3	36864	DVRbGT2	13.8	49.27	1	San Jose		MUNI
DUANE_1_PL1X3	36865	DVRaST3	13.8	49.26	1	San Jose		MUNI
FLOWD1_6_ALTPP1	35318	FLOWDPTR	9.11	0.00	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
FLOWD2_2_UNIT 1				2.86		Contra Costa	Not Modeled Aug NQC	Wind
GATWAY_2_PL1X3	33118	GATEWAY1	18	189.27	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
GATWAY_2_PL1X3	33119	GATEWAY2	18	185.36	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
GATWAY_2_PL1X3	33120	GATEWAY3	18	185.36	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
GILROY_1_UNIT	35850	GLRY COG	13.8	69.30	1	Llagas	Aug NQC	Market
GILROY_1_UNIT	35850	GLRY COG	13.8	35.70	2	Llagas	Aug NQC	Market
GILRPP_1_PL1X2	35851	GROYPKR1	13.8	45.50	1	Llagas	Aug NQC	Market
GILRPP_1_PL1X2	35852	GROYPKR2	13.8	45.50	1	Llagas	Aug NQC	Market
GILRPP_1_PL3X4	35853	GROYPKR3	13.8	46.00	1	Llagas	Aug NQC	Market
GRZZLY_1_BERKLY	32740	HILLSIDE	115	24.58	1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GWFPW1_6_UNIT	33131	GWF #1	9.11	15.73	1	Pittsburg, Contra Costa	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GWFPW2_1_UNIT 1	33132	GWF #2	13.8	17.53	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GWFPW3_1_UNIT 1	33133	GWF #3	13.8	14.53	1	Pittsburg, Contra Costa	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GWFPW4_6_UNIT 1	33134	GWF #4	13.8	16.51	1	Pittsburg, Contra Costa	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GWFPW5_6_UNIT 1	33135	GWF #5	13.8	17.54	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HICKS 7 GUADLP				1.98		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KIRKER 7 KELCYN	32951	KIRKER	115	3.21		Pittsburg	Not modeled	Market
LAWRNC 7 SUNYVL				0.16		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
LECEF_1_UNITS	35854	LECEFGT1	13.8	46.50	1	San Jose	Aug NQC	Market
LECEF_1_UNITS	35855	LECEFGT2	13.8	46.50	1	San Jose	Aug NQC	Market
LECEF_1_UNITS	35856	LECEFGT3	13.8	46.50	1	San Jose	Aug NQC	Market
LECEF_1_UNITS	35857	LECEFGT4	13.8	46.50	1	San Jose	Aug NQC	Market
LFC 51_2_UNIT 1	35310	LFC FIN+	9.11	1.72	1	None	Aug NQC	Wind
LMBEPK_2_UNITA1	32173	LAMBGT1	13.8	47.00	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
LMBEPK_2_UNITA2	32174	GOOSEHGT	13.8	46.00	2	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
LMBEPK_2_UNITA3	32175	CREEDGT1	13.8	47.00	3	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
LMEC_1_PL1X3	33111	LMECCT2	18	163.20	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market
LMEC_1_PL1X3	33112	LMECCT1	18	163.20	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market
LMEC_1_PL1X3	33113	LMECST1	18	229.60	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	Market
MARKHM_1_CATLST	35863	CATALYST	9.11	0.00	1	San Jose		QF/Selfgen
MARTIN 1 SUNSET				0.80		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
METCLF_1_QF				0.08		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
METEC_2_PL1X3	35881	MEC CTG1	18	178.43	1	None	Aug NQC	Market
METEC_2_PL1X3	35882	MEC CTG2	18	178.43	1	None	Aug NQC	Market
METEC_2_PL1X3	35883	MEC STG1	18	213.14	1	None	Aug NQC	Market
MILBRA_1_QF				0.00		None	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
MISSIX_1_QF				0.24		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MLPTAS 7 QFUNTS				0.02		San Jose	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MNTAGU 7 NEWBYI				2.87		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
NEWARK_1_QF				0.03		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
OAK C_7_UNIT 1	32901	OAKLND 1	13.8	55.00	1	Oakland		Market
OAK C_7_UNIT 2	32902	OAKLND 2	13.8	55.00	1	Oakland		Market
OAK C_7_UNIT 3	32903	OAKLND 3	13.8	55.00	1	Oakland		Market
OAK L_7_EBMUD				0.56		Oakland	Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	1	None		Market
OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	2	None		Market

OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	3	None		Market
OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	4	None		Market
OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	5	None		Market
OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	6	None		Market
OXMTN_6_LNDFIL	33469	OX_MTN	4.16	1.45	7	None		Market
PALALT_7_COBUG				4.50		None	Not modeled	MUNI
PITTSP_7_UNIT 5	33105	PTSB 5	18	312.00	1	Pittsburg		Market
PITTSP_7_UNIT 6	33106	PTSB 6	18	317.00	1	Pittsburg		Market
PITTSP_7_UNIT 7	30000	PTSB 7	20	682.00	1	Pittsburg		Market
RICHMN_7_BAYENV				2.00		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
RVRVEW_1_UNITA1	33178	RVEC_GEN	13.8	46.00	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Market
SEAWST_6_LAPOS	35312	SEAWESTF	9.11	0.35	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
SRINTL_6_UNIT	33468	SRI INTL	9.11	0.76	1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
STAUFF_1_UNIT	33139	STAUFER	9.11	0.01	1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
STOILS_1_UNITS	32921	CHEVGEN1	13.8	1.41	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
STOILS_1_UNITS	32922	CHEVGEN2	13.8	1.41	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TIDWTR_2_UNITS	33151	FOSTER W	12.5	5.93	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TIDWTR_2_UNITS	33151	FOSTER W	12.5	5.93	2	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TIDWTR_2_UNITS	33151	FOSTER W	12.5	5.93	3	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UNCHEM_1_UNIT	32920	UNION CH	9.11	15.94	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UNOCAL_1_UNITS	32910	UNOCAL	12	0.03	1	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UNOCAL_1_UNITS	32910	UNOCAL	12	0.03	2	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UNOCAL_1_UNITS	32910	UNOCAL	12	0.03	3	Pittsburg	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UNTDQF_7_UNITS	33466	UNTED CO	9.11	22.81	1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
USWNR_2_SMUD	32169	SOLANOWP	21	17.82	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
USWNR_2_UNITS	32168	EXNCO	9.11	26.27	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
USWPFK_6_FRICK	35320	USW FRIC	12	0.47	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
USWPFK_6_FRICK	35320	USW FRIC	12	0.47	2	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
USWPJR_2_UNITS	33838	USWP_#3	9.11	2.57	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
WINDMAS_2_UNIT 1	33170	WINDMSTR	9.11	3.30	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
ZOND_6_UNIT	35316	ZOND SYS	9.11	4.50	1	Contra Costa	Aug NQC	Wind
IBMCTL_1_UNIT 1	35637	IBM-CTLE	115	0.00	1	San Jose	No NQC - hist. data	Market
IMHOFF_1_UNIT 1	33136	CCCSD	12.5	4.40	1	Pittsburg	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
SHELRF_1_UNITS	33141	SHELL 1	12.5	20.00	1	Pittsburg	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
SHELRF_1_UNITS	33142	SHELL 2	12.5	40.00	1	Pittsburg	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
SHELRF_1_UNITS	33143	SHELL 3	12.5	40.00	1	Pittsburg	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
ZANKER_1_UNIT 1	35861	SJ-SCL W	9.11	5.00	1	San Jose	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
BRDSLD_2_MTZUM2	32179	MNTZUMA2	0.69	26	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - est. data	Wind
BRDSLD_2_SHLO3A	32191	SHLH3AC2	0.58	30	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - est. data	Wind
BRDSLD_2_SHLO3B	32194	SHLH3BC2	0.58	30	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - est. data	Wind
KELSO_2_UNITS	33813	MARIPCT1	13.8	50	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
KELSO_2_UNITS	33815	MARIPCT2	13.8	50	2	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
KELSO_2_UNITS	33817	MARIPCT3	13.8	50	3	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
KELSO_2_UNITS	33819	MARIPCT4	13.8	50	4	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
NA	32186	RPSP1001	34.5	42	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - est. data	Wind
COCOPP_2_CTG1	33188	MARSHBS1	16.4	193.5	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
COCOPP_2_CTG2	33188	MARSHBS1	16.4	193.5	2	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
COCOPP_2_CTG3	33189	MARSHBS2	16.4	193.5	3	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
COCOPP_2_CTG4	33189	MARSHBS2	16.4	193.5	4	Contra Costa	No NQC - Pmax	Market
RUSCTY_2_UNITS	35304	RUSELCT1	15	177.50	1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market
RUSCTY_2_UNITS	35305	RUSELCT2	15	177.50	1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market

RUSCTY_2_UNITS	35306	RUSELST1	15	245.00	1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market
LECEF_1_UNITS	35858	LECEFST1	13.8	120.00	1	San Jose	No NQC - Pmax	Market
NA	32188	RPSP1012	34.5	9.8	1	Contra Costa	No NQC - est. data	Wind

Major new projects modeled:

1. Moraga #1 and #2 230/115 kV transformer replacement
2. Tesla-Pittsburg 230 kV Reconductoring
3. Metcalf-Moss Landing 230 kV Reinforcement
4. Metcalf-Monta Vista 230 kV Nr. 1 and 2 Reconductoring
5. Monta Vista 115/60 kV Transformer
6. Vaca Dixon 500/230 kV Transformer
7. Metcalf-El Patio 115 kV Reconductoring
8. Vaca Dixon-Birds Landing 230 kV Reinforcement
9. Contra Costa-Las Positas 230 kV Reconductoring
10. Newark-Ravenswood 230 kV Reconductoring (2015 only)
11. Contra Costa-Moraga 230 kV Line #1 & #2 Reconductoring
12. Tesla-Ravenswood 230 kV Line Reconductoring
13. Six new renewable power plants (wind)
14. One new combined cycle power plant
15. Two new single cycle combustion turbine power plants
16. Possible retirement for Contra Costa units 6 and 7
17. Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV line Reconductoring
18. Tesla-Ravenswood 230kV Line Reconductoring
19. Moraga 230/115kV Bank #1 Replacement
20. Kelso–Tesla 230kV Line Reinforcement

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Oakland Sub-area

The critical contingency for the Oakland pocket is the loss of C-X #2 and C-X #3 115 kV cables. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Moraga-Claremont #1 & #2 115 kV lines above their emergency rating. This limiting contingency establishes a local

capacity need of 150 MW in 2017 (includes 49 MW of Muni generation) as minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this sub-area are not effective.

Llagas Sub-area

The most critical contingency is an outage between Metcalf D and Morgan Hill 115 kV with one of the Gilroy Peaker off-line. The area limitation is low voltage at Morgan Hill substation. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 196 MW in 2017 (includes 0 MW of QF and Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this sub-area are not effective.

San Jose Sub-area

The most critical contingency in the San Jose area is the common mode outage of Metcalf – Evergreen #1 and #2 115 kV lines. The limiting element is the Metcalf - Piercy 115 kV line and establishes a local capacity 561 MW in 2017 (includes 53 MW of QF and 202 MW of Muni generation) as minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Bay Area that are at least 5% effective.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
35863	CATALYST	1	20
36856	CCCA100	1	6
36854	Cogen	1	6
36854	Cogen	2	6
36863	DVRaGT1	1	6

36864	DVRbGT2	1	6
36865	DVRaST3	1	6
35860	OLS-AGNE	1	5
36858	Gia100	1	5
36859	Gia200	2	5
35854	LECEFGT1	1	5
35855	LECEFGT2	2	5
35856	LECEFGT3	3	5
35857	LECEFGT4	4	5

Pittsburg Sub-area

This sub-area is eliminated after the following projects are operational: Tesla-Pittsburg 230 kV Reconductoring, Moraga 230/115 kV Banks Replacement, Contra Costa-Moraga 230 kV Reconductoring and the Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV Reconductoring.

