9.3.1.3.3.1 RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement

- (a) **Replacement Option.** The Scheduling Coordinator of a Resource Adequacy Resource designated as Resource Adequacy Capacity during the resource adequacy month may request that a planned Maintenance Outage be scheduled, or an Approved Maintenance Outage be rescheduled, as an RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement during that month.
- (b) Request. A request for an RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement must (i) be submitted to the CAISO Outage Coordination Office no more than forty-five days prior to the first day of the resource adequacy month for which the outage is requested and no less than eight days prior to the start of the outage, (ii) provide RA Replacement Capacity in an amount no less than the Resource Adequacy Capacity designated for the resource for the duration of the scheduled outage, and (iii) otherwise comply with the requirements set forth in Section 9.

(c) Approval.

- (1) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office will consider requests for an RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement in the order the requests are received.
- (2) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve the request for an RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement if it determines that (i) the request meets the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.1(b) and (ii) system conditions and the overall outage schedule provide an opportunity to take the resource out of service without a detrimental effect on the efficient use and reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid.
- (3) If the request was submitted no more than forty-five days prior to the first day of the resource adequacy month for which the outage is requested and no less than eight days prior to the start date for the outage, and it meets the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.1(c)(2) the CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve the request as an RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement,
- (4) If the request was submitted no more than seven days and no less than four days prior to the start date of the outage, and it otherwise meets the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.1(c)(2), the CAISO Outage Coordination Office

- may approve the request as a Forced Outage. A Forced Outage approved under this Section will not be subject to the standard capacity product provisions in Section 40.9.
- (54) If the CAISO Outage Coordination Office denies the request for failing to meet the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.1(c)(2), the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource may request a different schedule for the RA Maintenance Outage With Replacement or may request that the CAISO Outage Coordination Office accommodate the outage without RA Replacement Capacity at another time.
- (d) Resource Adequacy Obligation. The RA Replacement Capacity for an RA

 Maintenance Outage With Replacement approved under Section 9.3.1.3.3.1(c)(3) or a

 Forced Outage approved under Section 9.3.1.3.3.1(c)(4) shall be subject to all of the
 availability, dispatch, testing, reporting, verification and any other applicable requirements
 imposed on Resource Adequacy Resources by the CAISO Tariff, including the must-offer
 obligations in Section 40.6 and the standard capacity productRAAIM provisions in
 Section 40.9, for the MW amount and duration of the outage replacement period, which
 includes the full day of the start date and the full day of the end date of the outage.

9.3.1.3.3.2 RA Maintenance Outage Without Replacement

- (a) Option for No Replacement. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource Adequacy Resource designated as Resource Adequacy Capacity during the resource adequacy month may request that a Maintenance Outage be scheduled, or an Approved Maintenance Outage be rescheduled, as an RA Maintenance Outage Without Replacement, without a requirement to provide RA Replacement Capacity for the unavailable capacity for the duration of the outage.
- (b) Request. A request for an RA Maintenance Outage Without Replacement must (i) be submitted to the CAISO Outage Coordination Office no more than forty-five days prior to the first day of the resource adequacy month for which the outage is requested and no less than eight days prior to the start date of the outage, and (ii) otherwise comply with

the requirements of Section 9.

(c) Approval.

- (1) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office will consider requests received for an RA Maintenance Outage Without Replacement in the order the requests were received.
- (2) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve a request for an RA

 Maintenance Outage Without Replacement if it determines that (i) the request
 meets the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.2(b), (ii) system conditions and the
 overall outage schedule provide an opportunity to take the resource out of
 service without a detrimental effect on the efficient use and reliable operation of
 the CAISO Controlled Grid, and (iii) the outage will not result in insufficient
 available Resource Adequacy Capacity during the outage period. The analysis
 of system conditions and the overall outage schedule will include Approved
 Maintenance Outage requests that were received before and after the request for
 an RA Maintenance Outage Without Replacement.
- (3) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office will not approve a request for an RA Maintenance Outage Without Replacement earlier than seven days before the first day of the resource adequacy month, and may hold the request as pending until system conditions are sufficiently known for the CAISO to determine whether the outage meets the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.2(c)(2).
- (4) If the request is submitted no more than seven days and no less than four days prior to the start date of the outage, and it otherwise meets the requirements in Section 9.3.1.3.3.2(c)(2), the CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve the request as a Forced Outage. A Forced Outage approved under this Section will not be subject to the standard capacity product provisions in Section 40.9.
- (54) If the CAISO Outage Coordination Office denies a request for an RA

 Maintenance Outage Without Replacement for failing to meet the requirements in

 Section 9.3.1.3.3.2(c)(2), the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy

Resource may request an RA Maintenance Outage with Replacement or may request that the CAISO Outage Coordination Office accommodate the outage at another time.

9.3.1.3.3.3 Off-Peak Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage

- (a) Option for Off-Peak Outage. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource Adequacy Resource designated as Resource Adequacy Capacity during the resource adequacy month may submit a request for an Off-Peak Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage without a requirement to provide RA Replacement Capacity for the unavailable capacity for the duration of the outage.
- (b) Request. A request for an Off-Peak Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage must (i) be submitted to the CAISO Outage Coordination Office no more than forty-five days prior to the first day of the resource adequacy month for which the outage is requested and no less than eight days prior to the start date for the outage, (ii) schedule the outage to begin during off-peak hours (as specified in the Business Practice Manual) on a weekday, and to be completed prior to on-peak hours (as specified in the Business Practice Manual) the following weekday, or to begin during off-peak hours (as specified in the Business Practice Manual) on Friday, or on Saturday, Sunday, or a holiday, and to be completed prior to on-peak hours (as specified in the Business Practice Manual) on the next weekday and (iii) otherwise comply with the requirements set forth in Section 9.

(c) Approval.

- (1) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office will consider requests for an Off-Peak Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage in the order the requests were received.
- (2) If the request was submitted no more than forty-five days prior to the first day of the resource adequacy month for which the outage is requested and no less than eight days prior to the start date for the outage, the CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve the request as an Off-Peak Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage if it determines that (i) the request meets the requirements set forth in Section 9.3.1.3.3.3(b) and (ii) system conditions and the overall outage schedule

- provide an opportunity to take the resource out of service without a detrimental effect on the efficient use and reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid.
- (3) If the request was submitted no more than seven days and no less than four days prior to the start date of the outage, the CAISO Outage Goordination Office may approve the request as a Forced Outage if it determines that (i) the request otherwise meets the requirements set forth in Section 9.3.1.3.3.3(b) and (ii) system conditions and the overall outage schedule provide an opportunity to take the resource out of service without a detrimental effect on the efficient use and reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid. A Forced Outage approved under this Section will not be subject to the standard capacity product provisions in Section 40.9.
- (43) If the CAISO Outage Coordination Office denies a request for an Off-Peak
 Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage for failing to meet the requirements in
 Section 9.3.1.3.3.3(c)(2), the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy
 Resource may request an RA Maintenance Outage with Replacement or may
 request that the CAISO Outage Coordination Office accommodate the outage at
 another time.
- (54) To the extent that an approved Off-Peak Opportunity RA Maintenance Outage is not completed during off-peak hours as scheduled, and extends into on-peak hours, the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource shall submit the portion of the outage that extends into on-peak hours as a new Forced Outage, which shall be subject to the standard capacity productRAAIM provisions in Section 40.9.

9.3.1.3.3.4 Short-Notice Opportunity RA Outage

(a) Option for Short-Notice Outage. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource

Adequacy Resource designated as Resource Adequacy Capacity during the resource
adequacy month may submit a request for a Short-Notice Opportunity RA Outage without
a requirement to provide -RA Replacement Capacity or RA Substitute Capacity for the
Resource Adequacy Capacity that will be on the Forced Outage or de-rate.

(b) A Short-Notice Opportunity RA -Outage shall not exceed five days in length. The request for a Short-Notice Opportunity RA Outage must (i) be submitted no more than seven days prior to the requested start date for the outage, (ii) provide the CAISO Outage Coordination Office adequate time to analyze the request before the outage begins, (iii) be submitted before the outage has commenced as a Forced Outage, and (iv) otherwise comply with the requirements of Section 9.

(c) Approval.

- (1) The CAISO Outage Coordination Office will consider Short-Notice Opportunity RA Outages in the order the requests are received.
- (2) If the request was submitted no more than seven days and no less than four days prior to the start date of the outage, the CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve the request as a Short Notice Opportunity RA Outage if it determines that (i) the outage and the request meet the requirements set forth in Section 9.3.1.3.3.4(b), (ii) system conditions and the overall outage schedule provide an opportunity to take the resource out of service without a detrimental effect on the efficient use and reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid, and (iii) the outage will not result in insufficient available Resource Adequacy Capacity during the outage period. The approved outage will be a Forced Outage but itand will not be subject to the standard capacity productRAAIM provisions in Section 40.9.
- (3) If the request was submitted three days or less prior to the start date of the outage, the CAISO Outage Coordination Office may approve the request as a Forced Outage if it determines that (i) the outage and request meet the requirements set forth in Section 9.3.1.3.3.4(b), (ii) system conditions and the overall outage schedule provide an opportunity to take the resource out of service without a detrimental effect on the efficient use and reliable operation of the CAISO Controlled Grid, (iii) the outage will not result in insufficient available Resource Adequacy Capacity during the outage period, and (iv) the repairs are

- necessary to maintain system or resource reliability and require immediate attention to prevent equipment damage or failure. A Short-Notice Opportunity RA Outage approved under this Section will be a Forced Outage but it will not be subject to the standard capacity productRAAIM provisions in Section 40.9.
- (4) To the extent that an approved Short-Notice Opportunity RA Outage is not completed during the originally approved outage schedule, the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource must submit the portion of the outage that continues from the approved completion time until the time the outage is actually completed as a new Forced Outage, which will be subject to the standard capacity product RAAIM provisions in Section 40.9.

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40. Resource Adequacy Demonstration For All SCs In The CAISO BAA

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40.1.1 <u>Election Of Load Serving Entity Status[Not Used]</u>

On an annual basis, in the manner and schedule set forth in the Business Practice Manual, the Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity, not exempt under Section 40.1, shall inform the CAISO whether each such LSE elects to be either: (i) a Reserve Sharing LSE or (ii) a Modified Reserve Sharing LSE. A Scheduling Coordinator for a Load following MSS is not required to make an election under this Section. Scheduling Coordinators for Load following MSSs are subject solely to Sections 40.2.4, 40.3, and with respect to their Local Capacity Area Resources identified in accordance with Section 40.2.4, Section 40.9.

The CAISO may confirm with the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency, as applicable, the accuracy of the election by the Scheduling Coordinator for any LSE under its respective jurisdiction, or, in the absence of any election by the Scheduling Coordinator, the desired election for any LSE under its jurisdiction. The determination of the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency will be deemed binding by the CAISO on the Scheduling Coordinator and the LSE. If the Scheduling Coordinator and CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority,

or federal agency, as appropriate, fail to make the election on behalf of an LSE in accordance with the Business Practice Manual, the LSE shall be deemed a Reserve Sharing LSE.

40.2 Information Requirements For Resource Adequacy Programs

40.2.1 Reserve Sharing LSEs Load Serving Entities

40.2.1.1 Requirements for CPUC Load Serving Entities Electing Reserve Sharing LSE Status

- (a) The Scheduling Coordinator for a CPUC Load Serving Entity electing

 Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide the CAISO with all information
 or data to be provided to the CAISO as required by the CPUC and
 pursuant to the schedule adopted by the CPUC, except that the monthly
 Resource Adequacy Plans or the same information as required to be
 included in the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans, plus any other
 information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice
 Manual, shall be submitted to the CAISO no less than 45 days in
 advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, as provided in
 Section 40.2.1.1(e).
- (b) Where the information or data provided to the CAISO under Section 40.2.1.1(a) does not include Reserve Margin(s), then the provisions of Section 40.2.2.1(b) shall apply.
- (c) Where the information or data provided to the CAISO under Section 40.2.1.1(a) does not include criteria for determining qualifying resource types and their Qualifying Capacity, then the provisions of Section 40.8 shall apply.
- (d) Where the information or data provided to the CAISO under Section 40.2.1.1(a) does not include annual and monthly Demand Forecast requirements, then the provisions of Section 40.2.2.3 shall apply.
- (e) Where the information or data provided to the CAISO under Section 40.2.1.1(a) does not include annual and monthly Resource Adequacy Plan requirements, or where there is a requirement to submit monthly

Resource Adequacy Plans but the submission date is less than 45 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, then Section 40.2.2.4 shall apply.

(f) Notwithstanding Section 40.2.1.1(a) and (c), for the resource adequacy month of January 2013, the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans or the same information as required to be included in the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans, plus any other information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual, shall be submitted to the CAISO no later than November 20, 2012, which is 42 days in advance of the first day of the month.

40.2.2 Non-CPUC LSEs Electing Reserve Sharing LSE Status Load Serving

Entities

40.2.2.1 Reserve Margin

- (a) The Scheduling Coordinator for a Non-CPUC Load Serving Entity

 electing Reserve Sharing LSE status—must provide the CAISO with the

 Reserve Margin(s) adopted by the appropriate Local Regulatory

 Authority or federal agency for use in the annual Resource Adequacy

 Plan and monthly Resource Adequacy Plans listed as a percentage of
 the Demand Forecasts developed in accordance with Section 40.2.2.3.
- (b) For the Scheduling Coordinator for a Non-CPUC Load Serving Entity for which the appropriate Local Regulatory Authority or federal agency has not established a Reserve Margin(s) or a CPUC Load Serving Entity subject to Section 40.2.1.1(b) that has elected Reserve Sharing LSE status, the Reserve Margin for each month shall be no less than fifteen percent (15%) of the LSE's peak hourly Demand for the applicable month, as determined by the Demand Forecasts developed in accordance with Section 40.2.2.3.

