Attachment A - Clean Tariff

Tariff Amendment Filing

Limited Enhancements to the Capacity Procurement Mechanism

California Independent System Operator Corporation

January 17, 2025

Section 43A

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43A.2.4 CPM Significant Events

The CAISO may designate CPM Capacity to provide service on a prospective basis following a CPM Significant Event, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with Reliability Criteria and taking into account the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event.

43A.2.4.1 Quantity of Capacity included in a Significant Event CPM Designation and Change in Status as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity

43A.2.4.1.1 Other Pre-existing and Effective Capacity Obligations

A resource's capacity may already be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity at the time a resource's CPM Significant Event designation becomes effective. If the amount of that pre-existing and effective obligation to serve as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity is reduced during the term of the resource's CPM Significant Event designation other than because of an Outage for which the resource secures RA Substitute Capacity, then the CAISO will increase the CPM designation by the amount, if any, necessary to ensure that the post-reduction Committed RA Capacity and/or RMR Capacity is not less than PMin. The CAISO does not increase the CPM designation quantity pursuant to this Section 43A.2.4.1.1 due to a pre-existing capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

43A.2.4.1.2 Other Pre-existing but not yet Effective Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's CPM Significant Event designation, a resource may have a pre-existing but not yet effective obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Upon that pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity becoming effective, the CAISO reduces the CPM Significant Event designation by the amount of pre-existing obligation from the effective date through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the CPM Significant Event designation term; or (b) expiration of the term of the pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

The CAISO does not reduce the CPM Significant Event designation quantity pursuant to this Section

43A.2.4.1.2 because of either a: (i) pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity that already is in effect at the start of the CPM Significant Event designation term; or (ii) pre-existing but not yet effective capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

43A.2.4.1.3 New Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's CPM Significant Event designation, a resource may enter a new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity that becomes effective during the term of the CPM Significant Event designation. Upon that new capacity obligation becoming effective, the CAISO reduces the CPM Significant Event designation by the amount of new capacity obligation from the effective date through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the CPM Significant Event designation term; or (b) expiration of the term of the new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Provided, however, that during the term of a CPM Significant Event designation, a resource may not enter new obligations to be either Substitute RA Capacity or capacity outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area that become effective during the term of the CPM Significant Event designation if the existing obligations to be Committed RA Capacity and RMR Capacity plus the quantity of the new obligations would exceed the resource's Net Qualifying Capacity.

43A.2.5 Exceptional Dispatch CPM

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43A.2.5.2.4 Change in Status as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity

43A.2.5.2.4.1 Other Pre-existing and Effective Capacity Obligations

A resource's capacity may already be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity at the time a resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation becomes effective. If the amount of that pre-existing and effective obligation to serve as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity is reduced during the term of the resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation other than because of an Outage for which the resource secures RA Substitute Capacity, then the CAISO will increase the CPM designation by the amount, if any, necessary to ensure that the post-reduction Committed RA Capacity and/or RMR Capacity is not less than PMin. The CAISO does not increase the CPM designation quantity pursuant to

this Section 43A.2.5.2.4.1 due to a pre-existing capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

43A.2.5.2.4.2 Other Pre-existing but not yet Effective Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, a resource may have a preexisting but not yet effective obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Upon that preexisting obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity becoming effective, the CAISO
reduces the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation by the amount of pre-existing obligation from the
effective date through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation term;
or (b) expiration of the term of the pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.
The CAISO does not reduce the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation quantity pursuant to this Section
43A.2.5.2.4.2 because of either a: (i) pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR
Capacity that already is in effect at the start of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation term; or (ii) preexisting but not yet effective capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or
RMR Capacity.

43A.2.5.2.4.3 New Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, a resource may enter a new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity that becomes effective during the term of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation. Upon that new capacity obligation becoming effective, the CAISO reduces the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation by the amount of new capacity obligation from the effective date of the new obligation through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation term; or (b) expiration of the term of the new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Provided, however, that during the term of an Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, a resource may not enter new obligations to be either Substitute RA Capacity or capacity outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area that become effective during the term of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation if the existing obligations to be Committed RA Capacity and RMR Capacity plus the quantity of the new obligations would exceed the resource's Net Qualifying Capacity.

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43A.3.5 Term – CPM Significant Event

CPM Capacity designated under Section 43A.2.4 shall have a default initial term of thirty (30) days. The Scheduling Coordinator for capacity that did not submit an offer to the CSP but can meet the minimum designation criteria may request a single continuous term shorter than thirty (30) days pursuant to the procedures established in the Business Practice Manual. If the CAISO designates such capacity requesting a shorter designation term, then the term of designation will be for the number of days specified in the Scheduling Coordinator's request.