Contra Costa Sub-area

The most critical contingency is an outage of Kelso-Tesla 230 kV with Gateway out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Delta Switching Yard-Tesla 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 1397 MW in 2017 (includes 47 MW of QF, 308 MW of wind and 264 MW of Muni resources) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Bay Area that are at least 10% effective.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	Eff Fctr (%)
33175	ALTAMONT	1	83
38760	DELTA E	10	71
38760	DELTA E	11	71
38765	DELTA D	8	71
38765	DELTA D	9	71
38770	DELTA C	6	71
38770	DELTA C	7	71
38815	DELTA B	4	71
38815	DELTA B	5	71
38820	DELTA A	3	71
33170	WINDMSTR	1	68
33118	GATEWAY1	1	23
33119	GATEWAY2	1	23
33120	GATEWAY3	1	23
33116	C.COS 6	1	23

33117	C.COS 7	1	23
33133	GWF #3	1	23
33134	GWF #4	1	23
33178	RVEC_GEN	1	23
33131	GWF #1	1	22
32179	T222	1	18
32188	P0611G	1	18
32190	Q039	1	18
32186	P0609	1	18
32171	HIGHWND3	1	18
32177	Q0024	1	18
32168	ENXCO	2	18
32169	SOLANOWP	1	18
32172	HIGHWNDS	1	18
32176	SHILOH	1	18
33838	USWP_#3	1	18
32173	LAMBGT1	1	14
32174	GOOSEHGT	2	14
32175	CREEDGT1	3	14
35312	SEAWESTF	1	11
35316	ZOND SYS	1	11
35320	USW FRIC	1	11

Bay Area overall

The most critical double contingency is the loss of the Tesla-Metcalf 500 kV Line and Tesla-Newark 230kV Line #1. The area limitation is the thermal limit of the Tesla 500/230kV Bank #6. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 4281 MW in 2017 (includes 549 MW of QF, 310 MW of Wind and 519 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The most critical single contingency is the loss of the Tesla-Metcalf 500 kV with Delta Energy Center out of service. The area limitation is reactive margin. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 4082 MW in 2017 (includes 549 MW of QF, 310 MW of wind and 519 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

For most helpful procurement information please read procedure M-2210Z effectiveness factors at: <http://www.aiso.com/Documents/2210Z.pdf>

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the load forecast (including losses) went up by 191 MW with the pump load unchanged. However, the LCR decreased by 284 MW. The decrease is due to the Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV Reconductoring that triggers the elimination of the Pittsburg sub-area need. Without the new transmission projects within the Bay Area scheduled to become operational in this time frame, the LCR requirements would be higher.

Bay Area Overall Requirements:

	Wind (MW)	QF/Selfgen (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	310	549	519	6296	7674

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ¹³	4082	0	4082
Category C (Multiple) ¹⁴	4281	0	4281

6. Greater Fresno Area

Area Definition

The transmission facilities coming into the Greater Fresno area are:

- 1) Gates-McCall 230 kV
- 2) Gates-Gregg 230 kV
- 3) Gates #5 230/70 kV Transformer Bank
- 4) Mercy Spring 230 /70 Bank # 1
- 5) Los Banos #3 230/70 Transformer Bank
- 6) Los Banos #4 230/70 Transformer Bank
- 7) Warnerville-Wilson 230kV
- 8) Melones-North Merced 230 kV line
- 9) Panoche-Kearney 230 kV
- 10) Panoche-Helm 230 kV

¹³ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

¹⁴ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

- 11) Panoche #1 230/115 kV Transformer Bank
- 12) Panoche #2 230/115 kV Transformer Bank
- 13) Corcoran-Smyrna 115kV
- 14) Coalinga #1-San Miguel 70 kV

The substations that delineate the Greater Fresno area are:

- 1) Gates is out Henrietta is in
- 2) Gates is out Henrietta is in
- 3) Gates 230 is out Gates 70 is in
- 4) Mercy Spring 230 is out Mercy Spring 70 is in
- 5) Los Banos 230 is out Los Banos 70 is in
- 6) Los Banos 230 is out Los Banos 70 is in
- 7) Warnerville is out Wilson is in
- 8) Melones is out North Merced is in
- 9) Panoche is out Kearney is in
- 10) Panoche is out Helm is in
- 11) Panoche 230 is out Panoche 115 is in
- 12) Panoche 230 is out Panoche 115 is in
- 13) Corcoran is in Smyrna is out
- 14) Coalinga is in San Miguel is out

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 3276MW with 88 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 3364 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
AGRICO_6_PL3N5	34608	AGRICO	13.8	20.00	3	Wilson, Herndon		Market
AGRICO_7_UNIT	34608	AGRICO	13.8	43.05	2	Wilson, Herndon		Market
AGRICO_7_UNIT	34608	AGRICO	13.8	7.45	4	Wilson, Herndon		Market
BALCHS_7_UNIT 1	34624	BALCH	13.2	33.00	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
BALCHS_7_UNIT 2	34612	BLCH	13.8	52.50	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
BALCHS_7_UNIT 3	34614	BLCH	13.8	52.50	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
BORDEN_2_QF	34253	BORDEN D	12.5	0.98	QF	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
BULLRD_7_SAGNES	34213	BULLD 12	12.5	0.00	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CAPMAD_1_UNIT 1	34179	MADERA_G	13.8	17.00	1	Wilson		Market
CHEVCO_6_UNIT 1	34652	CHV.COAL	9.11	6.69	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHEVCO_6_UNIT 2	34652	CHV.COAL	9.11	1.40	2	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHWCHL_1_BIOMAS	34305	CHWCHLA2	13.8	3.84	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
CHWCHL_1_UNIT	34301	CHOWCOGN	13.8	48.00	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market
COLGA1_6_SHELLW	34654	COLNGAGN	9.11	35.61	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CRESSY_1_PARKER	34140	CRESSEY	115	1.24		Wilson	Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
CRNEVL_6_CRNVA	34634	CRANEVLY	12	0.71	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
CRNEVL_6_SJQN 2	34631	SJ2GEN	9.11	3.20	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
CRNEVL_6_SJQN 3	34633	SJ3GEN	9.11	4.20	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
DINUBA_6_UNIT	34648	DINUBA E	13.8	9.87	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market

ELNIDP_6_BIOMAS	34330	ELNIDO	13.8	3.16	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
EXCHEC_7_UNIT 1	34306	EXCHQUER	13.8	61.77	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	MUNI
FRIANT_6_UNITS	34636	FRIANTDM	6.6	8.71	2	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
FRIANT_6_UNITS	34636	FRIANTDM	6.6	4.65	3	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
FRIANT_6_UNITS	34636	FRIANTDM	6.6	1.23	4	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GATES_6_PL1X2	34553	WHD_GAT2	13.8	46.00	1	Wilson	NQC List has 0 MW	Market
GWFPWR_1_UNITS	34431	GWF_HEP1	13.8	42.20	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market
GWFPWR_1_UNITS	34433	GWF_HEP2	13.8	42.20	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market
HAASPH_7_PL1X2	34610	HAAS	13.8	68.15	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
HAASPH_7_PL1X2	34610	HAAS	13.8	68.15	2	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
HELMPG_7_UNIT 1	34600	HELMS	18	404.00	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
HELMPG_7_UNIT 2	34602	HELMS	18	404.00	2	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
HELMPG_7_UNIT 3	34604	HELMS	18	404.00	3	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
HENRTA_6_UNITA1	34539	GWF_GT1	13.8	45.33	1	Wilson		Market
HENRTA_6_UNITA2	34541	GWF_GT2	13.8	45.23	1	Wilson		Market
INTTRB_6_UNIT	34342	INT.TURB	9.11	2.50	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
JRWOOD_1_UNIT 1	34332	JRWCOGEN	9.11	1.70	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KERKH1_7_UNIT 1	34344	KERCKHOF	6.6	13.00	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
KERKH1_7_UNIT 2	34344	KERCKHOF	6.6	8.50	2	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
KERKH1_7_UNIT 3	34344	KERCKHOF	6.6	12.80	3	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
KERKH2_7_UNIT 1	34308	KERCKHOF	13.8	153.90	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
KINGCO_1_KINGBR	34642	KINGSBUR	9.11	22.97	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KINGRV_7_UNIT 1	34616	KINGSRIV	13.8	51.20	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	Market
MALAGA_1_PL1X2	34671	KRCDPCT1	13.8	48.00	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market
MALAGA_1_PL1X2	34672	KRCDPCT2	13.8	48.00	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market
MCCALL_1_QF	34219	MCCALL 4	12.5	0.64	QF	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MCSWAN_6_UNITS	34320	MCSWAIN	9.11	5.22	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	MUNI
MENBIO_6_UNIT	34334	BIO PWR	9.11	20.67	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MERCFL_6_UNIT	34322	MERCEDFL	9.11	2.30	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
PINFLT_7_UNITS	38720	PINEFLAT	13.8	27.50	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	MUNI
PINFLT_7_UNITS	38720	PINEFLAT	13.8	27.50	2	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	MUNI
PINFLT_7_UNITS	38720	PINEFLAT	13.8	27.50	3	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	MUNI
PNCHPP_1_PL1X2	34328	STARGT1	13.8	55.58	1	Wilson		Market
PNCHPP_1_PL1X2	34329	STARGT2	13.8	55.58	1	Wilson		Market
PNOCHE_1_PL1X2	34142	WHD_PAN2	13.8	45.00	1	Wilson, Herndon		Market
PNOCHE_1_UNITA1	34186	DG_PAN1	13.8	42.78	1	Wilson		Market
SGREGY_6_SANGER	34646	SANGERO	9.11	26.47	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
STOREY_7_MDRCHW	34209	STOREY D	12.5	1.18	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ULTPFR_1_UNIT 1	34640	ULTR.PWR	9.11	18.31	1	Wilson, Herndon	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
WISHON_6_UNITS	34658	WISHON	2.3	4.51	1	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
WISHON_6_UNITS	34658	WISHON	2.3	4.51	2	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
WISHON_6_UNITS	34658	WISHON	2.3	4.51	3	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
WISHON_6_UNITS	34658	WISHON	2.3	4.51	4	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
WISHON_6_UNITS	34658	WISHON	2.3	0.36	5	Wilson	Aug NQC	Market
WRGHTP_7_AMENGY	24207	WRIGHT D	12.5	0.52	QF	Wilson	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
NA	34257	SANCTY D	12	0.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	34263	SANDDRAG	12	0.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	34265	AVENAL P	12	0.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	34485	FRESNOWW	12.5	4.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	34485	FRESNOWW	12.5	4.00	2	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	34485	FRESNOWW	12.5	1.00	3	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
ONLLPP_6_UNIT 1	34316	ONEILPMP	9.11	0.50	1	Wilson	No NQC - hist. data	MUNI

GWFPWR_6_UNIT	34650	GWFPWR.	9.11	0.00	1	Wilson	Retired	QF/Selfgen
MENBIO_6_RENEW1	34339	CALRENEW	12.5	0.00	1	Wilson	Energy Only	Market
New Unit	34603	JQBSWLT	12.5	0.00	ST	Wilson	Energy Only	Market
New Unit	34673	RPSP1005	0.48	20.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New Unit	34674	RPSP1006	0.48	20.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New Unit	34675	RPSP1007	0.48	20.00	1	Wilson	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New Unit	34696	RPSP1004	21	20.00	1	Wilson, Herndon	No NQC - Pmax	Market

Major new projects modeled:

1. New North Merced 230/115 kV substation
2. New Mercy Spring 230/70 kV substation

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Herndon Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Herndon sub-area is the loss of the Herndon-Woodward 115 kV line overlapped with the loss of Barton-Herndon 115 kV line, which would thermally overload the Manchester - Herndon 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 652 MW (includes 42 MW of QF and 83 MW of Muni generation) in 2017 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is the loss of Barton-Herndon 115 kV line with Kerckhoff 2 PH unit 1 out of service. This contingency could thermally overload the Manchester-Herndon 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 361MW (includes 42 MW of QF and 83 MW of Muni generation) in 2017.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within Fresno area that are at least 5% effective.

Gen No	Gen Name	ID	DFAX
34624	BALCH 1	1	20%
34646	SANGERCO	1	19%
34616	KINGSRIV	1	19%
34648	DINUBA E	1	18%
34671	KRCDPCT1	1	18%
34672	KRCDPCT2	1	18%
34640	ULTR.PWR	1	18%
34621	MCCALL3T	1	16%

34219	MCCALL 4	QF	16%
34618	MCCALL1T	1	16%
34696	RPSP1004	1	14%
34642	KINGSBUR	1	14%
34614	BLCH 2-3	1	13%
34612	BLCH 2-2	1	13%
38720	PINE FLT	1	13%
38720	PINE FLT	2	13%
34610	HAAS	1	13%
34610	HAAS	2	13%
34344	KERCKHOF	1	10%
34344	KERCKHOF	2	10%
34344	KERCKHOF	3	10%
34308	KERCKHOF	1	10%
34433	GWf_HEP2	1	7%
34431	GWf_HEP1	1	7%
34608	AGRICO	2	6%
34608	AGRICO	3	6%
34608	AGRICO	4	6%
34334	BIO PWR	1	5%
34339	CALRENEW	1	5%

Wilson Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Wilson sub-area is the loss of the Melones - North Merced 230 kV line overlapped with the loss of one Helms Unit, which would thermally overload the Warnerville - Wilson 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 2110 MW in 2017 (includes 163 MW of QF and 151 MW of Muni generation) as the generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within Fresno that are at least 5% effective.