40.2.2.2 Qualifying Capacity Criteria

The Scheduling Coordinator for a Non-CPUC Load Serving Entity electing Reserve Sharing LSE status—must provide the CAISO with a description of the criteria adopted by the Local Regulatory Authority or federal agency for determining qualifying resource types and the Qualifying Capacity from such resources and any modifications thereto as they are implemented from time to time.

The Reserve Sharing LSE may elect to utilize the criteria set forth in Section 40.8.

40.2.2.3 Demand Forecasts

If the California Energy Commission does not produce a coincident peak Demand Forecast for a Load Serving Entity. The the Scheduling Coordinator for a Non-CPUC Load Serving Entity or CPUCthat Load Serving Entity subject to Section 40.2.1.1(b) electing Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide annual and monthly Demand Forecaststhe information requested by the CAISO on the schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual. The annual and monthly Demand Forecasts shall utilize the annual and monthly coincident peak Demand determinations provided by the California Energy Commission for such Load Serving Entity, which will be calculated from the Demand Forecast information submitted to the California Energy Commission does not produce coincident peak Demand Forecasts for the Load Serving Entity, the annual and monthly coincident peak Demand Forecasts produced by the CAISO for such Load Serving Entity in accordance with its Business Practice Manual. Scheduling Coordinators must provide data and information, as may be requested by the CAISO, necessary to develop or support the Demand Forecasts required by this Section.

40.2.2.4 Annual and Monthly Resource Adequacy Plans

The Scheduling Coordinator for a Non-CPUC Load Serving Entity or a CPUC Load Serving Entity subject to Section 40.2.1.1(b) electing Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide annual and monthly Resource Adequacy Plans for such Load Serving Entity, as follows:

(a) Each annual Resource Adequacy Plan must be submitted to the CAISO on a schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual. The annual Resource Adequacy Plan must, at a minimum, set forth the Local Capacity Area Resources, if any, procured by the Load Serving Entity as

- described in Section 40.3.
- (b) Each monthly Resource Adequacy Plan or the same information as required to be included in the monthly Resource Adequacy Plan, plus any other information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual, must be submitted to the CAISO at least 45 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, and in accordance with the schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual. The monthly Resource Adequacy Plan must identify all resources, including Local Capacity Area Resources, the Load Serving Entity will rely upon to satisfy the applicable month's peak hour Demand of the Load Serving Entity as determined by the Demand Forecasts developed in accordance with Section 40.2.2.3 and applicable Reserve Margin. Resource Adequacy Plans must utilize the Net Qualifying Capacity requirements of Section 40.4.
- (c) The Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity may submit at any time from 45 days through 11 days in advance of the relevant month, a revision to its monthly Resource Adequacy Plan to correct an error in the plan. The CAISO will not accept any revisions to a monthly Resource Adequacy Plan from 10 days in advance of the relevant month through the end of the month, unless the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity demonstrates good cause for the change and explains why it was not possible to submit the change earlier.
- (d) In order to ensure that the CAISO's outage replacement determination remains accurate, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity that submits a revision to its monthly Resource Adequacy Plan to correct an error must include in the revision a MW amount of Resource Adequacy Capacity for each day of month that is no less than the MW amount of Resource Adequacy Capacity included in its original plan for each day of the month.
- (e) In order to ensure that the amount of Resource Adequacy Capacity required to be included in the Load Serving Entity's Resource Adequacy Plan is

operationally available to the CAISO throughout the resource adequacy month, the Load Serving Entity that submits the monthly Resource Adequacy Plan is subject to the replacement requirement in Section 9.3.1.3.1.

- (f) Notwithstanding Section 40.2.2.4(b), for the resource adequacy month of

 January 2013, the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans or the same information as
 required to be included in the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans, plus any other
 information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual,
 shall be submitted to the CAISO no later than November 20, 2012, which is 42
 days in advance of the first day of the month. Notwithstanding Section

 40.2.2.4(c), for the resource adequacy month of January 2013, the Scheduling
 Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity may submit at any time from 42 days
 through 11 days in advance of the relevant month, a revision to its monthly
 Resource Adequacy Plan to correct an error in the plan.
- (f) Notwithstanding Section 40.2.2.4(b), for each monthly Resource Adequacy Plan,
 the Load Serving Entity's local Resource Adequacy Capacity requirement in each
 TAC Area shall not exceed its system Resource Adequacy Capacity requirement
 in the same TAC Area, calculated as the forecasted peak demand and reserve
 margin for that month.

40.2.3 Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs[Not Used]

40.2.3.1 Reserve Margin

- (a) The Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity electing Modified
 Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide the CAISO with the Reserve
 Margin(s) adopted by the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal
 agency, as appropriate, for use in the annual Resource Adequacy Plan
 and monthly Resource Adequacy Plans listed as a percentage of the
 Demand Forecasts developed in accordance with Section 40.2.3.3.
- (b) For the Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity electing

 Modified Reserve Sharing LSE status for which the CPUC, Local

Regulatory Authority, or federal agency, as appropriate, has not established a Reserve Margin, the Reserve Margin shall be no less than fifteen percent (15%) of the applicable month's peak hour Demand of the Load Serving Entity, as determined by the Demand Forecasts developed in accordance with Section 40.2.3.3.

40.2.3.2 Qualifying Capacity

The Scheduling Coordinator for a Lead Serving Entity electing Modified Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide the CAISO with a description of the criteria for determining qualifying resource types and the Qualifying Capacity from such resources and any modifications thereto as they are implemented from time to time. The Modified Reserve Sharing LSE may elect to utilize the criteria set forth in Section 40.8.

40.2.3.3 Demand Forecasts

(a) The Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity electing Modified Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide annual and monthly Demand Forecasts on the schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual. The annual and monthly Demand Forecasts shall utilize the annual and monthly coincident peak Demand determinations provided by the California Energy Commission for such Load Serving Entity, which will be calculated from Demand Forecast data submitted to the California Energy Commission by each Modified Reserve Sharing LSE; or (ii) if the California Energy Commission does not produce coincident peak Demand Forecasts for the Load Serving Entity, the annual and monthly coincident peak Demand Forecasts produced by the CAISO for such Load Serving Entity in accordance with its Business Practice Manual. Scheduling Coordinators must provide data and information, as may be requested by the CAISO, to develop or support the Demand Forecast required by this Section 40.2.3.3(b).

(b) The Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity electing Modified Reserve Sharing LSE status must submit, on the schedule and in the reporting format set forth in the Business Practice Manual, hourly Demand Forecasts for each Trading Hour of the next Trading Day for each Modified Reserve Sharing LSE represented. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity electing Modified Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide data or supporting information, as requested by the CAISO, for the Demand Forecasts required by this Section 40.2.3.3(b) for each Modified Reserve Sharing LSE served by the Scheduling Coordinator and a description of the criteria upon which the Demand Forecast was developed, and any modifications thereto as they are implemented from time to time.

40.2.3.4 Annual and Monthly Resource Adequacy Plans

The Scheduling Coordinator for a Load Serving Entity electing Modified Reserve Sharing LSE status must provide annual and monthly Resource Adequacy Plans, for each Modified Reserve Sharing LSE served by the Scheduling Coordinator, as follows:

- (a) Each annual Resource Adequacy Plan must be submitted to the CAISO on a schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual.

 The annual Resource Adequacy Plan must, at a minimum, set forth the Local Capacity Area Resources, if any, procured by the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE as described in Section 40.3.
- (b) Each monthly Resource Adequacy Plan or the same information as required to be included in the monthly Resource Adequacy Plan, plus any other information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual, must be submitted to the CAISO at least 45 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, and in accordance with the schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual. The monthly Resource Adequacy Plan must identify the resources the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE

- will rely upon to satisfy its forecasted monthly Demand and Reserve Margin as set forth in Section 40.2.3.1, for the relevant reporting period and must utilize the Net Qualifying Capacity requirements of Section 40.4.
- (e) The Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity may submit, at any time from 45 days through 11 days in advance of the relevant month, a revision to its monthly Resource Adequacy Plan to correct an error in the plan. The CAISO will not accept any revisions to a monthly Resource Adequacy Plan from 10 days in advance of the relevant month through the end of the month, unless the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity demonstrates good cause for the change and explains why it was not possible to submit the change earlier.
- (d) In order to ensure that the CAISO's outage replacement determination remains accurate, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity that submits a revision to its monthly Resource Adequacy Plan to correct an error must include in the revision a MW amount of Resource Adequacy Capacity for each day of month that is no less than the MW amount of Resource Adequacy Capacity included in its original plan for each day of the month.
- (e) In order to ensure that the Resource Adequacy Capacity required to be included in the Load Serving Entity's monthly Resource Adequacy Plan is operationally available to the CAISO throughout the resource adequacy month, the Load Serving Entity that submits the monthly Resource Adequacy Plan is subject to the replacement requirement in Section 9.3.1.3.1.
- (f) Notwithstanding Section 40.2.3.4(b), for the resource adequacy month of January 2013, the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans or the same information as required to be included in the monthly Resource Adequacy Plans, plus any other information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual, shall be submitted to the CAISO no later than November 20, 2012, which is 42 days in advance of the first day of the month. Notwithstanding Section 40.2.3.4(c), for the resource adequacy month of January 2013, the Scheduling

Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity may submit at any time from 42 days through 11 days in advance of the relevant month, a revision to its monthly Resource Adequacy Plan to correct an error in the plan.

40.2.4 Load-Following MSS

- Annual RA Plan. A Scheduling Coordinator for a Load_following MSS must provide an annual Resource Adequacy Plan that sets forth, at a minimum, the Local Capacity Area Resources, if any, procured by the Load_following MSS as described in Section 40.3. The annual Resource Adequacy Plan shall utilize the annual coincident peak Demand determination provided by the California Energy Commission for such Load_following MSS using Demand Forecast data submitted to the California Energy Commission by the Load_following MSS, or, if the California Energy Commission does not produce coincident peak Demand Forecasts for the Load_following MSS, the annual coincident peak Demand Forecast produced by the CAISO for such Load_following MSS in accordance with its Business Practice Manual using Demand Forecast data submitted to the CAISO by the Load_following MSS. The Local Capacity Area Resources identified by the annual Resource Adequacy Plan submitted by the Load following MSS shall be subject to the Availability Standards, Non-Availability Charge, and Availability Incentive Payment specified in Section 40.9.
- (2) Monthly RA Plan and Supply Plan. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Load-following

 MSS must submit a monthly Resource Adequacy Plan and Supply Plan on the schedule
 set forth in the Business Practice Manual.

* * *

40.4.7 Submission Of Supply Plans

40.4.7.1 Schedule for Submission of Supply Plans

Scheduling Coordinators representing Resource Adequacy Resources supplying Resource Adequacy Capacity shall provide the CAISO with annual and monthly Supply Plans, as follows:

(a) The annual Supply Plan shall be submitted to the CAISO on the schedule set forth in the Business Practice Manual and shall verify their agreement to provide

- Resource Adequacy Capacity during the next Resource Adequacy Compliance Year.
- (b) The monthly Supply Plans or the same information as required to be included in the monthly Supply Plan, plus any other information the CAISO requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual, shall be submitted to the CAISO at least 45 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, and in accordance with the schedule and in the reporting format(s) set forth in the Business Practice Manual, and shall verify their agreement to provide Resource Adequacy Capacity during that resource adequacy month.
- (c) The Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource may submit, at any time from 45 days through 11 days in advance of the relevant month, a revision to its monthly Supply Plan to correct an error in the plan. The CAISO will not accept any revisions to a monthly Supply Plan from 10 days in advance of the relevant month through the end of the month, unless the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource demonstrates good cause for the change and explains why it was not possible to submit the change earlier.
- (d) The monthly Supply Plan may indicate the willingness of the resource to offer capacity for procurement as backstop capacity under the Capacity Procurement Mechanism pursuant to Section 43, and provide the identity of the resource, the available capacity amount, the time periods when the capacity is available, and other information as may be specified in the Business Practice Manual.
- (e) Notwithstanding Section 40.4.7.1(b), for the resource adequacy month of

 January 2013, the monthly Supply Plans or the same information as required to

 be included in the monthly Supply Plans, plus any other information the CAISO

 requires as identified in the Business Practice Manual, shall be submitted to the

 CAISO no later than November 20, 2012, which is 42 days in advance of the first

 day of the month. Notwithstanding Section 40.2.2.4(c), for the resource

 adequacy month of January 2013, the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource

adequacy resource may submit at any time from 42 days through 11 days in advance of the relevant menth, a revision to its menthly Supply Plan to correct an error in the plan.