If the CAISO determines that the CPM Significant Event is likely to extend beyond the thirty (30) day period, the CAISO may offer to extend the designation for another sixty (60) days to capacity that held an initial term of thirty (30) days. This offer of extension to the Scheduling Coordinator may be accepted or denied. If the Scheduling Coordinator declines an offer to extend the designation for an additional sixty (60) days, then the CAISO shall re-run the Intra-monthly CSP based on the existing offers. The Scheduling Coordinator for the resource declining an extension of the CPM designation shall be given the opportunity to provide an offer to that re-run Intra-monthly CSP, provided the offer is below the offer price at which its initial thirty (30) day designation was granted. If the Scheduling Coordinator accepts an offer to extend the designation for an additional sixty (60) days, then the CPM Capacity shall continue to be compensated on the same terms as it was during the initial thirty (30) day designation. During this additional sixty (60) day period, the CAISO will provide Market Participants with an opportunity to provide alternative solutions to meet the CAISO's operational and reliability needs in response to the CPM Significant Event, rather than rely on the CAISO's designation of capacity under the CPM. The CAISO shall consider and implement, if acceptable to the CAISO in accordance with Good Utility Practice, such alternative solutions provided by Market Participants in a timely manner. If Market Participants do not submit any alternatives to the designation of CPM capacity that are fully effective in addressing the deficiencies in Reliability Criteria resulting from CPM Significant Event, the CAISO shall extend the term of the designation under Section 43A.2.4 for the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event. If the solutions offered by Market Participants are only partially effective in addressing the CAISO's operational and reliability needs resulting from the CPM Significant Event, the CAISO shall extend the

designation under Section 43A.2.4 for the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event, but only as to the amount of CPM Capacity necessary to satisfy the CAISO's operational and reliability needs after taking into account the effective capacity provided by the alternative solution. If there is a reasonable alternative solution that fully resolves the CAISO's operational and reliability needs, the CAISO will not extend the designation under Section 43A.2.4.

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43A.5.2 Obligation to Provide Capacity and Termination

The decision to accept a designation as CPM Capacity shall be voluntary for the Scheduling Coordinator for any resource. If the Scheduling Coordinator for a resource accepts a CPM designation, it shall be obligated to perform for the full quantity and full period of the designation with respect to the amount of CPM Capacity for which it has accepted a CPM designation. If the Scheduling Coordinator for a resource accepts a Flexible Capacity CPM designation, the resource shall be obligated to perform for the full quantity and full period of the designation, subject to the must-offer obligation in Section 40.10.6 that applies to the Flexible Capacity Category of the resource that was designated. Except as permitted under Section 43A.2.4.1 or Section 43A.2.5.2.4, a resource that accepts a CPM designation may not enter into any other new capacity obligations, whether those obligations are within or outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area, that conflict with the resource's ability to meet its obligations to perform for the full quantity and full period of the designation. If a Participating Generator's or Participating Load's Eligible Capacity is designated under the CPM after the Participating Generator or Participating Load has filed notice to terminate its Participating Generator Agreement, Net Scheduled PGA, Pseudo-Tie Participating Generator Agreement, or Participating Load Agreement or withdraw the Eligible Capacity from its Participating Generator Agreement, Net Scheduled PGA, Pseudo-Tie Participating Generator Agreement, or Participating Load Agreement, and the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource agrees to provide service under the CPM, then the Scheduling Coordinator shall enter into a new Participating Generator Agreement, Net Scheduled PGA, Pseudo-Tie Participating Generator Agreement, or Participating Load Agreement, as applicable, with the CAISO.

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43A.6.1 CPM Designation Market Notice

The CAISO shall issue a Market Notice within five (5) Business Days of a CPM designation under Sections 43A.2.1 through 43A.2.6. CPM designations as a result of Exceptional Dispatches shall be subject to the reporting requirement set forth in Section 34.11.4. The Market Notice shall include a preliminary description of what caused the CPM designation, the name of the resource(s) procured, the preliminary expected duration of the CPM designation, and the initial designation period. For Exceptional Dispatch CPM designations, the market notice shall additionally indicate whether the designation was made to address an Exceptional Dispatch CPM System Reliability Need or an Exceptional Dispatch CPM Non-System Reliability Need, specify the quantity of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM capacity that was procured and the Exceptional Dispatch CPM Term, and identify the engineering assessment the CAISO used to determine the quantity of capacity needed from the resource to address the reliability issue.