Gen No	Gen Name	ID	DFAX
34332	JRWCOGEN	1	40%
34330	ELNIDO	1	37%
34322	MERCEDFL	1	34%
34320	MCSWAIN	1	33%
34209	STOREY D	1	33%
34306	EXCHQUER	1	32%
34305	CHWCHLA2	1	30%
34301	CHOWCOGN	1	30%
34631	SJ2GEN	1	27%
34658	WISHON	1	27%
34658	WISHON	2	27%

34658	WISHON	3	27%
34658	WISHON	4	27%
34658	WISHON	SJ	27%
34633	SJ3GEN	1	27%
34634	CRANEVLY	1	27%
34253	BORDEN D	QF	26%
34636	FRIANTDM	2	26%
34636	FRIANTDM	3	26%
34636	FRIANTDM	4	26%
34213	BULLD 12	1	24%
34600	HELMS 1	1	23%
34602	HELMS 2	1	23%
34604	HELMS 3	1	23%
34632	HERNDN2T	1	22%
34630	HERNDN1T	1	22%
34179	MADERA_G	1	21%
34485	FRESNOWW	1	21%
34485	FRESNOWW	2	21%
34485	FRESNOWW	3	21%
34344	KERCKHOF	1	21%
34344	KERCKHOF	2	21%
34344	KERCKHOF	3	21%
34308	KERCKHOF	1	21%
34646	SANGERCO	1	18%
34648	DINUBA E	1	17%
34616	KINGSRIV	1	17%
34624	BALCH 1	1	17%
34640	ULTR.PWR	1	17%
34671	KRCDPCT1	1	17%
34672	KRCDPCT2	1	17%
34219	MCCALL 4	QF	16%
34621	MCCALL3T	1	16%
34696	RPSP1004	1	16%
34618	MCCALL1T	1	16%
34642	KINGSBUR	1	16%
34610	HAAS	1	15%
34610	HAAS	2	15%
34614	BLCH 2-3	1	15%
34612	BLCH 2-2	1	14%
38720	PINE FLT	1	14%
38720	PINE FLT	2	14%
38720	PINE FLT	3	14%
34433	GWF_HEP2	1	14%
34431	GWF_HEP1	1	14%
34608	AGRICO	2	12%
34608	AGRICO	3	12%
34608	AGRICO	4	12%
34675	RPSP1007	1	12%
34539	GWF_GT1	1	12%
34541	GWF_GT2	1	12%
34674	RPSP1006	1	12%
34673	RPSP1005	1	12%

34650	GWF-PWR.	1	11%
34334	BIO PWR	1	10%
34339	CALRENEW	1	10%
34328	STAR_GT1	1	10%
34329	STAR_GT2	2	10%
34142	WHD_PAN2	1	10%
34186	DG_PAN1	1	10%
34263	SANDDRAG	1	8%
34257	SUNCTY D	1	8%
34652	CHV.COAL	1	8%
34652	CHV.COAL	2	8%
34265	AVENAL P	1	8%
34553	WHD_GAT2	1	7%
34654	COLNGAGN	1	7%
34207	WRIGHT D	QF	6%
34342	INT.TURB	1	5%
34316	ONEILPMP	1	5%

Additional helpful effectiveness factors for Fresno area:

For most helpful procurement information please read procedure M-2210Z effectiveness factors at: <http://www.aiso.com/Documents/2210Z.pdf>

Changes compared to last year’s results:

Overall the load forecast went up by 50 MW or about 1%. The LCR needs have decreased by about 56 MW due to changes in the load distribution in the area as well as more efficient distribution of generation resources among sub-area needs.

Fresno Area Overall Requirements:

	QF/Selfgen (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	163	151	2503	2817

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ¹⁵	2110	0	2110
Category C (Multiple) ¹⁶	2110	0	2110

¹⁵ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

¹⁶ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

7. Kern Area

Area Definition

The transmission facilities coming into the Kern PP sub-area are:

- 1) Wheeler Ridge-Lamont 115 kV line
- 2) Kern PP 230/115 kV Bank # 3
- 3) Kern PP 230/115 kV Bank # 4
- 4) Kern PP 230/115 kV Bank # 5
- 5) Midway 230/115 Bank # 1
- 6) Midway 230/115 Bank # 2
- 7) Midway 230/115 Bank #3
- 8) Temblor – San Luis Obispo 115 kV line

The substations that delineate the Kern-PP sub-area are:

- 1) Wheeler Ridge is out Lamont is in
- 2) Kern PP 230 is out Kern PP 115 kV is in
- 3) Kern PP 230 is out Kern PP 115 kV is in
- 4) Kern PP 230 is out Kern PP 115 kV is in
- 5) Midway 230 is out Midway 115 is in
- 6) Midway 230 is out Midway 115 is in
- 7) Midway 230 is out Midway 115 is in
- 8) Temblor is in San Luis Obispo is out

The transmission facilities coming into the Weedpatch sub-area are:

- 1) Wheeler Ridge-Tejon 60 kV line
- 2) Wheeler Ridge-Weedpatch 60 kV line
- 3) Wheeler Ridge-San Bernard 60 kV line

The substations that delineate the Weedpatch sub-area are:

- 1) Wheeler Ridge is out Tejon is in
- 2) Wheeler Ridge is out Weedpatch is in
- 3) Wheeler Ridge is out San Bernard is in

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 1291 MW with 13 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 1307MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this Kern PP sub-area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
BDGRCK_1_UNITS	35029	BADGERCK	9.11	43.40	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
BEARMT_1_UNIT	35066	PSE-BEAR	9.11	45.90	1	Kern PP, West Park	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHALK_1_UNIT	35038	CHLKCLF+	9.11	44.76	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHEVCD_6_UNIT	35052	CHEV.USA	9.11	2.16	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

CHEVCY_1_UNIT	35032	CHV-CYMR	9.11	5.04	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEXZEL_1_UNIT	35024	DEXEL +	9.11	28.45	1	Kern PP, Kern Oil	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DISCOV_1_CHEVRN	35062	DISCOVERY	9.11	2.44	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DOUBLC_1_UNITS	35023	DOUBLE C	9.11	37.50	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
FELLOW_7_QFUNTS	34778	FELLOWS	21	1.34	QF		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
FRITO_1_LAY	35048	FRITOLAY	9.11	0.09	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KERNFT_1_UNITS	35026	KERNFRNT	9.11	37.70	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KERNRG_1_UNITS	35040	KERNRDGE	9.11	0.54	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
KERNRG_1_UNITS	35040	KERNRDGE	9.11	0.54	2		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
LIVOAK_1_UNIT 1	35058	PSE-LVOK	9.11	44.27	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MIDSET_1_UNIT 1	35044	TX MIDST	9.11	32.82	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MIDWAY_1_QF	34215	MIDWY D7	12.5	0.03	QF		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MKTRCK_1_UNIT 1	35060	PSEMCKIT	9.11	40.01	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MTNPOS_1_UNIT	35036	MT POSO	9.11	34.60	1	Kern PP, Kern Oil	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
OILDAL_1_UNIT 1	35028	OILDALE	9.11	38.96	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SIERRA_1_UNITS	35027	HISIERRA	9.11	43.26	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TANHIL_6_SOLART	35050	SLR-TANN	9.11	10.18	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TEMLBLR_7_WELLPT	34201	TEMBLORD	12.5	0.26	WP		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TXMCKT_6_UNIT				4.04			Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ULTOGL_1_POSO	35035	ULTR PWR	9.11	34.73	1	Kern PP, Kern Oil	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
UNVRSY_1_UNIT 1	35037	UNIVRSTY	9.11	32.23	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VEDDER_1_SEKERN	35046	SEKR	9.11	6.10	1	Kern PP	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MIDSUN_1_PL1X2	35034	MIDSUN +	9.11	0.00	1		Retired	Market
NA	34783	TEXCO_NM	9.11	0.00	1		No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	34783	TEXCO_NM	9.11	3.40	2		No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	35056	TX-LOSTH	4.16	8.80	1		No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
New Unit	35000	RPSP1003	21	0.00	1	Kern PP	Energy Only	Market
New Unit	35001	RPSP1018	21	50.00	1	Kern PP	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New Unit	35012	RPSP1019	21	0.00	1	Kern PP	Energy Only	Market
New Unit	35013	RPSP1020	21	0.00	1	Kern PP	Energy Only	Market
New Unit	35014	RPSP1021	21	20.00	1	Kern PP	No NQC - Pmax	Market
KRNCNY_6_UNIT	35018	KERNCNYN	9.11	7.50	1	Weedpatch	Aug NQC	Market
RIOBRV_6_UNIT 1	35020	RIOBRAVO	9.11	8.54	1	Weedpatch	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

Major new projects modeled:

1. Transfer Navy 35 load and self-gen to the Midway-Elk Hills 230 kV lines.
2. Kern PP 230kV Reinforcement Project – upgrades Kern PP #4 230/115kV transformer terminal equipment to utilize full rating of transformer.

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Weedpatch Sub-area

This 70kV pocket is now split, so there is no single or multiple contingency in this area that would cause thermal overload or low voltage problems.

West Park Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of common mode Kern - West Park # 1 & #2 115 kV lines, resulting in the overload of the 6/42 To Magunden section of Kern – Magunden - Witco 115 kV line. This limitation establishes a LCR of 88 MW (includes 46 MW of QF generation and 42 MW of deficiency) in 2017 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Kern Oil Sub-area

The most critical contingency in this area is the loss of the Kern Oil-Witco 115kV line overlapped with the Mt. Poso QF generator out of service that could overload the Live Oak-Kern Oil 115 kV line. This limitation establishes a LCR of 71 MW (includes 98 MW of QF generation) in 2017 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Kern Oil sub-area that are at least 5% effective.

Gen No	Gen Name	ID	DFAX
35024	DEXEL +	1	63.2%
35036	MT POSO	1	37.0%
35035	ULTR PWR	1	36.9%

Kern PP Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Kern PP sub-area is the outage of the Midway-Kern #3 & #4 230kV lines which would thermally overload the parallel Midway-Kern #1 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 392 MW in 2017 (includes 397 MW QF generation) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Kern PP sub-area that are at least 5% effective.

Gen No	Gen Name	ID	DFAX
35066	PSE-BEAR	1	-93.0%
35023	DOUBLE C	1	-92.1%
35026	KERNFRNT	1	-92.0%
35027	HISIERRA	1	-91.9%
35029	BADGERCK	1	-91.8%
35058	PSE-LVOK	1	-90.7%
35028	OILDALE	1	-89.2%
35046	SEKR	1	-88.5%
35062	DISCOVERY	1	-88.5%
35024	DEXEL +	1	-88.2%
35036	MT POSO	1	-59.8%
35035	ULTR PWR	1	-59.8%
35001	RPSP1018	1	-12.2%
35013	RPSP1020	1	-12.2%
35012	RPSP1019	1	-12.2%
35000	RPSP1003	1	-12.2%
35014	RPSP1021	1	-12.1%

Changes compared to last year’s results:

Overall the load forecast went down by 30 MW or about 2%. The LCR requirement has gone down by 283 MW mostly due to the Kern 230 kV Reinforcement Project that increased the rating of the Kern PP #4 230/115kV transformer. This upgrade shifted the LCR requirement to the Midway-Kern 230 kV path. Among 670 MW of available resources only 467 MW are effective in mitigating local constraints therefore consideration should be given to change the local area definition in future cycles.