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40.5 Requirements Applying To Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs Only[Not Used] 40.5.1 Day Ahead Scheduling And Bidding Requirements

- (1) Scheduling Coordinators on behalf of Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs serving Load within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area for whom they submit Demand Bids shall submit into the IFM Bids or Self-Schedules for Demand equal to one hundred (100) percent and for Supply equal to one hundred and fifteen (115) percent of the hourly Demand Forecasts for each Modified Reserve Sharing LSE it represents for each Trading Hour for the next Trading Day. Subject to Section 40.5.5, the resources included in a Self-Schedule or a Bid in each Trading Hour to satisfy one hundred and fifteen (115) percent of the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE's hourly Demand Forecasts will be deemed Resource Adequacy Resources and (a) shall be comprised of those resources listed in the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE's monthly Resource Adequacy Plan and (b) shall include all Local Capacity Area Resources listed in the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE's annual Resource Adequacy Plan, if any, except to the extent the Local Capacity Area Resources, if any, are unavailable due to any Outages or reductions in capacity reported to the CAISO in accordance with this CAISO Tariff.
 - (i) Local Capacity Area Resources physically capable of
 operating must submit: (a) Economic Bids for Energy and/or
 Self- Schedules for all their Resource Adequacy Capacity and
 (b) Economic Bids for Ancillary Services and/or a Submission
 to Self-Provide Ancillary Services for all of their Resource

Adequacy Capacity that is certified to provide Ancillary Services. For Local Resource Adequacy Capacity that is certified to provide Ancillary Services and is not covered by a Submission to Self-Provide Ancillary Services, the resource must submit Economic Bids for each Ancillary Service for which the resource is certified. For Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to this requirement for which no Economic Energy Bid or Self-Schedule has been submitted, the CAISO shall insert a Generated Bid in accordance with Section 40.6.8. For Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to this requirement for which no Economic Bids for Ancillary Services or Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services have been submitted, the CAISO shall insert a Generated Bid in accordance with Section 40.6.8 for each Ancillary Service the resource is certified to provide. However, to the extent the Generating Unit providing Local Capacity Area Resource capacity constitutes a Use-Limited Resource under Section 40.6.4, the provisions of Section 40.6.4 will apply.

- (ii) Resource Adequacy Resource must participate in the RUC to
 the extent that the resource has available Resource Adequacy
 Capacity that was offered into the IFM and is not reflected in
 an IFM Schedule. Resource Adequacy Capacity participating
 in RUC will be optimized using zero dollar (\$0/MW hour) RUC
 Availability Bid.
- (iii) Capacity from Resource Adequacy Resources selected in RUC
 will not be eligible to receive a RUC Availability Payment.
- (iv) Through the IFM co-optimization process, the CAISO will utilize available Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy Capacity to

provide Energy or Ancillary Services in the most efficient manner to clear the Energy market, manage congestion and procure required Ancillary Services. In so doing the IFM will honor submitted Energy Self-Schedules of the Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy Capacity of the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE unless the CAISO is unable to satisfy one hundred (100) percent of the Ancillary Services requirements. In such cases the CAISO may curtail all or a portion of a submitted Energy Self-Schedule to allow Ancillary Service-certified Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy Capacity to be used to meet the Ancillary Service requirements. The CAISO will not curtail for the purpose of meeting Ancillary Service requirements a Self-Schedule of a resource internal to a Metered Subsystem that was submitted by the Scheduling Coordinator for that Metered Subsystem. If the IFM reduces the Energy Self-Schedule of Resource Adequacy Capacity to provide an Ancillary Service, the Ancillary Service Marginal Price for that Ancillary Service will be calculated in accordance with Section 27.1.2 using the Ancillary Service Bids submitted by the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource or inserted by the CAISO pursuant to this Section 40.5.1, and using the resource's Generated Energy Bid to determine the Resource Adequacy Resource's opportunity cost of Energy. If the Scheduling Coordinator for the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE's Resource Adequacy Resource believes that the opportunity cost of Energy based on the Resource Adequacy Resource's Generated Energy Bid is insufficient to compensate for the resource's actual opportunity cost, the Scheduling

Coordinator may submit evidence justifying the increased amount to the CAISO and to the FERC no later than seven (7) days after the end of the month in which the submitted Energy Self Schedule was reduced by the CAISO to provide an Ancillary Service. The CAISO will treat such information as confidential and will apply the procedures in Section 20.4 of this CAISO Tariff with regard to requests for disclosure of such information. The CAISO shall pay the higher opportunity costs after those amounts have been approved by FERC.

- (2) Resource Adequacy Resources of Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs that

 do not clear in the IFM or are not committed in RUC shall have no
 further offer requirements in the RTM, except under System

 Emergencies as provided in this CAISO Tariff.
- (3) Resource Adequacy Resources committed by the CAISO must maintain that commitment through Real Time. In the event of a Forced Outage on a Resource Adequacy Resource committed in the Day Ahead Market to provide Energy, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE will have up to the next RTM bidding opportunity, plus one hour, to replace the lesser of: (i) the committed resource suffering the Forced Outage, (ii) the quantity of Energy committed in the Day-Ahead Market, or (iii) one hundred and seven (107) percent of the hourly forecast Demand.

40.5.2 Demand Forecast Accuracy

On a monthly basis, the CAISO will review Meter Data to evaluate the accuracy or quality of the hourly Day Ahead Demand Forecasts submitted by the Scheduling Coordinator on behalf of Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs. If the CAISO determines, based on its review, that one or more Demand Forecasts materially under-forecasts the Demand of the Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs for whom the Scheduling Coordinator schedules, after accounting for weather adjustments, the

CAISO will notify the Scheduling Coordinator of the deficiency and will cooperate with the Scheduling Coordinator and Modified Reserve Sharing LSE(s) to revise its Demand Forecast protocols or criteria. If the material deficiency affects ten (10) hourly Demand Forecasts over a minimum of two (2) non-consecutive Business Days within a month, the CAISO may: (i) inform State of California authorities including, but not necessarily limited to, the California Legislature, and identify the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE(s) represented by the Scheduling Coordinator and (ii) assign to the Scheduling Coordinator responsibility for all tier 1 RUC charges as specified in Section 11.8.6.5 to address the uncertainty caused by the Scheduling Coordinator's deficient hourly Demand Forecasts until the deficiency is addressed.

Scheduling Coordinators for Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs that are MSS Operators shall make resources available to the CAISO during a System Emergency in accordance with the provisions of their Metered Subsystem Agreement. Scheduling Coordinators for all other Modified Reserve Sharing LSEs shall make available to the CAISO upon a warning or emergency notice of an actual or imminent System Emergency all resources that have not submitted a Self-Schedule or Economic Bid in the IFM that were listed in the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE's monthly Resource Adequacy Plan that are physically capable of operating without violation of any applicable law.

40.5.4 Consequence Of Failure To Meet Scheduling Obligation

(1) If the Scheduling Coordinator for the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE fails
to submit a Self-Schedule or submit Bids equal to 115% of its hourly
Demand Forecasts for each Trading Hour for the next Trading Day in
the IFM and RUC, the Scheduling Coordinator will be charged a
capacity surcharge of three times the price of the relevant Day Ahead
Hourly LAP LMP in the amount of the shortfall. To the extent the
Scheduling Coordinator for the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE
schedules imports on one or more Scheduling Points in an aggregate
megawatt amount greater than its aggregate import deliverability

- allocation under Section 40.4.6.2, the quantity of megawatts in excess of its import deliverability allocation will not count toward satisfying the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE's scheduling obligation, unless it clears the Day Ahead Market.
- (2) If the Scheduling Coordinator for the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE cannot fulfill its obligations under Section 40.5.1(3), the Scheduling Coordinator for the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE will be charged a capacity surcharge of two times the average of the six (6) Settlement Interval LAP prices for the hour in the amount of the shortfall. Energy scheduled in the RTM will not net against, or be used as a credit to correct, any failure to fulfill the Day-Ahead IFM hourly scheduling and RUC obligation in Section 40.5.1(1).
- (3) Any Energy surcharge received by the CAISO pursuant to this Section
 40.5.4 shall be allocated to Scheduling Coordinators representing other
 Load Serving Entities in proportion to each such Scheduling
 Coordinator's Measured Demand during the relevant Trading Hour(s) to
 the aggregate CAISO Measured Demand during the relevant Trading
 Hour(s).

40.5.5 Substitution Of Resources

Subject to the provisions of this Section 40.5, the Scheduling Coordinator for a Modified Reserve Sharing LSE may substitute for its Resource Adequacy Resources listed in its monthly Resource Adequacy Plan provided:

- (1) Substitutions must occur no later than the close of the IFM; and
- (2) Resources eligible for substitution are either imports or capacity from
 non Resource Adequacy Resources or Resource Adequacy Resources
 with additional available capacity defined as Net Qualifying Capacity in
 excess of previously sold Resource Adequacy Capacity; however a
 Local Capacity Area Resource may be substituted only with capacity

from non-Resource Adequacy Resources located in the same Local Capacity Area.

40.6 Requirements For SCs And Resources For Reserve Sharing-LSEs

This Section 40.6 does not apply to Resource Adequacy Resources of Load following MSSs-and those entities that participate in the Modified Reserve Sharing LSE program under Section 40.5.

Scheduling Coordinators supplying Resource Adequacy Capacity shall make the Resource Adequacy Capacity listed in the Scheduling Coordinator's monthly Supply Plans under Section 40.4.7 available to the CAISO each hour of each day of the reporting month in accordance with this Section 40.6 and Section 9.3.1.3.

40.6.1 Day-Ahead Availability

Scheduling Coordinators supplying Resource Adequacy Capacity shall make the Resource Adequacy Capacity, except for that subject to Section 40.6.4, available Day-Ahead to the CAISO, except as provided in Section 40.6.1(2) for extremely long-start units.—Section 40.6.1.1 for specific resource types, and Section 40.6.4 for Use-Limited Resources, as follows:

(1) Resource Adequacy Resources physically capable of operating must submit: (a) Economic Bids for Energy and/or Self-Schedules for all their Resource Adequacy Capacity and (b) Economic Bids for Ancillary Services and/or a Submission to Self-Provide Ancillary Services in the IFM for all of their Resource Adequacy Capacity that is certified to provide Ancillary Services. For Resource Adequacy Capacity that is certified to provide Ancillary Services and is not covered by a Submission to Self-Provide Ancillary Services, the resource must submit Economic Bids for each Ancillary Service for which the resource is certified. For Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to this requirement for which no Economic Energy Bid or Self-Schedule has been submitted, the CAISO shall insert a Generated Bid in accordance with Section 40.6.8. For Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to this requirement for which no Economic Bids for Ancillary Services or Submissions to Self-

Provide Ancillary Services have been submitted, the CAISO shall insert a Generated Bid in accordance with Section 40.6.8 for each Ancillary Service the resource is certified to provide.

- Resource Adequacy Resources that are Extremely Long Start

 Resources must make themselves available to the CAISO by complying
 with the Extremely Long-Start Commitment Process under Section 31.7
 or otherwise committing the ELS Resource upon instruction from the
 CAISO, if physically capable. Once the ELS Resource is committed by
 the CAISO, it is subject to the previsions of this Section 40.6.1 regarding
 Day-Ahead Availability and Section 40.6.2 regarding Real-Time
 Availability for the Trading Days for which it was committed.
- (32) Resource Adequacy Resources must be available except for limitations specified in the Master File, legal or regulatory prohibitions or as otherwise required by this CAISO Tariff or by Good Utility Practice.
- Through the IFM co-optimization process, the CAISO will utilize available Resource Adequacy Capacity to provide Energy or Ancillary Services in the most efficient manner to clear the Energy market, manage congestion and procure required Ancillary Services. In so doing, the IFM will honor submitted Energy Self-Schedules of Resource Adequacy Capacity unless the CAISO is unable to satisfy one hundred percent (100%) of the Ancillary Services requirements. In such cases, the CAISO may curtail all or a portion of a submitted Energy Self-Schedule to allow Ancillary Service-certified Resource Adequacy Capacity to be used to meet the Ancillary Service requirements. The CAISO will not curtail for the purpose of meeting Ancillary Service requirements a Self-Schedule of a resource internal to a Metered Subsystem that was submitted by the Scheduling Coordinator for that Metered Subsystem. If

Capacity to provide an Ancillary Service, the Ancillary Service Marginal Price for that Ancillary Service will be calculated in accordance with Section 27.1.2 using the Ancillary Service Bids submitted by the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource or inserted by the CAISO pursuant to this Section 40.6.1, and using the resource's Generated Energy Bid to determine the Resource Adequacy Resource's opportunity cost of Energy. If the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource believes that the opportunity cost of Energy based on the Resource Adequacy Resource's Generated Energy Bid is insufficient to compensate for the resource's actual opportunity cost, the Scheduling Coordinator may submit evidence justifying the increased amount to the CAISO and to the FERC no later than seven (7) days after the end of the month in which the submitted Energy Self-Schedule was reduced by the CAISO to provide an Ancillary Service. The CAISO will treat such information as confidential and will apply the procedures in Section 20.4 of this CAISO Tariff with regard to requests for disclosure of such information. The CAISO shall pay any higher opportunity costs approved by FERC.

- A Resource Adequacy Resources must participate in the RUC to the extent that the resource has available Resource Adequacy Capacity that is not reflected in an IFM Schedule. Resource Adequacy Capacity participating in RUC will be optimized using a zero dollar (\$0/MW-hour) RUC Availability Bid.
- (65) Capacity from Resource Adequacy Resources selected in RUC will not be eligible to receive a RUC Availability Payment.