43A.6.2 Designation of a Resource Under the CPM

The CAISO shall post a designation report to the CAISO Website within the earlier of thirty (30) days of procuring a resource under Sections 43A.2.1 through 43A.2.6 or ten (10) days after the end of the month; provided that if the CAISO makes a CPM designation under Sections 43A.2.1.1, 43A.2.1.2, 43A.2.2.2, 43A.2.3, 43A.2.4 or 43A.2.7 that takes effect on the first day of the succeeding month, the CAISO will post the designation report by the earlier of 30 days after the CAISO selects the resource it will be designating or the tenth day of the month in which the designation takes effect. The designation report shall include the following information:

- (1) A description of the reason for the designation (LSE procurement shortfall, Local Capacity Area Resource effectiveness deficiency, or CPM Significant Event), and an explanation of why it was necessary for the CAISO to utilize the CPM authority);
- (2) The following information would be reported for all backstop designations:
 - (a) the resource name;
 - (b) the amount of CPM Capacity or Flexible Capacity CPM designated (MW),

- (c) the date CPM Capacity was designated,
- (d) the duration of the designation; and
- (e) the accepted offer price of the resource.

Attachment B - Marked Tariff

Tariff Amendment Filing

Limited Enhancements to the Capacity Procurement Mechanism

California Independent System Operator Corporation

January 17, 2025

Section 43A

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43A.2.4 CPM Significant Events

The CAISO may designate CPM Capacity to provide service on a prospective basis following a CPM Significant Event, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with Reliability Criteria and taking into account the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event.

43A.2.4.1 Quantity of Capacity included in a Significant Event CPM Designation and Change
in Status as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity

43A.2.4.1.1 Other Pre-existing and Effective Capacity Obligations

A resource's capacity may already be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity at the time a resource's CPM Significant Event designation becomes effective. If the amount of that pre-existing and effective obligation to serve as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity is reduced during the term of the resource's CPM Significant Event designation other than because of an Outage for which the resource secures RA Substitute Capacity, then the CAISO will increase the CPM designation by the amount, if any, necessary to ensure that the post-reduction Committed RA Capacity and/or RMR Capacity is not less than PMin. The CAISO does not increase the CPM designation quantity pursuant to this Section 43A.2.4.1.1 due to a pre-existing capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

43A.2.4.1.2 Other Pre-existing but not yet Effective Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's CPM Significant Event designation, a resource may have a pre-existing but not yet effective obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Upon that pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity becoming effective, the CAISO reduces the CPM Significant Event designation by the amount of pre-existing obligation from the effective date through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the CPM Significant Event designation term; or (b) expiration of the term of the pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

The CAISO does not reduce the CPM Significant Event designation quantity pursuant to this Section

43A.2.4.1.2 because of either a: (i) pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity
that already is in effect at the start of the CPM Significant Event designation term; or (ii) pre-existing but
not yet effective capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR
Capacity.

43A.2.4.1.3 New Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's CPM Significant Event designation, a resource may enter a new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity that becomes effective during the term of the CPM Significant Event designation. Upon that new capacity obligation becoming effective, the CAISO reduces the CPM Significant Event designation by the amount of new capacity obligation from the effective date through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the CPM Significant Event designation term; or (b) expiration of the term of the new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Provided, however, that during the term of a CPM Significant Event designation, a resource may not enter new obligations to be either Substitute RA Capacity or capacity outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area that become effective during the term of the CPM Significant Event designation if the existing obligations to be Committed RA Capacity and RMR Capacity plus the quantity of the new obligations would exceed the resource's Net Qualifying Capacity.

43A.2.5 Exceptional Dispatch CPM

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43A.2.5.2.4 Change in RA, RMR or CPM Status as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity 43A.2.5.2.4.1 Other Pre-existing and Effective Capacity Obligations

A resource's capacity may already be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity at the time a resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation becomes effective. If the amount of that pre-existing and effective obligation to serve as Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity is reduced during the term of the resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation other than because of an Outage for which the resource secures RA Substitute Capacity, then the CAISO will increase the CPM designation by the amount, if any, necessary to ensure that the post-reduction Committed RA Capacity and/or RMR

Capacity is not less than PMin. The CAISO does not increase the CPM designation quantity pursuant to this Section 43A.2.5.2.4.1 due to a pre-existing capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.