Kern Area Overall Requirements:

	QF/Selfgen (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	592	78	670

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ¹⁷	0	0	0
Category C (Multiple) ¹⁸	392	42	434

¹⁷ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

8. LA Basin Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the LA Basin Area are:

- 1) San Onofre - San Luis Rey #1, #2, and #3 230 kV Lines
- 2) San Onofre - Talega #2 230 kV Lines
- 3) San Onofre - Capistrano #1 230 kV Lines
- 4) Lugo - Mira Loma #2 & #3 500 kV Lines
- 5) Lugo - Rancho Vista #1 500 kV Line
- 6) Sylmar - Eagle Rock 230 kV Line
- 7) Sylmar - Gould 230 kV Line
- 8) Vincent – Mira Loma #1 500 kV Line
- 9) Vincent - Mesa Cal #1 230 kV Line
- 10) Vincent - Rio Hondo #1 & #2 230 kV Lines
- 11) Devers - Red Bluff 500 kV #1 and #2 Lines
- 12) Mirage - Coachelv # 1 230 kV Line
- 13) Mirage - Ramon # 1 230 kV Line
- 14) Mirage - Julian Hinds 230 kV Line

The substations that delineate the LA Basin Area are:

- 1) San Onofre is in San Luis Rey is out
- 2) San Onofre is in Talega is out
- 3) San Onofre is in Capistrano is out
- 4) Mira Loma is in Lugo is out
- 5) Rancho Vista is in Lugo is out
- 6) Eagle Rock is in Sylmar is out
- 7) Gould is in Sylmar is out
- 8) Mira Loma is in Vincent is out
- 9) Mesa Cal is in Vincent is out
- 10) Rio Hondo is in Vincent is out
- 11) Devers is in Red Bluff is out
- 12) Mirage is in Coachelv is out
- 13) Mirage is in Ramon is out
- 14) Mirage is in Julian Hinds is out

Total 2017 busload within the defined area is 20,599 MW including 121 MW of losses.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in the LA Basin area:

¹⁸ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
ALAMIT_7_UNIT 1	24001	ALAMT1 G	18	174.56	1	Western		Market
ALAMIT_7_UNIT 2	24002	ALAMT2 G	18	175.00	2	Western		Market
ALAMIT_7_UNIT 3	24003	ALAMT3 G	18	332.18	3	Western		Market
ALAMIT_7_UNIT 4	24004	ALAMT4 G	18	335.67	4	Western		Market
ALAMIT_7_UNIT 5	24005	ALAMT5 G	20	497.97	5	Western		Market
ALAMIT_7_UNIT 6	24161	ALAMT6 G	20	495.00	6	Western		Market
ANAHM_2_CANYN1	25211	CanyonGT 1	13.8	49.40	1	Western		MUNI
ANAHM_2_CANYN2	25212	CanyonGT 2	13.8	48.00	2	Western		MUNI
ANAHM_2_CANYN3	25213	CanyonGT 3	13.8	48.00	3	Western		MUNI
ANAHM_2_CANYN4	25214	CanyonGT 4	13.8	49.40	4	Western		MUNI
ANAHM_7_CT	25208	DowlingCTG	13.8	40.64	1	Western	Aug NQC	MUNI
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24011	ARCO 1G	13.8	54.28	1	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24012	ARCO 2G	13.8	54.28	2	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24013	ARCO 3G	13.8	54.28	3	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24014	ARCO 4G	13.8	54.28	4	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24163	ARCO 5G	13.8	27.14	5	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24164	ARCO 6G	13.8	27.15	6	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
BARRE_2_QF	24016	BARRE	230	0.00		Western	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
BARRE_6_PEAKER	29309	BARPKGEN	13.8	45.38	1	Western		Market
BRDWAY_7_UNIT 3	29007	BRODWYSC	13.8	65.00	1	Western		MUNI
BUCKWD_7_WINTC V	25634	BUCKWIND	115	0.15	W5	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
CABZON_1_WINDA1	29290	CABAZON	33	11.29	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
CENTER_2_QF	24203	CENTER S	66	18.10		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CENTER_2_RHONDO	24203	CENTER S	66	1.91		Western	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
CENTER_6_PEAKER	29308	CTRPKGEN	13.8	44.57	1	Western		Market
CENTRY_6_PL1X4	25302	CLTNCTRY	13.8	36.00	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	MUNI
CHEVMN_2_UNITS	24022	CHEVGEN1	13.8	0.00	1	Western, El Nido	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHEVMN_2_UNITS	24023	CHEVGEN2	13.8	0.00	2	Western, El Nido	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHINO_2_QF	24024	CHINO	66	7.83		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHINO_2_SOLAR	24024	CHINO	66	0.00		None	Not modeled	Market
CHINO_6_CIMGEN	24026	CIMGEN	13.8	25.29	D1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHINO_6_SMPPAP	24140	SIMPSON	13.8	27.15	D1	None	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
CHINO_7_MILIKN	24024	CHINO	66	1.37		None	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
COLTON_6_AGUAM1	25303	CLTNAGUA	13.8	43.00	1	Eastern		MUNI
CORONS_6_CLRWTR	24210	MIRALOMA	66	14.00		Eastern	Not modeled	MUNI
CORONS_6_CLRWTR	24210	MIRALOMA	66	14.00		Eastern	Not modeled	MUNI
DEVERS_1_QF	24815	GARNET	115	1.51	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25632	TERAWND	115	2.94	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25633	CAPWIND	115	0.56	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

DEVERS_1_QF	25634	BUCKWIND	115	1.73	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25635	ALTWIND	115	1.35	Q1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25635	ALTWIND	115	2.50	Q2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25636	RENWIND	115	0.59	Q1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25636	RENWIND	115	2.28	Q2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25636	RENWIND	115	0.27	W1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25637	TRANWIND	115	6.68	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25639	SEAWIND	115	2.01	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25640	PANAERO	115	1.79	QF	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25645	VENWIND	115	1.53	EU	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25645	VENWIND	115	3.58	Q1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25645	VENWIND	115	2.41	Q2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25646	SANWIND	115	0.80	Q1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DEVERS_1_QF	25646	SANWIND	115	2.68	Q2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DMDVLY_1_UNITS	25425	ESRP P2	6.9	1.39		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
DREWS_6_PL1X4	25301	CLTNDREW	13.8	36.00	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	MUNI
DVLCYN_1_UNITS	25603	DVLCYN3G	13.8	67.15	3	Eastern	Aug NQC	MUNI
DVLCYN_1_UNITS	25604	DVLCYN4G	13.8	67.15	4	Eastern	Aug NQC	MUNI
DVLCYN_1_UNITS	25648	DVLCYN1G	13.8	50.35	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	MUNI
DVLCYN_1_UNITS	25649	DVLCYN2G	13.8	50.35	2	Eastern	Aug NQC	MUNI
ELLIS_2_QF	24197	ELLIS	66	0.00		Western, Ellis	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ELSEGN_7_UNIT 3	24047	ELSEG3 G	18	335.00	3	Western, El Nido		Market
ELSEGN_7_UNIT 4	24048	ELSEG4 G	18	335.00	4	Western, El Nido		Market
ETIWND_2_FONTNA	24055	ETIWANDA	66	0.81		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ETIWND_2_QF	24055	ETIWANDA	66	14.86		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ETIWND_2_SOLAR	24055	ETIWANDA	66	0.00		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
ETIWND_6_GRPLND	29305	ETWPKGEN	13.8	42.53	1	Eastern		Market
ETIWND_6_MWDETI	25422	ETI MWDG	13.8	10.37	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	Market
ETIWND_7_MIDVLY	24055	ETIWANDA	66	1.54		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
ETIWND_7_UNIT 3	24052	MTNVIST3	18	320.00	3	Eastern		Market
ETIWND_7_UNIT 4	24053	MTNVIST4	18	320.00	4	Eastern		Market
GARNET_1_UNITS	24815	GARNET	115	0.71	G1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

GARNET_1_UNITS	24815	GARNET	115	0.25	G2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GARNET_1_UNITS	24815	GARNET	115	0.51	G3	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GARNET_1_UNITS	24815	GARNET	115	0.25	PC	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GARNET_1_WIND	24815	GARNET	115	0.66	W2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
GARNET_1_WIND	24815	GARNET	115	0.66	W3	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
GLNARM_7_UNIT 1	29005	PASADNA1	13.8	22.30	1	Western		MUNI
GLNARM_7_UNIT 2	29006	PASADNA2	13.8	22.30	1	Western		MUNI
GLNARM_7_UNIT 3	29005	PASADNA1	13.8	44.83		Western	Not modeled	MUNI
GLNARM_7_UNIT 4	29006	PASADNA2	13.8	42.42		Western	Not modeled	MUNI
HARBGN_7_UNITS	24062	HARBOR G	13.8	76.28	1	Western		Market
HARBGN_7_UNITS	24062	HARBOR G	13.8	11.86	HP	Western		Market
HARBGN_7_UNITS	25510	HARBORG4	4.16	11.86	LP	Western		Market
HINSON_6_CARBN	24020	CARBOGEN	13.8	21.46	1	Western	Aug NQC	Market
HINSON_6_LBECH1	24170	LBEACH12	13.8	65.00	1	Western		Market
HINSON_6_LBECH2	24170	LBEACH12	13.8	65.00	2	Western		Market
HINSON_6_LBECH3	24171	LBEACH34	13.8	65.00	3	Western		Market
HINSON_6_LBECH4	24171	LBEACH34	13.8	65.00	4	Western		Market
HINSON_6_SERRGN	24139	SERRFGEN	13.8	28.38	D1	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
HNTGBH_7_UNIT 1	24066	HUNT1 G	13.8	225.75	1	Western, Ellis		Market
HNTGBH_7_UNIT 2	24067	HUNT2 G	13.8	225.80	2	Western, Ellis		Market
INDIGO_1_UNIT 1	29190	WINTECX2	13.8	42.00	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers		Market
INDIGO_1_UNIT 2	29191	WINTECX1	13.8	42.00	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers		Market
INDIGO_1_UNIT 3	29180	WINTEC8	13.8	42.00	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers		Market
INLDEM_5_UNIT 1	29041	IEEC-G1	19.5	335.00	1	Eastern, Valley, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Market
INLDEM_5_UNIT 2	29042	IEEC-G2	19.5	335.00	1	Eastern, Valley, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Market
JOHANN_6_QFA1	24072	JOHANNA	230	0.00		Western, Ellis	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
LACIEN_2_VENICE	24337	VENICE	13.8	4.45	1	Western, El Nido	Aug NQC	MUNI
LAFRES_6_QF	24073	LA FRESA	66	2.55		Western, El Nido	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
LAGBEL_6_QF	24075	LAGUBELL	66	10.60		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
LGHTHP_6_ICEGEN	24070	ICEGEN	13.8	46.55	1	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
LGHTHP_6_QF	24083	LITEHIPE	66	1.10		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MESAS_2_QF	24209	MESA CAL	66	1.06		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MIRLOM_2_CORONA				2.35		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MIRLOM_2_TEMESC				2.49		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

MIRLOM_6_DELGEN	24030	DELGEN	13.8	29.78	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MIRLOM_6_PEAKER	29307	MRLPKGEN	13.8	43.18	1	Eastern		Market
MIRLOM_7_MWDLK M	24210	MIRALOMA	66	4.60		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
MOJAVE_1_SIPHON	25657	MJVSPHN1	13.8	6.00	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	Market
MOJAVE_1_SIPHON	25657	MJVSPHN1	13.8	6.00	2	Eastern	Aug NQC	Market
MOJAVE_1_SIPHON	25657	MJVSPHN1	13.8	6.00	3	Eastern	Aug NQC	Market
MTWIND_1_UNIT 1	29060	MOUNTWND	115	7.08	S1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
MTWIND_1_UNIT 2	29060	MOUNTWND	115	2.76	S2	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
MTWIND_1_UNIT 3	29060	MOUNTWND	115	2.88	S3	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
OLINDA_2_COYCRK	24211	OLINDA	66	3.13		Western	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
OLINDA_2_QF	24211	OLINDA	66	0.78	1	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
OLINDA_7_LNDFIL	24201	BARRE	66	4.50		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PADUA_2_ONTARO	24111	PADUA	66	0.91		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PADUA_6_MWDSDM	24111	PADUA	66	7.70		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
PADUA_6_QF	24111	PADUA	66	0.74		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PADUA_7_SDIMAS	24111	PADUA	66	1.05		Eastern	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PWEST_1_UNIT				0.15		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
REDOND_7_UNIT 5	24121	REDON5 G	18	178.87	5	Western		Market
REDOND_7_UNIT 6	24122	REDON6 G	18	175.00	6	Western		Market
REDOND_7_UNIT 7	24123	REDON7 G	20	505.96	7	Western		Market
REDOND_7_UNIT 8	24124	REDON8 G	20	495.90	8	Western		Market
RHONDO_2_QF	24213	RIOHONDO	66	2.54		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
RHONDO_6_PUENT E	24213	RIOHONDO	66	0.00		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
RVSIIDE_2_RERCU3	24299	RERC2G3	13.8	48.50	1	Eastern		MUNI
RVSIIDE_2_RERCU4	24300	RERC2G4	13.8	48.50	1	Eastern		MUNI
RVSIIDE_6_RERCU1	24242	RERC1G	13.8	48.35	1	Eastern		MUNI
RVSIIDE_6_RERCU2	24243	RERC2G	13.8	48.50	1	Eastern		MUNI
RVSIIDE_6_SPRING	24244	SPRINGEN	13.8	36.00	1	Eastern		Market
SANTGO_6_COYOT E	24133	SANTIAGO	66	6.08	1	Western, Ellis	Aug NQC	Market
SBERDO_2_PSP3	24921	MNTV-CT1	18	129.71	1	Eastern, West of Devers		Market
SBERDO_2_PSP3	24922	MNTV-CT2	18	129.71	1	Eastern, West of Devers		Market
SBERDO_2_PSP3	24923	MNTV-ST1	18	225.08	1	Eastern, West of Devers		Market
SBERDO_2_PSP4	24924	MNTV-CT3	18	129.71	1	Eastern, West of Devers		Market
SBERDO_2_PSP4	24925	MNTV-CT4	18	129.71	1	Eastern, West of Devers		Market