40.6.1.1 Day-Ahead Availability -- Specific RA Resource Types

(a) Distributed Generation Facilities

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İ	(1)	Dietributed General	ation Facilities that are not Use-Limited Resources under	Forms etted a ladout 1 - 6 - 0.51
	(1)		<u> </u>	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
		Section 40.6.4.1 s	hall comply with the IFM and RUC bidding requirements that	
		apply to the same	technology type of a resource connected to the CAISO	
		Controlled Grid.		
	<u>(2)</u>	Distributed Genera	ation Facilities that are Use-Limited Resources under Section	Formatted: Not Highlight
		40.6.4.1 shall com	ply with the applicable IFM and RUC bidding requirements for	
			urces under Section 40.6.4.3.	
<u>(b)</u>	Non-C	enerator Resource	<u>s</u>	Formatted: Font: Bold
	<u>(1)</u>	Non-Generator Resources that do not use Regulation Energy Management and		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0"
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		are not Use-Limite	d Resources under Section 40.4.6.1 shall submit –	
		(A) Economic	Bids or Self-Schedules into the IFM for all RA Capacity for all	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1"
		hours of th	ne month the resource is physically available capable of	
		operating;	and and	
		(B) \$0/MW RI	JC Availability Bids for all RA Capacity for all hours of the	
		month the	resource is physically available capable of operating.	
	<u>(2)</u>	Non-Generator Re	sources using Regulation Energy Management that are not	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
		Use-Limited Reso	urces under Section 40.4.6.1 shall submit –	
		(A) Economic	Bids or Self-Schedules into the IFM for all RA Capacity for	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1"
		Regulation	n for all hours of the month the resource is physically	
		available c	apable of operating; and	
		(B) \$0/MW RI	JC Availability Bids for all RA Capacity for all hours of the	
			resource is physically available capable of operating.	Formatted: Font: Bold
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	<u>(3)</u>	Non-Generator Re	sources that are Use-Limited Resources under Section +	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
		40.6.4.1 shall com	ply with the applicable IFM and RUC bidding requirements for	
		Use-Limited Resor	urces under Section 40.6.4.3.	
<u>(c)</u>	Extre	ely Long-Start Re	sources. Extremely Long-Start Resources that are Resource	Formatted: No underline, Font color: Black
	Adequacy Resources must make themselves available to the CAISO by complying with - Formatted: No underline, Font color: Bla			
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- the Extremely Long-Start Commitment Process under Section 31.7 or otherwise committing the ELS Resource upon instruction from the CAISO, if physically capable; and
- the applicable provisions of Section 40.6.1 regarding Day-Ahead Aavailability for the Trading Days for which it was committed.

40.6.2 Real-Time Availability

- (a) General Requirement. Resource Adequacy Resources that have received an IFM

 Schedule for Energy or Ancillary Services or a RUC Schedule for all or part of their

 Resource Adequacy Capacity must remain available to the CAISO through Real-Time for

 Trading Hours for which they receive an IFM or RUC Schedule, including any Resource

 Adequacy Capacity of such resources that is not included in an IFM Schedule or RUC

 Schedule, except for Resource Adequacy Capacity that is subject to Section 40.6.4.
- Short Start Units or Long Start Units. Short Start Units or Long Start Units that are Resource Adequacy Resources that do not have an IFM Schedule or a RUC Schedule for any of their Resource Adequacy Capacity for a given Trading Hour may be required to be available to the CAISO through Real-Time as specified in Sections 40.6.3 and 40.6.7. Resource Adequacy Resources with Resource Adequacy Capacity that is required to be available to the CAISO through Real-Time and does not have an IFM Schedule or a RUC Schedule for a given Trading Hour must submit to the RTM for that Trading hour: (a) Energy Bids and Self-Schedules for the full amount of the available Resource Adequacy Capacity, including capacity for which it has submitted Ancillary Services Bids or Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services; and (b) Ancillary Services Bids and Submissions to Self-Provide Ancillary Services for the full amount of the available Ancillary Service-certified Resource Adequacy Capacity and for each Ancillary Service for which the resource is certified, including capacity for which it has submitted Energy Bids and Self-Schedules. The CAISO will insert Generated Bids in accordance with Section 40.6.8 for any Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to the above requirements for which the resource has failed to submit the appropriate bids to the RTM.

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Adequacy Capacity unless the CAISO is unable to satisfy one hundred (100) percent of its Ancillary Services requirements. In such cases, the CAISO may curtail all or a portion of a submitted Energy Self-Schedule to allow Ancillary Service-certified Resource Adequacy Capacity to be used to meet the Ancillary Service requirements, as long as such curtailment does not lead to a real-time shortfall in energy supply. If the CAISO reduces a submitted Real-Time Energy Self-Schedule for Resource Adequacy Capacity when that capacity is needed to meet an Ancillary Services requirement, the Ancillary Service Marginal Price for that capacity will be calculated in accordance with Sections 27.1.2 and 40.6.1.

(d) Distributed Generation Facilities

- (1) Distributed Generation Facilities that are not Use-Limited Resources under

 Section 40.6.4.1 shall comply with the RTM bidding requirements that apply to
 the same technology type of resource connected to the CAISO Controlled Grid.
- (2) Distributed Generation Facilities that are Use-Limited Resources under Section

 40.6.4.1 shall comply with the applicable FM and RUGRTM bidding
 requirements for Use-Limited Resources under Section 40.6.4.3.

(e) Non-Generator Resources

- (1) Non-Generator Resources that do not use Regulation Energy Management and are not Use-Limited Resources under Section 40.4.6.1 shall submit –
 - (A) Economic Bids or Self-Schedules into the RTM for any remaining RA

 Capacity scheduled in the IFM or RUC; and
 - (B) Economic Bids or Self-Schedules into the RTM for all RA Capacity not scheduled in the IFM.
- (2) Non-Generator Resources using Regulation Energy Management that are not

 <u>Use-Limited Resources under Section 40.4.6.1 shall submit –</u>
 - (A) Economic Bids or Self-Schedules into the RTM for any remaining RA

 Capacity from resource scheduled in IFM or RUC; and

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- (B) Economic Bids or Self-Schedules into the RTM for all RA Capacity not scheduled in IFM.
- (3) Non-Generator Resources that are Use-Limited Resources under Section

 40.6.4.1 shall comply with the applicable RTM bidding requirements for UseLimited Resources under Section 40.6.4.3.
- (f) Extremely Long-Start Resources. Once an Extremely Long Start Resource providing

 Resource Adequacy Capacity is committed by the CAISO, it shall comply with the

 applicable provisions of Section 40.6.2 regarding Real-Time Aavailability for the Trading

 Days for which it was committed.

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40.6.4.3.2 Hydro, RDRR, and Non-Dispatchable Use-Limited Resources

(a) Must-Offer Obligation.

- Limited Resources, but not Reliability Demand Response Resources, shall submit Self-Schedules or Bids in the Day-Ahead Market for their expected available Energy or their expected as-available Energy, as applicable, in the Day-Ahead Market and RTM. Such resources shall also revise their Self-Schedules or submit additional Bids in RTM based on the most current information available regarding Expected Energy deliveries.
- Hydroelectric Generating Units, Pumping Load, Reliability Demand Response
 Resources, and Non-Dispatchable Use-Limited Resources, and Resource
 Adequacy Resources providing Regulatory Must-Take Capacity are not required
 to submit RUC Availability Bids for that capacity, but any such bids they do
 submit must be \$0/MW RUC Availability Bids, will not be subject to commitment
 in the RUC process.
- (3) Participating Load that is Pumping Load shall submit Economic Bids and/or a Submission to Self-Provide Ancillary Services in the Day-Ahead Market for its Resource Adequacy Capacity that is certified to provide Non-Spinning Reserve

Ancillary Service, and Economic Bids for Energy in the Real-Time Market for its Non-Spinning Reserve capacity that receives an Ancillary Service Award in the Day-Ahead Market.

Comment [m1]: Add "for Energy" to make it clear

(b) Determination of Non-Dispatchable Status. The CAISO will retain discretion as to whether a particular resource should be considered a Non-Dispatchable Use-Limited Resource, and this decision will be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 40.6.4.1.

40.6.4.3.3 Availability of Use-Limited Resources During System Emergencies

All Use-Limited Resources remain subject to Section 7.7.2.3 regarding System Emergencies to the extent the Use-Limited Resource is owned or controlled by a Participating Generator.

40.6.4.3.4 Availability of Intermittent Resources

Any Eligible Intermittent Resource that provides Resource Adequacy Capacity may, but is not required to, submit Bids in the Day-Ahead Market.

40.6.4.3.5 Proxy Demand Resources

- (a) Short Start and Medium Start Proxy Demand Resources that provide Resource

 Adequacy Capacity shall submit \$0/MW RUC Availability Bids for all of their Resource

 Adequacy Capacity for all hours of the month the resource is physically available;

 however, any RUC schedule for these resources will not be binding.
- b) Long Start Proxy Demand Resources are not required to submit Bids or Self Schedules
 in the RUC for their RA Capacity.

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40.6.8 Use Of Generated Bids

- (a) Day-Ahead Market. Prior to completion of the Day-Ahead Market, the CAISO will determine if Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to the requirements of Sections 40.5.1 or 40.6.1 and 40.6.2, and for which the CAISO has not received notification of an Outage has not been reflected in a Bid and will insert a Generated Bid for such capacity into the CAISO Day-Ahead Market.
- (b) Real-Time Market. Prior to running the Real-Time Market, the CAISO will determine if

- Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to the requirements of Section 40.6.2 and for which the CAISO has not received notification of an Outage has not been reflected in a Bid and will insert a Generated Bid for such capacity into the Real-Time Market.
- (c) Partial Bids for RA Capacity. If a Scheduling Coordinator for an RA Resource submits a partial bid for the resource's RA Capacity, the CAISO will insert a Generated Bid only for the remaining RA Capacity. In addition, the CAISO will determine if all dispatchable Resource Adequacy Capacity from Short Start Units, not otherwise selected in the IFM or RUC, is reflected in a Bid into the Real-Time Market and will insert a Generated Bid for any remaining dispatchable Resource Adequacy Capacity for which the CAISO has not received notification of an Outage.
- (d) Calculation of Generated Bids. As provided in the Business Practice Manuals, a

 Generated Bid for Energy will be calculated and will include: (i) a greenhouse gas cost adder for a resource registered with the California Air Resources Board as having a greenhouse gas compliance obligation; and (ii) a volumetric Grid Management Charge adder that consists of: (i) the Market Services Charge; (ii) the System Operations

 Charge; and (iii) the Bid Segment Fee divided by the MW in the Bid segment. A

 Generated Bid for Ancillary Services will equal zero dollars (\$0/MW-hour).
- (e) Exemptions. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of Section 40.6.8, set forth above, the CAISO will not insert any Bid in the Day-Ahead Market or Real-Time Market required under this Section 40 for a-Resource Adequacy Resource that is Capacity of a Use-Limited Resource, Non-Generator Resource, Variable Energy Resource, Or resource Providing Regulatory Must-Take Generation, or non-Resource Specific System

 Resource, unless the resource submits an Energy Bid and fails to submit an Ancillary Service Bid.
- (f) NRS-RA Resources. The CAISO will submit a Generated Bid in the Day-Ahead Market or Real-Time Market for a non-Resource Specific System Resource in each RAAIM assessment hour, to the extent that the resource provides Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to the requirements of Sections 40.6.1 or 40.6.2 and does not submit an outage

* * *

40.6.8.1.6 Subset-of-Hours Contracts

The CAISO will submit Generated Bids for non-Resource-Specific System Resources that provide Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to a Subset of Hours Contract during only those hours in which the resource is contractually obligated to make the Resource Adequacy Capacity available and the CAISO has not received either notification of an Outage or a Bid for such capacity. If the Scheduling Coordinator for the non-Resource Specific System Resource submits a Bid for part of the Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to a Subset of Hours Contract for any hour the resource is contractually obligated to provide the Resource Adequacy Capacity, the CAISO will insert a Generated Bid only for the remaining Resource Adequacy Capacity. Non-Resource-Specific System Resources that provide Resource Adequacy Capacity subject to a Subset-of-Hours Contract must meet the technical interface specifications and submit contractual information as required by a Business Practice Manual.

40.6.9 Grandfathered-Firm Liquidated Damages Contracts Requirements

Resource Adequacy Capacity represented by a Firm Liquidated Damages Contract and relied upon by a Scheduling Coordinator in a monthly or annual Resource Adequacy Plan shall be submitted as a Self-Schedule or Bid in the Day-Ahead IFM to the extent such scheduling right exists under the Firm Liquidated Damages Contract.

* * *

40.7 Compliance

The CAISO will evaluate Resource Adequacy Plans and Supply Plans as follows:

(a) The CAISO will evaluate whether each annual and monthly Resource Adequacy
Plan submitted by a Scheduling Coordinator on behalf of a Load Serving Entity
demonstrates Resource Adequacy Capacity sufficient to satisfy the Load Serving
Entity's (i) allocated responsibility for Local Capacity Area Resources under
Section 40.3.2 and (ii) applicable Demand and Reserve Margin requirements. If
the CAISO determines that a Resource Adequacy Plan does not demonstrate

Local Capacity Area Resources sufficient to meet its allocated responsibility under Section 40.3.2, compliance with applicable Demand and Reserve Margin requirements, or compliance with any other resource adequacy requirement in this Section 40 or adopted by the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency, as applicable, the CAISO will notify the relevant Scheduling Coordinator, CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency with jurisdiction over the relevant Load Serving Entity, or in the case of a mismatch between Resource Adequacy Plan(s) and Supply Plan(s), the relevant Scheduling Coordinators, in an attempt to resolve any deficiency in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Business Practice Manual. The notification will be made at least 25 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan and will include the reasons the CAISO believes a deficiency exists. If the deficiency relates to the demonstration of Local Capacity Area Resources in a Load Serving Entity's annual Resource Adequacy Plan, and the CAISO does not provide a written notice of resolution of the deficiency as set forth in the Business Practice Manual, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity may demonstrate that the identified deficiency is cured by submitting a revised annual Resource Adequacy Plan within thirty (30) days of the beginning of the Resource Adequacy Compliance Year. For all other identified deficiencies, at least ten (10) days prior the effective month of the relevant Resource Adequacy Plan, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity shall (i) demonstrate that the identified deficiency is cured by submitting a revised Resource Adequacy Plan or (ii) advise the CAISO that the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency, as appropriate, has determined that no deficiency exists.