43A.2.5.2.4.2 Other Pre-existing but not yet Effective Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, a resource may have a preexisting but not yet effective obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Upon that preexisting obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity becoming effective, the CAISO
reduces the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation by the amount of pre-existing obligation from the
effective date through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation term;
or (b) expiration of the term of the pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity.
The CAISO does not reduce the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation quantity pursuant to this Section
43A.2.5.2.4.2 because of either a: (i) pre-existing obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR
Capacity that already is in effect at the start of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation term; or (ii) preexisting but not yet effective capacity obligation other than an obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or
RMR Capacity.

43A.2.5.2.4.3 New Capacity Obligations

During the term of a resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, a resource may enter a new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity that becomes effective during the term of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation. Upon that new capacity obligation becoming effective, the CAISO reduces the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation by the amount of new capacity obligation from the effective date of the new obligation through the earlier of the: (a) expiration of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation term; or (b) expiration of the term of the new obligation to be Committed RA Capacity or RMR Capacity. Provided, however, that during the term of an Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, a resource may not enter new obligations to be either Substitute RA Capacity or capacity outside the CAISO Balancing Authority Area that become effective during the term of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation if the existing obligations to be Committed RA Capacity and RMR Capacity plus the quantity of the new obligations would exceed the resource's Net Qualifying Capacity.

If a resource has an RA, RMR or CPM Capacity obligation that pre-existed the resource's Exceptional

Dispatch CPM designation and, during the term of the resource's Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation, the amount of the resource's RA, RMR or CPM Capacity is reduced, the CAISO will increase the CPM designation by the amount, if any, necessary to ensure that the sum of Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation quantity and any remaining RA Capacity is not less than PMin. If capacity that receives an Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation becomes RA Capacity or receives a monthly CPM designation or Significant Event designation or receives an RMR Contract as of a certain date, then the Exceptional Dispatch CPM designation shall be reduced by the amount of the new RA Capacity, CPM Significant Event designation, or RMR Contract from that date through the rest of the CPM designation term.

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43A.3.5 Term – CPM Significant Event

CPM Capacity designated under Section 43A.2.4 shall have a <u>defaulth</u> initial term of thirty (30) days. <u>The Scheduling Coordinator for capacity that did not submit an offer to the CSP but can meet the minimum designation criteria may request a single continuous term shorter than thirty (30) days pursuant to the procedures established in the Business Practice Manual. If the CAISO designates such capacity requesting a shorter designation term, then the term of designation will be for the number of days specified in the Scheduling Coordinator's request.</u>

If the CAISO determines that the CPM Significant Event is likely to extend beyond the thirty (30) day period, the CAISO may offer to extend the designation for another sixty (60) days to capacity that held an initial term of thirty (30) days. This offer of extension to the Scheduling Coordinator may be accepted or denied. If the Scheduling Coordinator declines an offer to extend the designation for an additional sixty (60) days, then the CAISO shall re-run the Intra-monthly CSP based on the existing offers. The Scheduling Coordinator for the resource declining an extension of the CPM designation shall be given the opportunity to provide an offer to that re-run Intra-monthly CSP, provided the offer is below the offer price at which its initial thirty (30) day designation was granted. If the Scheduling Coordinator accepts an offer to extend the designation for an additional sixty (60) days, then the CPM Capacity shall continue to be compensated on the same terms as it was during the initial thirty (30) day designation. During this

additional sixty (60) day period, the CAISO will provide Market Participants with an opportunity to provide alternative solutions to meet the CAISO's operational and reliability needs in response to the CPM Significant Event, rather than rely on the CAISO's designation of capacity under the CPM. The CAISO shall consider and implement, if acceptable to the CAISO in accordance with Good Utility Practice, such alternative solutions provided by Market Participants in a timely manner. If Market Participants do not submit any alternatives to the designation of CPM capacity that are fully effective in addressing the deficiencies in Reliability Criteria resulting from CPM Significant Event, the CAISO shall extend the term of the designation under Section 43A.2.4 for the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event. If the solutions offered by Market Participants are only partially effective in addressing the CAISO's operational and reliability needs resulting from the CPM Significant Event, the CAISO shall extend the designation under Section 43A.2.4 for the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event, but only as to the amount of CPM Capacity necessary to satisfy the CAISO's operational and reliability needs after taking into account the effective capacity provided by the alternative solution. If there is a reasonable alternative solution that fully resolves the CAISO's operational and reliability needs, the CAISO will not extend the designation under Section 43A.2.4.