SBERDO_2_PSP4	24926	MNTV-ST2	18	225.08	1	Eastern, West of Devers		Market
SBERDO_2_QF	24214	SANBRDNO	66	0.14		Eastern, West of Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SBERDO_2_SNTANA	24214	SANBRDNO	66	0.27		Eastern, West of Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SBERDO_6_MILLCK	24214	SANBRDNO	66	1.28		Eastern, West of Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SONGS_7_UNIT 2	24129	S.ONOFR2	22	1122.00	2	None		Nuclear
SONGS_7_UNIT 3	24130	S.ONOFR3	22	1124.00	3	None		Nuclear
TIFFNY_1_DILLON				5.63		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	Wind
VALLEY_5_PERRIS	24160	VALLEYSC	115	7.94		Eastern, Valley, Valley-Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VALLEY_5_REDMTN	24160	VALLEYSC	115	2.00		Eastern, Valley, Valley-Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VALLEY_7_BADLND	24160	VALLEYSC	115	0.54		Eastern, Valley, Valley-Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
VALLEY_7_UNITA1	24160	VALLEYSC	115	1.34		Eastern, Valley, Valley-Devers	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
VERNON_6_GONZL1				5.75		Western	Not modeled	MUNI
VERNON_6_GONZL2				5.75		Western	Not modeled	MUNI
VERNON_6_MALBRG	24239	MALBRG1G	13.8	42.37	C1	Western		MUNI
VERNON_6_MALBRG	24240	MALBRG2G	13.8	42.37	C2	Western		MUNI
VERNON_6_MALBRG	24241	MALBRG3G	13.8	49.26	S3	Western		MUNI
VILLPK_2_VALLYV	24216	VILLA PK	66	4.10		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VILLPK_6_MWDYOR	24216	VILLA PK	66	0.00		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
VISTA_6_QF	24902	VSTA	66	0.17	1	Eastern	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
WALNUT_6_HILLGEN	24063	HILLGEN	13.8	47.07	1	Western	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
WALNUT_7_WCOVCT	24157	WALNUT	66	3.43		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
WALNUT_7_WCOVST	24157	WALNUT	66	2.98		Western	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
WHTWTR_1_WINDA1	29061	WHITEWTR	33	8.26	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	Aug NQC	Wind
ARCOGN_2_UNITS	24018	BRIGEN	13.8	0.00	1	Western	No NQC - hist. data	Market
HINSON_6_QF	24064	HINSON	66	0.00	1	Western	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
INLAND_6_UNIT	24071	INLAND	13.8	30.30	1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
MOBGEN_6_UNIT 1	24094	MOBGEN	13.8	20.20	1	Western, El Nido	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24063	HILLGEN	13.8	0.00	D1	Western	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24324	SANIGEN	13.8	6.80	D1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24325	ORCOGEN	13.8	0.00	1	Western, Ellis	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24327	THUMSGEN	13.8	40.00	1	Western	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24328	CARBGEN2	13.8	15.2	1	Western	No NQC - hist. data	Market

NA	24329	MOBGEN2	13.8	20.2	1	Western, El Nido	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24330	OUTFALL1	13.8	0.00	1	Western, El Nido	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24331	OUTFALL2	13.8	0.00	1	Western, El Nido	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24332	PALOGEN	13.8	3.60	D1	Western, El Nido	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24341	COYGEN	13.8	0.00	1	Western, Ellis	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24342	FEDGEN	13.8	0.00	1	Western	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24839	BLAST	115	45.00	1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	29021	WINTEC6	115	45.00	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - hist. data	Wind
NA	29023	WINTEC4	12	16.50	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - hist. data	Wind
NA	29060	SEAWEST	115	44.40	S1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	Wind
NA	29060	SEAWEST	115	22.20	S2	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	Wind
NA	29060	SEAWEST	115	22.40	S3	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	Wind
NA	29260	ALTAMSA4	115	40.00	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - hist. data	Wind
NA	29338	CLRWTRCT	13.8	0.00	G1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	29339	DELGEN	13.8	0.00	1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	29340	CLRWTRST	13.8	0.00	S1	Eastern	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	29951	REFUSE	13.8	9.90	D1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	QF/Selfgen
NA	29953	SIGGEN	13.8	24.90	D1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	QF/Selfgen
HNTGBH_7_UNIT 3	24167	HUNT3 G	13.8	0.00	3	Western, Ellis	Retired	Market
HNTGBH_7_UNIT 4	24168	HUNT4 G	13.8	0.00	4	Western, Ellis	Retired	Market
New unit	28174	RPS11031	13.8	37	EQ	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29101	RPS10501	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29102	RPS10500	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29103	RPS10499	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29104	RPS10498	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29105	RPS10497	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29106	RPS10496	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29107	RPS10495	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29108	RPS10494	13.8	107	1	Eastern, Valley-Devers	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29201	EME WCG1	13.8	100	1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29202	EME WCG2	13.8	100	1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29203	EME WCG3	13.8	100	1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29204	EME WCG4	13.8	100	1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29205	EME WCG5	13.8	100	1	Western	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29901	ELSEG8ST	18	77	8	Western, El Nido	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29902	ELSEG7GT	18	205	7	Western, El Nido	No NQC - Pmax	Market

New unit	29903	ELSEG6ST	18	77	6	Western, El Nido	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	29904	ELSEG5ST	18	205	5	Western, El Nido	No NQC - Pmax	Market

Major new projects modeled:

1. Colorado River-Devers #2 500 kV line
2. Tehachapi Transmission Project (phased in)
3. Vincent-Mira Loma 500 kV (part of Tehachapi Upgrade)
4. Five new power plants totaling 1800 MW

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Ellis Sub-area:

This sub-area has no requirements due to the Barre-Ellis 230 kV split projects as well as the use of Ellis area SPS for N-1 followed by N-2 conditions.

El Nido Sub-area:

The most critical contingency could be the loss of La Fresa - Redondo #1 and #2 230 kV lines followed by the loss of Hinson - La Fresa 230 kV line, which would result in voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 532 MW (includes 47 MW of QF and 4 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor.

Western LA Basin Sub-area:

The most critical contingency is the loss of one of the Serrano - Villa Park 230 kV #2 line followed by the loss of the Serrano - Lewis 230 kV line, which would result in thermal overload of the Serrano - Villa Park 230 kV line #1. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 4236 MW (includes 563 MW of QF, 6 MW of wind and 582 of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness factors.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	MW Eff Fctr
29309	BARPKGEN	1	28
25208	DowlingCTG	1	27
25211	CanyonGT 1	1	27
25212	CanyonGT 2	2	27
25213	CanyonGT 3	3	27
25214	CanyonGT 4	4	27
24066	HUNT1 G	1	24
24067	HUNT2 G	2	24
24325	ORCOGEN	1	24
24001	ALAMT1 G	1	21
24002	ALAMT2 G	2	21
24003	ALAMT3 G	3	21
24004	ALAMT4 G	4	21
24005	ALAMT5 G	5	21
24161	ALAMT6 G	6	21
24133	SANTIAGO	1	18
24341	COYGEN	1	18
24018	BRIGEN	1	17
24011	ARCO 1G	1	15
24012	ARCO 2G	2	15
24013	ARCO 3G	3	15
24014	ARCO 4G	4	15
24163	ARCO 5G	5	15
24164	ARCO 6G	6	15
24020	CARBGEN1	1	15
24064	HINSON	1	15
24070	ICEGEN	D1	15
24170	LBEACH12	2	15
24171	LBEACH34	3	15
24062	HARBOR G	1	15
25510	HARBORG4	LP	15
24062	HARBOR G	HP	15
29308	CTRPKGEN	1	15
24139	SERRFGEN	D1	15
24170	LBEACH12	1	15
24171	LBEACH34	4	15
24327	THUMSGEN	1	15
24328	CARBGEN2	1	15

29953	SIGGEN	D1	15
24022	CHEVGEN1	1	14
24023	CHEVGEN2	2	14
24047	ELSEG3 G	3	14
24048	ELSEG4 G	4	14
24094	MOBGEN1	1	14
24121	REDON5 G	5	14
24122	REDON6 G	6	14
24123	REDON7 G	7	14
24124	REDON8 G	8	14
24329	MOBGEN2	1	14
24330	OUTFALL1	1	14
24331	OUTFALL2	1	14
24332	PALOGEN	D1	14
24337	VENICE	1	14
28901	ELSEG8ST	8	14
28902	ELSEG7GT	7	14
28903	ELSEG6ST	6	14
28904	ELSEG5GT	5	14
24240	MALBRG2G	C2	13
29951	REFUSE	D1	13
24342	FEDGEN	1	13
24241	MALBRG3G	S3	12
24239	MALBRG1G	C1	12
29005	PASADNA1	1	9
29006	PASADNA2	1	9
29007	BRODWYSC	1	9
29205	EME WCG5	1	6
24063	HILLGEN	D1	6
29201	EME WCG1	1	5
29203	EME WCG3	1	5
29204	EME WCG4	1	5
29202	EME WCG2	1	5

There are numerous other combinations of contingencies in the area that could overload a significant number of 230 kV lines in this sub-area/area and have slightly less LCR need. As such, anyone of them (combination of contingencies) could become binding for any given set of procured resources. As a result, these effectiveness factors may not facilitate more informed procurement.

West of Devers Sub-area:

The most critical contingency could be the loss of San Bernardino – Etiwanda 230 kV and San Bernardino – Vista 230 kV lines, which would result in voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 468 MW (includes 2 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor.

Valley-Devers Sub-area:

The most critical contingency is the loss of one of the Palo Verde - Colorado River 500 kV line followed by the loss of Alberthill - Serrano 500 kV, which would result in thermal overload of the San Bernardino - El Casco 230 kV line and Camino – Iron Mountain 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 1,287 MW (includes 47 MW of QF and 135 MW of Wind generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor.

Valley Sub-area:

Resources needed to meet the Valley-Devers sub-area are enough to meet this sub-area requirement as well.

Eastern LA Basin Sub-area:

Resources needed to meet the West of Devers and Valley-Devers sub-areas are enough to meet this sub-area requirement as well.