(b) The CAISO will evaluate whether each monthly Resource Adequacy Plan submitted by a Scheduling Coordinator on behalf of a Load Serving Entity demonstrates operationally available Resource Adequacy Capacity, excluding capacity scheduled to take an Approved Maintenance Outage during the resource adequacy month, that is equal to or greater than the Load Serving Entity's applicable forecasted monthly Demand and Reserve Margin. For each day of the month where the CAISO determines that the criteria set forth in Section 9.3.1.3.2.3(b) is not met, if a monthly Resource Adequacy Plan (i) includes capacity scheduled to take an Approved Maintenance Outage on that day that has not been replaced pursuant to Sections 9.3.1.3.1, or 9.3.1.3.2, and (ii) does not demonstrate operationally available Resource Adequacy Capacity equal to or greater than the Load Serving Entity's applicable forecasted monthly Demand and Reserve Margin, the CAISO will require outage replacement and will provide notice of the outage replacement requirement to the Local Regulatory Authority, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity, and the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource scheduled to take the Approved Maintenance Outage. The notification will be made at least 25 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan and will include the reasons why the CAISO believes an outage replacement requirement exists. At least eleven (11) days prior to the resource adequacy month, the Scheduling Coordinator for either the Load Serving Entity or the Resource Adequacy Resource may demonstrate that the identified outage replacement requirement is cured by submitting to the CAISO a revision or update to the monthly Resource Adequacy Plan or Supply Plan, as applicable. If neither the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity nor the Scheduling Coordinator for the Resource Adequacy Resource timely advises the CAISO that the identified outage replacement requirement is cured, the CAISO may exercise its authority to procure backstop capacity under the Capacity Procurement Mechanism pursuant to Section 43.

(c) In evaluating each monthly Resource Adequacy Plan, the CAISO will cap the

Load Serving Entity's local Resource Adequacy Capacity requirement in each

TAC area at its system Resource Adequacy Capacity requirement in the same

TAC area, calculated as the forecasted peak demand and reserve margin for that month.

Plan(s), if resolved, the relevant Scheduling Coordinator(s) must provide the CAISO with revised Resource Adequacy Plan(s) or Supply Plans, as applicable, at least ten (10) days prior to the effective month. If the CAISO is not advised that the deficiency or mismatch is resolved at least ten (10) days prior to the effective month, the CAISO will use the information contained in the Supply Plan to set the obligations of Resource Adequacy Resources under this Section 40 and/or to assign any costs incurred under this Section 40 and Section 43.

40.7.1 Other Compliance Issues

Scheduling Coordinators representing Generating Units, System Units or System Resources supplying Resource Adequacy Capacity that fail to provide the CAISO with an annual or monthly Supply Plan, as applicable, as set forth in Section 40.7, shall be subject to Section 37.6.1. Further, Scheduling Coordinators representing Generating Units, System Units or System Resources supplying Resource Adequacy Capacity that fail to provide the CAISO with information required for the CAISO to determine Net Qualifying Capacity shall not be eligible for inclusion in the Net Qualifying Capacity annual report under Section 40.4.2 for the next Resource Adequacy Compliance Year and shall be subject to any applicable Sanctions under Section 37.6.1.

40.7.2 Penalties For Non-Compliance

The failure of a Resource Adequacy Resource or Resource Adequacy Capacity to be available to the CAISO in accordance with the requirements of this Section 40 or Section 9.3.1.3, and the failure to operate a Resource Adequacy Resource by placing it online or in a manner consistent with a submitted Bid or Generated Bid shall be subject to the applicable Sanctions set forth in Section 37.2.4. However, any failure of the Resource Adequacy Resource to satisfy any obligations prescribed under this Section 40 or Section 9.3.1.3 during a Resource Adequacy Compliance Year for which Resource Adequacy Capacity has been committed to a Load Serving

Entity shall not limit in any way, except as otherwise established under Section 40.4.5 or requirements of the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency, as applicable, the ability of the Load Serving Entity to whom the Resource Adequacy Capacity has been committed to use such Resource Adequacy Capacity for purposes of satisfying the resource adequacy requirements of the CPUC, Local Regulatory Authority, or federal agency, as applicable. In addition, an Reserve Sharing LSE shall not be subject to any sanctions, penalties, or other compensatory obligations under this Section 40 on account of a Resource Adequacy Resource's satisfaction or failure to satisfy its obligations under this Section 40 or Section 9.3.1.3.

* * *

40.8.1.13 Proxy Demand Resources

A Proxy Demand Resource must have the ability to (i) be dispatched for at least twenty-four hours per month, (ii) be dispatched feron at least three consecutive days, and (iii) respond for at least four hours per dispatch in order to qualify as Resource Adequacy Capacity. The Qualifying Capacity of a Proxy Demand Resource, for each month, will be based on the resource's average monthly historic demand reduction performance during that same month during the Availability Assessment Hours, as described in Section 40.9.3, using a three-year rolling average. For a Proxy Demand Resource with fewer than three years of performance history, for all months for which there is no historic data, the CAISO will utilize a monthly megawatt value as certified and reported to the CAISO by the Demand Response Provider; otherwise, where available, the CAISO will use the average of historic demand reduction performance data available, by month, for a Proxy Demand Resource. Proxy Demand Resources must be available at least four (4) hours per month in which they are eligible to provide RA Capacity and must be dispatchable for a minimum of thirty (30) minutes per event within each of those months.

40.8.1.14 Reliability Demand Response Resources

The Net Qualifying Capacity of a Reliability Demand Response Resource, for each month, will be based on the resource's average monthly historic demand reduction performance during that same month during the Availability Assessment Hours, as described in Section 40.9.3, using a three-year rolling average. For a Reliability Demand Response Resource with fewer than three

years of performance history, for all months for which there is no historic data, the CAISO will use a monthly megawatt value as certified and reported to the CAISO by the Demand Response Provider; otherwise, where available, the CAISO will use the average of historic demand reduction performance data available, by month, for a Reliability Demand Response Resource.

40.8.1.15 Distributed Generation Facilities

(a) Distributed Generation Facilities that meet the applicable requirements in Section 4.6

qualify as Resource Adequacy Capacity.

The CAISO will determine the Net Qualifying Capacity of each Distributed Generation

Facility for each Resource Adequacy Compliance Year consistent with similar resource classifications connected to the transmission system, as provided in Section 40.4.6.1.

(c) The Scheduling Coordinator for individual Distributed Generation Facilities, with the same
resource type and PMax values less than 0.5 MW, that seek to operate as a combined

Distributed Generation Facility, must submit a request to CAISO that the initial Net

Qualifying Capacity be determined and approved as a combined Distributed Generation
Facility.

40.8.1.16 Non-Generator Resources

(a) Non-Generator Resources must be either Participating Generators or System Units to qualify as Resource Adequacy Capacity.

(b) The CAISO will determine the Net Qualifying Capacity of each Non-Generator Resource

based on the CAISO testing of the resource's sustained output over a four-hour period;

however, the Net Qualifying Capacity shall not exceed the resource's maximum

instantaneous discharge capability.

40.9. Standard Capacity Product [ALL PROVISIONS DELETED] Resource Adequacy Availability Incentive Mechanism

40.9.1 Transition To RAAIM

The CAISO uses RAAIM to determine the availability of resources providing local and/or system

Resource Adequacy Capacity and Flexible RA Capacity during the Availability Assessment Hours

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each month and then assesses the resultant Availability Incentive Payments and Non-Availability

Charges through the CAISO's settlements process; except that, for an advisory period of two

calendar months following the effective date of RAAIM, the CAISO will calculate and publish the

Availability Incentive Payments and Non-Availability Charges on Settlement Statements but will

not include those payments and charges on invoices for financial settlement.

40.9.2 Exemptions

- (a) Resources Capacity Exempt from RAAIM. The entire capacity of a resource in any of the following categories is exempt from the RAAIM provisions in Section 40.9 --
 - (1) Resources with a PMax less than 1.0 MW;
 - (2) Non-specified resources that provide Resource Adequacy Capacity under contracts for Energy delivered within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area;
 - (3) Participating Load that is also Pumping Load; and
 - (4) RMR Units.

(b) ResourcesCapacity Exempt from RAAIM - Local/System

- (1) The entire capacity of a resource in any of the following categories is exempt

 from the RAAIM provisions in Section 40.9 applicable to local and system

 Resource Adequacy Capacity
 - (A) Variable Energy Resources; and
 - (B) Combined Heat and Power Resources.
- (2) AThe capacity of a resource with a Load-following MSS as its Scheduling

 Coordinator that is designated on a Load-following MSS's monthly Resource

 Adequacy Plan is exempt from the RAAIM provisions in Section 40.9 applicable

 to local and system Resource Adequacy Capacity, to the extent that the

 resource's capacity is also designated as Resource Adequacy Capacity on the

 monthly Supply Plan of that Load-following MSS smonthly Supply Plan or

 another Load-following MSS.
- (3) Resources with Existing QF Contracts or Amended QF Contracts that are

 Resource Adequacy Resources are exempt from the RAAIM provisions in

Comment [m2]: Does this include NRS-RA resources; they deliver energy at intertie, which may be within CAISO BAA?

Section 40.9 applicable to local and system capacity --

- (A) if the QF resource previously provided Resource Adequacy Capacity

 pursuant to an Existing QF Contract that was executed prior to the

 August 22, 2010 and remained in effect pursuant to California Public

 Utilities Commission Decision 07-09-040 that extended the term of expiring contracts until such time as the new contracts resulting from that decision are available; or
- (B) until the QF Resource's Existing QF Contract or Amended QF Contract

 terminates or if requested by the Scheduling Coordinator for the

 resource, whichever is earlier.
- (c) Resources Capacity Exempt from RAAIM Flexible Capacity.
 - The entire-capacity of Use-Limited Resources in a combination under Section

 40.10.3.2(b), 40.10.3.3(b) or 40.10.3.4(b) is exempt from the RAAIM provisions in

 Section 40.9 applicable to Flexible RA Capacity to the extent that the resources

 are committed to provide Flexible RA Capacity as a combination on their

 respective monthly Supply Plans.

The capacity of a resource with a Load-following MSS as its Scheduling

Coordinator that is designated on a Load-following MSS's monthly Flexible RA

Plan is exempt from the RAAIM provisions in Section 40.10 applicable to Flexible

RA Capacity, to the extent that the resource's capacity is also designated as

Flexible RA Capacity on the monthly Supply Plan of that Load-following MSS or

another Load-following MSS.

40.9.2.1 Acquired Resources.

- (a) Exemption. The entire capacity of an Acquired Resource is exempt from the RAAIM

 provisions in Section 40.9 applicable to local and system Resource Adequacy Capacity if

 the resource provides Resource Adequacy Capacity under a resource-specific power

 supply contract that --
 - (1) was exempt from the prior Sstandard Ccapacity Pproduct in Section 40.9 as of

Comment [m3]: Does this mean a combination of Category 2 and Category 3 flexible resources to meet Category 1?

- the RAAIM effective date, and continues to meet the requirements for that exemption, under the provisions contained in Appendix XX;
- (2) includes a penalty for nonperformance performance provision; and
- (3) does not contain a provision that allows the contract to be modified for regulatory changes.
- (b) Request. To request annual renewal of the exemption, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Acquired Resource must --
 - (1) for Resource Adequacy Compliance Year 2016, submit an affidavit to the CAISO,

 by either the Scheduling Coordinator or resource owner, demonstrating that the

 Acquired Resource meets the eligibility criteria in Section 40.9.2.1(a), in

 accordance with the process and schedule in Business Practice Manual; and
 - (2) for each Resource Adequacy Compliance Year thereafter until the contract

 terminates, submit confirmation to the CAISO that the information in the affidavit

 is still accurate and the Acquired Resource continues to meet the eligibility

 criteria in Section 40.9.2.1(a), in accordance with the process and schedule in

 Business Practice Manual.
- (c) Approval. The CAISO shall review the information submitted and -
 - approve a request that contains the information required by Sections 40.9.2.1(a) and (b) and that demonstrates the resource meets the eligibility criteria in Section 40.9.2.1(a):
 - (2) advise the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource that if the request does not contain all of the information required by Sections 40.9.2.1(a) and (b), and allow the opportunity for the Scheduling Coordinator to submit the additional required information, in accordance with the process and schedule in the Business

 Practice Manual; or
 - (3) deny the request and permanently terminate the exemption if --
 - (A) the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource does not submit, or does not timely submit, a request under Section 40.9.2.1(b)(1) or (2) as

applicable;

- (B) the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource does not submit, or does not timely submit, additional information required to complete the request under with Section 40.9.2(c)(2); or
- (C) the CAISO determines the resource does not meet the eligibility criteria in Section 40.9.2.1(a).
- (d) Notice of Termination. The Scheduling Coordinator for an Acquired Resource must notify the CAISO within 10 days if the contract terminates or no longer meets the eligibility criteria in Section 40.9.2.1(a).