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43A.5.2 Obligation to Provide Capacity and Termination

The decision to accept a designation as CPM Capacity shall be voluntary for the Scheduling Coordinator for any resource. If the Scheduling Coordinator for a resource accepts a CPM designation, it shall be obligated to perform for the full quantity and full period of the designation with respect to the amount of CPM Capacity for which it has accepted a CPM designation. If the Scheduling Coordinator for a resource accepts a Flexible Capacity CPM designation, the resource shall be obligated to perform for the full quantity and full period of the designation, subject to the must-offer obligation in Section 40.10.6 that applies to the Flexible Capacity Category of the resource that was designated. Except as permitted under Section 43A.2.4.1 or Section 43A.2.5.2.4, a resource that accepts a CPM designation may not enter into any other new capacity obligations, whether those obligations are within or outside the CAISO

Balancing Authority Area, that conflict with the resource's ability to meet its obligations to perform for the full quantity and full period of the designation. If a Participating Generator's or Participating Load's Eligible Capacity is designated under the CPM after the Participating Generator or Participating Load has filed notice to terminate its Participating Generator Agreement, Net Scheduled PGA, Pseudo-Tie Participating Generator Agreement, or Participating Load Agreement or withdraw the Eligible Capacity from its Participating Generator Agreement, Net Scheduled PGA, Pseudo-Tie Participating Generator Agreement, or Participating Load Agreement, and the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource agrees to provide service under the CPM, then the Scheduling Coordinator shall enter into a new Participating Generator Agreement, Net Scheduled PGA, Pseudo-Tie Participating Generator Agreement, or Participating Load Agreement, as applicable, with the CAISO.

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43A.6.1 CPM Designation Market Notice

The CAISO shall issue a Market Notice within two-five (25) Business Days of a CPM designation under Sections 43A.2.1 through 43A.2.6. CPM designations as a result of Exceptional Dispatches shall be subject to the reporting requirement set forth in Section 34.11.4. The Market Notice shall include a preliminary description of what caused the CPM designation, the name of the resource(s) procured, the preliminary expected duration of the CPM designation, and the initial designation period, and an indication that a designation report is being prepared in accordance with Section 43A.6.2. For Exceptional Dispatch CPM designations, the market notice shall additionally indicate whether the designation was made to address an Exceptional Dispatch CPM System Reliability Need or an Exceptional Dispatch CPM Non-System Reliability Need, specify the quantity of the Exceptional Dispatch CPM capacity that was procured and the Exceptional Dispatch CPM Term, and identify the engineering assessment the CAISO used to determine the quantity of capacity needed from the resource to address the reliability issue.

43A.6.2 Designation of a Resource Under the CPM

The CAISO shall post a designation report to the CAISO Website and provide a Market Notice of the

availability of the report within the earlier of thirty (30) days of procuring a resource under Sections 43A.2.1 through 43A.2.6 or ten (10) days after the end of the month; provided that if the CAISO makes a CPM designation under Sections 43A.2.1.1, 43A.2.1.2, 43A.2.2.2, 43A.2.3, 43A.2.4 or 43A.2.7 that takes effect on the first day of the succeeding month, the CAISO will post the designation report by the earlier of 30 days after the CAISO selects the resource it will be designating or the tenth day of the month in which the designation takes effect. The designation report shall include the following information:

- (1) A description of the reason for the designation (LSE procurement shortfall, Local Capacity Area Resource effectiveness deficiency, or CPM Significant Event), and an explanation of why it was necessary for the CAISO to utilize the CPM authority);
- (2) The following information would be reported for all backstop designations:
 - (a) the resource name;
 - (b) the amount of CPM Capacity or Flexible Capacity CPM designated (MW),
 - _(c) an explanation of why that amount of CPM Capacity or Flexible Capacity CPM was designated.
 - (dc) the date CPM Capacity was designated,
 - (de) the duration of the designation; and
 - (ef) the accepted offer price of the resource, or if the resource has a request pending with FERC to exceed the CPM Soft Offer Cap, then the CPM Soft Offer Cap along with a notation that the resource has a pending request with FERC to be compensated above the CPM Soft Offer Cap.
- (3) If the reason for the designation is a CPM Significant Event, the CAISO will also include:
 - (a) a discussion of the event or events that have occurred, why the CAISO has procured CPM Capacity, and how much has been procured;
 - (b) an assessment of the expected duration of the CPM Significant Event;
 - (c) the duration of the initial designation (thirty (30) days); and
 - (d) a statement as to whether the initial designation has been extended (such that the backstop procurement is now for more than thirty (30) days), and, if it has been extended, the length of the extension.

(4) If the reason for the designation is Exceptional Dispatch CPM Capacity, the CAISO will also include additional information about the CAISO's determination of the quantity and term of the designation, which supplements the information included in the market notice issued pursuant to Section 43A.6.1.