LA Basin overall:

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Lugo - Victorville 500 kV Line followed by the loss of Sylmar - Gould 230.0 kV or vice versa, which would result in thermal overload on the Sylmar - Eagle Rock 230 kV. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of about 10,019 MW (includes 810 MW of QF, 230 MW of wind, 1166 MW of Muni and 2246 MW of nuclear generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

For 2016, the most critical single contingency is the loss of the Sylmar S - Gould 230 kV line with SONGS #3 unit out of service, which would result in thermal overload of the Sylmar S - Eagle Rock 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of about 9,039 MW (includes 810 MW of QF, 230 MW of wind, 1166 of Muni and 2246 MW of nuclear generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Gen ID	MW Eff Fctr
29005	PASADNA1	1	28
29006	PASADNA2	1	28
29007	BRODWYSC	1	27
24241	MALBRG3G	S3	18
24240	MALBRG2G	C2	18
24239	MALBRG1G	C1	18
29951	REFUSE	D1	18
24342	FEDGEN	1	17
24022	CHEVGEN1	1	15
24023	CHEVGEN2	2	15
24047	ELSEG3 G	3	15
24048	ELSEG4 G	4	15
24094	MOBGEN1	1	15
24121	REDON5 G	5	15
24122	REDON6 G	6	15
24123	REDON7 G	7	15
24124	REDON8 G	8	15
24329	MOBGEN2	1	15
24330	OUTFALL1	1	15
24331	OUTFALL2	1	15
24332	PALOGEN	D1	15

24337	VENICE	1	15
28901	ELSEG8ST	8	15
28902	ELSEG7GT	7	15
28903	ELSEG6ST	6	15
28904	ELSEG5GT	5	15
24011	ARCO 1G	1	14
24012	ARCO 2G	2	14
24013	ARCO 3G	3	14
24014	ARCO 4G	4	14
24163	ARCO 5G	5	14
24164	ARCO 6G	6	14
24018	BRIGEN	1	14
24020	CARBGEN1	1	14
24064	HINSON	1	14
24070	ICEGEN	D1	14
24170	LBEACH12	2	14
24171	LBEACH34	3	14
24062	HARBOR G	1	14
25510	HARBORG4	LP	14
24062	HARBOR G	HP	14
24139	SERRFGEN	D1	14
24170	LBEACH12	1	14
24171	LBEACH34	4	14
24327	THUMSGEN	1	14
24328	CARBGEN2	1	14
29308	CTRPKGEN	1	13
29953	SIGGEN	D1	13
24001	ALAMT1 G	1	12
24002	ALAMT2 G	2	12
24003	ALAMT3 G	3	12
24004	ALAMT4 G	4	12
24005	ALAMT5 G	5	11
24161	ALAMT6 G	6	11
29201	EME WCG1	1	11
29203	EME WCG3	1	11
29204	EME WCG4	1	11
29205	EME WCG5	1	11
29202	EME WCG2	1	11
24063	HILLGEN	D1	11
24066	HUNT1 G	1	10
24067	HUNT2 G	2	10
29309	BARPKGEN	1	10
24325	ORCOGEN	1	10

24133	SANTIAGO	1	9
24341	COYGEN	1	9
25208	DowlingCTG	1	9
25211	CanyonGT 1	1	9
25212	CanyonGT 2	2	9
25213	CanyonGT 3	3	9
25214	CanyonGT 4	4	9
24129	S.ONOFR2	2	8
24030	DELGEN	1	7
24130	S.ONOFR3	3	7
29307	MRLPKGEN	1	7
24026	CIMGEN	D1	7
24140	SIMPSON	D1	7
29339	DELGEN	1	7
29338	CLRWTRCT	G1	7
25648	DVLCYN1G	1	6
25649	DVLCYN2G	2	6
25603	DVLCYN3G	3	6
25604	DVLCYN4G	4	6
24052	MTNVIST3	3	6
24053	MTNVIST4	4	6
24071	INLAND	1	6
25422	ETI MWDG	1	6
24921	MNTV-CT1	1	6
24922	MNTV-CT2	1	6
24923	MNTV-ST1	1	6
24924	MNTV-CT3	1	6
24925	MNTV-CT4	1	6
24926	MNTV-ST2	1	6
29041	IIEC-G1	1	6
29042	IIEC-G2	2	6
25632	TERAWND	QF	6
25633	CAPWIND	QF	6
25634	BUCKWND	QF	6
25635	ALTWIND	Q1	6
25635	ALTWIND	Q2	6
25637	TRANWND	QF	6
25639	SEAWIND	QF	6
25640	PANAERO	QF	6
25645	VENWIND	EU	6
25645	VENWIND	Q2	6
25645	VENWIND	Q1	6
25646	SANWIND	Q2	6

24815	GARNET	QF	6
24815	GARNET	W3	6
29023	WINTEC4	1	6
29060	MOUNTWND	S1	6
29060	MOUNTWND	S3	6
29060	MOUNTWND	S2	6
29061	WHITEWTR	1	6
29260	ALTAMSA4	1	6
29290	CABAZON	1	6
29021	WINTEC6	1	6
24242	RERC1G	1	6
24243	RERC2G	1	6
24244	SPRINGEN	1	6
29305	ETWPKGEN	1	6
25301	CLTNDREW	1	6
25302	CLTNCTRY	1	6
25303	CLTNAGUA	1	6
24299	RERC2G3	1	6
24300	RERC2G4	1	6
24839	BLAST	1	5
29106	RPS10496	1	5
29107	RPS10495	1	5
29108	RPS10494	1	5
28174	RPS11031	EQ	5
29190	WINTECX2	1	5
29191	WINTECX1	1	5
29180	WINTEC8	1	5
25657	MJVSPHN1	1	5
25658	MJVSPHN2	2	5
25659	MJVSPHN3	3	5
29101	RPS10501	1	5
29102	RPS10500	1	5
29103	RPS10499	1	5
29104	RPS10498	1	5
29105	RPS10497	1	5

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the load forecast went down by 886 MW or about 4.1%. The LA Basin LCR need has decreased due to the load decrease and slightly increase due to higher requirements in the West of Devers and Valley-Devers sub-areas with an overall decrease of 261 MW between 2016 and 2017. The Western LA Basin requirements

have decreased due to the elimination of SONGS's contribution since it is not effective in mitigating the most stringent contingency.

LA Basin Overall Requirements:

	QF (MW)	Wind (MW)	Muni (MW)	Nuclear (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	810	230	1166	2246	9502	13954

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ¹⁹	9,039	0	9,039
Category C (Multiple) ²⁰	10,019	0	10,019

9. Big Creek/Ventura Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the Big Creek/Ventura Area are:

- 1) Antelope #1 500/230 kV Transformer
- 2) Antelope #2 500/230 kV Transformer
- 3) Sylmar - Pardee 230 kV #1 and #2 Lines
- 4) Vincent - Pardee 230 kV #2 Line
- 5) Vincent - Santa Clara 230 kV Line

The substations that delineate the Big Creek/Ventura Area are:

- 1) Antelope 500 kV is out Antelope 230 kV is in
- 2) Antelope 500 kV is out Antelope 230 kV is in
- 3) Sylmar is out Pardee is in
- 4) Vincent is out Pardee is in
- 5) Vincent is out Santa Clara is in

Total 2017 busload within the defined area is 4632 MW including 66 MW of losses and 355 MW of pumps.

¹⁹ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

²⁰ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in the Big Creek/Ventura area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
ALAMO_6_UNIT	25653	ALAMO SC	13.8	16.00	1		Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24306	B CRK1-1	7.2	19.38	1	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24306	B CRK1-1	7.2	21.03	2	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24307	B CRK1-2	13.8	21.03	3	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24307	B CRK1-2	13.8	30.39	4	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24308	B CRK2-1	13.8	49.48	1	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24308	B CRK2-1	13.8	50.64	2	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24309	B CRK2-2	7.2	18.22	3	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24309	B CRK2-2	7.2	19.19	4	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24310	B CRK2-3	7.2	16.55	5	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24310	B CRK2-3	7.2	18.02	6	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24311	B CRK3-1	13.8	34.09	1	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24311	B CRK3-1	13.8	34.09	2	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24312	B CRK3-2	13.8	34.09	3	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24312	B CRK3-2	13.8	39.93	4	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24313	B CRK3-3	13.8	37.99	5	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24314	B CRK 4	11.5	49.09	41	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24314	B CRK 4	11.5	49.28	42	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24315	B CRK 8	13.8	23.76	81	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24315	B CRK 8	13.8	42.85	82	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24317	MAMOTH1G	13.8	91.07	1	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24318	MAMOTH2G	13.8	91.07	2	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
BIGCRK_2_EXESWD	24323	PORTAL	4.8	9.35	1	Rector, Vestal	Aug NQC	Market
EASTWD_7_UNIT	24319	EASTWOOD	13.8	199.00	1	Rector, Vestal		Market
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25605	EDMON1AP	14.4	23.27	1		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25606	EDMON2AP	14.4	23.27	2		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25607	EDMON3AP	14.4	23.27	3		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25607	EDMON3AP	14.4	23.27	4		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25608	EDMON4AP	14.4	23.27	5		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25608	EDMON4AP	14.4	23.27	6		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25609	EDMON5AP	14.4	23.27	7		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25609	EDMON5AP	14.4	23.27	8		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25610	EDMON6AP	14.4	23.27	9		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25610	EDMON6AP	14.4	23.27	10		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25611	EDMON7AP	14.4	23.26	11		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25611	EDMON7AP	14.4	23.26	12		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25612	EDMON8AP	14.4	23.26	13		Pumps	MUNI
EDMONS_2_NSPIN	25612	EDMON8AP	14.4	23.26	14		Pumps	MUNI
GOLETA_2_QF	24057	GOLETA	66	0.14		S.Clara, Moorpark	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GOLETA_6_ELLWOD	28004	ELLWOOD	13.8	54.00	1	S.Clara, Moorpark		Market
GOLETA_6_EXGEN	24057	GOLETA	66	1.17		S.Clara, Moorpark	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GOLETA_6_GAVOTA	24057	GOLETA	66	1.41		S.Clara, Moorpark	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
GOLETA_6_TAJIGS	24057	GOLETA	66	2.90		S.Clara, Moorpark	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
KERRGN_1_UNIT 1	24437	KERNRVR	66	9.03	1		Aug NQC	Market
LEBECS_2_UNITS	28051	PSTRIAG1	18	157.90	G1		Aug NQC	Market
LEBECS_2_UNITS	28052	PSTRIAG2	18	157.90	G2		Aug NQC	Market

LEBEC2_UNITS	28053	PSTRIAS1	18	162.40	S1		Aug NQC	Market
LEBEC2_UNITS	28054	PSTRIAG3	18	157.90	G3		Aug NQC	Market
LEBEC2_UNITS	28055	PSTRIAS2	18	78.90	S2		Aug NQC	Market
MNDALY7_UNIT 1	24089	MANDLY1G	13.8	215.00	1	Moorpark		Market
MNDALY7_UNIT 2	24090	MANDLY2G	13.8	215.29	2	Moorpark		Market
MNDALY7_UNIT 3	24222	MANDLY3G	16	130.00	3	S.Clara, Moorpark		Market
MOORPK2_CALABS	24099	MOORPARK	230	6.96		Moorpark	Not modeled	Market
MOORPK6_QF	24098	MOORPARK	66	26.44		Moorpark	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
MOORPK7_UNITA1	24098	MOORPARK	66	1.24		Moorpark	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
OMAR2_UNIT 1	24102	OMAR 1G	13.8	77.25	1			QF/Selfgen
OMAR2_UNIT 2	24103	OMAR 2G	13.8	77.25	2			QF/Selfgen
OMAR2_UNIT 3	24104	OMAR 3G	13.8	77.25	3			QF/Selfgen
OMAR2_UNIT 4	24105	OMAR 4G	13.8	77.25	4			QF/Selfgen
ORMOND7_UNIT 1	24107	ORMOND1G	26	741.27	1	Moorpark		Market
ORMOND7_UNIT 2	24108	ORMOND2G	26	775.00	2	Moorpark		Market
OSO6_NSPI	25614	OSO A P	13.2	3.63	1		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25614	OSO A P	13.2	3.63	2		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25614	OSO A P	13.2	3.63	3		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25614	OSO A P	13.2	3.63	4		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25615	OSO B P	13.2	3.63	5		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25615	OSO B P	13.2	3.63	6		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25615	OSO B P	13.2	3.63	7		Pumps	MUNI
OSO6_NSPI	25615	OSO B P	13.2	3.63	8		Pumps	MUNI
PANDOL6_UNIT	24113	PANDOL	13.8	24.81	1	Vestal	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
PANDOL6_UNIT	24113	PANDOL	13.8	20.21	2	Vestal	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
RECTOR2_KAWEAH	24212	RECTOR	66	1.45		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
RECTOR2_KAWH 1	24212	RECTOR	66	0.71		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
RECTOR2_QF	24212	RECTOR	66	5.34		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
RECTOR7_TULARE	24212	RECTOR	66	1.60		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled	QF/Selfgen
SAUGUS2_TOLAND	24135	SAUGUS	66	0.72			Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
SAUGUS6_MWDFTH	24135	SAUGUS	66	7.50			Not modeled Aug NQC	MUNI
SAUGUS6_PTCHGN	24118	PITCHGEN	13.8	19.12	1		Aug NQC	MUNI
SAUGUS6_QF	24135	SAUGUS	66	0.92			Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SAUGUS7_CHIQCN	24135	SAUGUS	66	6.67			Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
SAUGUS7_LOPEZ	24135	SAUGUS	66	5.39			Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SNCLRA6_OXGEN	24110	OXGEN	13.8	33.53	1	S.Clara, Moorpark	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SNCLRA6_PROCGN	24119	PROCGEN	13.8	46.16	1	S.Clara, Moorpark	Aug NQC	Market
SNCLRA6_QF	24127	S.CLARA	66	1.09	1	S.Clara, Moorpark	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen

SNCLRA_6_WILLMT	24159	WILLAMET	13.8	12.63	1	S.Clara, Moorpark	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SPRGVL_2_QF	24215	SPRINGVL	66	0.25		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SPRGVL_2_TULE	24215	SPRINGVL	66	0.63		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
SPRGVL_2_TULESC	24215	SPRINGVL	66	0.39		Rector, Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	Market
SYCAMR_2_UNITS	24143	SYCCYN1G	13.8	57.56	1		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SYCAMR_2_UNITS	24144	SYCCYN2G	13.8	57.56	2		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SYCAMR_2_UNITS	24145	SYCCYN3G	13.8	57.56	3		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
SYCAMR_2_UNITS	24146	SYCCYN4G	13.8	57.55	4		Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
TENGEN_2_PL1X2	24148	TENNGEN1	13.8	18.35	1		Aug NQC	Market
TENGEN_2_PL1X2	24149	TENNGEN2	13.8	18.35	2		Aug NQC	Market
VESTAL_2_KERN	24152	VESTAL	66	6.72	1	Vestal	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VESTAL_6_QF	24152	VESTAL	66	5.06		Vestal	Not modeled Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VESTAL_6_ULTRGN	24150	ULTRAGEN	13.8	34.70	1	Vestal	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
VESTAL_6_WDFIRE	28008	LAKEGEN	13.8	5.57	1	Vestal	Aug NQC	QF/Selfgen
WARNE_2_UNIT	25651	WARNE1	13.8	38.00	1		Aug NQC	Market
WARNE_2_UNIT	25652	WARNE2	13.8	38.00	1		Aug NQC	Market
APPGEN_6_UNIT 1	24009	APPGEN1G	13.8	0.00	1		No NQC - hist. data	Market
APPGEN_6_UNIT 1	24010	APPGEN2G	13.8	0.00	2		No NQC - hist. data	Market
MNDALY_6_MCGRTH	29306	MCGPKGEN	13.8	47.00	1	S.Clara, Moorpark	No NQC - hist. data	Market
NA	24326	Exgen1	13.8	0.00	S1	S.Clara, Moorpark	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24340	CHARMIN	13.8	15.20	1	S.Clara, Moorpark	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24362	Exgen2	13.8	0.00	G1	S.Clara, Moorpark	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24370	Kawgen	13.8	0.00	1	Rector, Vestal	No NQC - hist. data	Market
NA	24372	KR 3-1	13.8	0.00	1	Vestal	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24373	KR 3-2	13.8	0.00	1	Vestal	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfgen
NA	24422	PALMDALE	66	0.00	1		No NQC - hist. data	Market

Major new projects modeled:

1. Tehachapi Transmission Project (phased in)
2. San Joaquin Cross Valley Loop

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Rector Sub-area:

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Rector - Vestal 230 kV line with the Eastwood unit out of service, which would thermally overload the remaining Rector - Vestal 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 609

MW (includes 7 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Vestal Sub-area:

Resources needed to meet the Rector sub-area are enough to meet this sub-area requirement as well.

Santa Clara Sub-area:

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Pardee - Santa Clara 230 kV line followed by the loss of Moorpark - Santa Clara 230 kV #1 and #2 lines, which would cause voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 303 MW (includes 65 MW QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor.

Moorpark Sub-area:

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Moorpark - Pardee 230 kV #3 line followed by the loss of the Moorpark - Pardee 230 kV #1 and #2 lines, which will cause voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 433 MW (includes 93 MW QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor.

Big Creek/Ventura overall:

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Lugo - Victorville 500 kV line followed by loss of one of the Sylmar - Pardee 230 kV line, which would thermally overload the remaining Sylmar - Pardee 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local

capacity need of 2537 MW (includes 743 MW of QF and 381 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The single most critical contingency is the loss of Sylmar - Pardee #1 (or # 2) line with Ormond #2 unit out of service, which could thermally overload the remaining Sylmar - Pardee #1 or #2 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a Local Capacity Need of 2275 MW (includes 743 MW of QF and 381 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has effectiveness factors to the most critical contingency.

Gen Bus	Gen Name	Ck	Eff Factor (%)
24108	ORMOND2G	1	40
24010	APPGEN2G	1	39
24148	TENNGEN1	1	39
24149	TENNGEN2	1	39
24009	APPGEN1G	1	38
24107	ORMOND1G	1	38
24118	PITCHGEN	1	38
24361	APPGEN3G	1	38
25651	WARNE1	1	37
25652	WARNE2	1	37
24089	MANDLY1G	1	36
24090	MANDLY2G	1	36
24127	S.CLARA	1	36
29004	ELLWOOD	1	36
24110	OXGEN	1	36
24119	PROCGEN	1	36
24159	WILLAMET	1	36
24340	CHARMIN	1	36
29952	CAMGEN	1	36
24362	EXGEN2	1	36
24326	EXGEN1	1	36
24362	EXGEN2	1	36
24222	MANDLY3G	1	35
25614	OSO A P	1	35
25614	OSO A P	1	35
25615	OSO B P	1	35
25615	OSO B P	1	35
29306	MCGPKGEN	1	35

29055	PSTRIAS2	1	34
29054	PSTRIAG3	1	34
29053	PSTRIAS1	1	34
29052	PSTRIAG2	1	34
29051	PSTRIAG1	1	34
25605	EDMON1AP	1	34
25606	EDMON2AP	1	34
25607	EDMON3AP	1	34
25607	EDMON3AP	1	34
25608	EDMON4AP	1	34
25608	EDMON4AP	1	34
25609	EDMON5AP	1	34
25609	EDMON5AP	1	34
25610	EDMON6AP	1	34
25610	EDMON6AP	1	34
25611	EDMON7AP	1	34
25611	EDMON7AP	1	34
25612	EDMON8AP	1	34
25612	EDMON8AP	1	34
25653	ALAMO SC	1	34
24370	KAWGEN	1	32
24113	PANDOL	1	31
24113	PANDOL	1	31
29008	LAKEGEN	1	31
24150	ULTRAGEN	1	31
24152	VESTAL	1	31
24307	B CRK1-2	1	31
24307	B CRK1-2	1	31
24308	B CRK2-1	1	31
24308	B CRK2-1	1	31
24309	B CRK2-2	1	31
24309	B CRK2-2	1	31
24310	B CRK2-3	1	31
24310	B CRK2-3	1	31
24311	B CRK3-1	1	31
24311	B CRK3-1	1	31
24312	B CRK3-2	1	31
24312	B CRK3-2	1	31
24313	B CRK3-3	1	31
24314	B CRK 4	1	31
24314	B CRK 4	1	31
24315	B CRK 8	1	31
24315	B CRK 8	1	31

24317	MAMOTH1G	1	31
24318	MAMOTH2G	1	31
24372	KR 3-1	1	31
24373	KR 3-2	1	31
24102	OMAR 1G	1	30
24103	OMAR 2G	1	30
24104	OMAR 3G	1	30
24105	OMAR 4G	1	30
24143	SYCCYN1G	1	30
24144	SYCCYN2G	1	30
24145	SYCCYN3G	1	30
24146	SYCCYN4G	1	30
24319	EASTWOOD	1	30
24306	B CRK1-1	1	30
24306	B CRK1-1	1	30
24136	SEAWEST	1	9
24437	KERNRVR	1	8

Changes compared to last year’s results:

Overall the load forecast went down by 297 MW or about 6.4%. The LCR needs increase in 2017 by about 189 MW is mostly due to LCR need changes in sub-areas as well as reduced output from renewable resources in the Whirlwind-Wind hub-Antelope 500 kV collectors stations coupled with new models for the Antelope 500/230 kV transformers.

Big Creek/Ventura Overall Requirements:

	QF (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	743	381	4096	5220

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ²¹	2275	0	2275
Category C (Multiple) ²²	2537	0	2537

²¹ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

²² Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

10. Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines forming a boundary around the Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley area include:

- 1) Imperial Valley – North Gila 500 kV Line
- 2) Otay Mesa – Tijuana 230 kV Line
- 3) San Onofre - San Luis Rey #1 230 kV Line
- 4) San Onofre - San Luis Rey #2 230 kV Line
- 5) San Onofre - San Luis Rey #3 230 kV Line
- 6) San Onofre – Talega 230 kV Line
- 7) San Onofre – Capistrano 230 kV Line
- 8) Imperial Valley – El Centro 230 kV Line
- 9) Imperial Valley – Dixieland 230 kV Line
- 10) Imperial Valley – La Rosita 230 kV Line

The substations that delineate the Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley area are:

- 1) Imperial Valley is in North Gila is out
- 2) Otay Mesa is in Tijuana is out
- 3) San Onofre is out San Luis Rey is in
- 4) San Onofre is out San Luis Rey is in
- 5) San Onofre is out San Luis Rey is in
- 6) San Onofre is out Talega is in
- 7) San Onofre is out Talega is in
- 8) Imperial Valley is in El Centro is out
- 9) Imperial Valley is in Dixieland is out
- 10) Imperial Valley is in La Rosita is out

Total 2017 busload within the defined area: 5,347 MW with 159 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 5,506 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID	BUS #	BUS NAME	kV	NQC	UNIT ID	LCR SUB-AREA NAME	NQC Comments	CAISO Tag
BORDER_6_UNITA1	22149	CALPK BD	13.8	48.98	1	San Diego, Border		Market
CBRILLO_6_PLSTP1	22092	CABRILLO	69	2.23	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
CCRITA_7_RPPCHF	22124	CHCARITA	138	3.69	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
CHILLS_1_SYCENG	22120	CARLTNHS	138	0.26	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
CHILLS_7_UNITA1	22120	CARLTNHS	138	1.31	2	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
CPSTNO_7_PRMADS	22112	CAPSTRNO	138	4.73	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
CRSTWD_6_KUMYAY	22915	KUMEYAAY	34.5	6.70	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	Wind
DIVSON_6_NSQF	22172	DIVISION	69	34.41	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
EGATE_7_NOCITY	22204	EASTGATE	69	0.21	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger

ELCAJN_6_LM6K	23320	EC GEN2	13.8	48.10	1	San Diego, El Cajon		Market
ELCAJN_6_UNITA1	22150	EC GEN1	13.8	45.42	1	San Diego, El Cajon		Market
ENCINA_7_EA1	22233	ENCINA 1	14.4	106.00	1	San Diego, Encina		Market
ENCINA_7_EA2	22234	ENCINA 2	14.4	104.00	1	San Diego, Encina		Market
ENCINA_7_EA3	22236	ENCINA 3	14.4	110.00	1	San Diego, Encina		Market
ENCINA_7_EA4	22240	ENCINA 4	22	300.00	1	San Diego, Encina		Market
ENCINA_7_EA5	22244	ENCINA 5	24	330.00	1	San Diego, Encina		Market
ENCINA_7_GT1	22248	ENCINAGT	12.5	14.50	1	San Diego, Encina		Market
ESCND0_6_PL1X2	22257	ESGEN	13.8	35.50	1	San Diego, Escondido		Market
ESCND0_6_UNITB1	22153	CALPK_ES	13.8	48.04	1	San Diego, Escondido		Market
ESCO_6_GLMQF	22332	GOALLINE	69	39.92	1	San Diego, Esco, Escondido	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
LAKHDG_6_UNIT 1	22625	LKHODG1	13.8	20.00	1	San Diego, Bernardo, Encinitas		Market
LARKSP_6_UNIT 1	22074	LRKSPBD1	13.8	46.00	1	San Diego, Border		Market
LARKSP_6_UNIT 2	22075	LRKSPBD2	13.8	46.00	1	San Diego, Border		Market
LAROA1_2_UNITA1	20187	LRP-U1	16	165	1	None		Market
LAROA2_2_UNITA1	22996	INTBST	18	157	1	None		Market
LAROA2_2_UNITA1	22997	INTBCT	16	165	1	None		Market
MRGT_6_MEF2	22487	MEF_MR2	13.8	47.90	1	San Diego, Mission, Miramar		Market
MRGT_6_MMAREF	22486	MEF_MR1	13.8	48.00	1	San Diego, Mission, Miramar		Market
MSHGTS_6_MMARLF	22448	MESAHGTS	69	3.19	1	San Diego, Mission	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
MSSION_2_QF	22496	MISSION	69	0.74	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
NIMTG_6_NIQF	22576	NOISLMTR	69	35.59	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
OGROVE_6_PL1X2	22628	PA99MWQ1	13.8	49.95	1	San Diego, Pala		Market
OGROVE_6_PL1X2	22629	PA99MWQ2	13.8	49.95	2	San Diego, Pala		Market
OTAY_6_PL1X2	22617	OYGEN	13.8	35.50	1	San Diego		Market
OTAY_6_UNITB1	22604	OTAY	69	2.80	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
OTAY_7_UNITC1	22604	OTAY	69	2.65	3	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
OTMESA_2_PL1X3	22605	OTAYMGT1	18	185.06	1	San Diego		Market
OTMESA_2_PL1X3	22606	OTAYMGT2	18	185.06	1	San Diego		Market
OTMESA_2_PL1X3	22607	OTAYMST1	16	233.48	1	San Diego		Market
PALOMR_2_PL1X3	22262	PEN_CT1	18	162.39	1	San Diego		Market
PALOMR_2_PL1X3	22263	PEN_CT2	18	162.39	1	San Diego		Market
PALOMR_2_PL1X3	22265	PEN_ST	18	240.83	1	San Diego		Market
PTLOMA_6_NTCCGN	22660	POINTLMA	69	1.65	2	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
PTLOMA_6_NTCQF	22660	POINTLMA	69	16.70	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
SAMPSN_6_KELCO1	22704	SAMPSON	12.5	0.72	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
SMRCOS_6_UNIT 1	22724	SANMRCOS	69	0.47	1	San Diego	Aug NQC	QF/Selfger
TERMEX_2_PL1X3	22981	TDM STG	18	281	1	None		Market
TERMEX_2_PL1X3	22982	TDM CTG2	18	156	1	None		Market
TERMEX_2_PL1X3	22983	TDM CTG3	18	156	1	None		Market
NA	22444	MESA RIM	69	0.00	1	San Diego	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfger
NA	22592	OLD TOWN	69	0.00	1	San Diego	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfger
NA	22602	OMWD	69	0.00	1	San Diego	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfger
NA	22708	SANLUSRY	69	0.00	1	San Diego	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfger
NA	22916	PFC-AVC	0.6	0.00	1	San Diego	No NQC - hist. data	QF/Selfger
LAKHDG_6_UNIT 2	22626	LKHODG2	13.8	20.00	2	San Diego, Bernardo, Encinitas	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	22895	RPS	0.69	9.00	G1	None	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New unit	22907	RPS	0.69	9.00	G2	None	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New unit	22908	RPS	0.69	9.00	G3	None	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New unit	23298	RPS	0.2	108.00	C1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market

New unit	23299	RPS	0.2	108.00	C1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	23279	RPS	0.31	100.00	1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	23280	RPS	0.31	100.00	1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	22942	RPS	0.69	13.00	G1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Wind
New unit	22945	RPS	0.69	13.00	G2	None	No NQC - Pmax	Wind
New unit	22082	RPS	0.21	25.80	1	San Diego	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	23053	RPS	0.69	9.00	G4	None	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New unit	23054	RPS	0.69	9.00	G5	None	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New unit	23055	RPS	0.69	9.00	G6	None	No NQC - est. data	Wind
New unit	23120	BULLMOOS	13.8	27.00	1	San Diego, Border	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	23262	RPS	0.32	290.00	1	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market
New unit	23265	RPS	32.5	125.00	T	None	No NQC - Pmax	Market

Major new projects modeled:

1. Reconductor of El Cajon – Los Coches 69kV line
2. Reconductor of Mission – Clairmont 69kV line
3. Reconductor of Mission – Kearny 69kV line
4. Reconductor of Mission – Mesa Heights 69 kV line
5. A new Sycamore – Bernardo 69kV line

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

El Cajon Sub-area

This sub-area is eliminated due to an approved project to reconductor El Cajon – Los Coches 69 kV line (approved in 2011-2012 planning cycle with a proposed in-service date of 2013).

Mission Sub-area

Reconducting projects for the Mission – Clairmont (TL670), Mission – Kearny (TL663) and Mission Mesa Heights (TL676) 69 kV lines were approved in 2010-2011 planning cycle (expected in-service date – 2015). These transmission projects will eliminate the local capacity need in this sub-area.

Bernardo Sub-area

A transmission project to build a new Sycamore – Bernardo 69kV line (expected to be in-service in 2015) was approved in 2010-2011 planning cycle. This transmission project will eliminate the local capacity need in this sub-area.

Encinitas Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Encinitas sub-area is the loss of Escondido – OMWD 69kV line (TL6930) followed by the loss of North City - Penasquitos 69 kV line (TL6952), which would thermally overload the Encinitas – Del Mar 69kV line (TL660). This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 46 MW in 2017 (includes 0 MW of QF generation and 6 MW of deficiency) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The only units within this area (Lake Hodges) are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Esco Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Esco sub-area is the loss of Poway-Pomerado 69 kV line (TL6913) followed by the loss of Bernardo – Rancho Carmel 69 kV line, which would thermally overload the Esco-Escondido 69kV line (TL6908). This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 113 MW in 2017 (includes 40 MW of QF generation and 73 MW deficiency) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The only unit within this area (Goal line) is needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Escondido Sub-area

Reconductor project for the Bernardo – Rancho Carmel 69kV line was approved in 2011-2012 planning cycle (expected in-service date – 2015). This transmission project will eliminate the local capacity need in this sub-area.

Pala Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Pala sub-area is the loss of Pendleton – San Luis Rey 69kV line (TL6912) followed by the loss of Lilac - Pala 69kV line (TL6932), which would thermally overload the Monserate – Morro Hill Tap 69 kV line (TL694). This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 42 MW in 2017 (includes 0 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (Orange Grove peakers) have the same effectiveness factor.

Border Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Border sub-area is the loss of Bay Boulevard – Otay 69kV line #1 (TL645) followed by Bay Boulevard Otay – 69kV line #2 (TL646), which would thermally overload the Imperial Beach – Bay Boulevard 69 kV line (TL647). This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 60 MW in 2017 (includes 0 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (Otay gen, Border Cal Peak, Larkspur and Bullmoose) have the same effectiveness factor.

Encina Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Encina Sub-area is the loss of Encina 230/138 kV transformer followed by the loss of Sycamore-Santee 138 kV line which could thermally overload the Sycamore-Chicarita 138 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 70 MW (includes 0 MW of QF generation) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. Reconductor of Sycamore – Chicarita 138kV line is recommended for approval in 2012-2013 transmission planning cycle. If approved and constructed this project will eliminate the local capacity need in this pocket.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (Encina 1, 2, 3, 4 and GT) have the same effectiveness factor.

Miramar Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Miramar Sub-area is the loss of Otay Mesa-Miguel Tap-South Bay 230 kV line followed by the loss of Sycamore-Elliott 69 kV line which could thermally overload the Sycamore-Scripps 69 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 115 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation and 19 MW deficiency) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. The deficiency arises due to assumed retirement of 2 existing Miramar GT's.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (Miramar Energy Facility #1 and #2) have the same effectiveness factor.

San Diego Sub-area:

The most limiting contingency in the San Diego sub-area is the loss of Miguel-ECO 500 kV line with Otay Mesa combined-cycle power plant (603 MW) out of service. This limiting contingency results in voltage deviation above 5% in this area and establishes a local capacity need of 2,551 MW in 2017 (includes 151 MW of QF and 7 MW of wind generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The second most limiting contingency in the San Diego sub-area is the N-1-1 contingency of Imperial Valley – Suncrest 500kV followed by the contingency of Miguel – ECO 500kV. This limiting contingency results in a possible voltage collapse in this area and establishes a local capacity need of 2,536 MW in 2017 (includes 151 MW of QF and 7 MW of wind generation).

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this area are not effective.

Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley overall:

The most limiting contingency in the Greater Imperial Valley-San Diego area is the outage of 500 kV Southwest Power Link (SWPL) between Imperial Valley and N. Gila Substations over-lapping with an outage of the Otay Mesa Combined-Cycle Power plant (603 MW) while staying within the South of San Onofre (WECC Path 44) non-simultaneous import capability rating of 2,500 MW. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 3,057 MW in 2017 (includes 151 MW of QF and 87 MW of wind generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

As mentioned in the study assumptions, IID's proposed Dixieland 230 kV substation and the new Imperial Valley-Dixieland 230 kV line was modeled in the 2017 base case. The CAISO acknowledges that the LCR needs for the Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley area will decrease as additional transmission is constructed between the IID/CFE systems and Imperial Valley and more power is flowing in real-time from these control areas into the CAISO control area. If and when the San Diego internal requirements exceed the Greater Imperial Valley/San Diego area requirements, the local boundary could be moved back to the 2012 definition.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor.

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the load forecast went up by 139 MW. The overall LCR need has decreased by about 364 MW mainly due to decrease in deficiency due to numerous new transmission projects. El Cajon sub-area is eliminated due to an approved project to reconductor El Cajon – Los Coches 69kV line. An approved project to build a new Sycamore –

Bernardo 69kV line has changed the LCR results in Bernardo, Escondido and Esco areas. Escondido sub-area is eliminated due to an approved project to reconductor Bernardo – Rancho Carmel 69kV line. A project to upgrade Sycamore – Chicarita 138kV line, which is recommended for approval as part of 2012-2013 planning cycle will eliminate Encina sub-area.

Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley Overall Requirements:

	QF (MW)	Wind (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	151	87	4687	4925

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ²³	3057	0	3057
Category C (Multiple) ²⁴	3057	98	3155

11. Valley Electric Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the area include:

- 1) Amargosa-Sandy 138 kV line
- 2) Jackass Flats-Lathrop Switch 138 kV line
- 3) Mead-Bob Switchyard 230 kV line
- 4) Northwest-Desert View 230 kV line
- 5) Innovation-Mercury 138 kV line
- 6) Bob Switchyard-SCE Eldorado 230 kV line

The substations that delineate the area are:

- 1) Amargosa is out Sandy is in
- 2) Jackass Flats is out Lathrop Switch is in

²³ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

²⁴ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

- 3) Mead is out Bob Switchyard is in
- 4) Northwest is out Desert View is in
- 5) Mercury is out Innovation is in
- 6) SCE Eldorado is out Bob Switchyard is in

Total 2017 busload within the defined area was: 124 MW along with 2 MW of transmission losses resulting in total load + losses of 126 MW.

There is no generation and qualifying capacity available in this area.

Major new transmission projects modeled:

1. Northwest-Desert View 230 kV Line #1 (completed in 2012)
2. Desert View-Pahrump 230 kV line #1 (completed in January 2013)
3. SCE Eldorado-Bob Switchyard 230 kV Line #1
4. Bob Switchyard 230 kV Switchyard
5. Innovation-Mercury 138 kV line
6. Innovation 230 kV Switchyard
7. Charleston-Vista 138 kV line

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Pahrump South Sub-Area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Pahrump-Gamebird 138 kV line followed by loss of the Charleston-Vista 138 kV line. This Category C contingency results in voltage lower than 0.90 pu at Charleston sub (0.88 pu), Thousandaire sub (0.89 pu), and Gamebird sub (0.89 pu), and establishes a local capacity need of 8 MW (including 8 MW of deficiency) in 2017 as minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

There is no generation available in this sub-area.

Valley Electric Association Overall Area

The most critical contingency for the Valley Electric Association Area is the loss of Bob Switchyard-Pahrump 230 kV line followed by the loss of Northwest-Desert View 230 kV line. This double contingency event results in both voltage lower than 0.90 pu and thermal overload in the 138 kV system from Northwest to Mercury in Nevada Energy Balancing Authority area, and establishes a local capacity need of 42 MW (including 42 MW of deficiency) in 2017 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within the area. An SPS or UVLS to drop load for this N-2 could eliminate this overall local capacity need.

Effectiveness factors:

There is no generation available in this area.

Changes compared to last year’s results:

Overall the VEA load forecast went down by 20 MW or about 13.6%. The LCR need under Category B outage is eliminated due to new transmission projects in the area and the LCR need under Category C outage decreases from 2016 by about 15 MW mainly due to load decrease.

Valley Electric Area Overall Requirements:

	QF/Selfgen (MW)	Muni (MW)	Market (MW)	Max. Qualifying Capacity (MW)
Available generation	0	0	0	0

2017	Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW)	Deficiency (MW)	Total MW Requirement
Category B (Single) ²⁵	0	0	0
Category C (Multiple) ²⁶	0	42	42

²⁵ A single contingency means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.

²⁶ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able to survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by MORC.