40.9.3 Availability Assessment

40.9.3.1 Local and System RA Capacity Availability

(a) Availability Assessment Hours

- (1) Prior to the start of each Resource Adequacy Compliance Year, the CAISO shall establish and publish in the Business Practice Manual the Availability

 Assessment Hours applicable for resources providing local and/or system

 Resource Adequacy Capacity for each month of that year.
- (2) The Availability Assessment Hours shall be a pre-defined set of five consecutive

 hours for each month that --
 - (A) correspond to the operating periods when high demand conditions

 typically occur and when the availability of Resource Adequacy Capacity
 is most critical to maintaining system reliability:
 - (B) vary by season as necessary so that the coincident peak load hour typically falls within the five-hour range each day during the month, based on historical actual load data; and
 - (C) apply to each Trading Day that is a weekday and not a non-federal holiday.
- (b) Must Offer Availability Assessment. The CAISO shall determine the extent to which each resource providing local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity made that

- capacity available to the CAISO in each Availability Assessment Hour of the day by comparing --
- (1) the MWs of local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity for which the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource submitted Economic Bids or Self-Schedules in the Day-Ahead Market and the Real-Time Market; and
- (2) the MWs of local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity for which the

 Scheduling Coordinator for the resource was required to submit Economic Bids

 or Self-Schedules in the CAISO Markets under the must-offer requirements

 applicable under Section 40.6.

40.9.3.2 Flexible RA Capacity Availability

- (a) Availability Assessment Hours. The Availability Assessment Hours for a Flexible RA

 Resource shall be the same period as the must-offer obligation for the Flexible Capacity

 Category that is designated on the Resource Flexible RA Capacity Plan for that month,

 as set forth in Section 40.10.6.
- (b) Must-Offer Availability Assessment. The CAISO shall determine the extent to which

 each Flexible RA Resource made that capacity available in each Availability Assessment

 Hour of the day by comparing --
 - (A) the MWs of Flexible RA Capacity for which the Scheduling Coordinator

 for the resource submitted Economic Bids in the Day-Ahead Market and

 the Real-Time Market; and
 - (B) the MWs of Flexible RA Capacity for which the Scheduling Coordinator

 for the resource was required to submit Economic Bids in the CAISO

 Markets under the must—offer requirements applicable under Section

 40.10.6.
- (c) Flexible Capacity Category. If a Flexible RA Resource is designated to provide Flexible

 RA Capacity and/or RA Substitute Capacity in more than one Flexible Capacity Category,

 the CAISO will assess the availability of the resource using the must-offer obligation for
 the highest quality of Flexible Capacity Category designated.

- (d) Start-Up Less Than 90 Minutes. For resources with a start-up time less than 90 minutes, the CAISO will use the resource's MWs of capacity from zero to PMax to assess the availability of the designated Flexible RA Capacity; provided that the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource does not submit Self-Schedules for the capacity from zero to PMin or for any portion of the capacity under the must-offer obligation for Energy. If the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource submits a Self-Schedule, the CAISO will deduct the MW value of PMin from the calculation of the resource's Flexible RA Capacity availability,
- (e) Start-Up Greater Than 90 Minutes. For resources with a start-up time greater than 90 minutes, the CAISO will use the resource's MWs of capacity between the resource's PMin and PMax EFC value in the availability assessment and validate whether the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource submitted Economic Bids for all MWs designated on the Resource RA Flexible Capacity Plan.

(f) Variable Energy Resources

- (1) Flexible RA Capacity Equal to EFC. If the Flexible RA Capacity designated on the monthly Resource Flexible RA Capacity Plan is equal to the resource's EFC value, the CAISO assesses the availability of the designated Flexible RA Capacity based on the Economic Bids for Flexible RA Capacity the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource submitted up to the MWs in the VERVariable Energy Resource forecast applicable under Section 4.8.2.
- (2) Flexible RA Capacity Less Than EFC. If the Flexible RA Capacity designated in the monthly Resource Flexible RA Capacity Plan is less than the EFC value for the resource, the CAISO assesses availability using the ratio of the amount shown on the monthly plan to the relevant EFC, and applies that ratio to the MWs of Economic Bids submitted for the Flexible RA Capacityand the Variable Energy Resource forecast.
- (3) VER Forecast Less Than Flexible RA Capacity. If the MWs in the

 VER Variable Energy Resource forecast are less than the MWs of Flexible RA

- Capacity designated in the monthly Resource Flexible RA Capacity Plan, and the Economic Bids are greater than or equal to the forecast amount for that hour, the resource is 100 percent available up to the forecast amount.
- VER Forecast Greater Than Flexible RA Capacity. If the MWs in the

 VERVariable Energy Resource forecast are greater than the MWs of Flexible RA

 Capacity designated in the monthly Resource Flexible RA Capacity Plan, the

 Scheduling Coordinator for the resource must submit Economic Bids equal to the

 forecast amount. If the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource submits

 Economic Bids for MWs above the forecast, or the resource generates above the

 forecast, the CAISO limits the calculated availability calculated to the forecast

 amount.
- (5) No Day-Ahead Market Obligation. For VERs that do not have an obligation to submit Economic Bids into the Day-Ahead Market, the CAISO bases the availability assessment of the Flexible RA Capacity only on the resource's Economic Bids in the Real-Time Market.

40.9.3.3 Availability for Overlapping Local/System and Flexible RA Capacity

- (a) Overlap Determination. The availability assessment for overlapping Resource

 Adequacy commitments shall apply to those hours in which a resource was subject to the must-offer obligations for local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity and Flexible RA Capacity in any Availability Assessment Hour and for any portion of the same capacity.
- (b) Must-Offer Availability Assessment. The CAISO shall determine the extent to which

 each resource with overlapping RA commitments made that capacity available to the

 CAISO in each overlapping Availability Assessment Hour of the day by comparing --
 - (1) the MWs of local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity and Flexible RA

 Capacity for which the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource submitted

 Economic Bids in the Day-Ahead Market and the Real-Time Market; and

- (2) the MWs of local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity and Flexible RA

 Capacity for which the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource was required to

 submit Economic Bids in the CAISO Markets, underin accordance with the

 applicable must-offer requirements in Sections 40.6 and 40.10.6.
- (c) Calculation. The CAISO's calculation of the Availability Assessment for overlapping RA commitments shall
 - (1) count any portion of the overlapping MW only once; and
 - (2) limitcount the total MWs of capacity at the higher of the Resource Adequacy

 Capacity commitment or the Flexible RA Capacity commitment.

40.9.3.4 Treatment of Maintenance Outages

- (a) No-Replacement Requirement Exclusions From RAAIM. The RAAIM Availability

 Assessment for a Resource Adequacy Resource excludes the capacity, duration, and

 must-offer requirements for Resource Adequacy Capacity -
 - with an Approved Maintenance Outage or pending request for a Maintenance Outage as of 45 days prior to the start date of the Resource Adequacy month; however any subsequent incremental increase in the MWs or duration of the outage will be subject to RAAIM unless RA Replacement Capacity for the outage is required and provided, or RA Replacement Capacity is not required; or
 - on an Approved Maintenance Outage during the Resource Adequacy month that

 does not require RA Replacement Capacity under Section 9.3.1.3.3.
- (b) Replacement Requirement Provided. For each Maintenance Outage that a Resource

 Adequacy Resource requesteds after submitting its monthly Supply Planless than 45

 days prior to the start of the relevant resource adequacy month and that requires RA

 Replacement Capacity --
 - (1) The RAAIM Availability Assessment for the resource excludes the capacity,

 duration, and must offer requirement for Resource Adequacy Capacity on an

 Approved Maintenance Outage to the extent the resource provides RA

 Replacement Capacity for that outage as required under Section 9.3.1.3.3; and

- (2) The RAAIM Availability Assessment for the replacement resource includes the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for the RA Replacement Capacity commitment.
- Replacement Requirement Not Provided. For each Maintenance Outage that a

 Resource Adequacy Resource requesteds after submitted its monthly Supply Planless

 than 45 days prior to the start of the relevant resource adequacy month, the RAAIM

 Availability Assessment for the resource includes the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for Resource Adequacy Capacity on an Approved Maintenance Outage to the extent the resource does not provide RA Replacement Capacity for the outage as required under Section 9.3.1.3.3.

40.9.3.5 Treatment of Forced Outages

(a) RA Substitute Capacity – Local And System

- (1) The RAAIM Availability Assessment for a Resource Adequacy Resource includes the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for Resource Adequacy Capacity on a Forced Outage, except to extent the resource provides RA Substitute Capacity for the outage in accordance with Section 40.499.3.6.
- (2) The RAAIM Availability Assessment for the substitute resource includes the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for the RA Substitute Capacity.

(b) RA Substitute Capacity - Flexible

- (1) The RAAIM Availability Assessment for a Flexible RA Resource includes the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for Flexible RA Capacity on a Forced Outage, except to extent the resource provides RA Substitute Capacity for that outage in accordance with Section 40.499.3.6.
- (2) The RAAIM Availability Assessment for the substitute resource includes the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for the RA Substitute Capacity.
- (3) For each day the substitute resource is committed to provide Flexible RA

 Capacity and/or RA Substitute Capacity in more than one Flexible Capacity

 Category, the RAAIM Availability Assessment applies the must-offer obligation

for the highest quality Flexible Capacity Category to the total MWs of the flexible capacity requirement.

(c) Exclusions from RAAIM. The RAAIM Availability Assessment excludes the capacity,

duration, and must—offer requirement for local and/or system Resource Adequacy

Capacity or Flexible RA Capacity on a Forced Outage in a nature of work category

relating to an administrative action by the resource owner, a cause outside of the control

of the resource owner, or a short-term use limitation, as those categories are specified in
the Business Practice Manual.

40.9.3.6 Substitute Capacity

(a) Substitution

- The Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource Adequacy Resource may provide RA

 Substitute Capacity for its local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity or

 Flexible RA Capacity on a Forced Outage or de-rate.
- If the Resource Adequacy Resource on outage and the substituting resource do not have the same Scheduling Coordinator, the Scheduling Coordinator for the substituting resource must confirm and approve the proposed substitution in accordance with process set forth in the Business Practice Manual.

(b) Availability

- (1) RA Substitute Capacity must be operationally available to the CAISO:
- (2) Capacity on, or scheduled to be on, a Forced Outage, Approved Maintenance

 Outage, or de-rate, is not operationally available and shall not qualify to be RA

 Substitute Capacity for the duration of the period that it is unavailable.
- (3) RA Replacement Capacity, RMR Capacity, CPM Capacity, and capacity

 committed to be Resource Adequacy Capacity in a monthly Supply Plan shall not

 qualify to be RA Substitute Capacity for the duration of that commitment.
- (4) RA Substitute Capacity shall not qualify to be RA Replacement Capacity, RMR

 Capacity, CPM Capacity, or Resource Adequacy Capacity in a monthly Supply

 Plan, for the duration of the substitution.

- (5) If a resource provides RA Substitute Capacity for multiple Resource Adequacy
 Resources under Section 40.9.3.6.3, the same capacity committed as RA
 Substitute Capacity for one Resource Adequacy Resource shall not qualify as
 RA Substitute Capacity for a different Resource Adequacy Resource during the same substitution period.
- (6) RA Substitute Capacity will be treated as Resource Adequacy Capacity during the period of substitution for purposes of a Forced Outage or de-rate allocation.

(c) Timing of Substitution Request

- (1) Day-Ahead Market. Requests for substitution in the Day-Ahead Market must be submitted prior to 8:00 A.M. the timeline specified in the Business Practice

 Manual and be approved by the CAISO to be included in the Day-Ahead Market for the next Trading Day. Requests for substitution in the Day-Ahead Market submitted at or after 8:00 A.M. the timeline specified in the Business Practice

 Manual and that are approved by the CAISO will be included in the Day-Ahead Market for the second Trading Day.
- (2) Real-Time Market. Requests for substitution in the Real-Time Market must be submitted in accordance with the timeline in the Business Practice Manual.

40.9.3.6.1 RA Substitute Capacity From A Single Resource

(a) Option. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource Adequacy Resource that is on a

Forced Outage or de-rate may provide RA Substitute Capacity for that capacity from a

single resource.

(b) Local Capacity Area Resource Substitution

- (1) Pre-Qualified Substitution.
 - (A) Annual Process. The CAISO will annually conduct a process to assess the eligibility of resources to pre-qualify as RA Substitute Capacity for Local Capacity Resource Adequacy Resources. The CAISO will publish a list of the pre-qualified resources in accordance with the timeline the Business Practice Manual.

- (B) Pre-Qualification Requirement. The CAISO will pre-qualify a resource

 to provide RA Substitute Capacity that is located at the same bus as, or

 a compatible bus to, that of the Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy

 Resource for which it could substitute.
- (C) Request. To use a pre-qualified resource in the Day-Ahead Market or

 Real-Time Market as RA Substitute Capacity, the Scheduling

 Coordinator for the Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy Resource
 on a Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a timely substitution request
 in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c).
- (D) Approval. The CAISO will grant a request that meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(b)(1)(C) and 40.9.3.6(b).

(2) Non-Pre-Qualified Substitution.

- (A) Day-Ahead Market. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Local Capacity

 Area Resource Adequacy Resource on a Forced Outage or de-rate may submit a request to substitute a non-pre-qualified resource only in the Day-Ahead Market.
- (B) Request. To use a non-pre-qualified resource as RA Substitute

 Capacity, the Scheduling Coordinator for the Local Capacity Area

 Resource Adequacy Resource must submit a timely substitution request in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c), and the alternate resource must be located in the same Local Capacity Area.
- (C) Approval. The CAISO will grant a request that meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(b)(2)(A) and (B), and 40.9.3.6(b).

(c) Non-Local Capacity Area Resource Substitution

(1) Request. To use a resource as RA Substitute Capacity, the Scheduling

Coordinator for a non-Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy Resource that

has a Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a timely substitution request in the

Day-Ahead Market or Real-Time Market in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c).

(2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if the alternate resource has adequate deliverable capacity to provide the RA Substitute Capacity and meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(c)(1) and 40.9.3.6(b).

(d) NRS-RAExternal Resources

- Request. To use a Dynamic System rResource, Non-Dynamic System

 Resource, NRS-RA Resource, or Pseudo-Tie as RA Substitute Capacity, the

 Scheduling Coordinator for an NRS-RA Resource Adequacy Resource that has a

 Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a timely substitution request in the Day
 Ahead Market or Real-Time Market in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c), and

 the alternate resource must be internal to the CAISO Balancing Area Authority

 Area, which does not include a Pseudo-Tie of a Generating Unit to the CAISO

 Balancing Authority Area.
- (2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if --the alternate resource has adequate deliverable capacity to provide the RA Substitute Capacity and meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(d)(1) and 40.9.3.6(b).
 - (A) the alternate resource is internal to the CAISO Balancing Authority Area,

 has adequate deliverable capacity to provide the RA Substitute Capacity,

 and meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(d)(1) and 40.9.3.6(b);

 or
 - (B) the alternate resource is external to the CAISO Balancing Authority Area (including Pseudo-Ties), the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource has an adequate available import allocation at the resource's Scheduling Point to provide the RA Substitute Capacity, and meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(d)(1) and 40.9.3.6(b).

(e) Flexible RA Capacity

(1) Request. To use a resource as RA Substitute Capacity, the Scheduling
Coordinator for the Flexible RA Resource that has a Forced Outage or de-rate
must submit a timely substitution request in the Day-Ahead Market or Real-Time

- Market in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c) and specify the MW of RA Substitute Capacity to be provided, which may not exceed the MWs of the outage.
- (2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if the alternate resource has adequate deliverable capacity to provide the RA Substitute Capacity, meets the applicable requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.1(e) and 40.9.3.6(b), and is capable of meeting the must-offer obligation in Section 40.10.6 applicable to the resource on outage. highest quality Flexible Capacity Category for the MWs of the Flexible RA Capacity commitments of the resource on outage and the alternate resource.

40.9.3.6.2 RA Substitute Capacity From Multiple Resources

(a) Option. The Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource Adequacy Resource on a Forced

Outage or de-rate may submit a request to substitute that capacity with RA Substitute

Capacity from multiple alternate resources, including a resource already providing RA

Substitute Capacity for one or more Resource Adequacy Resources.

(b) Local Capacity Area Resource Substitution

- Scheduling Coordinator for the Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy

 Resource on a Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a timely substitution

 request in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c) if any of
 the alternate resources are not pre-qualified to substitute for the resource on the
 outage; however, if at least one of theall of the alternate resources is are prequalified to provide RA Substitute Capacity for that resource, the request may be
 submitted in the Day-Ahead Market or Real-Time Market.
- (2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if it meets the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.2(b)(1) and 40.9.3.6(c) and the alternate resources are either pre-qualified, or are not pre-qualified but are located in the same Local Capacity Area as the Resource Adequacy Resource.
- (c) Non-Local Capacity Area Resources and NRS-RA Resources

- (1) Request. To use RA Substitute Capacity from multiple resources, the

 Scheduling Coordinator for a non-Local Capacity Area Resource Adequacy

 Resource or an NRS RA Resource on a Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a

 timely substitution request in the Day-Ahead Market or the Real-Time Market in

 accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c) and the alternate resources must be located

 within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area, which does not include a Pseudo-Tie

 of a Generating Unit or a Resource-Specific System Resource.
- (2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if all of the alternate resources meet the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.3.2(c)(1) and 40.9.3.6(c).

(d) External Resources

- Request. To use multiple Dynamic System Resources, Non-Dynamic System Resources, NRS-RA Resources, or Pseudo-Ties as RA Substitute Capacity, the Scheduling Coordinator for a Resource Adequacy Resource that has a Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a timely substitution request in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6(c).
- (2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if --
 - (A) the alternate resources are internal to the CAISO Balancing Authority

 Area, have adequate deliverable capacity to provide the RA Substitute

 Capacity, and meet the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.2(d)(1) and

 40.9.3.6(b); or
 - (B) the alternate resources are external to the CAISO Balancing Authority

 Area (including Pseudo-Ties), and the Scheduling Coordinator of each

 alternate resource has an adequate available import allocation at the

 resource's Scheduling Point to provide the RA Substitute Capacity, and

 meet the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.e(d)(1) and 40.9.3.6(b).

(de) Flexible RA Capacity

(1) Request. To use RA Substitute Capacity from multiple resources, the

Scheduling Coordinator for a resource providing Flexible RA Capacity on a

- Forced Outage or de-rate must submit a timely substitution request in the DayAhead Market or the Real-Time Market and the alternate resources must be
 located in the CAISO Balancing Authority Area, which does not include a
 Pseudo-Tie of a Generating Unit or a Resource-Specific System Resource.
- (2) Approval. The CAISO will grant the request if the alternate resources meet the requirements in Sections 40.9.3.6.3.2(d)(1) and 40.9.3.6(c).
- (e) If the request includes an alternate resource providing RA Substitute Capacity for another resource during the same period, that alternate resource must submit a separate request to provide to RA Substitute Capacity to multiple resources in accordance with Section 40.9.3.6.3.
- 40.9.3.6.3 Multiple Substitution by One Resource. (a) Request. The Scheduling

 Coordinator for a resource already providing RA Substitute Capacity may request approval to

 provide RA Substitute Capacity for one or more additional Resource Adequacy Resources on a

 Forced Outage or de-rate, subject to approval by the CAISO pursuant to Section 40.9.3.6.1 or

 40.9.3.6.2.
- (b) Approval. The CAISO will approve the request if the alternate resources are located within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area, and meet the requirements in Section 40.9.3.6(c).
- 40.9.3.6.4 Resource Adequacy Obligation. To the extent a resource provides RA

 Substitute Capacity, the resource must meet and comply with all requirements in Section 40

 applicable to RA Substitute Capacity for the duration of the substitution; except that RA Substitute

 Capacity shall be released from this obligation and the substitution requirements in Section 40.9 –
- (a) at the end of the approved substitution period; or
- (b) upon request by either the Scheduling Coordinator for the resource on Forced eOutage
 or the Scheduling Coordinator for the substitute resource, and approval by the other
 Scheduling Coordinator, in accordance with the process set forth in the Business Practice
 Manual.

- 40.9.3.6.5 Treatment of Unbid Capacity. If the Scheduling Coordinator for RA Substitute

 Capacity does not submit bids or Self-Schedules for all or a portion of that capacity in accordance

 with Section 40.6 or 40.10.6, the CAISO --
 - (1) will treats the unbid capacity as unavailable for purposes of Section 40.9; and
 - (2) will reflects that unavailability in the RAAIM availability calculation for the

 Resource Adequacy Resource for which providing the RA Substitute Capacity is substituting.

40.9.4 Availability Assessment

- (a) The CAISO shall determine a resource's monthly average availability on a percentage basis, based on --
 - (1) the availability assessment of the resource's minimum daily availability of local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity under Section 40.9.3.1, Flexible RA

 Capacity under Section 40.9.3.2, and overlapping Resource Adequacy

 commitments under Section 40.9.3.3, in the Day-Ahead Market and Real-Time

 Market;
 - (2) including the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity or Flexible RA Capacity on a Forced

 Outage, except to the extent the resource provides RA Substitute Capacity for the outage in accordance with Section 40.499.3.6, or the Forced Outage is excluded from RAAIM under Section 40.9.3.45;
 - (3) including the capacity, duration, and must-offer requirement for any RA

 Substitute Capacity, RA Replacement Capacity, or CPM Capacity the resource is

 committed to provide; and
 - (4) excluding the Maintenance Outages specified in Section 40.9.3.54.
- (b) If the resource's minimum daily availability is the same in the Day-Ahead Market and the

 Real-Time Market, the CAISO will use the availability in the Real-Time Market in the

 calculation of the monthly average availability-average.
- (c) If the resource is committed to provide local and/or system RA capacity and Flexible RA

Capacity in a month, but does not provide both for the full month, the CAISO prorates the number of days local and/or system Resource Adequacy Capacity and Flexible RA

Capacity was provided against the total number of days in the month.

40.9.5 Availability Incentive Standard

- (a) **Percentage.** The Availability Incentive Standard shall be 96.5 percent each month.
- (b) Availability Range. The CAISO shall apply the Availability Incentive Standard with a bandwidth of plus and minus two percent, which produces a range with a lower bound of 94.5 percent and an upper bound of 98.5 percent.

40.9.6 Non-Availability Charges And Availability Incentive Payments

- (a) Non-Availability Charges. A resource providing local and/or system Resource

 Adequacy Capacity, Flexible RA Capacity, or CPM Capacity that is subject to the

 availability assessment in accordance with Section 40.9.3 and whose monthly availability

 calculation under Section 40.9.4 is below the lower bound of the monthly Availability

 Incentive Standard of 94.5 percent will be subject to a Non-Availability Charge for the

 month.
- (b) Availability Incentive Payments. A resource providing local and/or system Resource

 Adequacy Capacity, Flexible RA Capacity, or CPM Capacity that is subject to the

 availability assessment under Section 40.9.3 and whose availability calculation under

 Section 40.9.4 is above the upper bound of the monthly Availability Incentive Standard of

 98.5 percent will be eligible for an Availability Incentive Payment for the month.
- (c) No Payment or Charge. A resource providing local and/or system Resource Adequacy

 Capacity, Flexible RA Capacity, or CPM Capacity that is subject to the availability

 assessment under Section 40.9.3 and whose monthly availability calculation under

 Section 40.9.4 is equal to or between the lower bound of 94.5 percent and the upper

 bound of 98.5 percent of the Availability Incentive Standard will not be assessed a Non
 Availability Charge nor paid an Availability Incentive Payment.

40.9.6.1 Determination of Non-Availability Charge

(a) Calculation.

- (1) RA Capacity. The Non-Availability Charge for a Resource Adequacy Resource providing local, system, or Flexible RA Capacity shall be determined by the resource's average monthly RA and Flexible RA MWs multiplied by the difference between the lower bound of the monthly Availability Incentive

 Standard of 94.5 percent and the resource's monthly availability percentage, and multiplying the product by the RAAIM price.
- (2) CPM Capacity. The Non-Availability Charge for a Resource Adequacy

 Resource providing CPM Capacity shall be determined by the resource's

 average monthly CPM MWs multiplied by the difference between the lower

 bound of the monthly Availability Incentive Standard of 94.5 percent and the

 resource's monthly availability percentage, and multiplying the product by the

 maximum of the resource's CPM price and the RAAIM price.
- (b) RAAIM Price. The RAAIM price shall be 60 percent of the CPM Soft-Cap Price in Section 43.4.1.1.

40.9.6.2 Determination of Availability Incentive Payment

- (a) Self-Funding. The Availability Incentive Payment will be funded entirely through the monthly Non-Availability Charges assessed.
- (b) Eligible Capacity. The capacity of a Resource Adequacy Resource providing local,

 system or Flexible RA Capacity that is eligible to receive an Availability Incentive

 Payment shall be the resource's average monthly MWs of capacity that exceed the upper bound of the Availability Standard.

(c) Calculation.

- The monthly Availability Incentive Payment rate will equal the total NonAvailability Charges assessed for the month plus any unpaid funds under Section
 40.9.6.2(d), divided by the total Resource Adequacy Capacity eligible to receive
 the Availability Incentive Payment that month.
- (2) The Availability Incentive Payment rate shall not exceed three times the Non-Availability Charge rate.

- (3) The Availability Incentive Payment the CAISO shall pay to each eligible resource

 shall equal the product of its eligible capacity and the Availability Incentive

 Payment rate, except that the CAISO shall prorate the payments if the Non
 Availability Charges and unpaid funds under Section 40.9.6.2(d) are less than the

 full payment amount.
- (d) Unpaid Funds. Any remaining Non-Availability Charge funds that are not distributed to eligible. Resource Adequacy Resources eligible to receive Availability Incentive Payments in a month will be added to the funds available for Availability Incentive Payments in the next month and will continue to roll over to the successive month until paid out or December 31, at which time the funds will be distributed to Load Serving Entities based on their load ratio share for the year.

40.9.7 Assessment For NRS-RA Resources [DELETED IN ENTIRETY]

40.9.7 Reporting

By July 1 of each year, the CAISO will provide an informational report that will be posted on the CAISO Website and include information on the average actual availability each month of Resource Adequacy Resources, the total amount of Non-Availability Charges assessed and the total amount of Availability Incentive Payments made.

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40.10 Flexible RA Capacity

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40.10.1.2 Required Information From LSEs

- (a) Submission Requirement. The Scheduling Coordinator for each Load Serving Entity in the CAISO Balancing Authority Area shall submit the information required by this Section, no later than January 15 each year, for use in the CAISO's study to generate minute-byminute net-load data that will be used to determine the Maximum Three-Hour Net-Load Ramp for each month.
- (b) Required Information. The Scheduling Coordinator for each Load Serving Entity in the CAISO Balancing Authority Area must submit information that --

- (1) covers the calendar year in which the information is submitted and each year in the next five-year period;
- (2) identifies each wind and solar resource connected to the CAISO Controlled Grid, and distributed wind and solar resources, that is owned, in whole or in part, by the Load Serving Entity, or under contractual commitment to the Load Serving Entity or the Load-following MSS Load Serving Entity, for all or a portion of its capacity;
- indicates the status of the resource as either in service or in development with its expected commercial operation date;
- (4) for each wind and solar resource, specifies the MWs of installed capacity, renewable energy area location, MWs of flexible capacity owned by or contractually committed to the Load Serving Entity, and other information required by the Business Practice Manual;
- (5) describes the balancing services, if any, provided by another balancing authority area for a wind or solar resource that is located outside of the CAISO Balancing Authority Area and that is owned by or contractually committed to the Load Serving Entity; and
- (6) forecasts the MW of installed, behind-the-meter solar capacity in the Load Serving Entity's service area or part of its forecast served load.
- (c) **Confidential Treatment.** The CAISO will treat the resource-specific information provided under Section 40.10.1.2(b) as confidential under Section 20.
- (d) Aggregated Information. In addition to the required resource-specific information, the Scheduling Coordinator for each Load Serving Entity in the CAISO Balancing Authority Area shall submit the information required in Section 40.10.1.2(b) on an aggregated basis, as described in the Business Practice Manual, for inclusion in the Flexible Capacity Needs Assessment that will be posted on the CAISO Website.

* * *

40.10.2.2 Allocation to Load-Following MSS

(a) The CAISO will calculate the allocable share of the Flexible Capacity Need for each

Load-following MSS in accordance with the provisions for Local Regulatory Authorities in

Section 40.10.2as --

(1) the Local Regulatory Authority's average percent contribution to the change in wind output, minus the change in solar PV output, minus the change in solar thermal output, during the five highest three-hour net-load changes in the month, for resources not included in the Load-following MSS Load Serving Entity's resource portfolio; and

2) plus the lesser of the Lead-following MSS Lead Serving Entity's contribution to the three-hour net lead ramp-MSS contribution calculated under Section 40.10.2.2(a)(1) or 3.5 percent of its forecasted peak load.

(3) plus the Load-following MSS Load Serving Entity's allocable share of any forecast adjustment under Section 40.10.1.4.

(b) The CAISO will deduct the Flexible Capacity Need allocated to each Load-following MSS ← from the calculation to determine whether a cumulative deficiency in Flexible RA Capacity exists under Section 43.2.7.

ramp calculated under Section 40.10.2.2(a)(1) is less than its contribution to the 3.5

percent of expected peak load, the CAISO does not reallocate that difference to other

LRAs to determine whether a cumulative deficiency in Flexible RA Capacity exists under Section 43.2.7.

* * *

40.10.4.1 Effective Flexible Capacity Calculation

(a) Flexible Resources. The CAISO will calculate the Effective Flexible Capacity value of a resource, for use (i) if a Local Regulatory Authority has not established criteria for calculating the Effective Flexible Capacity value for eligible resource types, and (ii) for determining if a cumulative deficiency exists under Sections 43.2.7(a) and (b), as follows, except as provided in Sections 40.10.4.1 (b) through (f) --

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- (1) If the Start-Up Time of the resource is greater than 90 minutes, the Effective Flexible Capacity value shall be the weighted average ramp rate of the resource calculated from PMin to Net Qualifying Capacity multiplied by 180 minutes. The Effective Flexible Capacity shall not exceed the difference between the PMin and PMax of the resource.
- (2) If the Start-Up Time of the resource is less than or equal to 90 minutes, the Effective Flexible Capacity value shall be the weighted average ramp rate of the resource calculated from zero to Net Qualifying Capacity multiplied by 180 minutes. The Effective Flexible Capacity shall not exceed the Net Qualifying Capacity of the resource.
- (b) Hydroelectric Generating Unit. The Effective Flexible Capacity of a hydroelectric generating unit will be the amount of capacity from which the resource can produce Energy consistently for 6 hours based upon the resource's physical storage capacity, which shall not exceed its Net Qualifying Capacity.
- (c) Proxy Demand Response Resource. The Effective Flexible Capacity of a Proxy

 Demand Response Resource will be based on the resource's actual MWs of load modification in response to a dispatch by the CAISO during a test event. In determining the Effective Flexible Capacity of a Proxy Demand Response Resource, the CAISO will --
 - conduct the test at a random time during the flexible capacity must-offer obligation period for the resource;
 - (2) use the <u>applicable</u> baseline load data, as described in the CAISO Tariff or Business Practice Manual, to measure the load modification <u>ferof</u> the Proxy Demand <u>Response</u> Resource being tested; and
 - (3) pay the resource's bid price for the testing period.
- (d) Energy Storage Resource. The Effective Flexible Capacity value for an energy storage resource will be determined as follows --
 - (1) for an energy storage resource that provides Flexible RA Capacity but not Regulation Energy Management, the Effective Flexible Capacity value will be the

- MW output range the resource can provide over three hours of charge/discharge while constantly ramping.
- (2) for an energy storage resource that provides Flexible RA Capacity and Regulation Energy Management, the Effective Flexible Capacity value will be the resource's 15-minute energy output capability.
- (e) Multi-Stage Generating Resource. The Effective Flexible Capacity value for a Multi-Stage Generating Resource will be calculated using the longest Start-Up Time of the resource's configuration that has the lowest PMin.
- (f) Combined Heat and Power Resource. The Effective Flexible Capacity value of a Combined Heat and Power Resource will the lesser of (i) the resource's Net Qualifying Capacity, or (ii) the MW difference between the resource's maximum output and the minimum of either its operating level or its capability over three hours.

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40.10.5 Flexible RA Capacity Plans

40.10.5.1 LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plans

- (a) Submission Requirement. A Scheduling Coordinator must submit annual and monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plans for each Load Serving Entity it represents an annual plan for 2015 is not required. A Load-Following MSS is not required to submit annual or monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plans.
- (b) Annual Plan. Each annual LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plan must
 - (1) demonstrate that the Load Serving Entity has procured for each month at least 90 percent of the annual Flexible RA Capacity requirement determined by the CAISO; or the amount of Flexible RA Capacity required by the Load Serving Entity's Local Regulatory Authority, if the Local Regulatory Authority has set such requirement;
 - (2) identify the resources the Load Serving Entity intends to rely on to provide the Flexible RA Capacity, but need not identify the flexible resource adequacy categories; and

- (3) include all information and be submitted no later than the last Business Day in October, in accordance with the reporting requirements and schedule set forth in the Business Practice Manual.
- (c) Monthly Plan. The monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plan must --
 - (1) demonstrate that the Load Serving Entity procured 100 percent of the total monthly Flexible RA Capacity requirement determined by the CAISO; or the monthly amount of Flexible RA Capacity required by the Local Regulatory Authority, if the Local Regulatory Authority has set such requirement;
 - (2) demonstrate that the Load Serving Entity met the total monthly requirement determined by the CAISO within the minimum or maximum quantity, as applicable, for each Flexible Capacity Category; or only if the Local Regulatory Authority has established its own flexible capacity requirement, show that the Load Serving Entity has met the total monthly requirement determined by the Local Regulatory Authority within the minimum or maximum quantity for each Flexible Capacity Category required by the Local Regulatory Authority, if applicable;
 - (3) identify all resources the Load Serving Entity will rely on to provide the Flexible RA Capacity and for each resource specify the Flexible Capacity Category in which the Flexible RA Capacity will be provided; and
 - (4) include all information and be submitted to the CAISO at least 45 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, in accordance with the reporting requirements and schedule set forth in the Business Practice Manual.
- (d) Correction to Monthly Plan. The Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity may submit at any time from 45 days through 11 days in advance of the first day of the month covered by the plan, a revision to its monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plan to correct an error in the plan. The CAISO will not accept any revisions to a monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plan from 10 days in advance of the relevant month through the end of the month, unless the Scheduling Coordinator for the Load Serving Entity

demonstrates good cause for the change and explains why it was not possible to submit the change earlier.

40.10.5.1.1 Load-Following MSS

- (1) Each Load-following MSS Load Serving Entity for which the CAISO has calculated an allocable share of the Flexible Capacity Need under Section 40.10.2.2 must submit annual and monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plans pursuant to this Section 40.10.5.1 to identify the Flexible RA Capacity it is using to satisfy such requirement.
- (2) If a Load-following MSS submits a monthly LSE Flexible RA Capacity Plan identifying variable energy resources it will rely on to provide Flexible RA Capacity that were not included in its MSS resource portfolio, tThe Load-following MSS must include additional increase the Flexible RA Capacity in its monthly plan by an amount equal to the MW amount of Flexible RA Capacity shown for the wariable energy resources that were included in the information required pursuant to Section 40.10.1.2 but are not included in the current MSS resource portfolio for that month.

* * *

11.8.2.3.2 MSS Elected Net Settlement

For an MSS Operator that has elected net Settlement, regardless of other MSS optional elections (Load following or RUC opt-in or out), the Energy bid costs and revenues for affected by IFM Bid Cost Recovery is settled at the MSS level net Energy where the MSS Supply exceeds the MSS Demand within the MSS. The IFM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus is also settled at the MSS level as opposed to the individual resource level. The IFM Bid Cost as described in Section 11.8.2.1 above and IFM Market Revenue as provided in Section 11.8.2.2 above, of each MSS will be, respectively, the total of the IFM Bid Costs and IFM Market Revenues of over all BCR Eligible Resources within the MSS where each BCR Eligible Resource's IFM Market Revenues for its Energy shall be calculated as described in Section 11.2.3.2 at the relevant IFM MSS price. The IFM Bid Cost Shortfalls and Surpluses for Energy and AS are first calculated separately for the MSS for each Trading Hour of the Trading Day with qualified Start-Up Cost and qualified Minimum Load Cost included in the IFM Bid Cost Shortfalls and Surpluses for Energy calculation.

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The IFM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus of Energy in each Trading Hour is then pro-rated by the MSS's ratio of the not positive MSS Generation Schedule to the gross MSS Generation Schedule of that Trading Hour. If the MSS CAISO Demand is in excess of the MSS Generation in a given Trading Hour in the Day Ahead Schedule, the CAISO will set the pro-rating ratio for that Trading Hour to zero. The MSS's overall IFM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus is then calculated as the algebraic sum of the prorated-IFM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus for Energy and the IFM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus for AS for each Trading Hour

11.8.4.3.2 MSS Elected Net Settlement

For MSS entities that have elected net Settlement regardless of other MSS optional elections (i.e., Load following or not, or RUC opt-in or out), unlike non-MSS resources, the RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus is treated at the MSS level and not at the resource specific level, and is calculated as the RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus of all BCR Eligible Resources within the MSS. In calculating the Energy RTM Market Revenue for all the resources within the MSS as provided in Section 11.8.4.2, the CAISO will use the Real-Time Settlement Interval MSS Price. The RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall and Surplus for Energy, RUC Availability and Ancillary Services are first calculated separately for the MSS for each Settlement Interval of the Trading Day, with qualified Start-Up Cost, qualified Minimum Load Cost and qualified Multi-Stage Generator transition cost included into the RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfalls and Surpluses of Energy calculation. The RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus for Energy for each Settlement Interval is pro-rated by the ratio of the net positive metered Generation to the gross metered Generation of the MSS for that interval. If the MSS metered CAISO Demand is in excess of the MSS Generation in a given Settlement Interval, the CAISO will set the pre-rating ratio for that Settlement Interval to zero. The MSS's overall RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus is then calculated as the algebraic sum of the RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus for Energy and the RUC and RTM Bid Cost Shortfall or Surplus for AS for each Settlement Interval.

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APPENDIX A MASTER DEFINITIONS

Formatted: Centered, Line spacing: Double **Acquired Resource** A resource providing Resource Adequacy Capacity under a resource-specific power supply Formatted: Line spacing: Double contract that was exempt from the provisions of the Sstandard Ccapacity Pproduct at the time RAAIM beceame effective. Formatted: Centered, Line spacing: Double **Availability Standard** Formatted: Line spacing: Double The standard used to determine if a Resource Adequacy Resource is subject to Non-Availablity Charges or Availability Incentive Payments. Formatted: Centered, Line spacing: Double **Flexible RA Resource** Formatted: Line spacing: Double A resource designated to provide Flexible RA Capacity. Formatted: Centered, Line spacing: Double **RAAIM** Formatted: Line spacing: Double Resource Adequacy Availability Incentive Mechanism Formatted: Centered, Line spacing: Double **RA Substitute Capacity** Capacity that substitutes for a Resource Adequacy Resource that is on a Forced Outage or de-Formatted: Line spacing: Double rate as provided in Section 40.9.4.2.1. Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Not Bold